

American Monthly Magazine

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PATRIOTS' DAY, JULY FOURTH, 1905.

A grand tribute was paid to the heroes of 1776 by the Daughters of the American Revolution in their own Memorial Continental Hall, on July Fourth, 1905.

The hall itself was a glowing tribute to patriotism, for the walls and stage were draped with a profusion of flags and bunting upon a background of green. The stars and stripes were everywhere, and a large oil painting of George Washington loaned by the war department, was suspended behind the chair of the president general, framed with palms from Alabama and Porto Rico.

A large and distinguished audience was present. Mrs. Donald McLean, the honored president general of the National Society presided, and the exercises were so replete with patriotic references that they must have aroused a love of country within a heart of stone.

The president general presented the society with a certified copy of the Declaration of Independence in words which bore testimony to her ability as an orator and her graciousness and tact as the president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

In presenting a copy of the Declaration of Independence, Mrs. McLean said that she wished the first word she spoke today on this 4th of July, 1905, to be words not referring to the Daughters of the American Revolution as dearly as we love one another, not referring even to our illustrious confreres, the Sons of the American Revolution, as much as we value their presence here, nor even referring to our distinguished guests and illustrious audience whose patriotism is well proven under the canopy of this July heaven, in being present with us,

though we profoundly and warmly welcome you, but I wish the first words to refer to this marvellous document, the Declaration of Independence, in the labor of whose writing a new nation was born unto the world, and the signatures to which made the mortal name of men immortal. I bring this Declaration here to-day in the name of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and I, as president general of that body, present it to this Memorial Continental Hall, not fearing that though these walls are made of brick and stone they will be either deaf or insenate to the call of patriotism. I say to these walls, "Receive this Declaration to have and to hold forevermore all through your life, which will be coincident with that of the nation." And further by a tender coincidence there is a name inscribed on this Declaration which is not that of one of the original signers but which may yet go down into our nation's history with them, as it is woman's privilege ever to enshrine and wreath and remember the heroes of our country. I am glad that on this Declaration, attesting its being a true prophet, is the name of John Hay. I doubt if the silent lips of John Hay could now speak he would say the fact that my name is inscribed with those immortal signers, and placed at this Declaration is in thousands of public schools throughout this country, teaching all coming generations the greatness of true American manhood—if John Hay could speak to-day he would say "This is my chosen tribute from my countrymen, that they have allied me with these, the makers of our nation." So together to-day we remember and immortalize them. They are no longer troubled whether to defy or appease and soothe the crowned heads. They have no earthly crowns upon their heads but everlasting joy.

The Declaration of Independence was read by Col. Edwin Hay, who was interrupted time and again by the applause of his hearers.

The singing of "America" by the entire audience was followed by the address of Mr. William E. Andrews, who spoke eloquently and interestingly. His references to the deeds of John Paul Jones, "a citizen of the United States of America," were enthusiastically applauded.

Of John Paul Jones, he said:

"When, in all the history of the world, was the sword ever wielded more justly and brilliantly than by Washington on the land and John Paul Jones on the sea? Lieut. John Paul Jones was the first to hoist a flag over an American war fleet; he was the first to unfurl the stars and stripes over an American warship and carry our national colors in salute before the navy of a foreign power. Note his dauntless courage yonder on the little *Ranger* in his triumph over the *Drake*, and also on the *Bon Homme Richard* in his victory over the *Serapis*. His daring exploits frightened England and excited the wonder of the world.

"How fitting it is, therefore, that his remains should return, as they soon will, and find their permanent resting place among the people of his adopted country, which he helped to emancipate. Would that they could rest where the pilgrims from all the states could visit his tomb, and thus quicken their own lives with refreshed memories of his patriotism, valor, and loyalty as an American citizen. It would be impossible to measure the blessings conferred upon American citizenship by visits made to the tomb of Washington at Mount Vernon. To the noble women of the country we owe a debt of gratitude for this priceless privilege, and I am glad to make public acknowledgment of my share of that debt to-day."

The meeting also was made the occasion for the presentation to the Daughters of the American Revolution by Mrs. Olivia Briggs, well known in the literary world through her writings under the nom de plume "Olivia," of a magnificent bas-relief of George Washington, made from a death mask taken at Mount Vernon by Jean Antoine Houdon, a celebrated French sculptor. The bas-relief was presented to Mr. Briggs, by a French artist, and Mrs. Briggs has watched over it carefully for twenty-five years. Mrs. Briggs was introduced to the members by Mrs. McLean, and the speech of presentation was made by Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston, who, in the presence of the audience, took the plaster cast from the box in which it had been for more than a quarter of a century, carefully removing its wrappings, said:

"Madam President General, I am instructed by Mrs. Emily Edson Briggs to present through you to the Daughters of the American Revolution this precious relic, a mask made in the matrix moulded on the living features of George Washington at Mount Vernon, by that eminent sculptor, Jean Antoine Houdon, who, in 1785, was brought from Paris for that purpose by the state of Virginia.

"This mask was owned by the celebrated artist, Emmanuel Leutze (who painted 'Westward Ho' at the capital). He prized this plaster many years as his most valuable possession, and when dying in 1868 gave it to his close friend, Mr. Briggs, enjoining him to cherish it as the work of Houdon. Since the death of her husband, thirty years ago, his widow has been its faithful custodian.

"Mrs. Briggs, Madam President General, now desires, through you and through the officers who may succeed you, to present this valuable plaster, to be forever a possession of the Daughters of the American Revolution, to be placed in this building, our memorial building, and sacredly guarded by them for the people of the United States that they may study the true portrait of George Washington."

Mrs. McLean received it in behalf of the Daughters of the American Revolution, saying that the value of this gift could not be expressed in words, and that the Daughters would ever cherish it as a precious trust.

Marching down the main aisle to the stage to the tune of "Yankee Doodle," played by drum and fife, the Children of the American Revolution gave the salute to the flag. Mr. Ogle Singleton was standard bearer, and Master Walter Lockwood recited "Our Flag of Liberty." Both are members of the Children of the American Revolution. The exercises of the Children were under the direction of their state director for the District, Miss Yeatman.

Mrs. McLean extended to them, and to all who had participated in the program, the thanks of the society. She said it seemed particularly fitting that the first observance by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the Fourth of July since the partial completion of Continental Hall should be held in that auditorium.

Mrs. McLean, in concluding her address, said that there was a matter which she intended to announce though she felt a little bit daunted after listening to some of the eloquence of her predecessor, Hon. William F. Andrews, in his great apostrophe to the sword. What great American soul could fail to rise up and greet it? What man anywhere could fail to respond to it, and yet it is well for us to remember that the greatest swords of history, those of the Knights Templar in their crusades had the cross for a handle.

On this day she wished to announce to the audience that through the president of the Daughters of the American Revolution they had offered to the president of the United States the use of the hall, if in anywise it would seem convenient for him to designate it for the meeting of the peace envoys who are to visit this country shortly.

The sword which made this country is surmounted by the cross handle, and when the president of these United States and his country took up this matter of peace, it was great enough to command peace as well as war.

I judge it to be a wise outlook for the Daughters of the American Revolution to remember the warlike deeds of their ancestors who gave them this country, and to help their present confreres and posterity in enshrining these deeds to the world. Otherwise, that blood was spilled in vain in 1776, and our souls would be scarcely worth the saving if we lived ever afterwards in the sordid atmosphere of revolution. I think with the leadership that our country has well established it can command the peace of the whole world, and let not the Daughters of the American Revolution be in the vanguard for it was for them to make that peace. It is not outside of woman's province to serve in the capacity of making peace. On the 100th anniversary of the Declaration of Independence in 1876, France sent to these shores that great bronze monument, "Liberty Enlightening the World," which stands in the harbor of New York to maintain an entrance for all the nations; France sent us this in memory of our Declaration of Independence, and that great figure of liberty was a woman. Has it ever occurred to you that when the high sentiments of mankind are to be inscribed by peace or war, the image is always in the shape of a woman? The warlike elements of men were inscribed in the form of immortal Jove and Mars, and when it came to wisdom it was represented by Minerva, the wise. Justice, blindfolded, holding the scales was a woman, and, confidentially, I think it was because she was blindfolded.

Mrs. McLean said that this nation throws open the golden door wide to all the world, and on this 4th day of July, here to-day let us pray to the God of our fathers that we women of

America may be worthy of such high calling that we may ever hold the lamp of Liberty beside this golden door.

Dr. Steele pronounced the benediction and the Daughters and their guests left the hall while the Marine band played Sousa's "The Invincible Eagle."

A flag was presented to the society by Mrs. Barker, of Rhode Island.

Following are the committees that had charge of the meeting:

Committee on Fourth of July Celebration—Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, acting state regent District of Columbia, chairman; Mrs. M. A. Ballinger, Mrs. Job Barnard, Mrs. Mary C. Beach, Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Mrs. H. P. Gerald, Mrs. Harry Templer Guss, Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, Mrs. Fannie I. Matthews, Mrs. C. D. Merwin, Miss W. M. Ritchie, Mrs. William Oscar Roome, Mrs. Patty Miller Stocking, Mrs. Herman Stump, Mrs. Mabel G. Sworhnstedt, Mrs. Mary Camfield Wysong, Mrs Donald McLean, president general National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, member *ex officio*.

Coöperation Committee—Sons of the American Revolution, William Hamilton Bayly, president District of Columbia Society; Sons of the Revolution, Francis P. B. Sands, president District of Columbia Society; Frederick B. Owen, chairman; John Doyle Carmody, Wallace D. McLean, Andrew B. Graham, N. L. Collamer, John D. Biddis, William H. Pearce, Sidney I. Besseliere, Henry W. Samson, James W. Witten, John E. Fenwick, secretary.

Detail of officers, first regiment minute men, Lieut. Col. E. R. Campbell, commanding.

Below is a copy of the invitation sent out by the president general for Patriots' day, in Memorial Continental Hall:

On the coming Fourth of July, 1905, the Daughters of the American Revolution will hold a patriots' meeting in Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, District of Columbia, 10.30 a. m.

The Declaration of Independence will be read and addresses made.

It seems preëminently fitting, now that the walls of our Memorial Continental Hall are reared, that within them should resound on the Fourth of July the words that made us a nation; and that tributes should be paid in this day to that day which assured liberty to the land.

Our President General wishes that every Daughter and Son of the American Revolution could attend this meeting, or at least send to her and to our great society the thoughts and prayers inspired by the ardor of patriotism.

By direction of

EMILY N. RITCHIE MCLEAN,

(MRS. DONALD MCLEAN),

President General.

MARY DESHA,

Recording Secretary General.

Through the courtesy of Secretary Morton and General Elliott of the Marine Corps, a portion of the Marine band was detailed to aid with their inspiring music.

The July issue of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE has been held in order that the full account of Patriots' day, 4th of July, might be given to the Daughters of the American Revolution as soon as possible. We feel sure that no one will regret the delay, which will be only a few days, under the circumstances.

The president general was present and made an address at a meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution, a large and enthusiastic gathering held in Elizabeth, June 8.

The president general regretted exceedingly her inability to accept the various invitations (nineteen in all) received by her for Flag day, June 14. She keenly appreciated the proffered hospitality. She attended that day the celebration by the new chapter, Winchester county, New York, where an afternoon lawn fete and evening reception were held. The president general spoke both afternoon and evening.

WOMAN, TEACHER OF PATRIOTISM.

Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden, State Regent.

Address Delivered before Illinois State Conference, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Since the beginning of legendary and traditional history, woman has been the predominating force for the uplifting of man; for progress upon earth.

True, along the road leading up through the eons and centuries, we come upon the exceptions necessary for the making of the rule. We meet Pandora with her abnormal and devastating curiosity, the Borgia, Mary of England, and many more; but the record that chronicles the evil deeds of woman is so infinitesimal when compared with the calendared and uncalendared lives and deeds of hundreds, thousands, millions, billions and trillions of mothers, sisters and friends, who through all the ages have been lifting the darkness of ignorance and sin up to the light of pure thought and noble purpose—so that the spiritual in man might see its way to an ever higher development.

Nowhere in the world's history has woman earned for herself such a standard of exaltation as in this land of ours. Go back to the earliest settlement days, and beside the Pilgrim, the Cavalier, and the Puritan husband, father, brother and son, stands the grand dame—the Puritan, the Pilgrim wife, mother, and sister,—and in those harvests of famine and fever, death the reaper, gathered with the bearded grain a fragrant hostage of the flower and bud of transplanted English womanhood.

"Yonder there on the hill by the sea, lies buried Rose Standish—
Green above her is growing the field of wheat we have sown there."—

murmured the sturdy captain of Plymouth, and his words are but the echo of the cry from many a desolate hearthstone.

We love the atmosphere of romance and heroism that circles around and about the women of 1776—that time of direst

stress—when in manor-house, and on barren hillside farm, there existed a concerted purpose, when women held but one undivided determination, the forging of freedom. In those days of housewifely care and drudgery, a condition of domestic life that we of to-day can but dimly comprehend, the women of this land found time to follow with fine intuition and keen perception the doings of their king and his counsellors. So there came a certain year, when colonial bondage grew insufferable; when taxation became the portion of slaves, not of freeborn men; and then it was that the staid, demure, home makers of Boston Town formed themselves into a circle, that they might, over a dish of tea, and to the music of their knitting needles, discuss the political situation. Evidently no home duties were neglected, for history records no male protest, and proud names are on that list: Adams, Quincy, Hancock, Boylston, Faneuil and many more; and this first patriotic woman's organization in America seemed to meet a present need for ere long it became a Colonial institution and had its branches in all the larger cities and towns. How much do you suppose that this banding together of representative womanhood had to do with what followed?

Then came the war, and we Daughters of the American Revolution, having made an individual study of our colonial ancestry, know of a truth, how our foremothers girded on the sword and bade God-speed to their dearest and best beloved, and joyed in the giving of their all—to liberty. We know that many a gentle woman literally put her hand to the plow, and looked not back, though the furrowed way showed red with the blood of her bruised feet. We know how many moulded the bullets of war from ancestral plate or from treasured pewter dish and bowl; how they scraped the lint and spun and wove, baked and "brewed" for "the cause," and in times of direst stress, woman, at the portal of her home, fired the shot and led the forlorn hope.

Then when victory was ours, when our land was free, widowed and orphaned, the women of the American Revolution said to the young gathered about their knees, "Walk in

the pathway of your sires; broaden the road of freedom for the many feet that shall tread it to-morrow."

Aye, "Empire" was in her hand.

So in that long ago, with that wonderful gift which is called intuition, the women of the land said to the men at their firesides, "For the children's sake let us journey to the westward." Then all the way from New England's storm-bound coast, all the way from the flower-decked southland, from the sunrise to the sunset gates, the feet of the pioneer woman made the path for civilization to tread. Her courage was the incentive, her cheer was the sun by day—the moon by night. Over hill and through valley, across the vast prairie stretches she journeyed. She braved storm, and heat and cold and, unconquered by every peril, she reached the haven where she would be, and planted there the sanctuary of home. She, it was who "brought from out the bosom of the peerless west the younger states." She, it was who sheltered all the way, the flag that Washington had planted on the ramparts of the Constitution. She, it was who added new jewels to the constellation of stars.

The word "mother" does not imply actual parenthood. "The inhabitants of the villages ceased until I arose, a mother in Israel" said Deborah to the music of the timbrel and the harp in the long ago, and her words bring to me the remembrance of innumerable mothers in these United States of ours; women, who having been through some tangled kismet, denied the blessedness of sheltering under their own hearts, a new life; women who have been denied pain's only royal recompense, the crown of motherhood, have opened their arms like charity to all the little ones of their time and travailed in soul to bring about the birth of some enduring good.

A few weeks ago on a lovely spring morning I stood in National Statuary Hall in the capitol at Washington. A "Greek Theatre" it is, with its white colonnade of Potomac marble. A theatre of silence, eloquent with the undying citizenship. Here each state in our Union may place in "in memoriam" two marble semblances of those she most delights to honor, and here, in the midst of statesmen, philosophers, discoverers and

warriors, between George Washington and Carroll of Carrollton, stood the slight, graceful figure of a woman. A gentle face, a gracious presence, an epitome of quiet power, she seemed to call up a grave courtesy to the stern faces that formed her guard of honor. They seemed to say a silent Amen to the words graven at her feet—"For Home and Country." These two words are my text; they hold the message I long to convey to you. An insistent reiteration of the great responsibility the home has to and for this country of ours, for never before has the need for home influence been so great. You recall that Emerson says "A sufficient measure of civilization is the influence of a good woman." I am told that among the lowest and most ignorant element in our great cities, the wives, mothers and sweethearts are instructed politically by a regularly paid and appointed set of men so that the women may influence by intelligent reasoning the vote of the district in which they live.

In England the women of highest social position make themselves conversant with the political issues of the day and hour. It is only in America, in this land of patriotic women's organizations that the home disregards the forum. We Daughters of the American Revolution are banded together "to perpetuate the spirit of the men and women who achieved American Independence;" "to foster true patriotism, and to aid in securing for mankind the blessings of liberty."

It is our bounden duty to honor with fitting memorials the resting places of the nation's dead; but is it not our greater duty to stand sentinels in spirit beside the unguarded gates, to say to the men who create the makers of our laws? "Wide open and unguarded stand our gates, named of the four winds, north, south, east and west; portals that lead to an enchanted land of cities, forests, fields of living gold, vast prairies, lordly summits touched with snow, majestic rivers sweeping proudly past the Arab date palm, and the Norseman pine; a realm wherein are fruits of every zone, airs of all climes; for lo! throughout the year the red rose blossoms somewhere; rich land; later Eden planted in the wilds with not an inch of earth within its bounds but if a slave's foot press, it sets him free!"

Here it is written "toil shall have its gain," and "honor, honor," and the humblest man stands level with the highest in the land! Of such a land have men in dungeons dreamed, and, with the vision brightening in their eyes, gone smiling to the fagot and the sword.

Wide open and unguarded stand our gates, and through them presses a wild, motley throng, featureless figures of the Hoang-Ho, Maylayan, Scythian, Teuton, Kelt and Slav, flying the old world poverty and scorn! These bringing with them unknown Gods and rites, those tiger passions, here to stretch their claws in street and alley. What strange tongues are loud! Accents of menace alien to our air! Voices that once the Tower of Babel knew!

O Liberty, white goddess, is it well to leave the gates unguarded? Soothe the hurts of fate; lift the downtrodden, but with hand of steel stay those who to thy portals come, to waste the gifts of freedom. Have a care lest from thy brow the clustered stars be torn and trampled in the dust, for so of old the thronging Goth and Vandal trampled Rome! And where the temple of the Caesars stood, the lean wolf unmolested made her lair.

Daughters of the American Revolution, shall we at our firesides, by our silence, countenance the ostentatious display of wealth that does not bear the burden of honest taxation? Is it not our duty to speak to husband and son of the danger of monopoly and the dangers of undisciplined trade union? Is it not this intelligent understanding of these great problems quite as necessary in its helpfulness to-day, as it was that our foremothers should be versed in all that related to Colonial taxation? We have accomplished much, but the much cries for more. Home women have healed the wound of brotherly strife. Their hands have strewn flowers, fragrant with affection's benediction, over the nation's dead. On the slopes of Arlington, woman has set the granite shaft that recalls victory through immortality. Woman's energy and patriotic zeal has given to the nation, the home of Washington, and Fanueil Hall, and close to the shores of the Potomac in the nation's capital, the Daughters of the American Revolution have raised an

enduring monument to the nation's past, to the patriotic needs of the present, as an inspiration for the morrow. To you, my sisters of the Daughters of the American Revolution, I say, the fields are white for our harvesting. The ways to influence, to good citizenship (which is patriotism's highest form of development) are many.

In New York harbor, upon a mighty pedestal stands the gigantic figure of a woman. In her right hand she holds a blazing torch, and by its light the pilots of the civilized world find a harbor and a haven after many a storm-tossed voyage. All our homes are harbors. The men sail away into the ocean of life, to trade, and then to bring back the fruits of their voyaging as an offering to the fireside altar. And always and ever, consciously or unconsciously they turn for guidance to the home light. So may we serve this dear country of ours, by such good counsel, by such words of wisdom, that they shall take root and ripen into national deeds.

As we rock our cradles, and sing our lullabies, as we accomplish our every duty in the daily round of trivial work, let us not forget to ponder over our country's needs, and pray for her enduring glory. Thus by the purest and sweetest attributes of true womanhood we shall "follow the flag and keep step to the music of the union."

After the "4th of July Patriots' Meeting" in Washington, the president general will be entertained by the Daughters of the American Revolution, Frederick, Maryland, and later in the month by Minisink chapter, of Goshen, New York; by the Quassaick Chapter, of Newberg, New York, and by the General William Floyd Chapter, at Otter Lake in the Adirondacks.

In August, the Daughters of the American Revolution of Maine will entertain the president general during the rendezvous of the North Atlantic naval squadron.

TEA.



Emeline Tate Walker.

I've searched 'mid the cloudlands overhead
And among the flowers in their fragrant
bed,

Waited and watched the falling leaf,
And heard the wind rustle the withering
sheaf.

The empty cradles, up in the trees
Have gently rocked in the autumn breeze,
And 'neath the feet in the dying grass
The cricket has chirped—the summer is
past;

But from all these signs of the passing day,
Not a theme have I found for my rounde-
lay.

Nothing of nature can it be,
Therefore, I'll sing you a song of *Tea*.

This fragrant herb was hidden away
Behind China's walls, in its earliest day,
And how it passed through the city gate
I've never learned—but Kismet—Fate
Wrote the decree, and its journey began
To the isle of Ceylon—and flowery Japan.
The tiny ladies upon their soft mats
With flowing kimonos, with hairpins for hats,
From gold lacquered cups sipped China's queer brew,
And to woman, no doubt, is its world fame now due.
Then ships of the desert, and ships of the sea,
Brought forth this new treasure, the fragrant *Bohea*.

In Russia 'tis said from peasant to Czar,
No home is complete without samovar;
And English and Scotch and Irish have tea
Uncolored, and green, and black as can be;
But here in America—long years ago—
They taxed us for tea—and in Boston you know
The Fathers went down (some I've heard) in their socks,
And from England's ships they threw every box,
That now has no equal in history I wean
The patriots' party—of black tea, and green.

But many to-morrows have dawned since that night,
 And matrons and maidens now wage the tea fight.
 The skirmishing fought in feathers and lace
 And all the combatants wear smiles on their face.
 The tiniest cups are the weapons they use
 And the light in their eyes is the kindling fuse.
 The warfare is bloodless—and yet, I have heard
 Sometimes one is scratched by a gossipy word;
 But that was a rumor from over the sea,
 And never was breathed of a D. A. R. *Tea*.

To-night as we gather we find that our eyes
 Are turned to look back on our country's sunrise,
 When the dark cloud of war out of sight passed away,
 And Washington's hand let in Liberty's day.
 O! hero beloved—of all patriots true,
 The hours that are passing we're "keeping" for you.
 The scholar has told of thy bravery rare
 And the flag lifted high in the blue upper air,
 From the North to the South, from the East to the West
 Has wafted thy name till the day sank to rest.

And up in the heavens the twinkling stars
 Attended Orion and Venus and Mars.
 Then the "Daughters" appeared in their flounces and frills
 And with song and with rhyme and old-fashioned quadrilles,
 All loyal of heart pledged a toast in their tea
 To the best of all lands—and a brave ancestry!

EMELINE TATE WALKER,
Chapter Poet, Chicago Chapter, D. A. R.

The waves that wrought a century's wreck
 Have rolled o'er whig and tory;
 The Mohawks on the Dartmouth's deck
 Still live in song and story;
 The wafers in the rebel bay
 Have kept the tea-leaf savor;
 Our old North-Enders in their spray
 Still taste a hyson flavor;
 And Freedom's teacup still o'erflows
 With ever fresh libations,
 To cheat of slumber all her foes
 And cheer the wakening nations!—*Holmes*.

CONTINENTAL HALL COMMITTEE.

All over the land the Daughters of the American Revolution are joyfully sending in their contributions for the completion of this magnificent memorial.

A splendid committee has been appointed by our honored president general, Mrs. Donald McLean. The chairman, however, was elected to her high position by the unanimous vote of the Continental Congress.

It will be noticed that the committee is truly representative, covering every section of the broad land.

Mrs. Donald McLean, <i>Chairman,</i>	Miss Aline E. Solomons,
Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson,	Mrs. J. Morgan Smith,
Mrs. John W. Foster,	Mrs. Walker Talbot,
Mrs. Daniel Manning,	Mrs. William L. Distin,
Mrs. Chas. W. Fairbanks,	Mrs. Lucien W. Coy,
Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth,	Mrs. Harry Gray,
Miss Mary Desha,	Mrs. John Campbell,
Mrs. Roger A. Pryor,	Mrs. Sara Thomson Kinney,
Mrs. Charlotte E. Main,	Mrs. Elizabeth Clarke Churchman
Mrs. Robert E. Park,	Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey,
Mrs. John R. Walker,	Mrs. Duncan U. Fletcher,
Mrs. John F. Swift,	Mrs. James A. Rounsville,
Mrs. Charles H. Deere,	Mrs. Mary Gridley Tarr,
Mrs. Orlando J. Hodge,	Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden,
Mrs. J. J. Estey,	Mrs. James M. Fowler,
Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain,	Mrs. Richard C. Adams,
Mrs. Lindsay Patterson,	Mrs. John S. Stevens,
Mrs. John C. Hazen,	Mrs. W. E. Stanley,
Mrs. Geo. W. Nicholls,	Mrs. Rosa Burwell Todd,
Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks,	Mrs. C. Hamilton Tebault,
Mrs. J. V. Quarles,	Miss Charlotte Augusta Baldwin,
Mrs. Henry E. Burnham,	Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom,
Mrs. Althea R. Bedle,	Mrs. Charles H. Masury,
Mrs. A. E. Heneberger,	Mrs. Wm. J. Chittenden,
Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin,	Miss Alice Quitman Lovell,
Miss Virginia Miller,	Mrs. Wallace Delafield,
Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson,	Mrs. Wm. McCrackin,
Mrs. M. E. S. Davis,	Mrs. S. C. Langworthy,
Mrs. J. P. Dolliver,	Mrs. John McLane,
Mrs. M. S. Lockwood,	Miss Ellen Mecum,

Mrs. L. Bradford Prince,
 Mrs. Chas. H. Terry,
 Mrs. George Phifer Erwin,
 Mrs. Sarah M. Lounsberry,
 Mrs. James L. Botsford,
 Mrs. Mary Elliott Carpenter,
 Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery,
 Mrs. Alexander E. Patton,
 Miss Elizabeth H. Swinburne,
 Mrs. Henry Warren Richardson,
 Mrs. Charles B. Bryan,
 Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor,
 Mrs. Mary M. F. Allen,
 Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan,
 Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington
 Howard,
 Mrs. Moses A. Phelps,
 Mrs. Baldwin Day Spilman,
 Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown,
 Mrs. Frank W. Mondell,
 Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,
 Mrs. John A. Murphy,
 Mrs. A. A. Kendall,
 Mrs. Helen M. Boynton,
 Mrs. Russell A. Alger,
 Mrs. Stephen E. Elkins,
 Mrs. Frederick T. DuBois,
 Mrs. Julius C. Burrows,
 Mrs. Angus Cameron,
 Mrs. Mark Hanna,
 Mrs. James McMillan,
 Mrs. Wm. Lindsay,
 Mrs. Geo. M. Sternberg,
 Mrs. Edwin A. Warfield,
 Miss Anna C. Benning,
 Mrs. Frances P. Edwards,
 Miss Louise Ward McAllister,
 Mrs. J. Harvey Mathes,
 Mrs. J. O. Moss,
 Mrs. Geo. H. Shields,
 Mrs. Katharine L. Eagan,
 Mrs. E. Gaylord Putnam,
 Mrs. Ira Y. Sage,
 Mrs. John H. C. Wulbern,
 Mrs. Rose McH. Brackett,
 Mrs. Joshua Wilbur,
 Mrs. Weston Bascome,
 Mrs. James P. Brayton,
 Mrs. Henry F. Blount,
 Mrs. David D. Bruce,
 Mrs. B. W. Bushnell,
 Miss Ella Loraine Dorsey,
 Mrs. Amos G. Draper,
 Mrs. Eugene DuPont,
 Mrs. J. Ellen Foster,
 Mrs. William E. Fuller,
 Mrs. Frank Getchell,
 Mrs. Edwin S. Gardner,
 Mrs. Clement A. Griscom,
 Mrs. Thomas Groce,
 Mrs. K. K. Henry,
 Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins,
 Miss Eleanor Murdock Johnson,
 Mrs. deB. R. Keim,
 Mrs. A. Leo Knott,
 Mrs. Harriet M. Lothrop,
 Mrs. Aurora P. McClellan,
 Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee,
 Mrs. Sarah B. C. Morgan,
 Mrs. Geo. L. Munn,
 Miss Elizabeth F. Pierce,
 Mrs. DeHaven Ross,
 Mrs. Clarendon Smith,
 Mrs. Edwin S. Walker,
 Mrs. William Warren,
 Mrs. Albert Akers,
 Mrs. Samuel Ammon,
 Mrs. Truman G. Avery,
 Miss Lois Bangs,
 Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker,
 Mrs. Job Barnard,
 Mrs. Robert C. Barry,
 Mrs. Charles W. Bassett,
 Mrs. Wm. Batchelder,
 Mrs. Frederick W. Becker,
 Mrs. C. K. Derryman,
 Mrs. I. W. Birdseye,
 Mrs. Charles C. Bromwell,
 Miss Cora A. Brown,
 Mrs. Alfred V. Burnham,
 Mrs. R. H. Clarke,
 Miss Estelle Doremus,

Mrs. John H. Doyle,
Mrs. John Paul Earnest,
Mrs. R. W. Edwards,
Mrs. Samuel Eliot,
Mrs. W. E. Evans,
Mrs. Parks Fisher,
Mrs. George F. Fuller,
Mrs. Edward Denison Gardiner,
Mrs. John R. Garrison,
Mrs. H. P. Gerald,
Mrs. Russell F. Goodwin,
Mrs. Adams Gray,
Mrs. Benjamin Gray,
Mrs. Hugh Griffin,
Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy,
Mrs. C. V. Hickox,
Mrs. S. Woodson Hundley,
Mrs. Jonathan H. Huntington,
Mrs. J. D. Iglehart,
Mrs. Alexander F. Jamieson,
Mrs. Frances M. Jones,
Mrs. Henry B. Joy,
Mrs. Charles F. Kingsley,
Mrs. Mary W. Latham,
Mrs. Lloyd Lowndes,
Mrs. Isaac Mack,
Mrs. Mary Lawrence Martin,
Miss Martha J. Miflin,
Mrs. Christopher Morgan,
Mrs. Henry G. Munger,
Mrs. Thomas Nesmith,
Mrs. John T. Newberry,
Mrs. Louisa Key Norton,
Mrs. Marian Longfellow O'Donoghue,
Mrs. Geo. W. Ogelvie,
Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.,
Mrs. Arthur M. Parker,
Mrs. Geo. Patterson,
Miss Caroline B. Pearson,
Mrs. Wm. L. Peel,
Mrs. James Penn,
Mrs. Augustus H. Phelps,
Mrs. James Stuart Pilcher,
Mrs. C. H. Pinney,
Mrs. Neilson Poe,
Mrs. James W. Randell,
Mrs. William M. Reynolds,
Miss Marcia Maria Richardson,
Mrs. Bertha M. Robbins,
Mrs. Andrew J. Robinson,
Mrs. Zalman G. Simmons,
Mrs. Andrew J. Simonds,
Mrs. John Marshall Slaton,
Mrs. Cuthbert Slocomb,
Mrs. H. C. Stone,
Mrs. James Knox Taylor,
Mrs. H. M. Thompson,
Mrs. R. G. Iredell,
Mrs. F. F. VanVliet,
Mrs. James H. Walker,
Mrs. Hamilton Ward,
Mrs. Caroline F. Warren,
Mrs. Ferdinand Welch,
Mrs. Charles N. Wheeler,
Mrs. Arthur McDermotte Wilson,
Mrs. Thomas M. Worcester,
Mrs. Parry L. Wright,
Mrs. John Russell Young.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War of American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

OBITUARY NOTICES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS.

Died in Guilford, Medina county, Ohio, on the 19th inst., Mr. Thomas Leland, in the ninety-first year of his age. He had borne arms and exposed his life at Lexington, Bunker Hill, and Saratoga, to establish this free republican government, whose millions of happy, intelligent beings are now basking in the sunshine of liberty.

He has closed a long life of devoted patriotism, usefulness, and fraternal duties, and has gone to his last rest like a shock of corn that is fully ripe. Of him it may be truly said, "He was one of the noblest works of God—an honest man."

The funeral was attended at the Baptist Church, in Seville, where an eloquent, impressive and very appropriate sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Inman, to numerous relatives and a large audience.

From thence the corpse was attended to the place of interment by a large procession under military escort, commanded by Colonel Joseph Elder. The solemn tread, the melancholy sound of the muffled drum, the coffin shrouded in a banner on which was delineated the Stars and Stripes, and the Eagle, under which the deceased had bared his breast to the leaden messengers of death, in times that tried the souls of men, an ancient sword placed thereon, together with the imposing ceremonies at the grave, all conspired to awaken deep and most interesting reflections. It is said that this venerable sire has left over two hundred descendants to mourn his departure.

He was born in Sutton, Massachusetts, March 20, 1756. The name of his wife was Anna B. Rawson.—*Sheboygan News* [Oct., 1847].

LEE.—Died in Ulysses, New York, on the 11th of March, 1855, Jepther Lee, a soldier of the Revolution, aged ninety-one years and eleven days. Mr. Lee was a private in Colonel Lamb's regiment of artillery, was in Fort Montgomery when it was taken by the British.

and escaped out of the fort with General James Clinton and others; was in the battle at Short Hills, near New York, and at Germantown, Monmouth, Brandywine, and in various other battles, and was at the taking of Cornwallis. Mr. Lee has lived for the last fifty years on lot No. 14, in the town of Ulysses, which he drew for his Revolutionary services.—*Ithaca Journal, March 14, 1855.*

SACKETT.—In this village, on Monday evening, 20th of December, 1841, William Sackett, Sen., eighty-eight years. The deceased was well known as one of our most respected citizens, and as the oldest member of the Presbyterian Church in this place. He was one of Revolutionary fathers.—*Seneca Falls Democrat.*

VANDERHEYDEN.—In this village, on the 29th of March, 1840, Gershom Vanderheyden, aged eighty-five. The deceased was one of the patriots of the Revolution. He was in many of its hard fought battles, and his person was covered with scars received therein. He died as he had lived—a Christian.—*Seneca Falls Democrat.*

SMITH.—Died in Tyre, New York, October 25, 1841, at the residence of his son, Jason Smith, Esq., Mr. Asa Smith, in the eighty-fourth year of his age. The deceased was a native of Sandisfield, Berkshire county, Massachusetts. He joined the Continental Army, Massachusetts Line, at the early age of sixteen, and served four years towards the latter part of the war. He was at the surrender of Burgoyne at Stillwater, and was one of the guards through which the enemy marched when they laid down their arms. He was also present at the battle of Monmouth, but in consequence of his youth, he was detached as one of the guard over the baggage, so that he did not participate in that sanguinary contest. He suffered extremely with the troops at Valley Forge. His health was impaired by repeated hardship and privation, which rendered him a feeble man through life. After the contest was over, he settled in Vermont, and in 1788 was married in Vergennes, which was the first ceremony of the kind which took place in that then infant village. His companion survived until July 11, 1840.

BALCH.—In the village of Waterloo, New York, on the 17th of January, 1840, Thomas Balch, in the 75th year of his age. Mr. Balch was one of the oldest and most respected inhabitants of our village. During our Revolutionary struggle, he fought valiantly under the renowned Paul Jones, and was engaged in the action between the *Bonhomme*

Richard, the Serapis and the Countess of Blessington, which resulted in the capture of the two latter. Falling into the hands of the enemy, he was incarcerated for a long period in that pestilential hole, the Jersey prison ship, where he suffered more than death. In the height of his distress, the traitor, Arnold, attempted by a bribe, to win him from the great cause he had espoused, but he spurned him with contempt, preferring death to the life of a renegade. By an exchange of prisoners, he was finally liberated, diseased and penniless, and it was not until he was confined to his bed for weeks, that his constitution recovered the severe shock it had received. Again he threw himself into the ranks of his country's deliverers; again he went out upon the ocean, and was again captured and taken prisoner to Ireland. Here he remained until the declaration of peace in 1783, and assisted, by permission of the enemy, in illuminating his prison-house when that joyful event was announced. It is with pride of country that we are enabled to say that his latter days were smoothed by a pension from the government, and that the old patriot reaped something from the noble seed he had so profusely planted. Mr. Balch died as he had lived—a *Christian*.—*Waterloo Observer*.

SHINE FORTH OUR COLORS.

Sing to tune of: "Brightest and best of the sons of the morning."

Hail to the men who created our nation.
Hail, and thrice blessed, the women who gave
Life-long devotion, and high inspiration:
Sacred inheritance; worthy the brave.

Long may we cherish what God has provided.
Here do we vow, with our lives to maintain
First among nations, our land undivided;
Emblem of Freedom: our Flag without stain.

Wisdom vouch safe us, Jehovah, Eternal.
Quicken our conscience with fire from above.
Shine forth our Colors, with splendor supernal;
Proudest and fairest: the banner we love.

June 14th, 1905.

Motif—"Flag day" meditations.

WILLIAM H. BREARLEY.

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. SALLY PROUTY.

By the death of Mrs. Sally Prouty, March 1, 1904, of Brattleboro, Vermont, Brattleboro Chapter lost a "Real Daughter" at the age of 94 years.

Mrs. Prouty was born in Marlboro, Vermont, December 15, 1809, a daughter of Amos and Phoebe Prouty, and one of a family of twelve children. Her father was one of the earliest settlers in Marlboro, and a soldier of the Revolution. In 1831 she married Fosdick Prouty, of Spencer, Massachusetts, who died in 1862. Mrs. Prouty became a member of the chapter in December, 1900, and received the gold spoon designed for all "Real Daughters." Keen of intellect, she had a fund of early recollections which was a delight to listen to. She was the recipient of many flowers and tokens from the chapter members. One "Real Daughter" yet remains to the chapter, Mrs. Laura M. Chace, of Worcester, Massachusetts.—LIZZIE A. FLAGG, *Historian.*

MRS. ANN ELIZA FORD.

Mrs. Ann Eliza Ford, one of the "original daughters" of the American Revolution, died February 21, 1905, at Plessis, New York, aged 91 years.

Mrs. Ford was born in Herkimer county, a daughter of Martin Walter, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary war. She married E. Covil and came with him to Jefferson county about 1850. They resided near Orleans Four Corners until 1872, when they removed to Ithaca, where Mr. Covil died in 1879. Mrs. Covil removed to Little Falls and in 1884 married Alexander Ford, of Orleans Four Corners. They resided after their marriage at Orleans Four Corners, where Mr. Ford died in 1890. Two years ago Mrs. Ford's health had so failed

that she removed from her old home and took up her residence with her niece.

Mrs. Ford was the last survivor of a family of twelve. She had no children.

She was a member of LeRay de Chaumont Chapter, Watertown, and one of her most dearly cherished possessions was a medal presented to her by the chapter.

MRS. MARGARET GOFF MOORE BENSON.

The Anthony Wayne Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of Mankato, Minnesota, boasts among its members, Mrs. Margaret Goff Moore Benson, one of the



Mrs. Margaret Goff Benson.

few surviving "Real Daughters" of the Revolution. Her picture which we here present was given to her chapter at the meeting held in October, 1904—the first meeting held after her papers were accepted at Washington.

Mrs. Benson was born August 20, 1814. Her father was

Goff Moore and her mother's name was Betsy Gray McKensey. With fine natural endowments she received an excellent and thorough education and in fact has been a student all her life, and possesses a mind of rare culture and strength. She was married to John Benson, of Skowhegan, Maine, May 9, 1836. Five children came to them to brighten their home. Her father's service in the Revolutionary war was in a New Hampshire regiment as an aid to his father who was an officer of that regiment. While a child sitting on her father's knee, she listened to his experiences during his services of several years, and of the battle of Bunker Hill she never tired. Her first home after her marriage was at Mt. Desert and as her husband was a Methodist clergyman she lived in several towns in Maine—Bath, Corinna and Dover. In 1852 she came to Minnesota territory, and resided in St. Anthony. Her present residence is in Minneapolis where she has lived for several years.

Mrs. Benson has been all her life and still is an inspiration to all with whom she is associated.

Though on the once unfurrowed brows
The harrow-teeth of Time may show,
Through all the strain of crippling years
The halting feet of rhyme may show,
We look and hear with melting hearts,
For what we all remember is
The morn of Spring, nor heed how chill
The sky of gray November is.

Thanks to the gracious powers above
From all mankind that singled us,
And dropped the pearl of friendship in
The cup they kindly mingled us,
And bound us in a wreath of flowers
With hoops of steel knit under it;
Nor time, nor space, nor chance, nor change,
Nor death himself shall sunder it.—*Holmes.*

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Oakland Chapter (Oakland, California), held their usual monthly meeting in April. It was made more interesting, however, by having our "Real Daughter" with us, Mrs. Hills, on which occasion she was presented with a handsome gold spoon, and beautiful flowers.

In May we held our annual meeting. After the business, all adjourned to the dining room.

Mrs. John F. Swift, of San Francisco, vice-president general, was our guest and gave us an interesting talk of her experiences in Washington.

One member brought a family relic—a flint lock musket—and fired it off.—Miss C. A. WARD, *Historian*.

Chicago Chapter (Chicago, Illinois).—The following officers have been elected to serve for the year 1905-1906: Regent, Mrs. Frederick W. Becker; first vice-regent, Mrs. John C. Ames; second vice-regent, Mrs. Frances Sedgwick Smith; recording secretary, Mrs. Andrew G. Clark; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Henry D. Osgood; registrar, Mrs. Frank B. Callan; treasurer, Mrs. Albert Glaspell; assistant treasurer, Mrs. Thomas White; historian, Mrs. G. Elwood MacGrew.

Martha Washington Chapter (Sioux City, Iowa) made a great effort last April to raise money for Memorial Continental Hall by giving an art loan exhibition. The exhibit and entertainment was a great success. A large, interesting and valuable collection of Colonial relics and historical curios were on exhibition and viewed by hundreds of people. The room in the Pelletier block, where the exhibition was held, was tastefully decorated with flags. The greatest of credit is due the ladies having the affair in charge, for there has been much work and no little worry connected with the undertaking. Each afternoon and evening a pleasing program was given. The most enjoyable feature of these programs was the singing

and dancing of "Aunt Dinah," as impersonated by Mrs. Daphne Peabody Edwards, of Dubuque. Mrs. Peabody is state secretary for the Daughters of the American Revolution and is famous throughout the country for her impersonation of "Aunt Dinah."

Stars and Stripes Chapter (Burlington, Iowa).—In June the services for the marking of the grave of John Morgan, one of the seven of the heroes of the Revolutionary war buried in Iowa, were held at Aspen Grove cemetery.

The services were conducted by the chapter. A handsome marker bearing the inscription—

S. A. R.
John Morgan, Born 1758, Died 1843
Virginia Troops.

was provided by the loyal Daughters. For the occasion, a basket of flowers from the "Real Daughter" of the Revolution, Mrs. Jane Englis Smith of this city, in the patriotic colors red, white and blue, were sent.

After the singing of "America," Mrs. Cate Gilbert Wells made the dedicatory address for the Daughters of the American Revolution. The address was as follows:

"Daughters of the American Revolution and friends: We are met to-day to honor the memory of a soldier of the American Revolution, and (as in the words of our ritual) to renew our pledge of loyalty to our country and our flag and to emphasize the privilege and duty of patriotism. For the first time in our history as a chapter, we have made, on this Memorial day a patriotic pilgrimage to the grave of John Morgan, soldier and patriot in the war for independence, whose record our Stars and Stripes chapter has aided in establishing, and whose grave we have as a chapter had the privilege of marking. This cross and tablet record the fact that a soldier of the war of the American Revolution reposes here.

"The subject of this sketch for many years has slept in Aspen Grove, while his descendants dwelt, and continue to dwell, among us, and we are honored by their presence here to-day. While they quietly cherished the memory of this patriotic ancestor they were, until recently unmindful of a chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, whose organization has for its most cherished object the preservation of historic sites, and marking of Revolutionary soldiers' graves.

"Floating rumors came at length to the Daughters of the American Revolution that a Revolutionary soldier slept in Aspen Grove, and an effort was made by the chapter to substantiate the fact. The descendants of John Morgan, when approached on the subject, co-operated most kindly in furnishing facts, and it has been the praiseworthy zeal of Miss MacFlynn—so long the chapter's registrar—which has procured the needful documentary evidence.

"Such occasions as this are not uncommon in New England, but in the middle west where we 'live and move, and have our being,' they are rare indeed. Favored are we among Daughters, in having this patriotic shrine. In Iowa seven graves of Revolutionary soldiers have been identified beyond question. They are those of William Blair, near Kossuth, marked by loyal descendants; John Osborne, at Center Point, marked by local chapter Daughters of the American Revolution; Timothy Brown, at Washington, Iowa, grave marked by Timothy Brown American Revolution Memorial Association; Charles Shepherd, in Mt. Pleasant, monument erected to his memory by Daughters of the American Revolution and Grand Army of the Republic; George Perkins, buried near Primrose, in Lee county, Iowa, whose grave is to be marked through efforts of Keokuk and Ft. Madison chapters, Daughters of the American Revolution; and John Pepper, who is buried at Detroit, near Clinton, whose grave has been cared for by the Sons of the American Revolution. The grave of Abraham Clark, near Lowell, is still to be investigated. Last and to us most important, is that of John Morgan, over whose grave we pay our homage and dedicate this marker—a tribute of to-day to yesterday from loyal Daughters of the American Revolution to a loyal soldier of the Revolution.

"A detail from Company H, of our Iowa Guard, is present with us and will offer military recognition to an American soldier of a former day and generation. Company H will perform a patriotic act in giving a twentieth century military salute to a soldier of the war of 1776."

The detail of Company H which was present then fired three volleys over the grave, after which Bugler McChesney sounded "taps," which was answered by a bugler hidden in the woods.

Miss Abbie MacFlynn, registrar of the Stars and Stripes Chapter, then spoke on "The Work of the Chapter Registrar in establishing the claim of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the grave of a Revolutionary Soldier." In this address the record of John Morgan and the way in which it was secured was given.

Peggy Stuart Tea Party Chapter (Annapolis, Maryland).—On June third the members of the chapter had the

pleasure and *honor* of meeting their president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, at a "Tea" given her by the regent of the chapter, Mrs. John DePeister Douw. The occasion was one of special interest—not only because the guest of honor was the much loved president general, but also because Mrs. McLean was a Marylander born and it was also the first time in the history of the chapter that a president general had been present with them.

The regent, Mrs. Douw, introduced Mrs. McLean with a few graceful words, to which the president general responded, charming everyone by her words so full of grace and depth of feeling. Indeed she seemed inspired as she stood there surrounded by a handful only of her many supporters, but this handful, representatives of the land of her birth. Annapolis, too, she had known as a girl, and her father, the late Judge Ritchie, had held court here as associate judge of the court of appeals.

Mrs. McLean spoke of the high ideals we held as a society, and urged the necessity of always trying to live up to those ideals. She paid a high tribute to New York, her adopted state, linking it in her affections with Maryland, the state of her birth.

Mrs. McLean presented the local chapter from His Excellency, Governor Warfield, whose guest she was, a book containing a copy of the mural paintings in Baltimore courthouse. The gift was accepted very graciously by the regent. One seldom hears so many thoughts expressed in so few words and with such force and depth of feeling as those expressed by the president general on this occasion. Truly she seemed inspired! There were present also a daughter of Mrs. McLean, and also her sister-in-law, Mrs. Walter McLean. Later the members enjoyed a delightful ride on the beautiful Severn river as guests of His Excellency, Governor Warfield.—ANNA LEAVITT CRESAP, *Historian*.

Betsy Ross Chapter (Lawrence, Massachusetts).—The year just closed has been a successful year in good work done.

We have a good leader in our earnest patriotic regent, Mrs. Abbie B. Shepard.

Our city of Lawrence is a young city. In 1845 it was founded, the land being taken from the older towns of Methuen on the north bank of the Merrimac river and from the town of Andover on the south side. We have no historic spots to locate and there are no Revolutionary soldiers buried in any of the cemeteries of Lawrence. So we as a chapter turned our attention to the schools of our city. We celebrated Washington's birthday by a lecture in the high school hall given by the noted traveller and lecturer, Dr. John C. Bowker, the proceeds of which was used for flags for the schools.

Our regent, Mrs. Abbie B. Shepard, accompanied by ladies from the chapter, presented twenty-one flags in nearly as many school buildings, for which we received the thanks of the school committee.

On Thursday, May 25th, our state regent, Mrs. Charles H. Masury, of Danvers, Massachusetts, with the ladies from the chapter, visited the Emily G. Wetherbee school and presented three flags. The fine school building, with its pleasant rooms, was an inspiration, and the state regent addressed them in part as follows:

Madam Regent of the Betsy Ross Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Teachers and Pupils of the Wetherbee School: It gives me pleasure to come to your fine school building and look into the faces of this large company of children, and to realize that you are all soon to fill the places of the men and women of to-day. I am glad to know you are having the best instruction that these teachers can give you, and I am happy to be privileged to talk to you of the patriotic deeds of the men of the past who established for us this free Republic of America, and made it possible for you and me to dwell in and enjoy this free land. You are all children of this Republic. There are no foreign children here. You are the men and women of the future. You are to grow into good citizens, and do for this land what the heroes of the past have done. You are to cherish this flag and never let it be used for any but patriotic purposes. As children you can do this, and if in the future when you boys become men, you are called upon to defend it with your service or perhaps with your lives (which I pray God you may never need to do) I know the best that is yours to give, you will give freely, as the heroes of the past have done; and

should such a time come, you girls would have your work in hospital and home, to care for the sick and wounded.

You would not have to do as our grandmothers did in the time of the Revolution—raise the flax, spin the yarn and weave the cloth to make garments for the soldiers. You are surrounded by great mills where such work is done, but you could minister to the cause in other ways. Betsy Ross made the first flag and had a part in the design by having a five pointed star substituted for the six pointed star, as the committee had planned. I wonder how many of you can fold a piece of paper and with one clip of the scissors, cut a five pointed star as she did? Try it, and see how quickly you will learn to do it.

After the presentation of the three flags which were received by the teacher, who thanked the ladies for the school, three little girls from different classes held the flags while the school saluted them. They then sang "My Own United States" in a delightful and inspiring manner and marched out of the hall, the little flag bearers following with their flags.—ARVESTA BAILEY LYON, *Historian*.

Prudence Wright Chapter (Pepperell, Massachusetts) held its February meeting, the twenty-second, in Central Hall. It was in charge of the entertainment committee and called "A Washington and Lincoln Reception." Mrs. Arthur P. Wright made a stately Goddess of Liberty, and the mother of Washington and that of Lincoln were impersonated by Mrs. Marshall Merriam and Mrs. John O. Bennett. The ladies of the chapter gave quotations from the writings of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln, interspersed with music of the Revolutionary and Civil war periods, ending with "America." Miss Marian Hutchinson presided at the piano, and Mrs. C. D. Hutchinson was the soloist. As the members had the privilege of inviting their friends the hall was filled, nearly all the resident Daughters of the American Revolution being present. Miss Harriet E. Freeman, a Boston member of the chapter, read an article on "The Pensioning of the 'Real Daughters,'" which, later, was acted on. The Prudence Wright Chapter has had three "Real Daughters," only one of whom is living, Mrs. Mary E. (Fletcher) Todd, of Ringe, New Hampshire, who will be eighty-nine years old on May 1st.

It was a pleasant gathering, to be long remembered by those present.

Within the past six months four members of the chapter have joined the "great majority," one of them, the second "Real Daughter."—LUCY BANCROFT PAGE, *Regent*.

Cedar Falls Chapter (Cedar Falls, Iowa) made merry on Washington's birthday as the guests of their regent, Mrs. A. C. Page. The Colonial costumes proved most becoming and powdered wigs and beauty patches transformed matter-of-fact twentieth century maids and matrons into the bewitching belles of long ago. A New England supper was served, while between courses, national airs were sung and the following toasts given: "Washington and Lincoln," Miriam W. Bryant; "The Minute Woman," Mrs. D. N. Hurd; "Oldtime Hospitality," Miss Lura C. Phillips. Mr. and Mrs. Page were so gracious in their hospitality that the occasion proved to be the most delightful the chapter has ever enjoyed.

Michigan Daughters of the American Revolution.—A picture at once so imposing and pretty has not been seen at Belle Isle in many a day as that which was made by the Daughters of the American Revolution at the planting of the historic osage orange trees.

At four o'clock a large gathering of the Daughters of the American Revolution and of representatives of the other patriotic societies met on the casino porch for the dedicatory exercises. The opening prayer of Dr. Lee S. McCollester, chaplain of the Sons of the American Revolution, was followed by Mayor Codd's address.

"We owe a deep debt of gratitude," said the Mayor, "to the generous and loyal patriotism shown by the women of this community who are doing more than any other to inculcate that spirit of devotion to country which inspired our forefathers."

Mrs. W. J. Chittenden, state regent of the society, who presided at the exercises, presented Mrs. Arthur M. Parker, re-

gent of the Louisa St. Clair Chapter, whose stirring address kept her big audience intent through every minute.

Mrs. Parker's patriotic thoughts were couched in poetic and graceful language and her closing, "may this little tree blossom and spread until it becomes as immortal as the laurel of victory and the olive of peace," was met by a storm of applause.

Mrs. B. C. Whitney, president of the Daughters of 1812, then spoke, her usual happy manner and bright touches of humor resulting in a thunder of appreciative hand-clapping.

Mrs. Chittenden read regrets sent by Mrs. Donald McLean, national president of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and from Mrs. Mary Lockwood, from whose orange tree came all the sprigs planted throughout the states to-day.

It was then that beneath the floating folds of the huge silk flag, which had been stuck in the triangular plot in front of the casino, that Mrs. Chittenden planted the tree.

The Children of the American Revolution headed by their president, Chas. D. Standish, saluted "Old Glory" and then all present burst into a mighty chorus of "America." It was a delightful scene that this patriotic band of women made in their dainty gowns enhanced by a background of sunlit water and broad green slopes and made meaningful by the silken stars and stripes that floated majestically above them.

Ravalli Chapter (Hamilton, Montana) held its first public reception on Washington's birthday. The beautiful home of Mrs. McCrackin, one of the state vice-regents, was thrown open for the occasion. The members of the chapter acted as hostesses, nearly all in costumes of "ye olden tyme." This chapter is but two years old, but makes up in enthusiasm what it lacks in numbers. A table in one of the parlors was filled with a collection of interesting relics, many of them dating back to the Revolution. This was a surprise to some, as one does not look for many genuine Revolutionary relics in the heart of the Rockies, so far distant from the scenes of those stirring times. A picture of Father Ravalli, for whom the chapter was named, was also shown, together with some of his

letters. He was one of the pioneer missionaries of Montana. Several musical selections were given during the afternoon, at the close, all joining in singing "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter (Bridgeton, New Jersey) met at the home of Miss Mary Carpenter Bowen in April. The meeting was called by the regent, Mrs. Jos. Tomlinson that she might have the decision of the chapter regarding her vote at the national Continental Congress. Mrs. Tomlinson and Miss Ada Whipple are our first representatives, the chapter having been organized in July last. After a short business session and the announcement of two new members, a large letter T cut from card board, coated with glue and covered with dry tea, was brought in; the large letter forming a tray, holding many smaller ones of the same kind, there being one for each member. The large letter was first thrown into the open fire place (the home being a fine old Colonial brick mansion) by one of the new members, each member in turn throwing hers in, and while they burned merrily, emitting their incense-like fragrance in honor of the dead heroes of Greenwich and elsewhere, a member read the following little jingle:

When a certain great king, whose initial is G,
Put a stamp upon paper to force folks to drink tea;
When these folks burned his tea and stamp paper like stubble,
You may guess that this king is coming to trouble.

The last half hour was spent socially.—MARY HUNT RODCAP, *Historian*.

Kate Aylesford Chapter (Hammonton, New Jersey) has finished its first year. We were organized the thirteenth of July, 1904, with twelve members, at Mrs. R. J. Byrnes'. The state regent, Mrs. Putnam, was present and she appointed Mrs. Byrnes as regent and Miss Adella Hill as vice-regent. Mrs. Putnam's address was on the origin of the Daughters of the American Revolution and what they were doing. We are now twenty-one members.

Our first reception was the fifth of October and was given

by the vice-regent, Miss Adella Hill, and our chaplain, Mrs. Hood. The entertainment consisted of readings and music. Refreshments were served.

The next reception was held October 26th. There were present with us our state regent and members from Atlantic City, Bridgeton and Salem.

Our next red letter day was the twenty-second of February. The Daughters held a Colonial tea at the home of the regent, Mrs. R. J. Byrnes.

We hope to take up some definite work another year by posting ourselves on the Revolutionary history of our own state.—*CHLOE ELIZABETH BASSETT, Historian.*

Harrisburg Chapter (Harrisburg, Pennsylvania).—One of the most enjoyable and successful meetings in the history of the Harrisburg Chapter was the closing meeting when the members were entertained at the home of the regent, Miss Caroline M. Pearson. Over fifty persons were assembled in the spacious parlors. The chapter flag was draped over a table which stood between the windows, and on the table was a large photograph of the ancient and historic Paxton Church. The celebration of Flag day was observed by the chapter, each member being presented with a small silk flag by the historian, Mrs. M. W. Jacobs.

The meeting was opened by the singing of the song "Our Flag" to the tune of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." The words of the song were composed by a member of the chapter, and the song was adopted as the chapter song. The regent, Miss Pearson, read several selections bearing on the flag. The minutes of the last meeting were read by the secretary, Miss Clute, after which Miss Pearson announced the names of the membership committee and of the flower committees. Miss McCullough, the registrar, presented her report which showed an increase in the past year from eighty-nine to a total membership of one hundred one. Mrs. S. J. M. McCarrell gave the report of the prize committee and announced the subject for next year's high school prize essays, "The Lewis and

Clark Exposition," the prizes for which will be ten dollars, five dollars and two and a half dollars.

Miss Clute followed with the report of the governing board, and action was also taken on the circular letters to be sent out regarding the erection of the Paxton tablet, and at this point Miss Margaret Rutherford presented the report of the tablet committee. It has been decided that an iron gate will be put up, with stone pillar on either side, and a tablet erected on each pillar. Thus far the names of forty-three patriots buried in Paxton churchyard have been handed in to the committee. The committee announced that \$550 will cover the cost of the erection of the tablet. The pillars will be erected in the fall and the work will be completed in the spring.

Mrs. Levi B. Alricks read an excellent paper on the subject, "The Paxton Church." At the close of her paper, Mrs. Alricks announced that Bishop Henry Darlington in a recent conversation, had expressed his sentiments concerning the magnificent work being done by the chapter in the erection of the tablet to the memory of those who had given their lives for their country, and said he was so much in sympathy with the work being himself a member of the Sons of the American Revolution and his brothers also, that he desired to contribute toward the fund for erection of the tablet and through Mrs. Alricks presented to the chapter a check for \$25 toward the tablet fund.

Mrs. E. Z. Gross sang very effectively "Auld Lang Syne," the members of the chapter joining in the chorus of the last verse. Miss Pearson announced that the historian, Mrs. Jacobs, had arranged that the subjects for next year's papers would be bearing on the Revolution of Pennsylvania and at this point Mrs. G. Keats Peay read an interesting paper prepared by Miss Katherine Egle on the subject "Early History of Pennsylvania before the Occupancy by William Penn.

Miss Helen Clark read a letter from Mrs. D. E. Dismukes, formerly of this city, now of Canton, China, telling of a Fourth of July celebration at Hong Kong, China. After the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the chapter the meeting adjourned and refreshments were served.

Gaspee Chapter (Providence, Rhode Island) observed "Gaspee Day," June 10th, with the usual outing, which took the form of a trip to Narragansett Pier, and proved the most successful of such celebrations in the annals of the organization. A fine literary and musical program followed the luncheon.

Mrs. Barker read a comprehensive report of the doings of the recent Continental Congress, which convened in Washington in April. She said in part:

"The Fourteenth Continental Congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution has become a part of the history of the organization. For the first time the Daughters convened in their own building. The work had been rushed to such a stage that it was fit for occupancy. Flags, yards of bunting and green laurel decorations concealed the bare woodwork. A great insignia of the society hung at the back of the stage and above that, on the wall, was a set of bars, each one bearing the name of a president general. The founders and the pioneer (as Mrs. Lockwood has been called) were not forgotten. On the walls were medallions, giving their names.

"With a membership of 42,804, the total voting strength was 1,094. On the day of the great election for president general there were 714 votes cast. Counting the alternates it has been said that it is 'safe to estimate the attendance was over 1,000.'"

Several instrumental selections were rendered by Miss Harriet Mansir, and Miss Ellen Bowick, of London, delighted her hearers with several selections.

The feature of the program of the day was the address by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, the venerable author who has but recently passed her 86th birthday. Mrs. Howe was introduced felicitously by Mrs. Barker, who said:

"Our guest of honor and speaker needs no introduction to any audience, especially to one composed of patriotic women; and it is not because she is a Daughter of the American Revolution and a Colonial Dame, though we are proud to claim her in the Society of the Colonial Dames in the State of Rhode Island through descent of Samuel Ward, one of our illustrious Colonial governors. Mrs. Ward stands for something even more than patriotic societies and distinguished ancestry. She is the American exponent of women in patriotic literature. If we were asked to name America's greatest national hymns, we would say "America," "Star Spangled Banner" and, last, but not least,

"The Battle Hymn of the Republic." Gaspee Chapter members, I have the very great honor of presenting the author of that beautiful patriotic hymn, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe."

Mrs. Howe took for her subject, "Patriotism in Literature," and traced the history of the country in its poetry, quoting from Longfellow, Holmes and others whom she has known intimately and giving several of her own poems. She recited "The Flag," a poem less familiar, perhaps, than the "Battle Hymn," which was written, she said, at Newport, at a time when that city was full of disaffected people who did not hesitate to express their sympathy with the Confederate cause. It was of this poem, she said, that Holmes exclaimed: "I like the architecture of that poem." In concluding her address she recited her beautiful "Battle Hymn of the Republic," and as she was afterward escorted from the room by Miss Greene the music of the hymn was rendered by Miss Mansir at the piano and all the guests rose to their feet.

Nathaniel Greene Chapter (Greenville, South Carolina) resumed work on the first Tuesday in October. The committee, who had charge of the program, had arranged a very pleasant one. The year books were ready to distribute, very prettily gotten up in blue and gold. They contained a list of the state officers, as well as those of the chapter, the various committees, and the routine of work for the year—a study of "The Thirteen Original States."

October 5th was "South Carolina Day."

First came the state motto by the regent and as the roll was called quotations from South Carolina authors.

Topic—"The Old Star Fort."

Reading—"Famous South Carolina Battlefields," "The Martyr, Hayne."

Music—"Auld Lang Syne."

NOVEMBER 1.

Massachusetts—State motto.

Quotations from Franklin.

Music—"The Sword of Bunker Hill."

Topic—"The Alarm, 1775, Result in Old Bay State, 1776."

Reading—"Old North Church."

Music—"The White Cockade."

DECEMBER 6.

Connecticut—State motto.
 Quotations from John Fiske.
 Music—"Blue Eyed Mary."
 Topics—"Israel Putnam and Roger Sherman."
 Reading—"The Pilgrim Fathers."
 Music—"See the Conquering Hero Comes."

JANUARY 3, 1905.

New York—State motto.
 Quotations from Alexander Hamilton.
 Music—"Star Spangled Banner."
 Topics—"Arnold, the Traitor, Nathan Hale, the Patriot."
 Reading—"The Legend of Sleepy Hollow."

FEBRUARY 7.

Virginia—State motto.
 Quotations from Patrick Henry.
 Music—"Dolly Madison Waltz."
 Topics—"James and Dolly Madison."
 Reading—"The Virginians."
 Music—"O Carry Me Back to Old Virginia."

MARCH 7.

Maryland—State motto.
 Quotations from Maryland authors.
 Music—"Maryland, My Maryland."
 Topic—"The Peggy Stuart Tea Party."
 Reading—"Revolutionary Songs."
 Song—"What Can the Matter Be."

APRIL 4.

New Jersey—State motto.
 Quotations from J. Fennimore Cooper.
 Music—"Hail Columbia."
 Topic—"Light Horse Harry, the Hero of Paulus Hook."
 Reading—"The Most Eventful Christmas of the Revolution."
 Music—"Buy a Broom Waltz."

MAY 2.

North Carolina—State motto.
 Quotations from Wheeler.
 Music—"The Old North State."
 Topic—"The Scotch Irish."
 Reading—"The Mecklenburg Declaration."
 Music—"The Campbells are Coming."

JUNE 6.

Georgia—State motto.

Quotations from Joel Chandler Harris.

Music—"Hell Broke Loose in Georgia."

Topic—"Savannah as a Strategic Point from 1775 to 1779."

Reading—"Dungeness."

Song—"Kitty of Coleraine."

At our meeting in March, it was on the program to read a paper on Revolutionary songs and their history. The committee found some trouble in getting up suitable music. Professor Snyder in his delightful talk to the Daughters of the American Revolution at the conference in Spartanburg enlightened them on the subject of Revolutionary music and there was none; the people made use of such music as they already had, but no music was composed during the Revolution. The "Association of Oldest Inhabitants" of the District of Columbia aided us greatly by publishing an account of the "songs of old days"—many of them favorites as early as the year 1700. From the same source we learn that "The Black Bird" was the tune played at the execution of Major Andre. "It is needless to say Scotch songs were prized"—many of them "as much favorites as they are to-day." "The Black Bird" was probably English, composed in honor of the pretender. Even the "Star Spangled Banner" had to have a very old tune transferred to it, called "Anacreon in Heaven."

Our meeting on February 7th was pronounced by all present one of the most enjoyable we have ever held.

Our hostess, after reading an unusually good paper on her "Kinsfolk," James and Dolly Madison, brought out many valuable old letters carefully preserved.

We were next shown a beautiful and very valuable collection of silver, once the property of Mrs. Campbell, the widow of Col. Wm. Campbell, the hero of King's Mountain. This silver had a pretty history attached to it. The money which paid for it was voted by congress to Colonel Campbell for his distinguished services, but was so slow coming that Colonel Campbell was dead when it was paid. His wife decided (not really needing it) that it was too precious to be frittered away

and had pitchers, tumblers, goblets and "slop bowls" made of it for each of her 14 children. Every piece was marked with her husband's name, and the design of the pitchers was called "the thistle design" from the thistle of Scotland—the land of the Campbells—on every piece. A little money was left over, which she had made into a beautiful bowl for herself. This the jeweler designed to suit himself and it had a separate detachable piece at the top which when removed looked like a crown; and this valuable heirloom finally descended to our hostess, the great-great-granddaughter of Col. Wm. Campbell.

Massanutton Chapter (Harrisonburg, Virginia) celebrated June 14th (Flag day) at Ingleside, the residence of Mrs. Heneberger, vice-president general of the national society. The pretty Daughters of the American Revolution flag (which has for its stand the insignia of the Daughters of the American Revolution in white metal, finished in navy blue enamel and gold) floated over the corner of the spacious portico where were gathered the Daughters in its honor. A collection of the ten "flags of our country"—Colonial, Revolutionary, war of 1812, and our star spangled banner—lent interest to the occasion and the reading of "The Origin and History of the Stars and Stripes" by Mrs. T. O. Jones was appreciated and enjoyed. The Betsey Ross flag with its history was an object of special interest and some beautiful selections in prose and verse were read by different members of the chapter, and interesting discussion as to which flag had the honor of being hoisted first by John Paul Jones followed. The absence of the regent, Mrs. John T. Harris, was regretted. After refreshments the exercises of this bright June morning were closed by the national anthem sung standing by the Massanutton Chapter and its guests.

This chapter contemplates a Colonial reception with outdoor features upon the lawn at this same residence for the benefit of the Virginia column of Memorial Continental Hall.

PARLIAMENTARY LAW TALKS

By *Mary Belle King Sherman*.

In the Parliamentary Law Department of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE the principles of Parliamentary Law, as suited to the everyday needs of ordinary deliberative bodies, will be set forth. These principles will be illustrated by short drills in which the making, stating and general treatment of motions will be shown. Questions by subscribers will be answered. Roberts' Rules of Order will be the standard of authority. Address 4614 Lake Avenue, Chicago.



Mary Belle King Sherman.

Question. When a substitute motion has been offered, is it not in order to object to the consideration of the question?

Answer. No. The objection to the consideration of a question may be applied only to the main motion. While the substitute motion is a complete proposition in itself, it is on the same subject as the main motion as it must be germane to it. The purpose of the objection to the consideration is to suppress instantly any question the assembly does not wish to consider. If the main motion has been discussed or any subsidiary motion applied to it, it is then too late to make use of the motion in question. The cause of confusion on this question is due to a lack of understanding of the rule governing amendments. A substitute motion is an amendment of the first degree and is subject to all rules governing an amendment of that rank. Whether the question is to substitute one word for another or a complete proposition for the one pending, the action is the same.

Question. Has not the maker of a motion always the right to close debate after the previous question is ordered or the motion is pending to lay the question on the table?

Answer. No, unless a special rule has been adopted to that effect. According to Robert's Rules of Order the member of

a committee who presents a report has the right to close debate after the previous question is ordered but this right does not extend to the individual member who has introduced a resolution. It is customary in conventions to have a special rule by which a member who has offered a motion may close debate the same as the reporting member of a committee.

Question. Has the president of a chapter the right to vote?

Answer. Yes. She may vote on any question the same as any other member. She is not required to vote but she may do so if she so desires. In this connection it should be remembered that the position of a presiding officer is strengthened if she does not take an active part in the transaction of business and unless the vote is taken by ballot, her attitude, if she voted on all questions, would be subject to the same criticism as if she took part in debate. It should also be remembered that in case of a tie she could not give the casting vote if she had already voted.

Question. At a meeting for the election of officers, when does the president take the chair?

Answer. In the absence of a special rule the newly elected president takes the chair when she is declared elected. It is much better, however, to adopt a rule by which the officers in office shall continue their duties until the close of the session at which their successors are elected.

I went into the temple, there to hear
The teachers of our law, and to propose
What might improve my knowledge or their own.—*Milton.*

Nothing is law that it not reason.—*Sir John Powell.*

For the world was built in order
And the atoms march in tune;
Rhyme the pipe, and Time the warder,
The sun obeys them, and the moon.—*Emerson.*

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

For inquire of the former age, and prepare thyself to the search of their fathers.— *Job VIII.*

Contributors are requested to observe carefully the following regulations:

1. Write on only one side of the paper.
2. Give full name and address of the writer.
3. All proper names should be written with great plainness.
4. When possible give dates, and the places of residences of ancestors for whom the inquiry is made.
5. Enclose a two-cent stamp for each query. When a personal answer on a doubtful point is desired send extra stamp.

A special request is made for answers or partial answers to queries that the value of the department may be enhanced to all subscribers.

All answers will be inserted as soon as received.

Queries will be given in the order of the dates of their reception.

Mrs. Lydia Bolles
Newcomb.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

ANSWERS.

535. 549. HINSON.—Thomas¹ Hinson, a cadet of the Hinson family of Fordham, County Cambridge, Eng., arrived in Province of Md., 1650-1, accompanied by his wife Grace and three children. He was soon appointed as clerk of the County of Kent and in a few years was "High Sheriff for the Countie," an office of high honor. He was a man of means and influence and bore the same arms as those of his English forebears. He had extensive grants in Kent County and was a member of the House of Burgesses, 1654-1660.

His son Thomas² settled in Talbot Co. on an estate which he called "Hynson's Town" and became High Sheriff of Talbot Co. He died



1679. Col. John² Hynson, second son of Thomas¹ remained in Kent Co. where in 1678 he became High Sheriff as his father had been; he was also a burgess for Kent Co. 1681-1688. He died 1705 and left a wife Ann, and children, viz: Col. John³, Col. Nathaniel³, and daughters Sarah³, Elizabeth³, Jane³, Mary³, and Ann³. His wife was Ann Francesco Vanderheyden, widow of Edward Shippen of Philadelphia.

Col. Charles⁴ Hynson married Margaret Harris, died 1711, and left two sons and five daughters. Col. Nathaniel⁵ was a member of the Assembly 1716-1729,—married 1st Hannah —, 2nd Mary Kelley. Charles⁴ Hynson, grandson Col. Charles⁶, married Phebe Carvell. Col. John⁶ married Mary Storp and his son Col. Thomas⁷ married Isabella Pearce. Mary⁸ Hynson married Major Joseph Wickes. Ann⁹ married, 1st, Rev. Stephen Bordley, 2nd, Alexander Williamson. Sarah⁹ married Capt. James Smith. Randolph Hinson and Col. John are mentioned several times in the Archives of Maryland.—H. D. R. (in *Baltimore Sun*) and M. V. G.

552. CLINTON—TAPPAN.—The children of George Clinton, b. 1739, d. 1812, and his wife Cornelia Tappan, married Feb. 7, 1770, were Catherine b. Nov. 5, 1773, mar., 1st, John Taylor, 2nd, Gen. Pierre Van Cortland, Cornelia Tappan, b. June 27, 1774, mar. Edmond Genet, George Washington, b. 1778, Elizabeth, b. July 10, 1780, mar. Matthias B. Tallmadge, Martha Washington, b. 1783, mar. Dr. Stephen Beckman.—N. Y. *Gen. Records*, Vol. 13.

589. MOORE—WILLEY.—I am the gr.-gr.-gr.-grandson of John Willey, son of Isaac Willey, but can only tell that Miriam Moore was a daughter of Miles and Isabella Moore. After the death of John Willey she married Samuel Spencer, an ancestor of Gen. Joseph Spencer. John Willey, Jr., son of John, Sr., married Elizabeth, daughter of John Harvey, of New London, and they had a daughter Elizabeth, b. Dec. 20, 1701. Whom she married I do not know.—H. W.

QUERIES.

609. ALLEN—RAMBACH.—(1) Ancestry wanted of Moses Allen, of Mt. Pleasant, N. J., born about 1768. He served while very young as private in the Rev. army. He married Margaret Rambach. They had four daughters and one son. Moses Allen was of Scotch descent and a devout Scotch Presbyterian.

(2) CHISHOLM—BARK.—Also ancestry of Tabitha, daughter of Peter and Rachel Chisholm. She married 1784 Rev. Christian Bark of Irvington Manor, afterward of N. Y. city. When and where did she die? Among the descendants are the Burton and Van Alstynes of Albany. Correspondence desired.—J. S. D.

610. (1) BAKER—WHITMORE.—Ancestry desired of Sarah Baker, b. 1765, who married Jeremiah Whittemore, near Spencer, Mass.

(2) BURR.—Ancestry of Roger Burr. He served in Rev. war when

about thirty years old. The family lived in Granby, Conn., had a son, Elihu.—M. H. G.

611. (1) WOODBURY—HUBBARD.—Ezekiel Woodbury, b. 1734, in Sunderland, Mass., d. Barre, Mass., Oct. 21, 1821. Married Ann Hubbard. His ancestry desired.

(2) WOODBURY—BLAKE.—John Woodbury married Feb. 15, 1814, Rebecca Blake. She was born in Hartland, Vt. Wanted, her ancestry.

(3) BROWN.—Samuel Brown, b. at Chatham, Conn., Feb. 14, 1761, died April 8, 1833. Married Mary Kellogg, b. 1760-1, d. Feb. 22, 1796. Ancestry of both desired.

(4) GATES.—George Gates, of Conn., b. 1760, d. Feb. 27, 1826. Married Phebe (—?) Children were: Anna, Olmstead, Phebe, Deborah, George. Information of both parents desired.—G. A. D.

612. REYNOLDS.—William Reynolds was commandant in Edmonds' command of Vir. artillery, Rev. war. His name appears on abstract of pay due the organization, dated June 12, 1780. Any information of him or his wife will be appreciated. He had son, James Madison Reynolds, b. Feb. 6, 1795, in Washington Co., Vir., who married, first, Lizzie Welch, second, Minnie Haus. He d. March 17, 1862, in Morgan Co., Ill.—W. F. C.

613. PRATT—SILL.—The "Widow Pratt, of Pettapoque Parish," Saybrook, Conn., was the second wife of Andrew Sill, who died before April 15, 1789. The children of her marriage with —— Pratt were Jeremiah, Temperance, Charity, Edward and Hannah, all mentioned in her will. The Widow Mary (—) (Pratt) Sill died in Burlington, N. Y., Jan. 5, 1822, aged ninety-one years. The son, Jeremiah Pratt, died in the same town Jan. 21, 1863, aged ninety-nine years. The maiden name of Mary (—) Sill may have been Bushnell, possibly a granddaughter of Ephraim Bushnell and wife, Mary Long. Can this be confirmed? The name of her first husband—Pratt—is also desired.—F. M. C.

614.—STANLEY.—Wanted, the Rev. record of William Stanley, who was in the company of Capt. William Stilson, of Hopkinton, N. H., Rev. war. Any information of the family of William Stanley will be appreciated.—M. H. J.

615.—STALCUP.—Where can I find the Rev. record of William Stalcup, 1745-1800. He is said to have enlisted from N. Carolina. Would also like the name of his wife. His children were Peter, William, Isaac, John, Samuel and Eli.—N. A. A.

In July No., 1904, Am. M. Mag. (Ans. 171), a Peter Stalcup, of Delaware is mentioned.

616. (1) HUBBARD.—Information and ancestry wanted of Elisha Hubbard, whose wife's name was Tamar ——. An Elisha Hubbard served as corporal in the company of Moses Johnson, regiment of William Williams, Vt. militia. Were they the same man?

(2) NEWCOMB.—Thomas Newcomb, b. Nov. 8, 1799, in Argyle, N. Y., married Oct., 1823, Sylvia Cooper. His ancestry wanted.—K. H.

617. LANGSTAFF—STELL.—Information wanted of John or Henry Langstaff, who married before 1770, Charity Stell, lived at Piscataway, N. J. He sold his farm before 1818 to John Langstaff Jaques. They had sons, James, Stell, Ogden, Lewis, John, daughters, Rachel, married Samuel Jaques; Mary, married Dr. Freeman; Sarah, married Abel Clarkson. Ancestry of Charity Stell? Was the husband of Charity (Stell) Langstaff in Rev. war?—M. L. J. R.

618. GRANT.—I would like any information of Moses Grant, of Boston, who is buried in Copp's burying ground, Boston. He was one of the "Boston Tea Party."—M. G. R.

In "Boston Marriages" is recorded the marriage of Moses Grant to Elizabeth Brown, Mar. 3, 1768, to Sarah Pierce, Dec. 2, 1773, to Mary Adams, by Rev. Samuel Williams, May 4, 1777.

As we read in the papers of the high honors being paid to John Paul Jones, the naval hero of the Revolution, we also read, with pride, that the flag that drapes his casket was the loving thought and gift of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, appointed a special committee on "The flag for the remains of John Paul Jones." It is fitting that he who first showed the stars and stripes to a foreign nation, should be borne back to the United States under the folds of the flag he loved so well. And it is fitting that flag should be the gift of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The Committee was as follows: Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, chairman, assisted by Mrs. Henry S. Bowron. Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, state regent, New Mexico; Mrs. Charles H. Terry, state regent, New York; Miss Fuller, New York; Mrs. Watson Bowron, New York; Mrs. James H. Aldrich, Mrs. John Stanton, Miss E. G. Lathrop, Mrs. Ovid A. Hyde, Mrs. Vernon M. Davis, Mrs. Thomas H. Whitney, Mrs. Frederick L. Bradley, Miss Ingraham, Mrs. William K. Tillotson, Mrs. M. George Rittenberg, all of New York city; Mrs. John W. Vrooman, New York; Miss Quimby, New Jersey; Miss Brazier, Massachusetts.

NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE Children of the American Revolution

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE CHILDREN OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION was incorporated under the laws of congress applicable to the District of Columbia, April 11, 1895, and by such incorporation "The Headquarters, or chief office, of said National Society, was fixed in the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia."

Honorary Presidents, Elected for Life,

MRS. DANIEL LOTHROP,
(FOUNDER)
Concord, Mass.

MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
2144 California Ave., Washington, D. C.

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
1404 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

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1307 18th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

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NATIONAL SOCIETY CHILDREN OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

NATIONAL OFFICERS, 1905.

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2010 R Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Vice-President Presiding,

MISS JULIA TEN-EYCK MCBLAIR,
902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Vice-President in Charge of Organization of Local Societies,

MRS. GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
1524 28th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents,

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Recording Secretary,

MISS ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
937 Rhode Island Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Registrar,

MISS SUSAN RIVIERE HETZEL,
1538 T Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary,

MISS MARTHA N. HOOPER,
1303 P Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Treasurer,

MRS. VIOLET BLAIR JANIN,
12 Lafayette Square, Washington, D. C.

Chaplain,

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,
1316 Connecticut Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.

APRIL MEETING, 1905.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, was held at ten o'clock on the morning of Thursday, April 13th, at 902 F street, Washington, D. C.

Members present: Mrs. Lothrop, founder; Mrs. Burrows, president; Mrs. Darwin, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Hamlin, Miss Hooper, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Janin, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Lounsberry, Miss Tulloch and Mrs. Howard.

After prayer by the chaplain, the secretary's minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The corresponding secretary reported that she had sent out during the month 400 application blanks, 200 poems and salutes, 15 constitutions and 25 lists of national officers, the requests for these supplies coming from eight different states. The report was accepted.

The registrar reported 53 applications for membership, and the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission to the society, provided all dues were paid. This was accordingly done and the applicants declared members of the National Society.

The treasurer reported the month's receipts to have been \$115.25; disbursements, \$23.08. Amount on hand April 1st (in addition to the society's investments), \$145.18. The report was accepted.

The vice-president in charge of organization of local societies reported the following changes, resignations and nominations:

The acceptance of the directorship of Illinois by Mrs. Frank Barker.

The resignation of Miss M. J. Silver, state director for West Virginia.

Nominations of state directors:

Mrs. George H. Romney for Minnesota.

Mrs. Alvan R. Bailey for Massachusetts.

Resignations of presidents of local societies.

Mrs. Charles Bond, Signal Lantern Society, Boston, Massachusetts.

Mrs. George T. Littlefield, of Deborah Sampson Junior Society, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Charlotte A. Waite, Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Mrs. C. L. Goodman, Samuel McDougall Society, Texas.

Nominations of presidents of local societies:

Mrs. Herbert Scott, of Jonathan Thompson Society, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Helen Burt Curtis, Old North Bridge Society, Massachusetts.

Miss Anna I. Pope, Ensign Robert Wilson Society, Bucksport, New York.

Mrs. Laura Lamme McDonald, Liberty Society, Ohio.

Agnes S. B. Bryan, Red, White and Blue Society, District of Columbia.

Mrs. William Blake, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Mrs. Eliza Swett Keith, Signal Lantern Society, Massachusetts.

Miss Martha Dodge, Asa Pollard Society, Massachusetts.

Names of societies:

"Patriotic," society forming at Walton, New York.

"Stone Ridge," society formed at Herkimer, New York.

"Iroquois," society to be revived at Rochester, New York.

"Louisiana Purchase," for the senior branch of the St. Louis Society.

"Jonathan Harrington," for society at Kenton, Ohio.

Letters written during the month, 70; letters received during the month, 108; credentials and circulars sent, 130.

On motion, these nominations were confirmed and the report accepted.

Mrs. Marsh nominated Miss Anna B. Yeatman for state director for the District of Columbia, which, on motion, was confirmed.

Mrs. Darwin gave notice of an intention to ask at the next meeting action upon an amendment to the by-laws, article IV, whereby the treasurer will no longer be required to have her accounts ready for audit on February 15th, but may wait until April 15th, if she desire.

She moved to insert in the printed information which usually accompanies the list of National Officers, the statement that transfers from the Children of the American Revolution to the Daughters of the American Revolution cannot be given when the dues have not been paid to the time of majority.

She also gave notice of an intention to ask the amendment of article II of the by-laws regarding the initiation fees of honorary members so that the amount to be paid, namely fifty cents, may be plainly stated therein.

Mrs. Hamlin spoke on the subject of the amendment to the Constitution of which she gave notice at the March meeting. It was as follows:

No honorary officer may be elected at the annual meeting of the Children of the American Revolution, unless first having been presented to the Board of Management for its approval and endorsement.

On motion, this amendment was adopted.

Mrs. Lothrop nominated Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. A. W. Greely, Mrs. A. L. Barber, Mrs. S. V. White, Mrs. A. S. Hubbard, Mrs. Mary A. Hepburn Smith, Mrs. John Miller Horton, Mrs. Nellis B. Rich to be honorary vice-presidents, saying:

In view of their unceasing loyalty toward, and loving service for, the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution, I move that these ladies be elected honorary vice-presidents of the National Society, and I request that we make this a rising vote with an expression of thanks.

This motion was seconded by Mrs. Hamlin, and when put to vote, was carried.

The treasurer asked to be allowed to draw \$3.90 from the Savings Bank in order to make the amount on hand for Memorial Continental Hall even—that is, \$350. On motion, this request was granted.

Mrs. Lothrop moved, that Mrs. Burrows present a report of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution to the Congress of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. Carried.

The recording secretary asked and received permission to have a supply of postal cards printed for announcement of meetings.

After attending to several minor arrangements for the annual convention, the meeting adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Recording Secretary.

BENEFIT OF COLONIAL HALL.

Entertainment by Children of the Revolution and Rumsey Hall Boys, Masonic Temple, Wednesday evening, February 22, 1905, 8 o'clock.

PROGRAM.

1 CHORUS—"The Jolliest Boys Alive,".....	<i>Emerson</i>
Rumsey Hall Boys.	
2 RECITATION—"How Tom Sawyer got his fence whitewashed,.....	<i>Mark Twain</i>
Allan Prescott Flagg.	
3 SPANISH DANCE,	<i>Holst</i>
Tambourine—Rea Murdock. Castanets—Allan Flagg.	
Triangle—Perrin Jordan.	
4 RECITATION—"Billy Mason's Bride,".....	<i>Bret Harte</i>
Jack Silsby Feek.	
5 VIOLIN SOLO,	<i>Dancla's First Air</i>
Earl Clark.	
6 RECITATION—"Casey at the Bat,"	<i>Eugene Field</i>
Richard Miller Kendig.	
7 MANDOLIN DUET—"Flower Song,"	<i>Lange</i>
Paul Oakes, Harvey Elliott.	
8 RECITATION,	<i>"Nervoustown"</i>
Lester Yates Baylis.	
9 TOY SYMPHONIE,	<i>Hayden</i>
Piano—Bertha Hammer, Violin—Earl Clark, Drum—Susan	
Seymour, Cuckoo—Richard Kendig, Trumpet—Margery	
Howell, Nightingale—Howard Rumsey, Quail and Tri-	
angle—Helen Addison, Rattle—Paul Oakes,	
Tambourine—Rea Murdock, Castanets—	
Hawthorn Steinmetz.	
10 RECITATION,	<i>"Rival Orators"</i>
Rea Murdock, Silas Page.	

11 DANCE OF THE FIRE-FLIES, *Losey*
 Violin—Earl Clark, Piano—Jennie Kenyon, Mandolins—Paul
 Oakes, Rockwell Kenyon, Richard Kendig, Stuart McDon-
 ald, Hawthorn Steinmetz, Philip Westcott, Harvey
 Elliott.

12 RECITATION, "The Flag Goes By"
 Stuart Clarence McDonald.

13 SONG AND CHORUS—"I Can't do this Sum," *BABES IN TOYLAND*
 Murdock, Sanville, Cutrer, Jenks, Jordan, Flagg, Baylis, Page.

14 RECITATION, "Independence Bell"
 Howard Barnum Rumsey.

15 SONG AND CHORUS—"Good-Bye, Little Girl, Good-Bye," .. *Edwards*
 Eric Sanville, Flagg, Page, Baylis, Jordan, Cutrer, Murdock,
 Jenks.

16 FRENCH RECITATION—"D'euil de la France Pour Washington," ..
 *M. Thiers*
 Paul Sullivan Oakes.

17 MEDLEY—"Red, White and Blue," *Dillabar*
 Violin—Earl Clark, Mandolins—Rockwell Kenyon, Paul Oakes.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL OFFICERS, ANNUAL MEETING,
 APRIL, 1905.

REPORT OF RECORDING SECRETARY.

Madam President, Officers and Members of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution: I have the honor to report that since the annual convention of 1904, the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, has held nine regular meetings, all of which I have attended and recorded the proceedings thereof.

These records I have written out in duplicate, one copy being preserved in the society's archives, the other sent to the editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for publication.

I have sent out fifty postal cards each month to notify the national and state officers of the regular meetings, signed 310 applications in duplicate, written 80 letters and performed all other work pertaining to my office.

Only one charter has been ordered during the year, it being for the Patty Endicott Society, of Pueblo, Colorado.

An exhibit consisting of the seal, insignia, paper, Constitution, etc., of the society was displayed at the St. Louis Fair in the case set apart for the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. The

exhibit has been returned in good order through the Smithsonian Institution.

The board has had the pleasure of the presence of Mrs. Burrows, its president, at nearly all of its meetings through the year, and under her guidance the affairs of the society have progressed in an orderly and satisfactory manner.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Recording Secretary.

REPORT OF REGISTRAR.

Madam President, National Officers, State Directors, Children of the American Revolution: I have to report for this year 310 members admitted. I wish it was more.

At the request of Mrs. Fairbanks, President General, Daughters of the American Revolution, I had prepared a little address which I am sorry to say that I was not able to deliver, owing to the length of the preceding speeches. I will, however, read you that portion which I made my principal object:

Madame President, while we devote our thoughts and work to the past, let us also provide for the future, let us devote some time to those who are to reap what we have sown. Of all great and noble objects and achievements of this society, I think the greatest is the Society of Children of the American Revolution. Let us so train these children that when they come to their inheritance they will be ready for it.

Every chapter should have its children's branch, or rather twig, for the Society of the Children of the American Revolution is but a branch of our great liberty tree, and "as the twig is bent, so is the tree inclined."

State Regents, Chapter Regents, Daughters, Mothers of the American Revolution, I appeal to you to share with these little ones your own glorious heritage and make them Children of the American Revolution.

Respectfully submitted,

SUSAN RIVIERE HETZEL,
National N. 13.

Hail, blooming Youth!
May all your virtues with your years improve,
Till in consummate worth you shine the pride
Of these our days, and to succeeding times
A bright example.—*William Somerville.*

IN MEMORIAM

"No one hears the door that opens
When they pass beyond our call;
Soft as loosened leaves of roses,
One by one, our loved ones fall."

MRS. SUSAN RICHARDSON PECK, General Richardson Chapter, Pontiac, Michigan, died March 15, 1905, at Reed City, Michigan, aged 86 years. She was a sister of Major General Richardson, after whom the chapter was named.

DR. ESTHER WOODMAN TAYLOR, honorary member, Old South Chapter, Boston, Massachusetts, whose native place was Sanbornton, New Hampshire, passed away August 9, 1904.

MISS NAOMI H. COOKE, charter member, Old South Chapter, Boston, Massachusetts, passed away January 15, 1905. She was a faithful and earnest member. The chapter passed resolutions expressive of their loss.

MRS. CHARLES S. ROBBINS, Old South Chapter, Boston, Massachusetts, passed away March 29, 1905, at her home in Somerville, Massachusetts.

MRS. MARIE LOUISE BURTON GAGE, charter member, Independence Hall Chapter, and the first regent of the Declaration of Independence Chapter, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, departed this life, July 18, 1904. "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

ELLEN OLIVIA (FELLOWS) YOUNG, charter member, Martha's Vineyard Chapter, wife of Judge George B. Young, died at her home in St. Paul, Minnesota, January 20, 1905. She was the daughter of Daniel Fellows, Esq., and Sophronia Smith, his wife. She was buried at Edgartown, Massachusetts, her birthplace and summer home.

MRS. HULDAH STODDARD JUDSON, Camden Chapter, Camden, New York, a much beloved member, died May 27, 1905, another to join those gone before.

MRS. SUSAN H. FULLER READ, of Brookline, Massachusetts, oldest member of Elizabeth Clarke Hull Chapter, died May 20, 1905. Chapter named after her esteemed ancestor, General William Hull.

MRS. LORENZA MARVIN ALDRICH, charter member, Camden Chapter, Camden, New York, died June 9, 1905. Was the chapter historian.

MRS. LOUISE PERRIGO BOWEN, wife of Dr. Edwin S. Bowen and a member of Brattleboro Chapter, Brattleboro, Vermont, died suddenly, September 13, 1904. Resolutions upon her death were adopted and recorded upon the chapter records.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

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MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1906.)

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Box "466," Lexington, Kentucky. Harrisonburg, Virginia.

MRS. HENRY E. BURNHAM, N. H., MRS. ROBERT E. PARK, Georgia.
1911 Elm St., Manchester, N. H. 48 Merritt's Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.

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407 W. Lanvale St., Baltimore, Md. 286 Juneau Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

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Chaplain General.

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,
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902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General.

MISS VIRGINIA MILLER.
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

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Assistant Historian General.

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
902 F Street, Washington D. C.

Librarian General.

MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

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 MRS. LENA DARRELL GARDNER, 330 East 10th St., Oklahoma City.

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 MISS MINNIE FOGEL, Mickleys and 902 F St., Washington, D. C.

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 MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main Street, Pawtucket.

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HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to

"Registrars General, D. A. R., Room 52, 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of death, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'



PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

FOURTEENTH
CONTINENTAL
CONGRESS

OF THE

Daughters of the American Revolution

Washington, D. C.
April 17th to 22d, 1905.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FOURTEENTH CONTINENTAL
CONGRESS, NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGH-
TERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The Fourteenth Continental Congress of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution convened in Washington, District of Columbia, at the Memorial Continental Hall, Monday, April 17, 1905.

DEDICATION, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1905.

The Daughters of the American Revolution dedicated Continental Memorial Hall to-day with blare of trumpet and military ceremonies, flags and pennants flying. Eminent divines, United States senators, army officers, and all official society, united to swell the immense audience gathered in the hall, which, beautifully arranged for the occasion under the skilful management of Mr. Frederick Denison Owen, might well have been described as a temple of patriotism. The whole interior was hidden beneath garrison flags, evergreen wreaths, palms and flowers,—two garrison flags draped the back of the stage, over which hung the society's great insignia, and near by were two white medallions, lettered in blue, one bearing the legend "Home and Country" and the other inscribed "Washington—Organized October 11, 1890," and below were five bars encircled in laurel wreaths, each inscribed with a president general's name—Harrison—Stevenson—Foster—Manning—Fairbanks. Aloft on the three remaining walls were medallions, on the south being "Desha—Flag raised February 23, 1903;" on the east wall, "Lockwood—First Turning of Sod, October 11, 1902;" on the north, "Walworth—Cornerstone Laid, April 19, 1904." The balconies were hung with white, bearing medallions inscribed with the names of the thirteen original states, and on the floor of the house were posted flags of all the states and territories designating the delegations in congress.

During the assembling of this vast audience the United States Marine band played "The Voice of Our Nation." Presently the band struck up "Hail to The Chief" and the president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, escorted by Colonel Bromwell, United States army, superintendent of public buildings and grounds and Mrs. John W. Foster, honorary president general, escorted by Commander Winslow, United States navy, and the invited guests, followed by a guard of honor of the Minute Men, commanded by Colonel Winter, entered and proceeded to the stage.

MORNING SESSION, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1905.

Funeral March (*Chopin*), by the Marine band.

The assemblage was called to order at 10 o'clock a. m., by the president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The audience will kindly be seated, and we will join with the Rt. Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, Bishop of Washington, in invoking the divine blessing upon this ceremony.

INVOCATION BY BISHOP SATTERLEE.

Let us pray. Our Father who art in Heaven, hallowed be Thy name; Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread, forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us, and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil, for Thine is the kingdom, and the power and the glory for ever and ever.

We beseech Thy blessing in general, though especially for the president and his cabinet, for the senate and representatives in congress, and for the supreme court of our country, that Thou wouldest direct and prosper all their consultations, for the advancement of Thy glory, and for the safety, honor and welfare of Thy people, that all things may be so ordered and settled by their endeavors upon the best and surest foundations, that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety, may be established among us in all generations. These things and all others necessary we humbly beg in the name of Jesus Christ, our most blessed Savior.

PRAYER BY THE REV. H. PEREIRA MENDES.

Our Fathers' God, who in days gone by wast the hope of our ancestors, their shield and deliverance, we, Thy people, pray Thee to grant that we may be faithful and true to the blessed heritage which they have handed down to us. Especially do we pray for Thy blessing upon the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Grant unto them that through their efforts the spirit of patriotism may be increased, that the cry of God in our country may resound through the ages; that we in our day and generation may be loyal and true to our country through Jesus Christ, our Lord.

Almighty and Everlasting God, we humbly invoke Thy blessing upon this Memorial Continental Hall, that it may stand here through all coming time, for all that is best and true in the life of our fatherland; that those who from time to time shall gather here may take whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honorable, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lawful, whatsoever things are of good report, and we pray Thee that Thou

mayest ever be a shield and protection to our fatherland, through Jesus Christ, our Lord.

The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ and the love of God and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost be with us all, ever more.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are awaiting the Children of the American Revolution, and during that time we will sing.

(The audience sang "America," during the singing of which the Children of the American Revolution came up the aisle and took their places on the stage.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Children of the American Revolution will give their salute to the flag.

(The Children of the American Revolution gave their salute to the flag, after which they left the stage.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will join in prayer with the Rev. H. Pereira Mendes, Minister of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue of New York City.

PRAYER BY THE REV. H. PEREIRA MENDES:

Our Father who art in Heaven, aggrandized and hallowed be Thy name in this world which Thou hast created according to Thy will, may Thy kingdom on earth be established and man's redemption blossom forth.

Blessed be Thou, O our Father, from everlasting to everlasting. Thine is the greatness; Thine is the power; Thine is the glory; Thine is the victory and Thine is the majesty. For all that is in heaven and earth is Thine. Thine is the kingdom and Thine is the exaltation above all.

Prosperity and honor come from Thee; Thou ruleth all. In Thy hand are power and might and in Thy hand is it to make great and strong.

And now, O our God, we do thank Thee. We do praise Thy name and glory and we do bless the name of Thy honor, O Thou who art exalted above every blessing and praise.

Look down from heaven, we beseech Thee, and bless this great nation, its authorities and all those who have worked and who do work for its true greatness and its real glory.

Give us the victories of peace, the majesty of righteousness, the power to reach out for the right, the might to attain it, for the sake of Thy praise, Thy name, and Thy glory.

Thus only can we rank high among great nations.

Of old, a Miriam taught the women of Israel and sang the chorus of Thy praise; a Deborah led the nation; a Huldah gave Thy message. To-day, these Thy daughters, the daughters of this republic, dedicate this hall, and so teach the mothers, wives and daughters of this land reverence for thee, righteousness to all, responsibility for themselves.

Where the women are true to high ideals, there shall we find fathers, husbands and sons true also.

Where these inspire, the nation so inspired lives, grows and prospers. O may reverence for Thee, righteousness to all, responsibility for ourselves ever inspire us who constitute this nation. By these a nation stands eternal. Without them a nation falls.

May the women of this land teach them to all of us, and to sing the chorus of Thy praise. May they lead this nation in the pursuit of them. May we ever hear from their lips Thy message to be to these ideals loyal, cost what it may. Thou are the Father of all. Israel is Thy first born, but all nations are Thy children. O may brotherly love prevail. Speed Thou the day when universal brotherhood shall mean universal peace and bring about universal happiness.

With the true men and loyal women this nation shall work onward, forward, upward but ever Godward; to the end that Thy kingdom be established on earth. Thus hatred shall be unknown, prejudice shall end, bigotry shall cease to be, and Thine will be the glory.

I stand here, a son of the remnant of Israel, a child of the oldest of nations to give Thy message to this youngest of great nations.

For two hundred and fifty years we have been in this land, we have helped to build this country's greatness, we joined in the fight for liberty and independence.

O keep us of Israel true for ever to the task of helping this nation onward, forward, upward and Godward, the daughters of the land to inspire to high ideals, the sons to be to those ideals true.

And Thine be the glory. Amen.

"Hail Columbia" was here sung by the National Male Quartet, consisting of Messrs. Charles E. Meyers, Thomas L. Jones, Roland Roderick, and Dana C. Holland.

The president general arose and was greeted with spontaneous, loud and continuous applause from the congress.

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT GENERAL.

Honored Guests and Daughters of the American Revolution: As a part of the ceremonies of this day there comes to me one of the most grateful duties, one of the supremest pleasures I have known, for on behalf of the honored organizers of this society, on behalf of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, I welcome our distinguished visitors, these reverend gentlemen who lead us in prayer and praise and these statesmen who join us in encomiums upon the heroes, who, in the dark and troublous times of the American Revolution served the holy cause of liberty. [Applause.] We thrice welcome you to the dedication of Memorial Continental Hall, our society's greatest enterprise, [great applause] the symbol of its work and spirit, whose "Doorstead" we have faith to believe has

"The lintel low enough
To keep out pomp and pride,

The threshold high enough to turn deceit aside,
The door-band strong enough from robbers to defend,
This door will open at a touch to welcome every friend.” [Applause.]
This dedication marks the realization of a resolution passed at the first meeting of our society, October, 1890, to erect a fire-proof museum for Revolutionary relics, possessions and records of the society.

Through varying fortunes and passing years, that plan has grown stronger, and with its growth become broader and more glorious in its ideals, so that to the “fire-proof museum,” have been added the archives, the offices, the auditorium, and finally, last and most beautiful, this memorial feature. The fact that a society of women erects the structure makes it unique. Its memorial feature renders it sacred and great.

It is a tribute of gratitude [applause] to the wise promoters of the war for independence, to the heroic men who on land and sea achieved its triumphs, to those generous-hearted allies from foreign lands whose services may not be forgotten; [great applause] to those loyal, earnest women, the mothers of the Revolution, that grand reserve corps of its army which materially aided its cause. For they sowed the fields, wove the cloth and fashioned the garments which their soldiers wore, held the fortress of the home, as a haven, to which might return those who fought the battles, which made of struggling colonies a *vast Republic.* [Applause.]

This Memorial Continental Hall which we dedicate to-day, is an acknowledgment which America owes to those who planned the mighty Revolution, those who managed its campaigns, conquered its foes, founded the greatest nation on earth and formulated beneficent laws for its government. Their sufferings, their devotion, not for their time alone, but for the long future, deserve and now have received, the hearty, unreserved recognition of those who are glad to name themselves “Daughters of the American Revolution.” [Applause.]

This memorial building, only partially completed, is, also, designed for the headquarters for the society, its walls to be adorned by its members with artistic delineations of the thrilling deeds of an eventful period, a repository for the interesting and sacred relics of a sacred time; an ample auditorium, where will be held the congresses of our society, a hearthstone around which shall gather Daughters from the north, the south, the east and the west, even from the islands of the sea, where each shall find a greeting, a welcome home. [Applause.]

The Greeks thought it a duty to build monuments of remembrance to the victors of Salamis and Thermopylae. The Daughters of the American Revolution consider it not only their duty, but have joy in the thought that in the erection of this modern Parthenon, they render tribute to warriors, who fought, not for dominion but for the holy causes of home and country. [Applause.]

These dedication ceremonies mark a point upon the calendar towards

which this society, animated by a love of liberty, of justice and native land, has been like some mighty force of nature, quietly but resistlessly moving onward. Prayer, faith, and work have brought it hither. This is a place from which duty's clarion note, summons us to renewed effort, consecrated thought, a more constant determination, more persistent labor, that we shall not permit this stately temple to remain long unfinished. [Great applause.] But that with union of purpose, and glowing enthusiasm, we complete this tribute of gratitude to the builders and defenders of our great Republic.

It is truly a memorial to patriots, it is also an incentive to all who behold it to keep ever living and active the principles of justice and liberty upon which it was founded. It is the mute, yet eloquent protest against forgetfulness of American ideas, of American justice and American humanity. [Applause.] It is also the physical expression of the beliefs of the society, whose possession and pride it is, for it brings to mind the lessons of patriotism, the perpetuation of liberty which that society was founded to promulgate, whose existence arose from devotion to country and from the fear, that the additions to our country's population of subjects of despotic monarchies so imbued with hatred for government, it was feared they might in time substitute license for liberty; anarchy for law, and order, and would thus compass the fall of the mightiest republic the world has known.

From these fears sprang the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which with kindred patriotic organizations, is reawakening the love for liberty and is teaching its principles. It believes, that its aims are to be attained best by the diffusion of knowledge concerning the men and women of the Revolutionary period, their beliefs, and their patriotic work. These are taught by Daughters of the American Revolution in the great cities of our country to the children of foreign parentage, as well as to those who are to the "manor born." Study of Revolutionary history is everywhere encouraged. It is believed that tablets and monuments erected to immortalize the lovers of freedom, serve as reminders, as admonition to all who behold them.

This society, having erected all over the land tablets and monuments, has at last reared this token of its veneration and gratitude to those whose valor made this country free and great. Reared it not only to the statesman and leaders but to the men who carried the muskets in the ranks, to the women at the spinning wheel. [Applause.]

The Daughters of the American Revolution have reached a time of which they long have dreamed. A place for which they long have sought, earnestly worked for and grandly achieved. [Applause.] The time is this day, April 17, 1905, a date significant ever more in its annals for now the representative of fifty thousand members of this society assemble a Continental Congress, for the first time in their own auditorium, [applause] with their own roof above them, [laughter and

applause] their own walls surrounding them [laughter and applause], their own ground beneath their feet. [Great applause and laughter.] The dream has "come true." Its reality is surpassingly fair, in good sooth, the place is almost holy ground to the true Daughter.

"I dreamed that stone by stone was reared a sacred fane, a temple neither pagoda, mosque, nor church, but loftier, ampler, always open-doored to every breath from heaven, and truth and peace, and love and justice came and dwelt therein." [Loud and continuous applause.]

"Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," was rendered by the male quartet.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Daughters of the American Revolution have before them a rare treat, that of listening to one of the silver-tongued orators of the United States senate, upon a subject dear to all. I present to you the Honorable Jonathan P. Dolliver, United States senator. [Great applause.]

ADDRESS OF SENATOR JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER.

Daughters of the American Revolution, Ladies and Gentlemen: ["Louder!" Laughter.] There are a good many gentlemen scattered in a timid way through the audience. If there were not, it would require more than Revolutionary valor to bring me here, although I must say that I appreciated more than I can tell you the honor of being invited to come here—notwithstanding the fact that I suspected another fellow had been invited before I was. I think I can understand how you appreciate the interest and beauty of this occasion. Of course it requires a little imagination, which I am glad to see your honored president general seems to have, to catch the perfection of these surroundings, [laughter] but it does not take nearly as much imagination to see the finished beauty of this building now as it did when the society first began the thought of laying its foundations. And I think we do well, upon such an occasion, to pay tribute to the real artists of this occasion, the devoted women who first saw the need and purpose and everlasting ministry of good that belongs to such an institution as we are dedicating here to-day. [Applause.] After them I think we ought to think of the architect who drew the plans of this building, and who saw every stone, each laid upon another, as its walls were to rise. I have seen the drawings, the specifications, and there can be no question that when the work is finished you will be able to pronounce "Well done" not only upon the dream of the committee, but upon the work of the artists and the architects that have been engaged upon this building. [Applause.] And that was especially important because the building is to stand in a beautiful city, a city which I hope to see literally dedicated to the best there is in architecture, and in all these arts that go to make the beauty and comfort of the world.

I think also that you are especially fortunate in your surroundings. [Applause.] When I first came to Washington, the place where we

are now sitting was a swamp, practically, and nobody expected to venture below the State department if they desired to avoid malaria and most of the other troubles in life. It was a deserted area of the capital. We have to-day on one side of you the Corcoran Art Gallery, a monument of the generosity and philanthropy of one man. [Applause.] On the other side you have the foundations of the George Washington University, [applause] which can be made as great as the Republic is great, if the American people are so inclined to do. But right between them you have a thing which is more significant to me than both of them put together, a monument dedicated, not by the philanthropy of one man, not under the auspices of a century-old institution of learning, but created out of the dust of the earth practically, by 50,000 patriotic women of the United States. I congratulate you on that. [Applause.]

Now, a great many people misunderstand the spirit of the Daughters of the American Revolution [laughter] and I confess that I did, until my wife explained it to me. [Laughter and applause.] I thought at one time that it was a scheme to keep alive the fame and glory—much of it departed—of patriotic and conspicuous families of our early national history; and I understood that, having been brought up in Virginia. [Laughter and applause.] But somehow or other, while there are many attractive features about that, it never seemed to me to fit in with our scheme of government, and it always seemed to be in a quarrel with some of the dogmas of our primitive national life. But when I found what you are doing, how you are gathering up the fragments of honor, and glory, and valor, and sacrifice, of that far-off period, and preserving with sacred vigilance the least name among those who were interested in laying the foundations of our national life, I saw that you had caught the most splendid and beautiful idea that ever entered into the history of this world. [Great applause.]

I have sometimes wondered why we cannot have somebody in the United States that can write a history of it that will be of some account. Curiously enough, that is the weak point in our poor human family. We seem to have an enormous capacity to do things, but a very limited capacity to write down what has been done and who did it. We have had only two historians in the English language who seemed to understand their business, Lord Macaulay, who writes so beautifully that you cannot believe him, [laughter and applause] and old Thomas Carlyle, who writes so profoundly that you cannot understand him. [Great laughter and applause.] I have sometimes wished that some historian, some divinely gifted man or woman, might be able to do for our own country what great creative intellects have done for other lands; what Macaulay, for instance, did for England, or old Thomas Carlyle, for Scotland; might take us back to the very beginning of our affairs; might show us the people themselves, their dress, their dishes, their clothing, their habit as they lived; might show us the beginnings

of the nation. For there, with them, no doubt, about their firesides, and about the boards spread with the frugal comforts of life, and made sublime through simple faith in God, was begun the mighty work whose outcome is this great nation, the present government of this vast continent. And I tell you what you want to do; I want the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution in some way or other to write that history of the United States.

[Cries of "Oh, we will, we will," laughter.]

Now, do not all speak at once. Why, we know nothing about anybody now except Washington. Fifteen years ago they knew the names of two or three others,—two or three of his generals—but the tendency of history is to take the individual, to smooth him out, and finally put him under until he disappears altogether. My honored friend, the president general, spoke of the part of the women in the American Revolution. Did you ever hear of any historian writing that up?

[Cries of "Never, never."]

No, you never did.

[Miss Hetzel. "A woman has done it; Mrs. Ellett."]

Yes, that may be true. That is true. And yet you never heard of anybody reading that. [Great laughter.] From all that Mrs. Fairbanks says, and from all the other testimony that I have read, the best half of the people that were engaged in the Revolution have no place in the great historic pageantry that belongs to our system of popular education. Why is it not about time for some great American woman to write the history of the United States? [Applause.] Whether you do that or not, you cannot get out of the obligation of teaching the history of the United States to your children; and thereby, whether you wish it or not, you become the inspiration and the guide of whatever patriotism there is to be in the United States. [Applause.] The best book for family use—one alone excepted—is a well illustrated history of the American people. Everybody who has children, or everybody that is responsible for the education of children, ought to see to it that they have in their hands a reliable history of the United States. Beginning at the very cradle, the children of the United States ought to be taught what American statesmen in their wisdom have thought, what American soldiers in their heroism have done, what American women in their exalted patience have suffered, that this great divine thing men call their country might take its place among the nations of the world.

I feel particularly happy to-day because I believe that you have created here a university of American patriotism. [Applause.] You are not only going to teach the lessons that belong to our national life, but I understand that you are even going to illustrate with sacred reverence the primitive appearance and the simple living of our fathers and mothers. [Applause.] You hear a good deal of talk now about the various kinds of life, the simple life, the strenuous life, the double

life, [laughter] the equitable life; [great laughter] but you are the only people that I have heard of who are treasuring sacredly the evidence that our fathers and mothers lived rational, helpful, hopeful, optimistic, buoyant lives in their day and generation. [Applause.] I would to God, among the ostentations and vulgarities and displays and conventions of our modern society, we might have the grace at least to appreciate the methods of our fathers and our mothers. You are charged with the preservation of that. Here is to be your library, and I want to see this grow into one of the great historical collections, one of the great American libraries which deals with the history of this world, and especially our part of it, which I think is the best part; [applause] and I say that with all good will towards my honored friend, the ambassador of France. I am glad that he is here, because it gives him an opportunity at least to say how the women of this generation appreciate the good will of the France of the last century. [Prolonged applause.] We were in pretty close quarters when Lafayette got here. [Laughter.] And I have always been so patriotic that when I got to that portion of the record which indicates that if the French had not arrived when they did, we might have been whipped, I skip a few pages, [laughter and applause] not because I doubt the truth of it, but because it makes me feel better not to read it. [Laughter.] The fact was, that that struggle of our ancestors was a pretty desperate undertaking when it began, and hardly less desperate when it finished. We never succeeded really in whipping them; we just wore them out; and we had a man in charge of our military forces who knew not only how to fight, but how to retreat, and understood that the art of war is not only the art of victory, but the art of putting the other fellow at the greatest disadvantage in other directions. And so we appreciated then the help that the republic of France gave us, and I will say to my honored friend, the ambassador of France, that in all those years, from the Revolution down to our own time, the people of America have never failed in their love and affection and gratitude and good will to that great community yonder, which for so many generations has led and guided the civilization and the progress of Europe. [Applause.]

And so we come to-day in a happier frame of mind. Why, we have even forgiven the English. [Laughter and applause.] Why, that is the very least you can do for a man, after you have whipped him. [Laughter.] It is the most convenient way to get along with him, anyhow. There is a profound wisdom in the Scriptures when they enjoin us to love our enemies, although very few of us understand it—nobody but intensely pious people and practical politicians. [Great laughter.] So here we are, after more than a century, in love with all the world—including ourselves [laughter]—with good will to every nation in the world, and especially to those nations that sympathized with us and helped us in the hour of our weakness and our desperation. And here

you are, representing 50,000 of your fellow members all over the United States, and unnumbered millions of your countrymen, who are looking up the records now to see if they can get in. [Laughter.] Why, this society has cost the government of the United States \$25,000 or \$30,000 through the necessary increasing of the clerical force in the department of records in the War department of the United States. Everybody wants to get in if she can.

And now you are dedicating this building, which is to be not only your home, but I hope a hospitable place for your friends. You do not want to come in and lock the door. Let everybody know that here is the center of the patriotic enthusiasm of the American people. [Applause.] Fill your library; fill these museums which you propose to create with the precious relics of other generations; and above all, let this society become, as it ought to be, the inspiration and the guide of the patriotism of the American people. That belongs to the women of America. They have had a pretty hard time of it to get to that position where everybody admits that they are the guide, [great laughter] and all that sort of thing, but the eminence of American civilization has been reached, and you have helped to do it, and I have no doubt, now that you have dedicated this place, that in unnumbered generations to come, women from all portions of the United States, and of all portions of the world, will stand in this sacred place and recall the fact on account of what the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution have done, the womanhood of America is no longer in any sense an alien in the American commonwealth. [Applause.]

And now I desire to thank the committee for inviting me to come here, and to protest against the limit of a few minutes which they deliberately put upon my time, notwithstanding my official relations [laughter] and to thank you for the pleasure of speaking to you and for the friendly interest with which you have listened. [Great applause.]

"Marsellaise," by the Marine band.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I have the very great honor and pleasure of introducing that eminent representative of our great sister republic which has been our friend ever since the Revolutionary times, which Memorial Continental Hall celebrates. I have the great pleasure of introducing his excellency, the French ambassador.

ADDRESS OF AMBASSADOR J. J. JUSSERAND.

[Great applause.] *Madam, Ladies and Gentlemen:* The keeping of family traditions belongs preëminently to the mother, to the wife, to the daughter. The first teaching, the one that remains paramount in life, is given to the mother; the first seed is the one that lasts longer. It is only natural and fit, it is proper, that the daughters of this great

nation should have understood that it was their part and duty, as well as their honor, to keep the family traditions of this eminent and glorious family, the American nation. [Applause.] You have done so in very few years, and in truly magnificent fashion. This Continental Memorial Hall is a sign of what you can do, and what you know how to do. I confess that when, nearly two years ago, I heard of the project, I felt a somewhat, may I say, a heathen belief as to its future. [Laughter.] I have seen often in my life beautiful projects of magnificent buildings, which would remain magnificent for ages on paper, never to see daylight so long as we live. [Laughter and applause.] You began only last year, and now the building is here, complete, or nearly so, through you united efforts, your sisterly help to one another, [great applause] which was so beautifully begun. There is a French proverb which says "*telles meres, telles filles*," like mothers, like daughters. What the mothers were we know. We have contemporary testimony; and I may be permitted to quote a French testimony. The first letter written by Lafayette to his dear wife in France, the one whom he constantly addresses as "Dear Heart," contains a mention of what has struck him most in this new land, which he had reached in June, 1777, six years before peace; and among the things he notes, he has especial mention of those grandmothers of whom you are the worthy daughters. [Applause.] He says of them—and I hope you will pardon him if he mentions such an external and superficial quality—he mentions first, that they are very pretty; [laughter] and then he adds that the simplicity of their lives, the dignity of their manners, make them peerless, and he has indeed only compliments for them, and he concludes, saying to his "Dear Heart," his wife, "Now, for the sake of me try and make for yourself an American heart." [Great applause.]

Of such mothers you are the worthy daughters, and you continue their traditions. There is room in this magnificent city for many halls and many palaces.

In another memorial hall, of some fame too, called the Capitol, I had the honor some time ago at the birthday of Washington, to present a bust of the mighty founder of this Republic by David D'Augers. David D'Augers was the type of a typical French artist in that he loved dearly art, and that he loved dearly liberty, and that he loved dearly America. [Applause.] America was ever present in his mind, and it is extraordinary the number of works which he has consecrated to American heroes. One is a bust of Washington, and another is a bust of Lafayette, and another is a full length statue of Jefferson. But the most interesting thing which he did for America, and which may be quoted in this Memorial Hall, is what he did when he was ordered by the French State to raise a statue to Gutenberg. Gutenberg had no direct connection, of course, with America, but David D'Augers, in his love for this country, chose to reserve one of the four sides of the pedestal for America, and he carved there a bas-relief, unknown to

most people, even Americans, and on which he represented all the heroes of that war of independence, all the men of whom you are the descendants, all the men whom you particularly worship in this hall. [Great applause.] The subject which he gave to himself is the benefits of printing to America. In the center is seated Franklin, and he holds a large piece of paper, which is the Act of Independence. Around him are Washington, with his hand on the shoulder of his friend Lafayette, and then in a fanciful and dreamlike arrangement are Jefferson, Hancock, and most of your great men up to the time of the artist himself. [Applause.]

This artist, who so much loved liberty, had suffered for liberty. There was a time when on account of his personal feelings he was for a few years in exile. He wandered across Europe, and in his solitude he had one companion. That companion was his daughter, whom in his private notes, which still exist, he called his Antigone. This Antigone still exists. She is now Madame Leferme. She has inherited the love which her father had for America; and knowing of your work, knowing what you intend to do here, she wrote to me the other day, though I do not know her personally, a letter stating that, being a daughter of France, she keenly felt for and with the daughters of America. [Great applause.] And she writes that as this hall is intended, as Senator Dolliver has so eloquently shown us this morning, to contain memorials of your glorious past, she intends, with your permission, to have this bas-relief cast again in bronze and to present the replica to you to be kept here, if it is your pleasure. [Great applause.]

(The officers and members of the society at this point unanimously rose to their feet.)

Mr. Jusserand (continuing): She waited only for your acceptance; and acting upon what you have just shown, I may feel myself entitled to say that you will kindly accept her gift. Acceptance being thus ratified, I will simply conclude by saying that I am happy to think that this bronze replica will be an emblem of the unbroken, of the, I may say, unbreakable, friendship of France for America. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will now be led in praise and prayer by the Reverend Bishop Earl Cranston, of the Methodist Episcopal church.

PRAYER BY BISHOP CRANSTON, D. D.

Oh Lord, our Lord, how excellent is Thy name in all the earth. Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever Thou hadst borne the earth or the world, even from everlasting to everlasting, Thou art God. The heavens declare Thy glory and the firmament sheweth Thy handiwork, and in stately order and obedience the sun, moon and stars above us march to Thy command. We dare not vaunt ourselves in the presence of such a Being, we dare not boast of the insignificant work

of our hands, and yet when we remember that Thou didst create the heavens and the earth, and that Thou didst make us also in Thine own likeness and image, may we not believe that Thou didst also make us builders? And while we may not bring our work in comparison with Thine, may we not believe that Thou are pleased when we seek to reflect Thine and to do the best that we may? It is not the divinity in our doings, it is the divine within us that moves us to do and to achieve to the glory of our Father. Therefore we ask Thy blessing upon this assembly, and upon the purpose of this patriotic organization. Were not our fathers Thy servants? The ideals and affections that led them to brave the perils of the sea, the hardships of the wilderness, the cruelties of contests with the savages, were they not Thy gift? Did they not move under Thy leadership when they challenged the tyrant king and achieved their independence? Were they not acting under the leadership of the most high God then? Thou didst work most wonderfully in their behalf, and Thou didst raise up friends for them, and the very elements were in favor of the cause of liberty. We here to-day give praise unto Thy great name, and exalt the majesty of Him who has been the leader of our people, and we thank Thee for Thy wonderful providences in the bearing of our national burden, and for that leadership which has brought us forward, by a career so wonderful, to our present prosperity, and the position that we now hold among the nations of the world. And now that the daughters of the men who did achieve by Thee these great results for humanity, and by whose hand Thou didst send this beneficence to the nations of the earth, have, in memory of those heroic fathers, builded a temple to liberty, may we not look to the approval of their God, the God to whom they so often made appeal, and for the approval of our own God? Surround, O Lord God, this great enterprise with Thy blessing. May there go from this altar of freedom only lessons of pure patriotism. May never the touch or even the approach of avarice or greed profane this great altar to liberty. Keep the heart of American motherhood pure in its patriotic thrill and feeling and touch, so that our boys and girls may learn through them the virtue of self-sacrifice and the heroic and valorous spirit through which we came to our situation as a nation, we ask through Him who is the leader, our ever gracious and glorious Redeemer. Amen.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is ever the pleasure of the appreciative to record their gratitude, even if it be in a most simple manner. It therefore seems to me that this morning is the proper and the just time for so many Daughters of the American Revolution, and our friends who are with us, to be presented to that splendid committee, without which Continental Hall could not have been founded. I desire on this occasion to call to the stage, in order that you may give them recognition, the gentlemen who have labored in season and out of season for this splendid tribute to patriotism. As a grand, patriotic society,

I know you desire to welcome them. I call, therefore, the supervising committee on the building of Memorial Continental Hall, Mr. Bernard R. Green, chairman, General George M. Sternberg, General John M. Wilson, Colonel Robert Fleming, and Mr. James Knox Taylor. Will you, gentlemen, please come to the front of the stage?

(The gentlemen named here came to the front of the stage.)

I would also call forward Mrs. Lindsay, chairman of the architectural committee. Will she please take her place in this line? And will Mr. Edward Pearce Casey, the architect whose beautiful dream has been realized, also come forward? (Mrs. Lindsay and Mr. Casey here both came forward.)

Ladies, I wish to introduce to you Mr. Edward Pearce Casey, Mr. Bernard R. Green, our splendid chairman of the supervision work over this construction, General John M. Sternberg, who has given us much of his time, Colonel Robert Fleming, who has done so much to make this a success, also General John M. Wilson, whose splendid patriotism is a never dying example.

I desire to present to you our ever beloved Mrs. Lindsay, whom we are so glad to see with us once more. We, gentlemen and ladies, thank you for your presence upon the stage. [Applause.]

The quartet at this point rendered the "Recessional" of Rudyard Kipling.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Before the pronouncing of the benediction I will say that there have been two notices which the Chair has been requested to offer to you. One is to the effect that there is a luncheon to be served at the corner of 17th Street and New York Avenue. This is to benefit you in two ways, to build you up for your work, and to help build Continental Hall. The Chair hopes that you will be able to be there.

There is an announcement that the Ohio delegation is requested to meet the state regent here on the platform at the close of this morning's session.

We expected to have the pleasure of the presence of his eminence, Cardinal James Gibbons, of the Roman Catholic church, who might pronounce the benediction. The Chair regrets to announce that she has received a message from this reverend gentleman to the effect that he has been unfortunately prevented from coming. The message stated that Reverend Dr. Stafford, of his church, would take his place. Is the gentleman on the stage?

(There was no response.)

If not, the Chair will request that Reverend Dr. Radcliffe will give us the benediction.

The benediction was accordingly pronounced by Reverend Wallace Radcliffe, of the Presbyterian church. "May grace, mercy, and peace from God, the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, be with you all."

(Thereupon, at 12 o'clock m., the society adjourned until 2 o'clock

p. m., dispersing to the inspiring strains of Thomas Jefferson march, rendered by the marine band.

NOTE.—The gavel used by Mrs. Fairbanks at the opening and dedication of Memorial Continental Hall was made in the Philippines of caribou horn and mounted with silver, and presented to Watauga Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, by Mrs. Luke E. Wright, wife of the governor general of the Philippine Islands. It is the property of Watauga Chapter, of Memphis, Tennessee, and loaned by the Regent, Mrs. Thomas Day, stopping at the Ebbitt.

AFTERNOON SESSION, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1905.

The bugle "Call to Quarters" resounded at 2 o'clock p. m.

The congress was called to order by the president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, in the Chair.

READER. The president general requests me to make an announcement that none must come on the floor save members of the congress, the state and chapter regents, and delegates, but for this session of the congress you may be seated wherever you can find seats, and you are requested to seat yourselves as soon as possible, that we may begin. The visitors may take seats in the gallery. The members of Continental Congress occupy this floor and the seats thereof. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, let us join together in invoking the divine blessing, with our chaplain general.

THE CHAPLAIN GENERAL. Our fathers' God, to Thee, author of liberty, we come. We come blessed among women to thank Thee for Thy protecting care, to thank Thee for what our eyes have seen and what our ears have heard, to thank Thee for the benediction which Thou hast placed upon this organization, to thank Thee for these years of success, and for all that they mean to us, to our country, and to the world. We pray Thee, Heavenly Father, that Thou wouldest come and be with us at this opening meeting as Thou hast been at the meeting preceding this.

Help us to realize that these things are not only seen, but that they are unseen, and that they are working out a far greater weight of glory than we can possibly imagine. Help us to realize that we are instruments in Thy hand, that we are not our own, that we are bought with a price, with the blessed blood of Jesus Christ our Lord, and help us as being Christian women in a Christian land that we may do all things for Thee, in Thy spirit, for the good of our fellow-men. And we thank Thee that Thou hast called us into this work, we thank Thee that liberty, true liberty, is of divine origin, and that Thou hast blessed it, and we pray Thee that Thou wilt bless it. Our Father, we pray that Thou wilt be with our officers and with every organization throughout this broad land, and that Thou wilt grant, our Heavenly

Father, at this, the beginning of our congress, to send Thy Holy Spirit into the heart of every woman, and help her to realize that she must be sober, careful, and that she must do the things that she must meet in the day of judgment.

And now, our Father, be with us throughout all this meeting, bless every officer, bless every officer of every chapter of this society. We thank Thee for our president and all that she has been to us. We thank Thee for the officers in the years that have passed, and all they have been to us; and now we ask Thy divine blessing on this, the opening of this congress. Grant to be with us through it all, and at last save us in Thy blessed haven, we ask for Jesus Christ's sake. Amen.

Mr. PERCY FOSTER. The "Star Spangled Banner" will be sung as a solo by Miss Elizabeth Wahly, of Washington, District of Columbia.

Miss Wahly sang the "Star Spangled Banner" amid much applause.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. [Great applause.]

Representatives of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution: Again it is my privilege to meet you at this ever interesting time, the opening of the Continental Congress, to offer you my heartfelt greetings, and to extend to you a most cordial welcome to your capital city, to the headquarters of your organization and more especially to the place of your meeting—Memorial Continental Hall. [Applause.] The spot towards which thousands of Daughters of the American Revolution are turning to-day, their hearts beating in unison with ours, as we within these marble walls, open the first congress held in a building of our own, one which symbolizes the strength, the endurance and the patriotic resolve of fifty thousand Daughters.

To-day we have dedicated it to the memory of the patriots from whom we are descended. We have convened here to hold our annual council upon the ways and means by which shall be achieved the work of our society in consonance with principles upon which it was organized.

We have reached a height from which we may review the small beginnings, the increasing numbers, the grand work and the beneficent influence exercised by this society.

It is ever a pleasure and an inspiration for me to meet the Daughters of the American Revolution in their Continental Congress, or in their state and chapter meetings; it is a joy to be one of a splendid concourse of people engaged in a great work; as the preservation of country and the preservation of principles of liberty. Plato says that we grow like that we look upon, so it is to be desired, a consummation devoutly to be wished for, that our appearance may typify the splendid

objects in which our soul and activities are engaged. Thus may the Daughters of the American Revolution add to the beauty, mental and spiritual, of all who come within their radiant influence.

This year there have been additions made to this society of 4,198, 23 of these "Real Daughters." [Applause.] There has been more added to it than numbers indicate, for with every new membership there has been aroused a living interest in the thoughts and lives of those who planted upon the continent a country where justice and liberty prevail, where knowledge and usefulness are in the reach of all, every new member, therefore, is a great benefit to the country and a good omen of its continuance. For a people which hold and evince interest and pride in the good achievements of the past, teach a lesson to those who follow them, they in their turn perpetuate a grand example, thus forming the links of an eternal chain. Your society has awakened an interest in thoughts patriotic, in things liberal and in ideals elevated, which cannot soon be eradicated, which never will be eradicated so long as this society remains true to the basic principles upon which it stands. I adjure you therefore, forget not the great objects for which you are organized. I adjure you to allow no lighter, more ignoble principles than those to animate your conduct. Be brave, be faithful, be true.

From all sections of the country there has come to the headquarters of your society, intelligence, cheering to those faithful women, its national officers, who in your absence, are performing the great work of your society. For great enthusiasm and desire for information concerning it seems to pervade the whole country. Letters asking for particulars and information of how one may become a Daughter of the American Revolution make a large mail to be considered.

During the time, since you last sat in session, there has been erected this auditorium and also constant and most important routine work has been performed. It is almost impossible for members of this society located in the various parts of the United States, its territories and its dependencies, to realize the arduous interests which devolve upon those whom you elect to hold office—it is most absorbing and exacting. I have known many officers, whose lives are almost merged in the duties of this organization—to do the work well, it must be ever thus. Many of them labor as closely as do the department forces of our government, but unlike them, your officers labor for the good of their society and their country alone.

I wish it were possible for every Daughter, or at least every member of the different congresses, to visit the headquarters, and investigate the work accomplished there. I feel sure they would carry back to their homes information which would surely make more clear to the distant chapters, the work which is being performed at the national center. All of the departments with the increasing growth of the society have increased work. Each day we are adding statistics and historical data which in the coming years will be of infinite value.

Our librarian has added many volumes of genealogical and historical value, doubling the whole collection in the two years of her term of office. These additions have been made almost entirely by exchange for our Lineage Books, our magazine, our Smithsonian Reports. The Lineage Books are of great interest and have received universal commendation. The Smithsonian Report is filled with achievements worthy of record performed by our society, full of interest to all students of history. This work has been made the special duty of the assistant historian general.

The work of our treasury department is arduous and exacting, and has been most faithfully performed. It is increasing with each year of the society's existence.

The department of organization of chapters, so far-reaching and vital to the expansion of the society, duly records its grandly increasing membership.

The department of registrar and genealogical work, after careful consideration of applicants for membership admits those eligible to the ranks of our society. Our records attest to the genuineness of this work.

The departments of the recording and corresponding secretaries have found much to do because of our steady and constant growth.

One of the most important duties, I think, of the members of this society is to extend the circulation of the official organ—the *AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE*. Every Daughter of the American R^evolution should read this publication carefully in order to keep in harmony with the workings of the society. This magazine was not instituted as a money making enterprise, but as the method by which the history of each Continental Congress and the history of each Board Meeting might be sent to the society and every member has a right to have this by paying \$1. [Laughter.] Indeed, it is her duty to provide herself with this organ of the society, if she desires to remain in touch with its proceedings. I do not at present recommend, but I trust that at some future time, our society may see its way clear to send free of charge to each of its members this bulletin of the congressional proceedings and of the National Board of Management.

Great praise is due its zealous and able editor and to its efficient and faithful business manager. During the past year *loved and honored* members have passed to the bourne from which no traveller returns. Among these are Mrs. Ellen Colton, held in precious regard for her many deeds of worth; Mrs. Leland Stanford, an honorary vice-president general, whose recent tragic death filled all with mingled feelings of honor and regret. Many others of our society have joined the innumerable majority.

The frequent recurrence of that mysterious change we call death has removed many of our co-workers to a higher sphere of usefulness.

"Lest we forget," I revert once more to a subject ever dear, that

of Continental Hall. [Great applause.] I trust that the interests of this cherished enterprise may not be suffered to lapse. I will say though your site has been paid for, your walls and roof, so far as completed, have been paid for, it now remains with you to finish the construction so happily begun.

I trust that you, delegates and alternates, will return to your respective homes, bearing the good tidings that Memorial Continental Hall has afforded during this congress a meeting place for the Daughters of the American Revolution which is their own. There are still awaiting construction and completion the wings of this building, porte-cochere, the north portico and that sublimest feature of all, the memorial portico upon the south, that which is dedicated to the memory and to the grand achievements of those noble citizens of the thirteen original states who deemed that life itself was not too much to offer in support of the eternal principles of justice and liberty upon which our Republic is based. I trust that during the coming years, there will sweep such a wave of enthusiasm all over this country, wherever abide true Daughters of the American Revolution, that all differences and all difficulties will be submerged and there will arise those who are already to devote themselves to the grand work of completing Continental Hall. [Applause.]

"Whose cornerstone in truth is laid,
Whose guardian walls of honor made,
The roof of faith is built above,
The fire upon the hearth is love."

[Cries of "That's good."]

My welcome to you to-day must also be my "Farewell." For over four years I have gone in and out among you bearing the honors and responsibilities of the position which you conferred upon me. I may truly say that I have been devoted to the great purposes which have come under my control, [prolonged applause, the congress rose in greeting; the president general much overcome with emotion] that in whatever I have done I have been solicitous of the welfare [applause] and advancement of our society. I shall at the end of this week relinquish the commission with which you have endowed me. I have during these years formed friendships which shall ever be most dear to me; I have formed associations which my retirement from the leadership of this devoted organization shall not break. [Applause.] With a heart full of gratitude I assure you of my love and appreciation of all the kindness and of all the aid, all the counsel which you have rendered me and I bespeak for my successor, whoever she may be, [laughter] the same generous, whole-hearted support. [Applause.] I wish to express the hope that your counsels together will be marked with harmony. That you may go from here with renewed resolutions to carry on to success the great objects of our society.

I trust that for you all, and for all those who are dear to you, there shall come in the years which stretch before you, health, happiness, usefulness, and all which renders life worth living. [Loud applause, the congress again rose, cheering the president general.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Daughters of the American Revolution have grown so mighty, and have dwelt in so many different sections of the country, that I have had introduced an innovation this year, by which I have asked one of the state regents from the north, one from the south, one from the west, and one from the east, to bring to us tidings of the great work for the society, each from her own section.

I have the honor to present to you, first, Mrs. William S. Liggett, state regent for Minnesota.

Mrs. LIGGETT. [Great applause.]

Madam President General, Members of the National Board and Daughters of the American Revolution: In the division of the scope of our work it has happily fallen to my lot to bring greetings from the north.

If "westward the Star of Empire takes its way," our portion of the fætherland has also its beacon. Directly beneath the dome of the new state capitol of Minnesota lies a huge figure of prismatic glass and burnished copper. Around it are inscribed the words "*L'Etoile Du Nord*"—The Star of the North! More precious than even the "Star of Empire" is this guide of the pioneer ever steady, ever unchanging is this unswerving eye of the night. So from the northern states I bring you a grasp of fellowship as faithful and constant in loyalty to our order as the light of the north star.

"From the forest and the prairies,
From the great lakes of the northland,
From the land of the Ojibways,
From the land of the Dacotahs,—Greeting."

If, in the days when the great events took place from which have grown the band of patriotic women known as the Daughters of the American Revolution, much of the territory which I represent was an unpeopled, trackless wilderness; still the Daughters of the north are not without ownership in the women of '76.

If there is a greater figure in American history than the pioneer, it is the pioneer's wife. From the east and from the south came daughters and granddaughters of the Revolutionary women to wait and work in the cabin in the forest, to bake, to brew, to bear children in the silence and loneliness; their only friends their domestic animals, their only music the howl of the wolf and coyote. Content in this pioneer partnership with the men they loved to bear their torch in the blazing of the northwestern trail; keeping always untarnished the memory of

the Spartan women who sent husbands and sons to the front in Revolutionary days.

In a stately mansion on a beautiful bluff of the Mississippi, near St. Paul, there lives to-day one of our most prominent Daughters of the state of Minnesota, who is a lineal descendant of brave Molly Pitcher, and is but one of the many northern women who number among their ancestors a Revolutionary heroine.

As these splendid godmothers of ours were called to minister to Mars, the Daughters of our time must minister to the gentler Athene,—must fight with the weapons of knowledge, art and science, a bloodless but nevertheless tremendous war against the ignorance and darkness which threaten portions of even our loved America.

To be ever the foe of oppression, the friends of progress, to uphold a lofty standard of womanhood, striving towards a holy ideal, to stand woman for woman, untrammeled by creeds or dogmas or the more deadly limitations of an artificial social standard; to keep burning on the hearthstone of our country the fire of patriotism. These things, I take it, constitute the high aims of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and these are the things the Daughters of the north are striving to inculcate in the lives and homes with which they come in touch. There are many difficulties in the way. The wholesome condition, the healthful climate and the freedom from tradition and convention of the northwestern states have drawn to them many whom we must call foreigners, and nourished on the broad bosom of our great northwest are countless thousands who have come to us with their hearts full of love and patriotism for their own native land which they have not left because of oppression, but out of a desire to march to a quicker music, and it is not always easy to bend their homesick thoughts toward love for the land of their adoption for what she is and not for what they may receive from her. Then, too, the blood of the north runs slower than that of the south and west and the sun of patriotism takes longer time to pierce the soil and bring forth blossom.

We are young yet in arts and science, and the very enterprise and splendor of our commercialism threatens to dim the enthusiasm for higher things—in short “it doth not yet appear what we shall be.” But we realize that not for commerce alone LaSalle, the faithful Tonty, Greysolon DuLhut and Father Hennepin braved the howling wilderness from which have grown our fertile fields and beautiful cities. The eye of the pioneer and the discoverer is the eye of the prophet! Who shall say what visions of beauty and symmetry inspired the sacrifices of those noble men to whom the north and west owe their awakening to conscious life? If their visions are realized in a brighter destiny than that dreamed by the east and south, it will be because we of the north will profit by the gains and losses and manifold experiences of the older portions of our country and we would register a debt of gratitude to the east for their splendid stepping stones.

There are a few signs among the Daughters of a tendency to indulge in the historic attitude of Lot's wife. If we are proud of the glories of the past, we are yet more concerned with the achievements of the future, and realize the constant necessity for practical work.

There are always two classes of practical work done by every society of live impulse. There is that almost unconscious but far-reaching work of quiet influence, teaching by example as well as precept that may not have visible results but which is none the less practical. Such work as this the Daughters are continually engaged in; but in the work of the past four years we are able to specialize even more closely.

Our president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, who has endeared herself to the hearts of all Daughters, east, west, north and south [applause] has bent her energies toward the planning and completion of the Memorial Continental Hall. The work has progressed so rapidly and the result promises to be so propitious that Mrs. Fairbanks has literally left a "sermon in stones" [applause] to perpetuate the memory of her splendid, conscientious work.

So much for the outward manifestations of her term of office, but the delightful memories indelibly imprinted upon the mind and hearts of the Daughters by our untiring president general's gracious and charming personality, we hesitate to speak of, lest our praise should sound a fulsome note. She has endeared her office as she has herself, which is saying much, for the harmonious guidance of a body of women such as the Daughters of the American Revolution, with pronounced individual opinions, cannot be likened to a "flowery bed of ease," and presupposes tact and firmness added to extraordinary executive ability.

If Mrs. Fairbanks' reign among us may be taken as an earnest of the future of the Daughters of the American Revolution, what picture can be too glowing for the imagination of the Daughters as to the future and continued usefulness of our order.

The path stretches ever onward. If the women of the Revolution were splendid, the women of to-day and to-morrow must be resplendent.

We press forward to the goal of fine, intelligent, cultured and ever womanly American womanhood.

Madam President General, I wish to extend to you thanks and appreciation of the Daughters, not only of the north, but from every section, east, west and south, for the gracious and kindly manner with which you have welcomed us to-day. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will next have the pleasure of a response from the distant southland, far from the land of the Ojibways. We see beautiful specimens of the Ojibways, if we may judge from our charming state regent. Mrs. Henry Richardson, of South Carolina, is recognized.

Mrs. RICHARDSON. [Applause.]

Madam President General, Daughters of the American Revolution, Ladies and Gentlemen: The honor of representing the south on this occasion is one I value far more for South Carolina than myself and we cannot put into words the appreciation of our president general's regard for the Palmetto State receiving a place in the ceremonies of this historic day.

I am proud of our section of this great Republic, proud of the soil upon which George Washington and other greatest Americans were born, men who made history and perpetuated it.

I am proud of the noble women, their helpers, from log cabins to palatial mansions, from Indian trail to coach and four, from homespun and flax woven frocks to brocade and velvet gowns, from powder horns to brass pounders. Proud of the brain that to-day spans the globe, I will paint a picture of the past and present. The first scene: Three small caravels, the *Susan Constant*, the *Discovery* and the *Godspeed*; they anchor off Jamestown on a May morning, 1607, and discharge a precious freight of English men and women passengers, to the western hemisphere.

The second scene: Another glad spring day, 1904, a handsome river steamer anchors off the same historic shore, landing a very different freight of American men and women, loyal to the brave adventurers of the new world who wearily toiled up the same hillside centuries before. Leading this patriotic procession was not a Capt. John Smith, but the most womanly of women, the head of the greatest society of women in the world, our beloved and admired president general. Mrs. Fairbanks with her own fair hands performed the mission for which we landed, opening the earth, nearby the old church tower, a pathetic sentinel, proclaiming the first Anglo-Saxon temple reared in Virginia, planted one of the trees commemorative of another temple, a Memorial Hall to descendants of these men and women who made such tribute possible.

May that little orange tree flourish as our organization has under those same true hands; may the grand Hall for which she has incessantly and enthusiastically worked soon bear testimony of her wisdom, zeal and intelligence, of the love she has given us and which we have returned with compound interest.

I shall ask you to step again into the past and note the progress of our first sea captain. When Capt. John Smith's "General Historie of Virginia and the Summer Isles" was published in London in 1624, Virginia had a dozen books. In the age of Shakespeare and Ben Johnson, our first writer, John Smith, began an epoch of new literature in the virgin forests of America. Of Maryland, Tyler's history says: "The first lisplings of American literature were heard along the sands of the Chesapeake and near the gurgling tides of the James river at the very time when the firmament of English literature was all ablaze with the light of her full orb'd and most wonderful writers."

We reach the period when the first college was founded in Williamsburg, Virginia, in 1693. Second to Harvard. Still later, cities furnished literary centers but few and far between, Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, New Orleans, Louisville and a few others. Plantations those days provided social life and the forum was more attractive to men than writing history, romance and poetry. Political, philosophical and polemical treatise engrossed the southern pen.

Franklin's magazine for "All the British Plantations in America, 1741," was ten years younger than the Gentleman's magazine, the oldest in England, an outlet for the Virginia planter's writings. Henry Adams, in his history, says: "The Virginians at the close of the eighteenth century were inferior to no class of Americans in the kind of education then supposed to make refinement."

The lack of education in some of our able men and noted women was owing to the great distances from the few schools and the pioneers of this wonderful Republic being too poor to employ tutors. However the ground work could not have been bad of a section that produced such men as Washington, Jefferson, John Marshall, John Rutledge, Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay, George Rogers Clark, Sevier, Daniel Boone, Moultrie, Troupe, Matthew Fontaine Maury, Alexander Stephens and others. In 1765, Virginia, Massachusetts and the Carolinas with one voice echoed Patrick Henry's famous speech. Christopher Gadsden of Charleston said, had it not been for South Carolina "no congress then would have happened." Great old Massachusetts gave the invitation to the other colonies to form an American congress. In North Carolina the Alamance monument to the Regulators and the one to the signers of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence tell of their deeds.

What single production of any American pen ever reached Jefferson's Declaration of Independence? the founder of the great seat of learning, the Virginia University. Southern statesmanship wrote the constitution that ceded to the Federal government the territory of Virginia, from which were formed the great states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and part of Minnesota and Kentucky. The latter we still keep in the family circle and are always glad to give a seat to the others by the ingleside. This same statesmanship secured Louisiana and prevented a French empire beyond the Mississippi river.

Southern names figured in the war of 1812 and largely directed the fighting. Oliver Hazard Perry's four vessels he built on the shores of lake Erie won the battle and in a small row boat he saved the flag. "We have met the enemy and they are ours." "There is glory enough for all." These terse messages that crossed the wires from Perry in 1813 and Schley in 1808 will go down in history. In the Mexican war the names of Taylor, Scott and Davis adorn the epoch. "Thermopylae had its messenger, the Alamo had none." Carved in stone are the four southern heroes of this massacre, Travis, Bowie, Bonham and Crockett.

Yet it has been said the "South shines by reflected light." The Encyclopedia Britannica paints us unflatteringly and puts a libel on the south, so large a contributor to the building of the American nation. She filled highest seats of justice, adorned the armies and navies, extended her territory and added immensely to her greatness.

For this, the south I regretfully admit, has only herself to blame. Content to act and not chronicle that which so largely added to the brilliant firmament of a new continent, no true history was left by these writers who crowded force and talent enough into two centuries to brighten a dozen. In the archives of my own state are a large quantity of loose documents and original acts of the legislature, frayed edges and yellow from two hundred years of age which bear the original seal of the executive and his council. Following the surrender of Charleston, then our capital, to the British in 1780, valuable records were carried to the woods by our forefathers and concealed, the marks of water which reached them being still apparent. South Carolina is rich in stories of heroism and achievement of which only unpublished MS. give proof. No doubt such knowledge is buried in other state archives.

It has been said the south is behind in poetry and that we have not honored our sweet singers.

"Seven cities honored Homer dead,
Through which he, living, begged his bread."

"As long as the heart has passions,
As long as life has woes,"

will we cherish our poets. One of the earliest, Edward Coate Pinkney, was editor of *The Marylander*. "A Health" and "A Serenade" are among his best. He was born in 1802. George D. Prentice, the same year was styled the typical and intellectual cavalier of the south, although born in New England.

Richard Henry Wilde, an Irish patriot, a refugee to Baltimore, born in Dublin, wrote "My Life is like a summer Rose," which for a long time was anonymous. He went to Europe to study the works of Dante and Tasso. Legare, Jackson, Lamar and Meek wrote about the same period. Meek was assistant secretary of the treasury and appointed by President Polk attorney general of Alabama. He settled in Mobile and became editor of the *Mobile Register*, in which he published "Red Eagle" and "Songs of the South." O'Hara, the gifted Kentuckian also edited this paper, but became famous by his "Bivouac of the Dead." Lines from it are over the gateway of the national cemetery. "My Maryland," by James Randall; Thompson; Russell; Cooke; Pike; Hope; Tichnor's "Little Giffin," and Father Ryan's "Conquered Banner" are matchless poems and names that will live forever. Edgar Allan Poe, Mrs. Browning termed "the greatest of American poets." After

much prose was published he brought forth "The Raven" and other poems in 1845. To do justice to this gifted, queer child of the gods requires many tomes. His poems were translated into four languages. The inscription on the memorial tablet in the New York Museum of Art describes Poe's life and talents in a few words: "He was great in his genius, unhappy in his life, wretched in his death, but in his fame he is immortal."

Brander Matthews says of him: "In the eyes of foreigners he (Poe) is the most gifted of all the authors of America, he is the one to whom the critics of Europe would most readily accord the full title of genius—whose writings are read in Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Spain. Poe was undoubtedly the pioneer in literary criticism, although he lived on the borderland of the real and unreal. It has been said, the *Messenger* made Poe, and Poe made the *Messenger*." (A magazine he edited in Richmond, Va.) What a contrast the magazine of to-day to those of the past so few in number. The spick, span new cover of *The Cavalier*, published at Hotel Chamberlain, by a clever woman, bears testimony, both in the old and new news, of what a woman may do when she sets her mind on it. Much of interest to the Daughters of the American Revolution will be found in the pages of *The Cavalier*, copies of very, very old papers, photographs of historic people and places.

Next to Poe, Sydney Lanier will best stand criticism of any of the southern poets. "As truth appeals to reason, poetry appeals to the human aspiration for supernal beauty." Lanier is not far apart from Poe in his "Beauty Is Holiness and Holiness Is Beauty."

"My Springs" sanctifies the inspiring power of woman, an ode to his wife's eyes.

"Oval and large and passion pure,
And gray and wise and honor sure;
Soft as a dying violet-heath,
Yet calmly unafraid of death."

Lanier lived and died in Georgia. A short time of his brilliant life was spent in Baltimore, during an engagement to play the flute in the Peabody symphony concerts, 1872. In these years he wrote his *Science of English Verse* and *The English Novel*. In 1879 an assured income from lectures in Johns Hopkins University brightened his days; in pain he delivered his lectures. In the fall of 1881 this great poet, amid the pines of North Carolina, joined the "choir invisible." It has been written of Lanier and Poe: "In different degrees, with their contrasts and analogies, these two poets are the glory of the South."

The sweetest singers of the south whose poetry is most familiar to us, are Henry Timrod and Paul Hamilton Hayne, both born in Charleston, South Carolina, and devotedly attached to each other; both loved

nature and sang of its sensuous beauty and influence. The pine was a favorite theme. One of Hayne's best poems is "Under the Pine," an ode to Timrod. "The Mocking Bird," is invoked from the soul of each, exquisite verse. What Keats did to immortalize the nightingale, and Shelley the skylark, Hayne, Timrod, Wilde, Meek, Pike and William Hayne, son of the poet, have done for the beautiful bird of the south.

Hayne was a nephew of Robert F. Hayne and had in his early days what Timrod never enjoyed, health, wealth and culture. His first literary work was the editorship of Russell's Magazine. His complete poems were published in 1882. His poems can be found in every important literary magazine north, as well as south. "In the Wheat Field," and "The Mocking Bird," Audubon's masterpiece, prove what a lover of nature and this bird Hayne was. "My Study," and "Under the Pine," are among his best. This giant of the forest was an inspiration also to Bayard Taylor and Lowell.

"Macdonald's Raid" and "Solitary Lake," are worth the "Stamp of the Academy." His sonnets, some of them rank with Shelley, Tennyson and Wadsworth. His quiet life at Copse Hill in the bosom of his beloved pines, no doubt tempered the poetic talent which richly endowed him. Thomas Nelson Page's prose poems have done a great work for the south.

"Timrod's "Carolina," "Cotton Boll" and "Ode on Memorial Day, at Magnolia Cemetery, Charleston, South Carolina," are his best. This ode, Whittier pronounced, "in its simple grandeur, the noblest poem ever written by a southern poet." He sleeps in Trinity churchyard, Columbia, beneath a boulder of native granite beside his wife and baby boy. Beautiful bronze busts of Timrod and William Gilmore Simms testify Charleston's appreciation of these gifted sons.

William Gilmore Simms began writing at the age of eighteen and took charge as editor of the *Charleston City Gazette*, which, like many literary journals of that day, failed and left him entirely dependent on his literary work. Richardson, in "American Literature," classifies him, as poet-dramatist, Shakespeare an editor, essayist, aphoristic philosopher, historian, biographer, lecturer, pro-slavery apologist, journalist, magazinist, critic and above all *novelist*, self consecrated to letters when not truly in vogue. His life may be learned in his sonnet "Manhood."

Mr. Simms kept open house at his beautiful home, Woodlands, in Barnwell county, South Carolina. All the noted men of his day who came to the state visited him and paid respect to the "bard of Woodlands." Annually, Governor James Hammond, Judge Alfred P. Aldrich and Rev. James Miles met at this historic home or at Red Cliff, the home of Governor Hammond, or The Oaks, "the rooftree" of Judge Aldrich. I can never forget the pride of my childhood when my father took me to Woodlands to meet some of the stars I have named—Timrod, Hayne, William Cullen Bryant, John Dickson Burns and Rev.

Mr. Miles. Those great writers I have kept close to my heart all through life.

There are many more I should love to name, and if I have neglected some very worthy of mention from other states, I beg to be forgiven. My excuse is, we tell most of what we know most. A few words of the women writers of the south. Margaret Preston, although born in Philadelphia, lived in Virginia. Five volumes of verse were published by her. Christian Ried, North Carolina; Augusta Evans, Alabama; Madame LeVert, Georgia and Florida, both claim her.

Sarah Elliott Barnwell, Georgia and Tennessee; also Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett. Florence Anderson, Kentucky; Mrs. J. G. Aiken, Louisiana; Miss Sarah Hartman, Texas; Mother Austin Carroll's Annals, Louisiana; Mrs. Welby, Maryland; Frances Preston Blair, Kentucky and Missouri, editor of Missouri *Democrat*; Mrs. St. Julian Ravenel, South Carolina. If I have failed in justice to those mentioned, and the many not mentioned, it is due to the lack of time for a longer repertoire.

The poet I have reserved for the last, although born in Maryland, belongs to the nation, and wherever "The Star Spangled Banner" in triumph shall wave o'er the land of the free and the home of the brave, the name of Francis Scott Key will be revered.

Madam President General, let me assure you, whether as our presiding officer, or as the wife of our vice-president of these United States, our interest and faith in you will never lessen, and believe me, from none of your loyal Daughters will you take with you into public or private life greater love and admiration than is cherished for you away down south in "Dixie Land." [Applause.]

Mrs. THOM. Madam President, did I understand Mrs. Richardson to say that Francis Scott Key was born in Fredericksburg, Virginia?

MRS. RICHARDSON. Yes; I said that.

MRS. THOM. Maryland wishes to correct that. He was born in Frederick, Maryland. Maryland is proud that he was born on her soil.

MRS. RICHARDSON. I only want to say that in the literary productions of the southern poets I found that statement; but if it is an error I want to correct it, because Francis Scott Key belongs to the nation. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair has the pleasure of introducing to the Congress next Mrs. Kendall, from away down in Maine. [Laughter and applause.]

Mrs. KENDALL.

Madam President General and Members of the National Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution: It is only in the composite picture that we get all the beauties, only in the composite character that we have all the virtues; and to-day we have come from the four quarters of the globe to bring our greetings from the representatives at home, and I esteem it a great honor and privilege to say in

behalf of the Daughters of the east, to our President General, I thank you for the warm and the glowing words to which we have listened. We do not attribute to ourselves all of the noble characteristics of the human family, but we do claim loyal hearts to the National Board, and love for the objects and purposes of our society, and an abiding faith in its growth and prosperity. We are measured by the standard which shows how firm a grasp we have upon our opportunities, and the results which we achieve through them. It is difficult to estimate the obligations under which we live to those who have given us our best opportunities. I am happy to have this privilege, of paying to the founders of our society this tribute from the Daughters of the east, these noble women who founded this organization on lines so broad, on so firm a foundation, that its force and power is felt to-day through the length and breadth of our land. Its fame has reached beyond the seas. Wherever there is a chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution located, there you will find the dear old flag [applause] floating above the schoolhouses, the Declaration of Independence adorning the walls of institutions of learning, and you will find the historic tablets and monuments to the heroes and heroines of the American Revolution. You will find all that makes for progress, and the betterment of the community. These are the evidences of our society. And in our Continental Congress, where our Daughters from the rock-bound shores of New England, the western shores of California, the borders of the Great Lakes, or the boundaries of Mexico, come shoulder to shoulder and heart to heart, where we Daughters of the American Revolution of the east gather something from our Daughters of the American Revolution of the west, of their bright outlook upon life, which seems to be theirs by inheritance from their wide, rolling prairies, something of the charm of the well modulated voices, of the repose, which comes from the reflection of the consciousness within, from our Daughters of the American Revolution of the southland, something of the literary personality from our Daughters of the American Revolution of the north which stamps their every effort with success, these we may gather to ourselves in building our structure, beautiful character, which is after all the great object in life. If a thousand women had come together a hundred years ago, they would have been largely representative of the women they had left behind at home; but to-day we, coming from the manufacturing villages and towns, have left behind us the Italians, the Russians, the Swedes, the Spanish, and the Germans and French, which the tide of immigration has brought to our shores. And here is one of our great opportunities for patriotic education, to build a living monument in the hearts of these children. [Applause.] This admixture of blood must in time bring us a new race of Americans. If we can preserve in the hearts of these Italian-American children that love of art which is the heritage of the children of sunny Italy—we have often seen it as we have watched the

peasant women before the peace of the great ocean and it carried its silent message to her soul, of which even the most cultured Americans can accomplish but little—if we can preserve that love of music in the German which brings its own ecstasy, the lightheartedness of the French, the cheerfulness of the Swede, then we shall have a race of Americans to whom we can safely trust the lines of our government, the fairest form under the sun.

And our Continental Hall! Is there a heart through which flows the warm red blood of our sires, which is not thrilled and stirred to-day by the knowledge that we stand upon what should be to us hallowed ground? What has been a misty shadow in the lives of the optimistic few in the beginning has become a substantial reality to-day. [Great applause.] We stand here and realize that it cannot be many months before this will be finished. It will raise its classic proportions to the dome of heaven, carrying its silent message to generations yet unborn, a testimony to the love and patriotism of the patriotic women of the Daughters of the American Revolution; and we promise you, Madam President General, that we will carry back to our far away chapters something of the enthusiasm and inspiration of this hour, that they may realize that, though their eyes may never see it, here is a structure, a memorial, to the lowliest private, the humblest blue-jacket, the most obscure man or woman who, in his or her unselfish devotion to the cause of liberty, has given us our fair inheritance. [Great applause.]

And, Daughters, I will ask you to rise and join with the Daughters of the east in this toast to our beloved president general.

(The members and officers of the society here rose to their feet.)

Madam President, to her who has guided us ever towards the heights during the last four years, who is enshrined so tenderly in our hearts because she has ruled with love, has ruled with justice and fairness ever, and because she has represented to us the fairest type of American womanhood, becoming ever dearer and dearer. May we see her at some time the head of our land [prolonged applause], where she so rightfully might shine. But wherever her lines may fall, she will be always tenderly enshrined in our own hearts, and may she live long and prosper. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. In furtherance of our scheme of responses, in addition to these charming and beautiful words which have already been said, many of which shall dwell in my remembrance and my heart as a well-spring of joy, I shall invite from the west the representative of Mrs. Allee, the state regent of Nebraska, to address us. Mrs. Allee is very ill, and cannot be present. She has sent her response, which will be read by Mrs. M. H. Everett. Is Mrs. Everett present?

Mrs. EVERETT.

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress:

[Applause.]

The kings of France and of England played for the throne of the savage king, Shingiss, at the gateway of his kingdom—the west. The stakes were high, the losses alternate and the game prolonged. When the lilies of France went suddenly and finally down, before the English flag, at Fort Duquesne, the loss was half a continent. Less than a quarter of a century later, of independence, a new nation was born—America.

The boldest delineation of the pure American is the contribution of the pioneer west. The west is the child of the mother settlements, first of the south, because it was her rivers which tempted to the wilderness beyond; when Tennessee and Kentucky were the west. The pioneer set his face to follow the sun. He blazed a trail across the continent and reached another ocean. That migration evolved an epoch and a people which, for daring adventure, vivid romance and miracle of change, history has no duplicate. It has furnished legends to beguile and fascinate. It has wrought for sentiment and patriotism in the tenderest and the noblest devotion. It reads an epic of daring and courage to thrill, awe and inspire. It produced not one hero, but all heroes; not one heroine, but all heroines. The hardy man who carried the ax and the rifle, and made a clearing in the wilderness, and the women who braved unknown terrors, who through heavy toil founded homes, belong to a past era; the time and the stage setting are removed. It is not to the remembered few, but to the forgotten many to whom our homage is due. To those who in the independent spirit of America, at the spur of wildest adventure, carried civilization to the western border land. No more picturesque material was ever afforded than the forests—the majestic rivers, the broad prairies, towering mountains, the desert plains and the fruitful lands; the buffalo herds, the vanishing Indians, the pioneer and then a new world. The saddle blanket carried the out-ride and the prairie schooners the chariots were of a conquering people—a giant race who not only rolled back the boundaries of our country but overturned the sod for a miracle harvest.

It is but a century since the Louisiana Purchase and there to-day are spread the granaries of the world. From a single western city the revenues in one year from grain, live stock, wholesale and manufactures amounted to more than one billion, nine hundred millions of dollars. The peerless realm of the west has resources unrivalled, riches untold, a people alert, keen, initiative, broad, intelligent, loyal. Her services belong to her country as freely as she gives of her treasure. True to the splendid ancestral fibre of the sturdy men and women who originally settled the domain are their descendants; no Anglo-mania, nor mania for any other but our own fair land has ever spelled the west. Hating affectation and pretense, she may have been wild and woolly [laughter] but always American, sound to the core. Brief years have limited the time, but never the measure of her patriotism;

the deference of the younger to the elders, it has ever been her pleasure to give. When our country makes the call, there is never any uncertain response from the west.

It is for these people that I stand here to-day to greet you. They claim with you, at least, an equal patriotism. They have given frequently of the flower of their section to adorn every high office of our government, to teach the young, to edit the papers, to preach sermons, adjudge laws. They till her vast acreage that the country may be fed, treasuring a golden mint in yellowing grain—in fact has interests so interwoven and interchangeable as to know no section [applause]—just one country. It is to bring you the heart and cheer of this loyal people to pledge their earnest endeavors to perpetuate the glory of those who achieved our independence and to support and uphold the Daughters of the American Revolution. It is to our lasting regret that by the limitations of term of office we lose our presiding officer, one who has indeed been our guiding genius. Forever associated with Continental Hall will be the name of Cornelia C. Fairbanks. In the heart of every Daughter is written a memorial of love and honor. [Applause.]

MILDRED L. ALLEE,
Nebraska State Regent.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next is the report of the credential committee, Mrs. Miranda Barney Tulloch, chairman.

MRS. TULLOCH. Ladies, I want you to hear me this time. [Cries of "Louder!"]

MRS. DRAPER. Pardon me for interrupting, but I can not hear one word.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If the chairman of the credential committee will permit, the Chair will call upon the official reader to read the report.

OFFICIAL READER. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Pause a moment, Madam Reader. The Chair requests those persons holding the doors will make it known that the Chair does not desire loud talking, and does not desire those doors to be opened while hearing this very important matter. We want to hear the business.

The official reader proceeds to read the report, as follows:

Madam President and Ladies of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: The credential committee, earnestly desiring a full representation in this most important congress, where every voter should have the opportunity of depositing a ballot for her favored candidate for the highest office in the society, sent out in October, as in former years, the circular prescribed by law, to each chapter regent. These circulars were enclosed in the official envelopes of the society, and were carefully checked and compared. As not one has been returned to the office,

we must infer that they were received; and yet from failure to conform to the rules by which we are governed, we regret to report that 21 chapters cannot be represented in this congress.

In the four years during which I have served as chairman of the credential committee, the admitted membership has increased from 35,098 to 51,662. [Applause.] The actual membership being 42,808. This decrease represents the deaths, resignations and those dropped for non-payment of dues.

Your committee, having carefully verified and counted the membership of all organized chapters, by the treasurer general's records, has the honor to report:

1 president general, 20 vice-presidents general, 9 active officers, 47 state regents, 740 chapter regents, and 298 delegates, making 1,094 entitled to vote in the Fourteenth Continental Congress. An increase of 255 votes in four years.

The credential work includes this year 134 letters received, 335 letters written.

If there is no objection, state regents will respond for the states and chapter regents or their alternates for the chapters.

Respectfully submitted,

MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH, *Chairman*,
M. E. S. DAVIS,
MARY EVANS ROSA,
CLARA H. FULLER,
MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY,
CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

The READER. The president general instructs me to announce that state regents shall answer as nearly as possible as to the following points: First, the number of chapters they have in their delegation; and secondly, the number, so far as they know, of voters in their delegation.

The reader proceeds with the call of the roll:

CREDENTIAL LIST—FOURTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

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1905.

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Esther Stanley Chapter, New Britain.
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 Mrs. William Doyle,
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 Mrs. J. T. Bronk,
 Mrs. Wm. E. Seeley,
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 Mrs. J. T. Sterling,
 Mrs. Elizabeth W. Moore. Mrs. George W. Hills,
 Mrs. George C. Peet,
 Mrs. Charles P. Coe,
 Miss Mary Sherwood.

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Regent, Mrs. Sue Phillips Tweed, Miss Sarah Eliza Hull,
 Miss Sarah W. Bacon,
 Mrs. M. Katherine Clark,
 Mrs. Emily Farnum Holley. Mrs. Bertha M. Merserve,
 Miss Harriet E. Averill,
 Mrs. Julia C. Brush.

Melicent Porter Chapter, Waterbury.

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Mrs. Adora F. Swartz,
Mrs. Charlotte B. Jennings,
Mrs. Belinda S. Newton,
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Mrs. Howard Morton,
Mrs. William W. Hyde.

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Regent, Mrs. Charles M. Beach.

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Mrs. H. LeRoy Randall
Mrs. A. M. Booth,
Miss Ruth Booth,
Mrs. Everett J. Sturges,
Miss Helen Boardman,
Miss Kate Boardman,
Mrs. J. Leroy Buck,
Mrs. F. M. Williams,
Miss Ella Noble.

Ruth Wyllis Chapter Hartford.

Regent, Mrs. Daniel A. Markham,

Mrs. Abijah Catlin,
Mrs. H. A. Smith,
Mrs. William Hamersley,
Mrs. E. B. Hooker,
Mrs. C. E. Gilbert,
Miss Ellen Case.

Mrs. John M. Holcombe,

Mrs. J. G. Calhoun.

Ruth Hart Chapter, Meriden.

Regent, Mrs. Phoebe E. C. Hinman,

Mrs. Isaac Porter, Jr.,
Mrs. B. C. Kennard,
Mrs. John Merriam,
Mrs. Charles Hickox.

Mrs. Almira P. Hall.

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Mrs. Augusta B. Hammond,
Mrs. Belle P. Preston,
Mrs. Bessie M. Martin,
Mrs. Emma B. Keeney,

Miss Lizzie S. Belding. Mrs. Carolyn S. Woodford,
Miss Lenore Henry,
Mrs. Bernice D. Heath Sykes
Mrs. Helen G. Robinson,
Mrs. Jennie C. Kemp,
Miss Grace B. West.

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Regent, Mrs. H. Maria Barber. Mrs. Amos Culver,
Mrs. Hulda D. W. Roberts,
Mrs. Henry H. Dunham,
Mrs. Mary L. Storrs,
Mrs. Sarah M. Church,
Mrs. Lewis H. Camp.

Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Derby.
Regent, Mrs. Frederick G. Perry, Mrs. Watson J. Miller,
Mrs. Noyes D. Baldwin,
Mrs. Sanford E. Chaffer,
Miss Frances M. Lewis,
Mrs. Charles H. Pinney. Mrs. T. R. Barnes,
Mrs. Alvin E. Hewett,
Mrs. Edward E. Gardner.

Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter, Watertown.
Regent, Mrs. Anne McL. Buckingham.
Miss Ella M. Lockwood,
Mrs. Buell Heminway

Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, Killingly.
Regent, Mrs. Helen Louise Atwood.

Miss Amelia B. Hutchins,
Mrs. Kate B. N. Sibley,
Miss Olive D. Sanger,
Mrs. Helen M. L. James,
Mrs. Clarissa H. Pike,
Mrs. Jennie R. Call,
Mrs. Adeline J. A. Law.

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Mrs. Sophia Bellatti,
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Mrs. George H. Brown,
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Mrs. Phila Olds Cole,
Mrs. Jean Nelson Penfield,
Mrs. Mary Williams Renick,
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Mrs. John Middleton,
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Mrs. A. M. Cartledge,
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Judge Samuel McDowell Chapter. Gunthians

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ittle F. Musselman.
(Not entitled to compensation.)

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Mrs. Susie B. Thornton

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M. L. S. M. 6.11

Mrs. Louisa G. Maxfield,
Madison County Chapter, Richmond. (Not entitled to represent ta-

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lucah Chapter, Paducah.
Frank M. H. S. Wall

Rebecca Bryan Boone Chapter, Newport.

Regent, Mrs. Shaler Berry.

(Not entitled to representation.)

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Regent, Mrs. Mary F. Roberts. Mrs. J. S. Gashwiler.

Samuel Davies Chapter, Bowling Green.

Regent, Miss Jeanie D. Blackburn. Mrs. Henry Hines,
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Valentine Peers Chapter, Maysville.

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(Not entitled to representation.)

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Miss Abbie L. McDonald,

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Mrs. George R. Shaw.

Eunice Farnsworth Chapter, Skowhegan.

Regent, Mrs. Mabel W. Philbrick. Miss Louise H. Coburn,
Mrs. Grace Coburn Smith,
Miss Gertrude S. Weston,
Mrs. Elizabeth Merrill.

Frances Dighton Williams Chapter, Bangor.

Regent, Mrs. A. H. Babcock, Mrs. Langdon Freese,

Mrs. P. H. Vaughan.	Mrs. Samuel Boardman, Miss Charlotte A. Baldwin.
General Knox Chapter, Thomaston. Regent, Mrs. Eliza L. Carleton.	Mrs. Charles A. Creighton, Mrs. Richard Elliot.
Hannah Weston Chapter, Machias. Regent, Miss Grace Donworth.	Mrs. Fred. L. Campbell.
Koussinoc Chapter, Augusta. Regent, Mrs. Olive F. Holway.	Mrs. Nellie L. Hartshorn.
Lady Knox Chapter, Rockland. Regent, Miss Lizzie R. A. O'Donnell.	Miss Elizabeth Farwell, Miss Mary E. Hitchcock, Mrs. Aldana Spear, Miss Nancy Burbank, Mrs. Annie F. Simmons.
Mary Dillingham Chapter, Lewiston. Regent, Mrs. Florence S. Small. Mrs. F. A. Jones.	Mrs. Ida B. Packard.
Rebecca Emery Chapter, Biddeford. Regent, Mrs. Lydia McBride.	Miss Georgia Staples.
Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter, North Anson. Regent, Mrs. Maud Emery.	(Not entitled to representation.)
Samuel Grant Chapter, Gardiner. Regent, Mrs. Emma L. H. Reynolds.	Mrs. Nora G. Rice, Mrs. Lizzie J. Clason, Mrs. Lute B. Libby.
Silence Howard Hayden Chapter, Waterville. Regent, Mrs. Jennie Hammond.	Mrs. Ellen L. V. Arnold, Mrs. Minette Simpson, Mrs. Alice Totman, Mrs. Georgia Bodge, Mrs. Alme Dunn, Mrs. Alme Dunn, Mrs. Emma Abbott, Mrs. Josephine Drummond.

MARYLAND.

State Regent—Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. L. Dorsey Gassaway.	
Baltimore Chapter, Baltimore. Regent, Mrs. A. Leo Knott.	Mrs. Edwin Warfield, Mrs. James D. Mason, Mrs. G. Selby Williamson.

Mrs. Robert C. Barry. Mrs. J. Davidson Iglehart,
 Frederick Chapter, Frederick. Mrs. Neilson Poe,
 Regent, Miss Willie M. Ritchie. Mrs. Jordan Stabler.

Mrs. Francis Markell, Jr.,
 Mrs. Baker Johnson.

Maryland Line Chapter, Baltimore, Mrs. Parks Fisher,
 Regent, Mrs. Lily Tyson Manly, Mrs. Townsend Scott.
 Mrs. Matthew Gault, Mrs. James C. Cresap,
 Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter, Annapolis.
 Regent, Mrs. J. dePeyster Douw. Mrs. William S. Burns.

Frostburg Chapter, Frostburg.
 Regent, Mrs. Beverly Randolph. (Not entitled to alternate.)

MASSACHUSETTS.

State Regent—Mrs. Charles H. Masury.
 State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Charles A. West.
 Abiah Folger Franklin Chapter, Nantucket.
 Regent, Miss Gertrude M. King. Mrs. Sarah C. Raymond.
 Abigail Adams Chapter, Boston.
 Regent, Miss Caroline Ticknor.
 Abigail Batchelder Chapter, Whitinsville.
 Regent, Mrs. Ethie J. Graham. Mrs. Anne V. Carr,
 Mrs. Alice Johnston,
 Mrs. Cora Bean.

Anne Adams Tufts Chapter, Somerville.
 Regent, Mrs. Caroline L. Maynard. Mrs. Charles H. Hood.
 Attleboro Chapter, Attleboro.
 Regent, Mrs. Carrie A. Parker, Miss Elizabeth Wilmarth,
 Mrs. Louise B. Barden. Mrs. Florence B. Theobald
 Betsy Ross Chapter, Lawrence.
 Regent, Mrs. Abbie B. Shepard. Miss Louise M. Smith,
 Mrs. Elizabeth D. Meserve,
 Miss Grace Grant.

Betty Allen Chapter, Northampton.
 Regent, Miss Clara P. Bodman. Mrs. James M. Smith,
 Mrs. H. C. Collins,
 Mrs. Charles A. Maynard,
 Mrs. Frank M. Richardson,
 Miss Helen G. Cook,
 Mrs. H. T. Rose.

Boston Tea Party Chapter, Boston.
 Regent, Mrs. Lucia K. Deering, Mrs. Alice R. Moore,
 Mrs. Adelaide C. Turner,

Mrs. Anna D. West.	Mrs. Ada L. Vinal, Mrs. Juliet F. Lloyd, Mrs. Mary E. Hall, Miss Annie S. Head.
Bunker Hill Chapter, Boston. Regent, Mrs. Florence E. Holmes, Miss Charlotte M. Frost, Miss Sarah E. Laughton. Mrs. A. Lincoln Bowles.	
Capt. Job Knapp Chapter, East Douglas. Regent, Mrs. Sarah E. Brown.	Miss Arvilla L. Batchelor, Mrs. Louise S. Holbrook, Mrs. Hannah W. Young.
Captain John Joslin, Jr., Chapter, Leominster. Regent, Mrs. Martha D. J. England,	Mrs. Lillian B. Goodwin, Mrs. Jennie Fay Piper, Mrs. Florence T. Putnam, Miss Helen A. Mulliken, Mrs. Alice F. Tenney, Mrs. Alice Morse Joslin, Miss Elizabeth E. P. Haley, Miss Gertrude E. Farrar, Mrs. Mabel W. M. Freeman, Mrs. Emma Greely Hall.
Capt. John Pulling Chapter, Witman. Regent, Mrs. Charles O. Tyler.	(Not entitled to alternates.)
Colonel Henshaw Chapter, Leicester. Regent, Miss Adeline May.	Mrs. Emily S. Lewis, Mrs. Emma W. N. Gray, Miss Isabel Hatch, Mrs. James Knight.
Colonel Thomas Lothrop Chapter, Cohasset. Regent, Miss Alice B. Arthur,	Miss Eva E. Lawrence, Miss Annie U. Keene, Miss Mary H. Moore, Miss Abbie H. Souther, Mrs. Walter J. Stoddard, Miss Florence N. Bates.
Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Worcester. Regent, Mrs. Harriette M. Forbes,	Mrs. Georgia T. Kent, Mrs. Ella L. T. Baldwin, Mrs. Mary C. Dodge, Mrs. Nellie Frances Rogers, Miss Emma S. Taylor, Mrs. Sarah L. Daniels, Mrs. Mary A. Mellen,
Mrs. Emma F. D. Bates.	

Mrs. Emma R. Dinsmore,
Mrs. Ella W. Harlow,
Mrs. Fannie B. Harwood,
Mrs. Anna J. W. Southgate,
Mrs. Anna M. Sawyer,
Miss Isabel W. Gordon.

Committee of Safety Chapter, Boston.

Regent, Miss Marie Ware Laughton,

Miss Mary Frye,
Mrs. Electa Sherman,
Miss Lena E. Lane,
Mrs. Grace O. Bartlett,
Mrs. Charles W. Forbush.

Deborah Sampson Chapter, Brockton.

Regent, Mrs. Chloe R. Gurney,

Mrs. Abby F. Jenkins,
Mrs. Alice M. Howard,
Mrs. Hettie R. Littlefield,
Mrs. Victoria Boynton,
Mrs. Emma A. Leach,
Mrs. Alice W. Keyes,
Mrs. Clara L. Atwood,
Mrs. Myra B. Hatch,

Mrs. Mary E. Charles,

Mrs. Annie C. Faunce,
Mrs. Rebecca C. Boomer,
Mrs. M. Ella Merritt,
Mrs. Lyman Keith,
Miss Evie Drew.

Miss Helen F. Bartlett,

Mrs. Mary M. Whittemore.

Deborah Wheelock Chapter, Uxbridge.

Regent, Mrs. Mary H. Sayles.

Mrs. Jennie G. Wheelock.

Dorothy Brewer Chapter, Waltham.

Regent, Miss Sarah G. Osborn.

Mrs. Ida Louise Gibbs.

Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter, Greenfield.

Regent, Mrs. Raymond Stetson.

Mrs. M. Louise G. Deane.

Faneuil Hall Chapter, Wakefield.

Regent, Mrs. Ellen F. Brown,

Mrs. Alice B. Dow,
Mrs. Emma A. Osgood,
Miss Fanny M. Sanborn,
Mrs. Harriet E. Page,
Mrs. Hannah F. Shepard.

Miss Emily French.

Fitchburg Chapter, Fitchburg.

Regent, Miss Kate Chaffin.

Mrs. Stella Upham Warner,
Mrs. Carolyne Tufts.

Fort Massachusetts Chapter, North Adams.

Regent, Mrs. Anna R. Witherell, Miss Dora Barber,

Mrs. Mary F. Richmond. Mrs. Harriet Chalmers.

Framingham Chapter, Framingham.

Regent, Mrs. Mary E. Marshall,

Miss Ida M. Neary,
 Mrs. Sarah F. White,
 Mrs. Ella R. Fales,
 Miss F. Gertrude Coolidge,
 Mrs. Helen M. Pease,
 Mrs. Minnie Stearns,
 Miss Clara Davis,
 Mrs. Ellen A. Hunt,
 Mrs. Edith Higgins,
 Mrs. Margaretta Jones.

Mrs. Addie M. Lucas.

General Benjamin Lincoln Chapter, East Boston.

Regent, Mrs. Joseph H. Barnes,

Miss Almena Nay,
 Mrs. William H. Deverson,
 Mrs. J. Frank Hodge,
 Mrs. William H. Bartley.

Mrs. Asa H. Josselyn.

General Israel Putnam Chapter, Danvers.

Regent, Mrs. Wallace P. Hood.

Mrs. Isabella B. Stimpson,
 Mrs. E. L. Gorton,
 Miss Clara Hale,
 Mrs. Wm. P. Radford,
 Miss Susie W. Eaton,
 Miss Mary Herrick,
 Mrs. Mary S. Pike,
 Mrs. John F. Valentine, -
 Mrs. E. J. Porter.

General Joseph Badger Chapter, Marlborough.

Regent, Mrs. Sarah M. Jackman. Mrs. Emma T. Page.

Hannah Goddard Chapter, Brookline.

Regent, Miss Augusta T. Lamb, Miss Bertha Langmaid,
 Miss H. Alma Cummings. Miss Helen Jackson,
 Miss Edith Kendall.

Hannah Winthrop Chapter, Cambridge.

Regent, Mrs. Mary I. J. Gozzaldi, Mrs. William H. Wentworth,

Mrs. John M. Fiske,
 Mrs. George D. Ford,

Mrs. William F. Bradbury.

Mrs. John Bell Bouton,
 Miss Laura B. Chamberlain,
 Mrs. Charles E. Hawes.

Johanna Aspinwall Chapter, Brookline.

Regent, Mrs. Helen D. Walker. Miss Susan Booker,
 Mrs. Elaina Thayer Francis.

John Adams Chapter, Boston.

Regent, Miss Floretta Vining,

Mrs. Adelia C. Page,
 Mrs. Samuel Thompson,

Mrs. Arvilla Bates.	Mrs. Lucy E. Monroe, Mrs. Sue S. Wadsworth.
John Hancock Chapter, Boston. Regent, Mrs. Washington G. Benedict.	Mrs. Herbert W. Drew, Miss Grace M. Coolidge, Mrs. Charles J. Page.
Lexington Chapter, Lexington. Regent, Mrs. Edward H. Crosby.	Mrs. Bordman Hall.
Lucy Jackson Chapter, Newton. Regent, Miss Fanny B. Allen,	Mrs. Charles I. Dennison, Mrs. Charles A. Sanders, Mrs. George Hutchinson, Mrs. Walter Allen, Miss Florence M. Taylor.
Mrs. Arthur P. Friend.	
Lucy Knox Chapter, Gloucester. Regent, Mrs. Simpson Lyle, Mrs. Howard Smith.	Mrs. Wilmot Reed, Mrs. Charles H. Hazel.
Lydia Cobb Chapter, Taunton. Regent, Mrs. Augusta M. West,	Mrs. Isadore L. Montgomery, Mrs. Della Chace Butler, Mrs. Sarah J. C. Gibbs.
Mrs. Abbie F. Paull.	
Lydia Darrah Chapter, Lowell. Regent, Mrs. Maria M. Neale.	(None elected.)
Margaret Corbin Chapter, Chelsea. Regent, Mrs. Lucy A. Fay.	Mrs. Ione E. Dewing, Mrs. Augusta W. Dunham, Mrs. Mina H. Frost, Mrs. Kate Faunce.
Martha's Vineyard Chapter, Edgartown. Regent, Mrs. Caroline F. Warren, Mrs. Alice Marchant.	Mrs. Lillian M. Cutler, Mrs. Parnell Fisher.
Mary Draper Chapter, Boston. Regent, Mrs. Rebekah J. Wilder,	Mrs. Mary C. Shatswell, Mrs. Susan M. Seaver, Mrs. Lizzie S. Irving, Mrs. Harriet A. Joslin, Mrs. Anna C. Hewins, Mrs. Mary W. Swift.
Mrs. Kate B. W. Quinn.	
Mary Mattoon Chapter, Amherst. Regent, Mrs. George B. Churchill.	Mrs. Charles F. Morehouse, Mrs. H. DeForest Smith.
Mercy Warren Chapter, Springfield. Regent, Mrs. Florence I. W. Burnham,	Mrs. A. O. Squier,

Mrs. Frances E. Chandler,

Mrs. P. H. Derby,

Mrs. W. W. Street,

Dr. Belle Platt White,

Mrs. W. R. White,

Mrs. W. H. McCourtie,

Miss A. Sophia Buckland,

Mrs. Herbert E. Huie.

Mrs. George F. Fuller,

Mrs. H. K. Wight.

Minute Men Chapter, Boston.

Regent, Mrs. Lillian C. Kirtland,

Mrs. Alice L. White.

Molly Varnum Chapter, Lowell.

Regent, Mrs. Henry M. Thompson,

Mrs. Alice P. Rouk,

Mrs. Marian S. Howard,

Mrs. Mary E. Hume,

Mrs. Florence B. Qualters,

Mrs. J. P. Buntin.

Mrs. Thomas Nesmith,

Mrs. G. L. Richardson.

Mrs. Solon W. Stevens,

Mrs. C. E. Howe,

Miss Abby F. Davis,

Mrs. C. M. Williams,

Mrs. P. B. Ranlett,

Mrs. E. T. Rowell,

Mrs. Walter L. Parker,

Mrs. Albert Pinder,

Mrs. J. P. Horner,

Mrs. C. E. Paige,

Mrs. H. A. Lambert,

Miss Helen Lambert,

Mrs. Frances E. Brabrook,

Mrs. William Andrews,

Mrs. M. S. Noyes.

Old Bay State Chapter, Lowell.

Regent, Miss Bernice B. Jewett. Miss Edith Andrews.

Old Colony Chapter, Hingham.

Regent, Mrs. Mary C. Robbins.

(Will not be represented.)

Old Concord Chapter, Concord.

Regent, Mrs. Henrietta M. Chase, Miss Jeanie L. Barrett,

Mrs. W. S. Leeland,

Mrs. Harriet M. Lothrop. Mrs. C. F. Edgerton.

Old Hadley Chapter, Hadley.

Regent, Mrs. Elliott S. Johnson.

Mrs. Francis S. Reynolds,

Mrs. Samuel D. Smith,

Mrs. Rufus M. Smith,

Miss Jennie H. West,

Mrs. Austin E. Cook,

	Mrs. John S. Barstow, Mrs. Lewis West, Mrs. Clesson P. Wood, Mrs. Wm. Henry Gates.
Old Newbury Chapter, Newburyport. Regent, Mrs. Joseph E. Moody,	Mrs. Frederic Atkinson, Mrs. Henry B. Little, Mrs. C. W. Dodge, Miss Mary A. Toppin, Mrs. Lucien Cole, Mrs. Moses Fowler, Miss Mary Shattuck.
Mrs. Charles Thurlow.	
Old North Church Chapter, Boston. Regent, Mrs. Frank W. Gill.	
Old South Chapter, Boston. Regent, Mrs. Eliza A. Chick,	Mrs. Adelaide S. Burbank, Mrs. Adah C. Atwood, Mrs. Sarah A. Tuttle, Mrs. Harriet B. Gunnison, Miss Fannie B. Gridley, Mrs. Lucy A. Stockbridge, Mrs. E. A. Allen, Mrs. Annie E. Ellison, Mrs. Thankful H. Ames, Mrs. Isabel A. Morse, Mrs. Lucien E. Bates, Mrs. Fannie P. Endicott, Mrs. Laura W. Fowler.
Mrs. Evelyn M. Stillings.	
Paul Jones Chapter, Boston. Regent, Miss Marion Howard Brazier.	Miss Florence S. Goodhue, Mrs. Edith M. Richards, Miss Edith LeBaron Hersom.
Paul Revere Chapter, Boston. Regent, Mrs. Charles H. Bond,	Mrs. Wm. H. Wadleigh, Miss Jessie M. Fisher, Mrs. F. P. Williams, Mrs. George K. Clarke, Mrs. James Bryden, Mrs. Sidney L. Burr, Miss Irene G. Sanford, Mrs. George H. Mandell.
Mrs. Alvin R. Bailey.	
Peace Party Chapter, Pittsfield. Regent, Mrs. Wm. A. Whittlesey,	Mrs. E. A. Jones, Miss Minnie Wolfe, Mrs. John B. Stone,

Mrs. Zenas Crane.

Mrs. E. T. Slocum,
Mrs. J. H. Laird.

Polly Daggett Chapter, Boston.

Regent, Miss Barbara Miller.

Prudence Wright Chapter, Pepperell.

Regent, Mrs. Walter B. Page,

Mrs. F. Langdon Smith.

Mrs. George V. Herrig.

Mrs. Nancy E. Merrill,
Miss Annetta S. Merrill,
Miss Roxanna W. Longley,
Mrs. Nellie B. Appleton,
Miss Angie M. Jordan,
Mrs. George Bancroft Page.

Quequechan Chapter, Fall River.

Regent, Mrs. Emily T. Coburn,

Mrs. Annie B. Allen,
Mrs. Leanna C. Benneit,
Miss Mabel L. Greene.

Mrs. Cornelia L. Davol.

Samuel Adams Chapter, Methuen.

Regent, Mrs. Carrie E. Barnes,

Mrs. George L. Cross,
Mrs. R. M. Cross,
Mrs. George L. Gage,
Mrs. J. J. Donovan,
Mrs. Charles Currier,
Miss Marion B. Emerson. Mrs. S. J. Oliphant,
Mrs. Helen M. Barker,
Mrs. Avis F. Smith,
Mrs. Nellie Gabeler,
Miss Elizabeth Morse,
Mrs. Mary E. Beedle,
Miss Camelia A. Howe.

Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter, Medford.

Regent, Miss Helen T. Wild,

Miss K. M. Geer,
Mrs. George O. Foster,
Mrs. B. F. Bullard,
Miss M. D. Cross,
Mrs. Henry Page,
Mrs. Mark Shultzis,
Mrs. E. F. Kahas,
Mrs. Ella Burbank,
Mrs. E. A. Chaney,
Mrs. J. G. Folger,
Mrs. Frank Weston.

Miss Ida L. Hartshorn.

Sea Coast Defence Chapter, Vineyard Haven.

Regent, Mrs. William M. Randall, Mrs. John Washburn,

Mrs. Ellen M. Morton. Mrs. Nella T. Daggett.

South Shore Chapter, Scituate.

Regent, Miss Ella Turner Bates. (Not entitled to alternates).

Submit Clark Chapter, Easthampton.

Regent, Mrs. Susie B. Munn. Mrs. Mary J. W. Bartlett,
Mrs. Meliora Ayer,
Mrs. Lucy L. Totman.

Susanna Tufts Chapter, Weymouth.

Regent, Mrs. Elizabeth C. Bowditch.

Mrs. Alice L. Senior,
Mrs. Hattie B. Bachelder,
Miss Annie E. Richards,
Mrs. Lavonne E. Crane.

Warren and Prescott Chapter, Boston.

Regent, Mrs. Samuel Eliot, Mrs. Henry T. Dobson,
Mrs. James B. Richardson,
Miss Susan D. Kimball,
Mrs. J. L. Grandin,
Mrs. Elisha D. Bangs,
Mrs. Frank G. Macomber. Miss Grace G. Hiler
Miss Sarah Crocker,
Mrs. C. E. Grinnell,
Mrs. J. W. Farwell,
Mrs. J. B. Aver.

Watertown Chapter, Watertown.

Regent, Mrs. Sarah C. Davidson. Mrs. May T. Read,
Mrs. Lucy M. Piper,
Miss Minetta J. Whitney,
Mrs. Alice M. Silsbee,
Mrs. Bertha H. Snow,
Mrs. Deborah G. Horne,
Mrs. Florence Dutton,
Mrs. Mabelle Dickinson,
Mrs. Caroline M. Conant,
Miss Eloise Stone.

Wayside Inn Chapter, Sudbury and Wayland.

Regent, Mrs. Nellie Rice Fiske. Miss Julia Nutt,
Mrs. Isadore Rogers,
Mrs. Mary E. Goodnow.

MICHIGAN.

State Regent—Mrs. William J. Chittenden.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. James P. Brayton.

Alexander Macomb Chapter, Mt. Clemens.

Regent, Mrs. Helen S. Skinner. Mrs. Charles Young,
Mrs. Frances N. Price,
Mrs. Katherine C. Knight.

Algonquin Chapter, St. Joseph.

Regent, Miss Minnie F. Chapman. Mrs. Cynthia K. Winslow.

Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter, Bay City.

Regent, Mrs. Emeline Courtright. Mrs. Helen F. Coman,
 Mrs. May S. Knaggs,
 Mrs. Isabella S. F. Wells.

Big Rapids Chapter, Big Rapids.

Regent, Mrs. Ida May Markham. Mrs. Mary Alice Brown,
 Mrs. Lucile M. White,
 Mrs. Henrietta Nilsen.

General Richardson Chapter, Pontiac.

Regent, Mrs. William C. Sanford. Mrs. Henry C. Wisner,
 Mrs. Lilian D. Avery,
 Mrs. Hattie E. Stowell,
 Mrs. Ada Louise Smith,
 Miss Marcia M. Richardson.

Genesee Chapter, Flint.

Regent, Mrs. Harriet P. Thompson.
 (Will not be represented.)

Lansing Chapter, Lansing.

Regent, Mrs. B. F. Davis, Miss Mary E. Mott,
 Mrs. J. P. Brayton. Mrs. E. C. Chapin.

Louisa St. Clair Chapter, Detroit.

Regent, Mrs. Anna D. Connor, Mrs. N. E. Fraser,
 Mrs. R. H. Fyfe, Mrs. Helen N. Joy,
 Mrs. Frederick B. Stevens,
 Mrs. Arthur M. Parker. Mrs. George W. Bates,
 Mrs. Elizabeth Nichols,
 Mrs. R. A. Loveland.

Lucinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter, Kalamazoo.

Regent, Mrs. Katharine S. Taylor. Mrs. Miriam R. Dingley,
 Mrs. Nellie S. H. Jones,
 Miss Alice McDuffie.

Marquette Chapter, Marquette.

Regent, Mrs. Cynthia M. P. Brooks.
 (Will not be represented.)

Mary Marshall Chapter, Marshall.

Regent, Mrs. William F. Church. Mrs. Alfred Brosseau,
 Mrs. Dwight Smith,
 Mrs. George E. Willets.

Muskegon Chapter, Muskegon.

Regent, Mrs. Eva L. Howe. Miss Elizabeth M. Nims,
 Mrs. Fannie S. Erwin,
 Miss Grace M. Beardsley.

Ot-si-ke-ta Chapter, St. Clair.

Regent, Mrs. Pamelia W. Hopkins. Mrs. Lazette Bacon.

Saginaw Chapter, Saginaw.

Regent, Mrs. A. T. Bliss.

Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Ann Arbor.

Regent, Mrs. Minnie K. Brown, Mrs. Eliza V. Y. Millen,

Mrs. Ella Butler Babcock,

Mrs. Emma F. Stanley,

Mrs. Mary C. Hutchins, Mrs. Merit R. Patterson,

Mrs. Nannie T. Herdman,

Mrs. Josephine S. Murfin.

Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, Grand Rapids.

Regent, Mrs. Hannah C. Wallin, Miss Fanny Boltwood,

Mrs. Eugene E. Winsor,

Miss Kate Wolcott,

Mrs. Elizabeth C. Crittenden,

Miss Annette Richards, Mrs. Marcus L. Borcher,

Mrs. Julia A. C. Goldsmith,

Mrs. Edwin F. Sweet,

Mrs. Daniel McCoy.

Ypsilanti Chapter, Ypsilanti.

Regent, Mrs. Georgiana Webb Owen.

Mrs. Annie S. Carpenter,

Mrs. Caroline H. Saunders,

Mrs. Eunice W. Watling.

MINNESOTA.

State Regent—Mrs. William Liggett.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Charles T. Thompson.

Anthony Wayne Chapter, Mankato.

Regent, Mrs. Pauline H. Standish.

Charter Oak Chapter, Faribault.

Regent, Miss Lulu S. VanHorn. Mrs. Isabelle G. Chase.

Colonial Chapter, Minneapolis.

Regent, Mrs. W. C. Johnson, Mrs. E. M. Johnson,

Mrs. Charles Thompson. Mrs. George E. Higgins.

Daughters of Liberty Chapter, Duluth.

Regent, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Morris. Mrs. H. F. Davis.

Distaff Chapter, St. Paul.

Regent, Mrs. C. A. Dibble.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Elizabeth Dyar Chapter, Winona.

Regent, Mrs. Florence S. Little. Mrs. Bert Russell,

Mrs. L. H. Johnson.

Fergus Falls Chapter, Fergus Falls.

Regent, Mrs. Capitola Billings. Mrs. Anna McMahon.

Greysolon du Lhut Chapter, Duluth.

Regent, Mrs. N. F. Hugo. Mrs. Blanche Goodman,

Mrs. Fannie Smith,
Mrs. W. A. McGonagle.

Minneapolis Chapter, Minneapolis.

Regent, Mrs. Jennie J. B. Goodwin.

(Elected too late.)

Monument Chapter, Minneapolis.

Regent, Mrs. O. C. Wyman.

Mrs. H. E. Partridge.

Nathan Hale Chapter, St. Paul.

Regent, Mrs. Kate H. Elliott,

Mrs. John Knuppe.

Mrs. Walter Sanborn,

Mrs. S. J. Joy.

Rochester Chapter, Rochester.

Regent, Mrs. Abbie F. Faitoute.

Miss Lulu Smith,

Mrs. Adelaide C. Brown,

Miss Winnefred M. Bliss.

St. Paul Chapter, St. Paul.

Regent, Mrs. J. B. Baird,

Mrs. E. A. Hendrickson.

Mrs. E. M. Prouty,

Mrs. Henry A. Castle,

Mrs. Arthur Linn.

Wenonah Chapter, Winona.

Regent, Mrs. Martha W. Snow,

Mrs. F. A. Rising,

Mrs. Agnes Marfield,

Mrs. E. D. Dyar,

Mrs. George Landon,

Mrs. William Hayes.

MISSISSIPPI.

State Regent—Miss Alice Quitman Lovell.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Elbert R. Jones.

David Reese Chapter, Oxford.

Regent, Mrs. Charlotte Wardlaw. (None elected.)

(Will not be represented.)

Holly Springs Chapter, Holly Springs.

Regent, Miss Mary Virginia Gholson.

Mrs. Frances S. Robinson,

Mrs. S. K. Waymer,

Miss Louise McKie,

Miss Frances Shuford,

Miss Estell W. Walker,

Mrs. Frank Thompson,

Mrs. O. D. Hall,

Mrs. L. S. Scruggs,

Miss Margaret J. Warren.

Natchez Chapter, Natchez.

Regent, Miss Agnes Z. Carpenter.

(None elected.)

(Will not be represented.)

Ralph Humphries Chapter, Jackson.

Regent, Mrs. Mary R. Williamson.

Mrs. Letitia Enochs.

MISSOURI.

State Regent—Mrs. Wallace Delafield.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Western Bascome.

Columbian Chapter, Columbia.

Regent, Mrs. Alice O. Macfarlane.

Mrs. Victoria R. Brodhead,
Miss Virginia Dyas.

Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Kansas City.

Regent, Mrs. Thomas B. Tomb, Mrs. Fannie K. Bristol,

Mrs. Howard Lea,

Mrs. Gilbert Clarke. Miss Elizabeth Gentry,

Mrs. Archibald Morrison.

Hannibal Chapter, Hannibal.

Regent, Mrs. Mary Harrison Logan.

Miss Vivian Dulany,
Miss Fanny Clifton Dulany.

Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter, Jefferson City.

Regent, Mrs. Florence Ewing Towles,

Mrs. Rena McCarty Cuttin,

Mrs. Emma D. Nickols. Mrs. B. H. Ferguson.

Jefferson Chapter, St. Louis.

Regent, Mrs. Emma L. Green,

Mrs. Mary A. Pepper,
Mrs. Nancy F. Moody,
Miss Virginia Lee,

Mrs. Byrd Ewing Wagner.

Miss Mary L. Dalton,
Mrs. Mary P. Winn.

Joplin Chapter, Joplin.

Regent, Mrs. E. A. Norris.

Mrs. Samuel Luckett,
Mrs. Helen DeWolf Close,
Mrs. Andrew Snyder.

Laclede Chapter, St. Louis.

Regent, Mrs. James H. Hewit. Mrs. W. B. Edgar,
Miss Jane B. Glover.

Lafayette-Lexington Chapter, Lexington.

Regent, Mrs. Ann Quarles Aull. (None elected.)
(Will not be represented.)

Nancy Hunter Chapter, Cape Girardeau.

Regent, Mrs. Louis Houck. Mrs. J. Handy Moore.

Osage Chapter, Sedalia.

Regent, Mrs. Mary T. McCluney.

St. Joseph Chapter, St. Joseph.

Regent, Mrs. S. Woodson Hundley,

Mrs. S. M. Nave,
 Mrs. M. Roscoe Thomas,
 Mrs. H. W. Westover,
 Mrs. J. B. Moss,
 Mrs. S. P. Broughton.

St. Louis Chapter, St. Louis.

Regent, Mrs. Benjamin F. Gray,

Mrs. Theodore Shelton,
 Mrs. John N. Booth,
 Mrs. F. G. Baker,
 Mrs. Robert M. Wilson,
 Mrs. John Slaughter,
 Mrs. J. W. Williamson,
 Mrs. Perry Bartholow,
 Mrs. Edward T. Campbell,
 Mrs. Arthur Gale.

Mrs. Western Bascome,

Mrs. William D. Parrish,

Mrs. James H. Wear.

MONTANA.

State Regent—Mrs. Walter S. Tallant.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. William McCrackin.

Oro Fino Chapter, Helena.

Regent, Mrs. Emma McHenry Glenn.

Mrs. J. L. Woodbridge,
 Mrs. W. M. Biggs,
 Miss Alice C. Manwaring.

Ravalli Chapter, Hamilton.

Regent, Mrs. Lena P. Crutchfield. Miss Helen McCrackin.

Silver Bow Chapter, Butte.

Regent, Mrs. Elia Knowles Haskell.

Mrs. Verna T. O. Young,
 Mrs. Sarah H. Sligh,
 Mrs. Mabel C. Morley,
 Mrs. Antoinette VanH. Browne

Yellowstone Park Chapter, Livingston.

Regent, Mrs. Georgianna C. Miller.

NEBRASKA.

State Regent—Mrs. Abraham Allee.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Jasper LeGrande Kellogg.

Coronado Chapter, Ord.

Regent, Mrs. Olive A. Haldeman.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Deborah Avery Chapter, Lincoln.

Regent, Mrs. Ida M. Barber.

Mrs. Ella K. Morrison.

Mrs. Adelia M. Everett.	Mrs. Sarah K. Waugh, Mrs. Helen Fitzgerald, Mrs. Mary E. M. Tibbets, Mrs. Mary A. M. Stevens, Mrs. Hattie K. Woodworth, Mrs. Emma B. Kellogg, Mrs. Matilda Stevens, Mrs. Luvern A. Williams.
Elizabeth Montague Chapter, Beatrice. Regent, Mrs. R. J. Kilpatrick.	
Lewis-Clark Chapter, Fremont. Regent, Mrs. Minnie I. MacDonald.	Mrs. Francis McGiverin.
Omaha Chapter, Omaha. Regent, Mrs. Susan U. Hoyt,	Mrs. LaVilla W. Schindel, Mrs. Helen W. Bruce,
Mrs. Fannie L. Griffith.	Mrs. Elizabeth H. Lowrie, Mrs. Eleanor Dutcher Key.
Quivera Chapter, Fairbury. Regent, Mrs. Annie S. Steele.	Mrs. Mary Weidner.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

State Regent—Mrs. John Walter Johnston.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. John McLane.	
Anna Stickney Chapter, North Conway. Regent, Mrs. Mary H. Shedd.	Mrs. Mary E. Geer, Mrs. Anna E. Ricker.
Ashuelot Chapter, Keene. Regent, Mrs. Louise M. Brooks, Mrs. Helen B. Taft, Mrs. Jeannette D. Roberts.	Mrs. Mary J. H. Arms, Mrs. Mary S. Howard.
Buntin Chapter, Suncook. Regent, Mrs. Rosa E. Emery.	Mrs. Mary W. Truesdell.
Elizabeth Folsom Hilton Chapter, Epping. Regent, Mrs. Mary E. Cain.	Mrs. Mary B. Brown, Mrs. Sarah A. Pike, Mrs. M. Josephine Thompson.
Ellen I. Sanger Chapter, Littleton. Regent, Mrs. Ianthe K. Sanger. (None elected.) (Will not be represented.)	
Elsa Cilley Chapter, Nottingham. Regent, Miss Laura Marston.	Miss Ella Marston, Mrs. Elizabeth B. Batchelder.

Eunice Baldwin Chapter, Hillsboro Bridge.

Regent, Mrs. Sarah M. Story. Miss Mary J. Haslett,
 Miss Emma W. Mitchell,
 Mrs. Sarah A. Grimes.

Exeter Chapter, Exeter.

Regent, Mrs. Eldora H. Walker. Mrs. Emily J. Hooper,
 Dr. Alice M. Chesley,
 Mrs. Susan D. Thompson.

Granite Chapter, Newfields.

Regent, Mrs. Charles Pike.

Liberty Chapter, Tilton.

Regent, Mrs. Dora D. Davis. Mrs. Ella A. Shannon,
 Mrs. Lydia W. Davis,
 Miss Clara M. Smith,
 Mrs. Georgia L. Young.

Margery Sullivan Chapter, Dover.

Regent, Mrs. Eva G. Hurd. Mrs. Jennie B. Ramsdell,
 Miss Julia Swain.

Matthew Thornton Chapter, Nashua.

Regent, Miss Katharine M. Thayer, Mrs. Abbie B. Greenleaf,
 Mrs. Ellen M. Hussey. Mrs. Clara A. McKean.

Milford Chapter, Milford.

Regent, Mrs. Harriet E. Kaley. Mrs. Gertrude N. Howison,
 Mrs. Lizzie E. Dodge,
 Mrs. Ellen L. McLane.

Molly Reid Chapter, Derry.

Regent, Mrs. Harriet D. F. Chase. Mrs. Helen D. Hood,
 Miss Isabel Fitz,
 Mrs. Harriet S. B. Noyes,
 Miss Lillian Poor,
 Mrs. Anna B. Shepard,
 Miss Marcia Emery.

Molly Stark Chapter, Manchester.

Regent, Mrs. Nathan P. Hunt, Mrs. John Smyth Fogg,
 Mrs. I. W. Smith,
 Mrs. Charles M. Baker,
 Mrs. Charles E. Cox,
 Mrs. Roscoe K. Horne,
 Mrs. D. A. Taggart,
 Mrs. Charles M. Floyd,
 Miss Grace B. Hosmer,
 Mrs. Ethel L. Kellogg,
 Mrs. Edith Stark.

Mrs. Fanny H. Sawyer.

Reprisal Chapter, Newport.

Regent, Miss Georgiana C. Wilcox.

Mrs. Seth M. Richards,

Mrs. N. M. Thissel.

Rumford Chapter, Concord.

Regent, Mrs. Laura S. Hill.

Mrs. Lillian C. Streeter.

Samuel Ashley Chapter, Claremont.

Regent, Miss Mary E. Colby,
Mrs. Harvey B. Glidden.

NEW JERSEY.

State Regent—Mrs. E. Gaylord Putnam.

State Vice-Regent—Miss Ellen Mecum.

Boudinot Chapter, Elizabeth.

Regent, Mrs. Charles Edward Brown,

Mrs. Charlotte Langstroth,

Mrs. Ada S. Evans.

Broad Seal Chapter, Trenton.

Regent, Mrs. Cornelius Hook.

Mrs. James B. Breese,

Mrs. Leroy H. Anderson.

Buff and Blue Chapter, Trenton.

Regent, Mrs. William Dayton.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Camp Middlebrook Chapter, Bound Brook.

Regent, Mrs. Cora B. Wise.

Miss Emma E. Herbert,

Mrs. W. J. Taylor,

Mrs. F. V. D. Voorhees.

Captain Jonathan Oliphant Chapter, Trenton.

Regent, Mrs. Beulah A. Oliphant.

Mrs. Samuel C. Allison,
Mrs. Thomas J. Falkinburgh.

Chinchewunsk Chapter, Newton.

Regent, Mrs. Sarah E. Howell.

Miss Susan Decker,
Mrs. Henry Huston,
Mrs. Andrew B. Brickner.

Colonel Lowrey Chapter, Flemington.

Regent, Mrs. Eva A. Deats.

Mrs. Charles D. Foster.

Continental Chapter, Plainfield.

Regent, Mrs. D. H. Rowland.

Mrs. J. G. Foster,
Miss Addie Dietrich.

Eagle Rock Chapter, Montclair.

Regent, Mrs. W. D. Kearnott,
Mrs. M. M. LeBrun.Miss Caroline Hobart,
Mrs. S. A. Swenarton,
Mrs. R. H. Dodd,
Mrs. E. C. Fisher,
Mrs. G. L. Benedict,
Mrs. Hening Taube.

Essex Chapter, East Orange.

Regent, Mrs. Margaret T. Yardley.

Mrs. Helen Orton Colton.

General David Forman Chapter, Trenton.

Regent, Mrs. Olivia G. F. Moses.

General Frelinghuysen Chapter, Somerville.

Regent, Mrs. Spencer Weart.

Mrs. Charles H. Bateman,

Mrs. J. J. Carter,

Miss Louise Anderson,

Miss E. Gertrude Nevins,

Mrs. Deborah P. Peeke.

General Lafayette Chapter, Atlantic City.

Regent, Miss Sarah N. Doughty. Mrs. Wm. F. Wahl,

Mrs. William Glenn,

Mrs. Joseph Thompson. Mrs. I. G. Adams,

Mrs. John J. Gardner.

General Mercer Chapter, Trenton.

Regent, Mrs. H. C. Stull. Mrs. Welling G. Sickel.

Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter, Bridgeton.

Regent, Mrs. Joseph Tomlinson. Miss Ada B. Whipple.

Haddonfield Chapter, Haddonfield.

Regent, Mrs. Eleanor M. Hamlin. Mrs. Mary C. Furber.

Jersey Blue Chapter, New Brunswick.

Regent, Miss Elizabeth B. Strong. Miss Agnes W. Storer,
Miss Mary E. B. Fisher.

Kate Aylesford Chapter, Hammonton.

Regent, Mrs. Lily F. W. Byrnes. Miss Katharine A. Hill.

Monmouth Chapter, Red Bank.

Regent, Mrs. Annie Hull White. Miss Margaretta P. White.

Morristown Chapter, Morristown.

Regent, Mrs. F. W. Merrell. Mrs. J. Lowrie Bell,
Mrs. Willis Howell.

Nassau Chapter, Camden.

Regent, Mrs. Ella E. W. Bottomley.

Miss Mary McKeen,
Mrs. Lillie Smith,
Mrs. Mary A. Godfrey,
Mrs. Jane B. Macray,
Mrs. Sarah S. Knight,
Miss Mary E. Lacy.

Nova Caesarea Chapter, Newark.

Regent, Mrs. Jonathan H. Huntington,

Mrs. William Scheerer,
Mrs. John J. Tucker,

Mrs. Austen H. McGregor.

Mrs. Everard B. Hopwood,
Mrs. Cyrus F. Lawrence.

Oak Tree Chapter, Salem.

Regent, Mrs. Trueman H. Clayton.

Mrs. Maurice B. Ayars,
Dr. Ellen Smith,
Mrs. Howard Harris,
Mrs. Albert T. Becket,
Mrs. J. Elmer Troth,
Mrs. Lloyd Bailey,
Miss Gertrude Lawson,
Mrs. George Carr,
Miss Henrietta H. Gibbon,
Mrs. Clarkson Pettit,
Miss Viola House.

Paulus Hook Chapter, Jersey City.

Regent, Mrs. Henry Vail Condit,

Mrs. Arthur Soper,
Mrs. George W. Case,
Mrs. P. K. Green,
Mrs. John Winner.

Peggy Warne Chapter, Phillipsburg.

Regent, Mrs. Jessie Glen Schultz.

Mrs. C. Albert Sandt,
Mrs. Percy Y. Schelley,
Mrs. B. Howell.

Princeton Chapter, Princeton.

Regent, Mrs. Josephine A. T. Swann.

Mrs. Eliza V. Larkin.

Tempe Wicke Chapter, Sea Girt.

Regent, Mrs. Joseph H. Oglesby.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Trent Chapter, Trenton.

Regent, Mrs. A. F. Jamieson. Mrs. Henry P. Perrine.

NEW MEXICO.

State Regent—Mrs. L. Bradford Prince.

Jacob Bennett Chapter, Silver City.

Regent, Mrs. S. M. Ashenfelter. Mrs. Lettie B. Morrill.

Lew Wallace Chapter, Albuquerque.

Regent, Mrs. Mary J. Borden. (Not entitled to alternates.)

Sunshine Chapter, Santa Fe.

Regent, Mrs. Mary M. Victory. Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee.

NEW YORK.

State Regent—Mrs. Charles H. Terry.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Henry L. Roberts.

Adirondack Chapter, Malone.

Regent, Mrs. Mary N. Putnam.

Amsterdam Chapter, Amsterdam.

Regent, Mrs. Henry T. McEwen, Mrs. Harriet J. Billington,

Mrs. Charles Nisbet,

Mrs. J. K. Stewart,

Mrs. John G. Serviss,

Mrs. Nelson Merwin,

Miss S. Katherine McFarlan.

Astenrogen Chapter, Little Falls.

Regent, Mrs. Delight E. R. Keller.

Mrs. Nellie I. Sheard,

Mrs. Adra O. Douglass,

Mrs. Schuyler Ingham,

Mrs. David T. Lamb.

Baron Steuben Chapter, Bath.

Regent, Mrs. Mary R. Kingsley. Mrs. Ansel J. McCall,

Miss Rose W. Morgan,

Miss Kate McMaster,

Mrs. Ambrose Kasson,

Miss Ruby H. Brundage.

Benjamin Prescott Chapter, Fredonia.

Regent, Miss Martha J. Prescott. Miss Isabella White.

Blooming Grove Chapter, Blooming Grove.

Regent, Miss Jennie V. Woodhull. Miss Belle Strong.

Mrs. Alonzo Newbury,

Mrs. Martha Woodhull.

Bronx Chapter, Mt. Vernon.

Regent, Mrs. Emma L. Hudler. Mrs. Harriette S. Williams,

Mrs. Roger M. Sherman,

Miss Susanna M. Stone.

Buffalo Chapter, Buffalo.

Regent, Mrs. John Miller Horton, Mrs. Anna K. G. Rohlfe,

Mrs. John F. Lewis,

Mrs. Clarence M. Fenton,

Mrs. Trueman G. Avery, Mrs. Philip Redpath,

Mrs. Homer J. Grant,

Mrs. William H. Bonnell,

Mrs. Jesse Peterson, Mrs. Edwin A. Bowerman,

Mrs. Frank B. Steele,

Mrs. George A. Plimpton, Miss Elizabeth A. Codd,

Mrs. Harry Walbridge.

Mrs. Franklin W. Hopkins,

Mrs. Omri F. Hibbard,
 Mrs. Frederick E. Haight,
 Mrs. John R. Rogers,
 Mrs. Alexander Cook,
 Mrs. John VanB. Thayer,
 Mrs. Arthur H. Myers,
 Mrs. Calvin E. Hull,
 Mrs. George J. Carey,
 Mrs. Viola E. D. Bromley,
 Mrs. Stuart H. Rushmore,
 Miss Marian W. Marton,
 Mrs. Melvin A. Rice,
 Mrs. William F. Ross,
 Mrs. Stephen W. Giles,
 Mrs. James R. Howe,
 Miss Edith Burr.

Fort Oswego Chapter, Oswego.

Regent, Mrs. Ruth Johnson Mott. Mrs. H. P. Penfield.

Fort Stanwix Chapter, Rome.

Regent, Mrs. John D. McMahon, Mrs. George H. Smith,
 Miss Phoebe Stryker. Mrs. Robert W. Jacobs.

Gansevoort Chapter, Albany.

Regent, Mrs. P. K. Dederick, Miss Mary Knowles,
 Mrs. Samuel L. Munson. Miss Helen Winne.

General James Clinton Chapter, Springfield.

Regent, Mrs. G. Hyde Clarke. Mrs. Charles D. Walradt.

General Nicholas Herkimer Chapter, Herkimer.

Regent, Mrs. Ellen S. Munger, Mrs. Frances C. Prescott,
 Miss Nora P. Wood,
 Mrs. Mary E. Thurston,
 Miss Ida A. Batchelder,
 Mrs. Carrie B. Grosvenor. Mrs. Mary M. Casler,
 Mrs. Mary G. Howell,
 Miss Maria Ayers,
 Mrs. Frances Rider.

General Richard Montgomery, Gloversville.

Regent, Mrs. Elizabeth R. Churchill,

Mrs. Estelle F. Darling.

Mrs. Louise H. Lamater.

Mrs. Blanche C. Judson.

General William Floyd Chapter, Boonville.

Regent, Mrs. Anna J. Capron,

Mrs. Jessie VanW. Church.

Mrs. Flora T. Lewis,

Mrs. E. C. Shattuck Oldfield,

Mrs. Julia C. Willard.	Mrs. Ella J. Hayes, Mrs. Antoinette H. Sippell, Miss Carrie H. Talcott, Mrs. Margaret L. Sanford.
Gouverneur Morris Chapter, Gouverneur. Regent, Mrs. Eleanor C. Pike.	Mrs. E. H. Neary, Mrs. Martha C. Conger, Mrs. Era D. Peck, Mrs. Eleanor T. Lamon.
Hendrick Hudson Chapter, Hudson. Regent, Mrs. Frederick J. Collier,	Miss Mary E. Jones, Mrs. George E. Benson, Miss Isabell Mellen, Mrs. Charles Hatheway, Mrs. Wm. H. Traver.
Mrs. Isaac N. Collier.	
Irondequoit Chapter, Rochester. Regent, Mrs. William E. Hoyt,	Mrs. William Eastwood, Mrs. Edward S. Ellwanger, Miss Bertha Hooker, Mrs. Charles B. Porter, Mrs. Elmer C. Smith, Mrs. L. L. Stone, Mrs. Alexander M. Lindsay, Mrs. F. W. Yates, Mrs. Arthur G. Yates, Mrs. Morrison H. McMath, Mrs. Charles E. Furman.
Mrs. William S. Little,	
Mrs. John F. Alden,	
Mrs. Andrew Towson.	
Israel Harris Chapter, Granville. Regent, Mrs. Harriet Burtis.	
James Madison Chapter, Hamilton. Regent, Mrs. Lois B. Langworthy.	Mrs. Lizzie C. Cotton, Mrs. Lucy F. Risley, Mrs. Harriette M. Matterson.
Jamestown Chapter, Jamestown. Regent, Miss Stella F. Broadhead,	Mrs. Ellen H. Proudfit, Mrs. Cora S. Tew, Miss Mertie M. Broadhead, Miss Martha T. Griswold.
Mrs. Carrie J. Hyde.	
Jane McCrea Chapter, Fort Edward. Regent, Mrs. Josephine M. King.	Mrs. Grace K. Paris, Mrs. Mary P. Bascom.
Johnstown Chapter, Johnstown. Regent, Miss Jennie S. Foote.	Mrs. Frances F. VanVliet, Mrs. Mary Murray.

Kanestio Valley Chapter, Hornellsville.

Regent, Mrs. Shirley E. Brown,	Mrs. Leon Hough, Miss Grace Pierce,
Miss Josephine Mason.	Mrs. Eliza Stevens, Mrs. I. W. Near.

Kayendatsyona Chapter, Fulton.

Regent, Mrs. Viola D. Vincent.	Miss Jane F. Osgood, Miss Elizabeth J. Osgood, Mrs. Fanny A. Goodjon, Mrs. Charlotte F. Lewis, Mrs. Mary J. Bacon.
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Keskeskick Chapter, Yonkers.

Regent, Mrs. Catherine Henderson,	Miss Charlotte E. Hale, Mrs. Hannah J. Howison, Mrs. Irene C. Fraser.
Mrs. Alice Rossire.	

Knickerbocker Chapter, New York.

Regent, Mrs. Frederick Hasbrouck,	Mrs. Samuel B. Hard, Mrs. Lulu J. Beam, Miss Grace Osborne,
Mrs. Louis E. Bolande.	Mrs. William R. Stewart, Mrs. N. T. Phillips, Mrs. Joel A. Allen.

Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter, Watertown.

Regent, Mrs. Louis Lansing,	Miss Alta Ralph, Mrs. George S. Hooker,
Mrs. W. W. Conde.	Mrs. Robert Lansing, Miss Flora Peck.

Lowville Chapter, Lowville.

Regent, Mrs. Henry Phillips.	(Not entitled to alternates.)
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Mahwenawasigh Chapter, Poughkeepsie.

Regent, Miss Jane E. Bushnell,	Mrs. Sanford D. Stockton, Miss Mary Reynolds,
Mrs. Allen H. Hoffman.	Mrs. Angelica Griffin, Miss Florence Albert.

Manhattan Chapter, New York.

Regent, Mrs. Wm. Cumings Story.	Mrs. George D. Yeomans, Mrs. James G. Wentz, Mrs. John T. Snow, Mrs. Frank S. Osborn.
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Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, New York.

Regent, Miss Mary VanBuren Vanderpool.	Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Mrs. William Brookfield,
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Mrs. Walter L. Carr.

Mrs. Virgil P. Humason,
 Mrs. Wm. M. Isaacs,
 Mrs. Eugene Frayer,
 Mrs. George S. Bixby,
 Mrs. Oliver L. Jones,
 Mrs. James E. Pope,
 Mrs. Charles E. M. Gross,
 Mrs. Julius H. Seymour,
 Mrs. Samuel Blatchford,
 Mrs. Adeline Sutphen,
 Mrs. C. Miles Collier
 Mrs. Dewis E. Fuller,
 Mrs. Joseph Widmer.

Mary Weed Marvin Chapter, Walton.
Regent, Mrs. Anna B. Haulenbeck.

Mrs. Alice A. M. Landfield,
 Mrs. Anna Fancher Mace,
 Mrs. Ellen B. L. Crawford.

Melzingah Chapter, Fishkill.
Regent, Mrs. Samuel Verplanck,

Mrs. Isaac Morton,
 Mrs. DeWitt C. Smith,
 Miss Mary L. Hustis,
 Miss Anna Dean,
 Miss Helen Place,
 Mrs. S. H. Parsons,
 Mrs. Charles W. Brundage,
 Miss Edith Alden,
 Mrs. Mary A. Hustis,
 Miss Adeline C. Brinckerhoff,
 Miss E. L. Parris,
 Miss Edith VanWyck.

Miss Cornelia B. Davis.**Minisink Chapter, Goshen.**
Regent, Mrs. Mary T. C. Merritt. Mrs. Christine C. Reeves.

Mrs. George H. Gibson,
 Mrs. William P. Rudd.

Mohawk Chapter, Albany.**Regent, Mrs. Cyrus Strong Merrill,****Mrs. Edgar C. Leonard.**
Mohawk Valley Chapter, Ilion.**Regent, Mrs. Orange B. Rudd,**

Mrs. George Watson,
 Mrs. S. S. Richards,
 Mrs. Harrison Brand,
 Miss Flora Remington,
 Mrs. John Clinton,
 Mrs. J. Holland Rudd,
 Mrs. G. H. Davis.

Mrs. Charles Yetman.	Miss Marion Carpenter, Mrs. Charles Wright, Mrs. Annie E. Hartford,
Mohegan Chapter, Ossining. Regent, Miss Clara C. Fuller.	Mrs. H. S. Bowron, Mrs. Bertha Robbins, Mrs. J. H. Naramore.
Monroe Chapter Brockport. Regent, Miss Mary P. Rhoades.	Mrs. William B. Sylvester, Miss Electa M. Minot, Miss Mary M. L. Minot, Mrs. George C. Gordon, Mrs. Thomas H. Dobson.
Nathaniel Woodhull Chapter, New York. Regent, Mrs. Mary J. Seymour.	Miss Adelaide Kuper, Mrs. Anna E. Todd, Mrs. M. D. Sohon, Miss Nathalie B. Smith.
New York City Chapter, New York. Regent, Mrs. Donald McLean, Mrs. Edward Hall, Mrs. Thomas H. Whitney, Mrs. Vernon M. Davis, Miss Emma G. Lathrop.	Mrs. Ovid A. Hyde, Mrs. Frederick L. Bradley, Mrs. Alfred W. Cochran, Mrs. Wilbur McBride, Mrs. Andrew J. Robinson, Mrs. Helen G. Tansley, Mrs. Frank McWatters, Mrs. Charles Cone, Miss Elizabeth Ingraham, Mrs. Charles H. Jones, Mrs. John M. Gardner, Mrs. James W. Randell, Mrs. Watson A. Bowron, Mrs. Alexis F. Besson, Mrs. Herman Stump, Mrs. George Ryttenberg, Mrs. Mary E. Wadsworth, Mrs. James Cary, Jr., Mrs. Albert W. Harris, Mrs. Francis X. Donoghue, Miss Marie Louise Wadsworth, Mrs. Ronald E. Bonar, Mrs. William Kellogg Tillotson, Mrs. Mary H. Johnson, Mrs. John Stanton, Mrs. Warren Higley.

Mrs. M. Angelo Heath,
 Mrs. E. N. Block,
 Mrs. Robert T. Haskins,
 Mrs. Calvin H. Nealley,
 Mrs. Herbert Terrell,
 Mrs. James A. Skinner,
 Mrs. Edward A. Greeley,
 Mrs. Edward M. Knox,
 Miss Frances Sweeny,
 Miss Agnes Robinson,
 Miss Letitia Perine,
 Mrs. Lincoln Peabody,
 Mrs. Harry Wallerstein,
 Miss Rosa G. Moses,
 Mrs. Irving R. Wiles,
 Mrs. Reuben L. Coleman,
 Miss Edith Hurlbert,
 Mrs. John E. Renahan,
 Mrs. Emma W. Clark,
 Miss Jeanne C. Irwin-Martin,
 Mrs. D. Edward Seybel,
 Mrs. Thaddeus Nighman.

Olean Chapter, Olean.

Regent, Mrs. Anna McL. Strong, Mrs. F. W. Higgins,

Mrs. Charles Green,

Mrs. Frank Blakeslee, Mrs. John Troy,
 Mrs. H. D. Bennie.

Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter, Cambridge.

Regent, Miss Jennie M. Qua, Miss Kate M. McKie,

Mrs. Amy R. Hart,

Mrs. Fannie R. Hill, Mrs. Elena B. Kenyon,
 Mrs. Frances P. Taylor.

Oneida Chapter, Utica.

Regent, Mrs. W. B. Crouse, Mrs. Ellen Scollard,

Mrs. G. Frederick Ralph, Mrs. E. J. Nelson,

Mrs. Charles B. Crouse, Miss Cornelia Williams.

Oneonta Chapter, Oneonta.

Regent, Mrs. Anna deG. W. Colburn.

Onondaga Chapter, Syracuse.

Regent, Mrs. Louise VanL. Lynch,

Mrs. Lydia P. Flint,

Miss Ella M. K. Whedon,

Mrs. Mary T. Leavenworth.

Mrs. Kate C. Knickerbocker,

Mrs. Anna I. Rich.

Mrs. Bessie J. Clapp,
Miss Eleanor A. McGill,

Saratoga Chapter, Saratoga.

Regent, Mrs. Ella H. Comstock, Mrs. Jessie V. Porter,
Mrs. Louise H. Mingay, Mrs. Emma I. Bosworth,
Miss Harriet Ingalls.

Saugerties Chapter, Saugerties.

Regent, Mrs. Marie K. W. James, Mrs. Katherine Spalding.
Seneca Chapter, Geneva.

Regent, Mrs. D. B. Backenstose, Mrs. Hugh L. Rose,
Mrs. Theodore F. Hand,

Skenandoah Chapter, Oneida.

Regent, Mrs. Anna B. Goodwin, Mrs. S. Allen Clark,
Mrs. Theodore Coles, Mrs. E. C. Remick,
Mrs. R. M. Baker,

Mrs. Otto Pfaff,
Miss Ellen Fish,
Mrs. Norman L. Cramer.

Sleepy Hollow Chapter, Briarcliff Manor.

Regent, Mrs. William H. Coleman, Miss Grace Bayles.

Swe-kat-si Chapter, Ogdensburg.

Regent, Miss Harriet L. S. Hasbrouck, Mrs. W. L. Proctor,
Mrs. S. L. Dawley, Mrs. Thomas Spratt.

Tioughnioga Chapter, Cortland.

Regent, Mrs. Carolyn R. Gillette, Mrs. Ferdinand Dashler,
Mrs. John Miller, Miss Alma Darby.

Tuscarora Chapter, Binghamton.

Regent, Mrs. Emilie B. Trowbridge, Mrs. Coralyn Farnham,
Miss Belle A. Mason, Mrs. Caroline S. Phelps.

Washington Heights Chapter, New York.

Regent, Mrs. Samuel J. Kramer, Mrs. Edwin R. Fay,
Miss Mary Brackett,
Mrs. Thomas Vermilye,
Mrs. George T. Wilson.

West Point Chapter, New York.

Regent, Mrs. William Tod Helmuth.
(Will not be represented.)

Willard's Mountain Chapter, Greenwich.

Regent, Mrs. Mary L. McMaster, Mrs. J. G. Sherman,
Mrs. Anna Newberry Rogers.

Wiltwyck Chapter, Kingston.

Regent, Miss Mary Isabella Forsyth,

Mrs. F. J. R. Clarke.	Mrs. James D. Wynkoop, Mrs. J. L. Preston, Mrs. William Lawton, Mrs. H. D. Ingalls, Mrs. B. M. Tremper, Mrs. Harry MacMillan, Miss Mary Helen Baker.
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White Plains Chapter, White Plains.

Regent, Mrs. Henry B. Powell. (Not entitled to alternates.)

Women of '76 Chapter, Brooklyn.

Regent, Miss Hendrika Broes VanHeekeren,

Miss Hedelind E. Beck, Miss Melinna Eldredge, Miss Edith Quinby, Miss Louise Buttrick, Miss Anna E. Robbins.
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NORTH CAROLINA.

State Regent—Mrs. John H. C. Wulbern.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Edwin C. Gregory.

Council Oak Chapter, Morganton.

Regent, Mrs. A. C. Avery, Jr.	Mrs. Annie Leslie, Miss Janie Pearson.
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Dorcas Bell Love Chapter, Waynesville.

Regent, Mrs. Ruth B. Baker.	Mrs. Janie L. Conrad, Miss Nora Welch, Mrs. Margaret Marshall, Mrs. Robert Gilmer.
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Edward Buncombe Chapter, Asheville.

Regent, Mrs. Eliza P. Settle.	Mrs. Mary Stringfield Ray, Mrs. Frederick Hull, Mrs. Fred. M. Messler, Mrs. Theodore Morrison, Miss Grace Jones.
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Elizabeth Maxwell Steele Chapter, Salisbury.

Regent, Mrs. Edwin Overman.	Miss Jeanie C. Klutzz, Miss Mary L. Smith, Mrs. Katharine H. S. McKenzie.
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Guilford Battle Chapter, Greensboro.

Regent, Mrs. Addie D. VanNoppen.

Mary Slocumb Chapter, Mooresville.

Regent, Mrs. Anna W. Goodman. Miss Daisybel Pharr.

Mecklenburg Chapter, Charlotte.

Regent, Mrs. Louise Young Smith,

Mrs. James E. Reilly. Mrs. Mary O. VanLandingham,
 Miss Laura E. Orr,
 Miss Julia Alexander,
 Miss Willie G. Durant,
 Mrs. Annie T. Johnston.

Salem-Centennial Chapter, Winston-Salem.

Regent, Mrs. William Reynolds. Mrs. W. T. Brown.
 Whitmel Blount Chapter, Henderson.
 Regent, Mrs. Wm. Oscar Shannon.

Mrs. F. R. Harris,
 Mrs. C. M. Cooper,
 Mrs. J. F. Harris,
 Miss Sarah E. Burwell,
 Miss Lelia A. B. Shannon.

NORTH DAKOTA.

State Regent—Mrs. Sarah M. Lounsberry.

OHIO.

State Regent—Mrs. Orlando J. Hodge.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Henry M. Weaver.
 Catharine Green Chapter, Xenia.

Regent, Mrs. Asa C. Messenger. Mrs. F. L. Magruder,
 Mrs. R. D. Adair. Miss Emma Davidson.
 Cincinnati Chapter, Cincinnati.

Regent, Mrs. Mary Tree Gray. Mrs. S. C. Ayres,
 Mrs. Julia P. B. Foraker. Mrs. J. Gordon Taylor,
 Mrs. Samuel Hunt. Mrs. T. L. A. Grere,
 Mrs. J. Martin Crawford,
 Mrs. John A. Bechtel,
 Mrs. Peter G. Thomson,
 Mrs. Frank Wilson,
 Mrs. C. G. Waldo.

Colonel George Croghan Chapter, Fremont.

Regent, Mrs. Annie R. G. Baumann.
 Colonel Jonathan Bayard Smith, Middletown.

Regent, Miss Josephine LaTourette. Mrs. Paul Sorg.

Columbus Chapter, Columbus.

Regent, Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr. Mrs. Henry E. Alexander,
 Mrs. Frank Tallmadge. Mrs. John E. Snee,
 Mrs. Charles Prosser,
 Mrs. George W. Gill.

Cayahoga-Portage Chapter, Akron.

Regent, Mrs. Eva J. P. Heintselman,

Mrs. Minnie W. Franz,
 Mrs. Jessie Wolf Otis, Miss Elizabeth B. Morrison.
 Dolly Todd Madison Chapter, Tiffin.
 Regent, Miss Ellita Mott. Mrs. Ralph D. Sneath.
 Elizabeth Sherman Reese Chapter, Lancaster.
 Regent, Mrs. Anthra J. K. Wynkoop.
 Miss Mary F. Mumaugh,
 Mrs. Elizabeth W. MacCracken,
 Miss Cora Rigby.

Fort Findlay Chapter, Findlay.
 Regent, Miss Josephine O. Firmin.
 Mrs. Charles E. Niles.

Fort McArthur Chapter, Kenton.
 Regent, Mrs. Eleanor A. Bain. Mrs. Mary W. Armstrong.
 George Clinton Chapter, Wilmington.
 Regent, Mrs. Henrietta M. Stumm.
 Mrs. Susan P. T. Daugherty,
 Mrs. Katharine J. Foos.

Hetuck Chapter, Newark.
 Regent, Mrs. Daisy G. Miller. Mrs. J. M. Graham,
 Miss Anne Priest.

John Reily Chapter, Hamilton.
 Regent, Mrs. Wm. C. Miller.
 Mrs. Amy P. Danser,
 Mrs. John Heiser,
 Mrs. Charles Gath,
 Mrs. Newton Smith,
 Mrs. Lou J. Beauchamp,
 Mrs. Edward Sohngen,
 Mrs. Walter Tobey.

Jonathan Dayton Chapter, Dayton.
 Regent, Miss Rebekah Strickle. Mrs. Joseph Carr,
 Mrs. Thomas Weakley,
 Mrs. D. W. Green.

Joseph Spencer Chapter, Portsmouth.
 Regent, Miss Janette Stewart Silcox.
 Mrs. Ida F. Anderson,
 Mrs. Alice K. Hutchins,
 Mrs. Bertha LeF. Thomas.
 Miss Gertrude Oakes,
 Miss Bertha Waite.

Lagonda Chapter, Springfield.
 Regent, Mrs. Mary McC. Martin, Mrs. Jennie L. Thomas,
 Mrs. Gertrude Heffelfinger.
 Mrs. Elizabeth B. McGrew.

Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown.

Regent, Mrs. Ellen B. Botsford, Mrs. Rachel W. Tayler,
Mrs. Mary Hitchcock. Mrs. John E. McVey.

Marietta Chapter, Marietta.

Regent, Mrs. Mary Sayre Dana.

Mrs. James Creelman,
Mrs. Bosworth (Louise M.),
Miss Agnes W. Cadwallader,
Miss Grace F. Davis,
Miss Helen Curtis.

Martha Pitkin Chapter, Sandusky.

Regent, Miss Harriet C. West,
Mrs. Jay Osborne Moss.

Mrs. James Melville,
Mrs. Anna P. VanAlstyne,
Mrs. Thomas R. Sloane,
Miss Abbie B. Wolworth,
Mrs. Isaac Mack,
Mrs. Henry Graefe,
Miss Agnes E. Rodman,
Mrs. John A. Strutton,
Mrs. Augusta L. Moss,
Miss Fanny Cogswell.

Mary Washington Chapter, Mansfield.

Regent, Mrs. Frances W. Strong.

Miami Chapter, Troy.

Regent, Mrs. Elizabeth W. Carver. Mrs. Mary Hayner,
Mrs. George E. Coleman,
Mrs. Edith C. Carr.

Muskingum Chapter, Zanesville.

Regent, Miss Julia F. Munson. Mrs. Moses M. Granger.

Nabby Lee Ames Chapter, Athens.

Regent, Mrs. Mary C. de Steigner. Mrs. Grace P. Biddle,
Mrs. Lena deS. Slattery,
Mrs. Frances W. Welch,
Mrs. Clara Will Reah.

Nathaniel Massie Chapter, Chillicothe.

Regent, Miss Eliza I. Vanmeter.

New Connecticut Chapter, Painesville.

Regent, Mrs. Mary E. T. Wyman. Mrs. Eleanor M. Nye,
Mrs. Mary W. S. Keech,
Mrs. Caroline B. Tyler.

Old Northwest Chapter, Ravenna.

Regent, Mrs. Irene R. H. Seymour.

Mrs. Ellesif Reeves Beebe,
Mrs. Lura B. Leonard,
Mrs. Maud Freeman Marsh.

Piqua Chapter, Piqua.

Regent, Mrs. Frank P. Irvin.

Urbana Chapter, Urbana.	Miss Clifford Warnock.
Regent, Mrs. A. F. Vance.	
Ursula Wolcott Chapter, Toledo.	
Regent, Mrs. Alice B. Gardiner,	Mrs. Alice S. Doyle, Mrs. Ferdinand Welch, Miss Maria Waite, Mrs. Charles Rowland.
Miss Fannie Harnit.	
Wah-wil-a-way Chapter, Hillsboro.	
Regent, Mrs. H. W. Spargue.	Mrs. Martha R. Eddy.
Walter Deane Chapter, Conneaut.	
Regent, Mrs. Rowena B. Hickox.	
	(Not entitled to representation.)
Washington Court House Chapter, Washington Court House.	
Regent, Mrs. May McL. Howat.	Mrs. Minnie E. Gest,
Miss Emma B. Jackson.	Mrs. Mary P. Quinn.
Wauseon Chapter, Wauseon.	
Regent, Mrs. J. S. Newcomer.	Mrs. Haven T. Brigham.
Western Reserve Chapter, Cleveland.	
Regent, Mrs. Harvey D. Goulder,	Mrs. Stephen L. Pierce,
Mrs. Mars E. Wager,	Mrs. M. J. Doyle,
Mrs. William C. Boyle.	Mrs. Robert A. Castner,
	Mrs. H. C. Parsons,
	Mrs. E. M. Avery,
	Mrs. F. W. Hart,
	Mrs. H. A. Griffin,
	Mrs. E. L. Harris,
	Mrs. C. B. Tozier,
	Mrs. Sarah M. Perkins,
	Mrs. A. B. Coe,
	Mrs. Clara Hower,
	Mrs. C. H. Smith.
Wooster Wayne Chapter, Wooster.	
Regent, Mrs. Amy S. Mullins.	Miss Clementine Taggart, Miss Elizabeth M. Pendleton.
Wyoming Chapter, Wyoming.	
Regent, Mrs. George Kinsey.	Mrs. W. H. Connor.

OKLAHOMA TERRITORY.

Oklahoma City Chapter, Oklahoma City.
Regent, Mrs. Mary E. Carpenter. Miss Lillian Snowden.

OREGON.

State Regent—Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery.
 Multnomah Chapter, Portland.
 Regent, Mrs. Katherine T. McCamant,
 Mrs. Anna A. Warren.
 Mrs. Francis P. Sherman.

PENNSYLVANIA.

State Regent—Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder.
 State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Henry Pennypacker.
 Bellefonte Chapter, Bellefonte.
 Regent, Mrs. Evelyn H. Rogers. Mrs. D. H. Hastings.
 Berks County Chapter, Reading.
 Regent, Mrs. deB. Randolph Keim,
 Miss Emma Oberly,
 Mrs. Wm. deB. Brusstar. Mrs. J. C. Illig,
 Miss Addie Owen,
 Mrs. Robert S. Birch,
 Mrs. John B. Dampman,
 Miss Henrietta Owen,
 Miss Caroline M. Custer,
 Miss Marie Beyerle,
 Miss Blanche Seidel.

Bloomsburg Chapter, Bloomsburg.
 Regent, Mrs. Nora Sterner. (Not entitled to alternates.)

Brookville Chapter, Brookville.
 Regent, Mrs. Anthony W. Cook. Mrs. Charles Corbet,
 Mrs. S. S. Henderson,
 Mrs. John Clark Kepler.

Canadahta Chapter, Titusville.
 Regent, Mrs. Alma S. Sherman. Mrs. E. O. Emerson, Jr.

Chester County Chapter, West Chester.
 Regent, Mrs. Abner Hoopes,

Mrs. Joseph T. Rothrock. Mrs. Horace A. Beale,
 Mrs. Frank P. Miller,
 Miss Elizabeth M. Rothrock,
 Mrs. Sarah K. Ruth.

Colonel Crawford Chapter, Meadville.
 Regent, Mrs. Sarah E. Sennett. Mrs. S. Josephine Bates,
 Mrs. Annie M. Hempstead.

Colonel Hugh White Chapter, Lock Haven.
 Regent, Mrs. Louis A. Scott.

Colonel William Montgomery Chapter, Danville.
 Regent, Mrs. Gertrude G. Chalfant.

Conrad Weiser Chapter, Selin's Grove.
 Regent, Mrs. Annie K. Gregory.

(Will not be represented.)

Cumberland County Chapter, Carlisle.

Regent, Mrs. Mary L. Paulding. Mrs. W. B. Beitzel,
Mrs. James K. Eppley.

Declaration of Independence Chapter, Philadelphia.

Regent, Miss Harriet J. Baird-Huey.

Miss Harriet G. Cook,
Mrs. William B. Hodge,
Mrs. Oliver C. Dorney,
Miss Katharine G. Cook,
Mrs. Edward B. Searles.

Delaware County Chapter, Media.

Regent, Mrs. Richard Peters, Jr., Mrs. James G. Campbell,
Mrs. Louise Lodge,
Miss Josephine B. Knight,
Mrs. J. M. Bromall,

Mrs. S. B. Luckie. Mrs. Elwood Tyson,
Mrs. L. F. Jack,
Miss Margaret Little,
Mrs. J. Watts Mercur,
Mrs. P. W. Janeway,
Mrs. W. C. Sproul,
Mrs. S. Stoever.

Dial Rock Chapter, Pittston.

Regent, Mrs. Annette Gorman. Mrs. Katharine J. Wilcox,
Mrs. Esther Keeler.

Donegal Chapter, Lancaster.

Regent, Miss Susan R. Slaymaker,

Miss Susan C. Frazer. Miss M. Louise Rohrer,
Miss Salome J. Burrowes,
Miss Mary S. Kepler,
Miss Laura G. Slaymaker,
Miss Margaret Slaymaker,
Mrs. Wm. A. Heitshu,
Miss Grace Woods,
Mrs. Martin B. Rohrer,
Mrs. James Wickersham,
Mrs. Wm. P. Brinton,
Mrs. George A. Wallace,
Mrs. John W. Hassler,
Mrs. Grabill B. Long,
Mrs. Charles H. Locher,
Miss Lena Hertz,
Miss Lizzie Getz.

Du Bois Chapter, Du Bois.

Regent, Mrs. Eva K. Truxal.

Mrs. John E. DuBois.

Flag House Chapter, Philadelphia.	
Regent, Mrs. T. Worcester Worrell.	Mrs. Stephen T. Beale.
Fort McIntosh Chapter, Beaver.	
Regent, Miss Susan D. Darragh.	Mrs. William S. Anderson, Mrs. Ira F. Mansfield.
George Clymer Chapter, Towanda.	
Regent, Mrs. Isabella P. Rendall,	Mrs. G. A. Dayton, Mrs. Hila N. Williams, Mrs. Helen R. Hale, Mrs. Francis H. Tracy.
Mrs. Fred. Newell.	
George Taylor Chapter, Easton.	
Regent, Mrs. H. D. Maxwell.	Mrs. F. W. Edgar, Mrs. Oliver Myers.
Germantown Chapter, Germantown.	
Regent, Mrs. Clarence D. Senseman.	Mrs. Charles W. Sloan, Mrs. James O. Godwin.
Gettysburg Chapter, Gettysburg.	
Regent, Miss Virginia H. McCurdy.	Mrs. Martha A. H. O'Neal.
Harrisburg Chapter Harrisburg.	
Regent, Miss Caroline Pearson,	Mrs. George B. Kunkel,
Mrs. Levi H. Alricks.	Miss Janney G. McClintock.
Independence Hall Chapter, Philadelphia.	
Regent, Mrs. James G. Leiper,	Mrs. David S. Stetson, Mrs. Charles W. Merrill,
Miss Agnes M. Mitchell.	Mrs. Samuel J. Taylor, Mrs. Wm. McCandless.
Lawrence Chapter, New Castle.	
Regent, Miss Anna P. King.	Mrs. James M. Clarke.
Lebanon Chapter, Lebanon.	
Regent, Miss Adeline E. Guilford.	(Not entitled to representation.)
Liberty Bell Chapter, Allentown.	
Regent, Mrs. Robert Iredell.	Miss Minnie F. Mickley, Miss Florence I. Berger.
Lycoming Chapter, Williamsport.	
Regent, Mrs. Allen P. Perley,	Mrs. Herbert Laird,
Mrs. Newell L. Johnson.	Miss Annie McClure, Miss Mercy A. Doebler.
McKean Chapter, Smethport.	
Regent, Mrs. Helen G. Morrison.	Mrs. Mary H. Forrest.

Merion Chapter, Bala.

Regent, Mrs. John F. Develin.

Miss Margaret Harvey,
Mrs. Peter J. Hughes,
Mrs. Beulah H. Whildin.

Philadelphia Chapter, Philadelphia.

Regent, Mrs. Edward H. Ogden,

Mrs. Louis P. Evans,

Mrs. William Thornton,

Mrs. R. Somers Rhodes.

Mrs. Frank H. Getchell,
Mrs. S. P. S. Mitchell,
Mrs. Frederick Gerry,
Mrs. Mahlon H. Kline,
Mrs. Charles M. Lukens,
Mrs. Charles W. Sparhawk,
Miss Anna B. Frishmuth,
Mrs. Theodore Pidgeon,
Miss Helen Erben,
Mrs. Joseph Sinnott.

Phoebe Bayard Chapter, Greensburg.

Regent, Mrs. Will A. Huff.

Mrs. Charles Davis.

Pittsburgh Chapter, Pittsburg.

Regent, Mrs. Samuel Ammon,

Mrs. Albert A. Horne,

Mrs. Joseph W. Marsh,

Mrs. S. Jarvis Adams,

Mrs. William S. Foster.

Miss Julia M. Harding,
Mrs. Edward B. Scull,
Mrs. Halsey Williams,
Mrs. George C. Lewis,
Mrs. Oliver D. Thompson,
Mrs. Dexter J. Thayer,
Mrs. R. T. Reineman,
Mrs. Maxwell Moorhead,
Mrs. Wm. T. Wallace,
Mrs. Albert Childs,
Mrs. Park Painter,
Miss Matilda Denny,
Mrs. Julia K. Hogg.

Presque Isle Chapter, Erie.

Regent, Mrs. Missouri N. Morrison.

Mrs. J. F. Downing,
Miss Helen Ball,
Miss Osie Ball.

Quaker City Chapter, Philadelphia.

Regent, Mrs. Catherine A. Bruce, Mrs. Kate Phillips,

Miss Emma L. Crowell, Mrs. Park Schack,

Miss Elizabeth E. Massey.

Mrs. Warren W. Fisher,
Mrs. Joseph McElmell,
Mrs. W. M. Laverty,
Mrs. James Dunn,
Mrs. Charles Purves.

Schuylkill Valley Chapter, Pottstown.	Regent, Mrs. Elizabeth H. Hoffer. Mrs. George H. Leister, Miss Anna C. Rossiter.
Shikelimo Chapter, Lewisburg.	Regent, Mrs. Joseph C. Nesbit. Mrs. Charles A. Godcharles, Mrs. Matthew Cowden, Mrs. Augusta Loomis, Mrs. Frank M. Sampson, Mrs. Edward Irland.
Sunbury Chapter, Sunbury.	Regent, Mrs. Annie J. Sidler. Mrs. Anthony C. Simpson, Mrs. Frank K. Hain.
Susquehanna Chapter, Clearfield.	Regent, Mrs. Mary D. Patton. Mrs. Mary Krebs, Mrs. Elizabeth Swoop, Mrs. Jane B. Hartwick.
Tidioute Chapter, Tidioute.	Regent, Mrs. Henry H. Cumings. Miss Marial G. King, Mrs. Emily C. Ellis.
Tioga Chapter, Athens.	Regent, Mrs. C. S. Maurice, Miss Margaret Maurice, Mrs. G. H. Stimson. Mrs. J. N. Weaver.
Tunkhannock Chapter, Tunkhannock.	Regent, Mrs. Frances P. Piatt, Mrs. I. Ella Reynolds, Mrs. Helena S. Hatfield, Mrs. Georgiana M. Piolette, Miss Elizabeth Bunnell.
Valley Forge Chapter, Norristown.	Regent, Mrs. Rebecca McInnes. Mrs. Harriet D. Eisenberg, Mrs. Margaret S. Hunsicker, Mrs. Mary W. Harry, Mrs. Ellen K. Fornance, Mrs. Frances B. Brown.
Venango Chapter, Franklin.	Regent, Mrs. Jane D. Hancock. Miss Mary E. Hancock.
Washington County Chapter, Washington.	Regent, Mrs. Minnie R. Borchers. Miss Nancy Sherrard, Miss Margaret Bureau, Mrs. Mary L. Horn, Mrs. Gertrude S. Miller.
Witness Tree Chapter, Columbia.	Regent, Miss Martha Mifflin. Mrs. John Lutz, Miss Belle Lowry, Miss Lillian Evans.

Wyoming Valley Chapter, Wilkes-Barre.

Regent, Mrs. Katharine Searle McCartney.

Mrs. Sarah B. Woodward,
 Mrs. Isaac P. Hand,
 Mrs. Martha B. Phelps,
 Mrs. Jennie DeW. Harvey,
 Miss Mary C. Sharpe,
 Mrs. Charles Miner.

Yorktown Chapter, York.

Regent, Mrs. Smyser Williams. Mrs. James W. Latimer.

RHODE ISLAND.

State Regent—Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Edward L. Johnson.

Bristol Chapter, Bristol.

Regent, Mrs. William McC. Ransom,

Miss Anna B. Manchester,
 Miss Alice L. Gardner.

Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter, Pawtucket.

Regent, Mrs. Martha J. Chase, Mrs. Ella A. Tuck,
 Mrs. Susan J. Fisk. Miss Ella F. Mason.

Gaspee Chapter, Providence.

Regent, Mrs. Richard J. Barker, Mrs. William H. Thornley,
 Mrs. Jesse C. Fenner, Miss Abby W. Adams,
 Miss Mary C. Talbot, Miss Anne W. Stockbridge,
 Mrs. Frank A. Waterman, Miss Grace L. Slocum.

General Nathaniel Greene Chapter, East Greenwich.

Regent, Mrs. Elbridge G. Carpenter,

Mrs. Charles H. Allen,
 Mrs. S. W. Chace,
 Mrs. William P. Congdon,
 Miss Anna F. Holden.

Narrangansett, East Greenwich.

Regent, Mrs. Herbert J. Wells. Miss Sara L. McCrillis.

Pawtucket Chapter, Pawtucket.

Regent, Mrs. Lavinia B. Briggs, Mrs. Hezekiah Conant,
 Mrs. Mary C. Bowen. Mrs. Henry G. Thresher,
 Miss Claribel Crandall,
 Miss Nettie D. Kinyon.

Phebe Green Ward Chapter, Westerly.

Regent, Mrs. Harriet S. Langdon, Mrs. Charles Stanton,
 Mrs. George Champlin. Mrs. George N. Burdick.

William Ellery Chapter, Newport.

Regent, Mrs. Kate Burlingame, Mrs. Isabella H. Sanborn,
 Mrs. Clara A. Pinniger.

Mrs. Annie M. Bryant,
 Mrs. Eliza A. Kaull,
 Mrs. Mary A. Baxter,
 Miss Susan W. Swinburne Mrs. Sarah A. N. Sayer,
 Mrs. Minnie C. Barker,
 Mrs. Florence S. Howard,
 Mrs. Eliza A. Stewart,
 Miss Elizabeth Swinburne.

Woonsocket Chapter, Woonsocket.

Regent, Mrs. Adele S. H. Jackson, Miss M. Louise Ballou,
 Mrs. Francello G. Jillson,
 Mrs. Susan A. Ballou. Mrs. Charles O. Arnold,
 Mrs. Cyrena J. Aldrich.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

State Regent—Mrs. Henry W. Richardson.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. George W. Nicholls.

Andrew Pickens Chapter, Seneca.

Regent, Mrs. Annie W. Mell. Mrs. Grace Calhoun,
 Mrs. Gussie Doyle.

Catawba Chapter, Rock Hill.

Regent, Mrs. Eliza F. W. Buist. Mrs. B. M. Fenell,
 Mrs. T. A. Crawford.

Cateechee Chapter, Anderson.

Regent, Mrs. William Laughlin. Mrs. S. Bleckley.

Columbia Chapter, Columbia.

Regent, Mrs. L. D. Childs. Mrs. August Kohn.

Cowpens Chapter, Spartanburg.

Regent, Mrs. Dora F. Jones. Mrs. W. E. Bennett.

Esther Marion Chapter, Aiken.

Regent, Mrs. Lillie R. Henderson. Mrs. Ellen E. Rice,
 Mrs. Mary Red Wood.

Kate Barry Chapter, Spartanburg.

Regent, Mrs. Mabel F. Simpson. Miss Mary O. Dean.

King's Mountain Chapter, Yorkville.

Regent, Mrs. Samuel M. McNeel. Mrs. A. V. Snell,
 Mrs. R. M. Bratton,
 Mrs. Sarah E. Tillinghast.

Lewis Malone Ayer Chapter, Barnwell.

Regent, Miss Jennie Louise Bates.

(Not entitled to alternates.)

Mary Adair Chapter, Chester.

Regent, Miss Charlotte A. Hardin.

Mrs. J. C. McLure,
 Mrs. F. M. Hicklin.

Moultrie Chapter, Orangeburg.

Regent, Mrs. Lurline M. Ligon. Mrs. Jesse B. W. Bull.
Nathaniel Greene Chapter, Greenville.

Regent, Mrs. Flora P. Dill. Mrs. Mary P. Gridley,
Mrs. Harriet Wilkins,
Miss Marie Gilreath,
Mrs. Alvin Dean,
Mrs. P. T. Hayne,
Mrs. F. Louise Mayer,
Mrs. Nannie Wright.

Rebecca Motte Chapter, Charleston.

Regent, Mrs. Frances M. Jones. Miss Eola H. Willis,
Mrs. H. C. Hughes. Miss Mai L. Scott.

Sumter's Home Chapter, Sumter.

Regent, Miss Edith M. DeLorme. Miss Katherine Moses.

Swamp Fox Chapter, Marion.

Regent, Mrs. Henry Buck. (Not entitled to alternates.)

TENNESSEE.

State Regent—Mrs. Charles B. Bryan.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Edwin S. Gardner.

Bonny Kate Chapter, Knoxville.

Regent, Miss Mary Boyce Temple. Mrs. Ida Lambert,
Miss S. Ella Hunt,
Mrs. J. W. Caldwell,

Mrs. John Frazee.

Mrs. Jennie Keeling,
Mrs. M. L. Patterson,
Mrs. Wm. Goodman,
Mrs. H. Fonde,
Mrs. H. O. Milton,
Mrs. Aiken,
Mrs. McNeiley.

Campbell Chapter, Nashville.

Regent, Mrs. W. W. Berry,

Mrs. L. B. Fete.

Miss E. Kate Trousdell,
Mrs. Eliza W. Edwards,
Mrs. Charles Sykes,
Mrs. Josephine Ellis.

Chickamauga Chapter, Chattanooga.

Regent, Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain,
Mrs. K. D. Rathburn.

Mrs. James A. Caldwell,
Mrs. H. V. Boynton,
Mrs. W. B. Mitchel.

Commodore Perry Chapter, Memphis.

Regent, Mrs. S. C. Toof,

Mrs. C. C. Huntington.

Mrs. Virginia Matthews,
Mrs. Nannie P. Harris,
Miss Ellen Perkins,
Mrs. Frances W. Eastland.

Cumberland Chapter, Nashville.

Regent, Mrs. A. M. Shook,

Mrs. Mark S. Cockrell,
Miss Lizzie Atchison,Mrs. William E. Norvell, Mrs. Charles H. Eastman,
Mrs. W. G. Spencer.

Hermitage Chapter, Memphis.

Regent, Mrs. Mary W. Latham,

Mrs. Kate S. Lenman.

Mrs. Edward B. Lindsay,
Mrs. Medora Brooks,Mrs. Howard Ford,
Mrs. Anna L. Sledge,
Mrs. Virginia H. Houck,
Miss Lida Moore.

Jackson-Madison Chapter, Jackson.

Regent, Mrs. Emma M. Mosby.

Mrs. Fannie A. Enloe.

Margaret Gaston Chapter, Lebanon.

Regent, Mrs. Joseph Mackenzie.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Old Glory Chapter, Franklin.

Regent, Mrs. Lucy H. Horton.

Mrs. Julia P. Eggleston,
Mrs. Jennie P. Hyde,
Mrs. Leighla P. Cochrane.

Shelby Chapter, Shelbyville.

Regent, Mrs. Jennie M. Wilhoite.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Watauga Chapter, Memphis.

Regent, Mrs. Mary R. Day.

Mrs. Shirley D. Chism,
Mrs. Keller Anderson,
Mrs. James Devant.

TEXAS.

State Regent—Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor.

Agnes Woodson Chapter, Belton.

Regent, Miss Mary Pettus Thomas.

(Will not be represented.)

Betty Martin Chapter, Temple.

Regent, Mrs. Huling P. Robertson.

Mrs. A. C. Buchanan.

El Paso Chapter, El Paso.

Regent, Miss Thirza L. Westcott. Mrs. John S. Akin.

George Washington Chapter, Galveston.

Regent, Mrs. Daisy C. Polk,

Mrs. John R. Holmes.

Mrs. Edwin F. Harris,
Mrs. Edwin Bruce,
Mrs. C. B. Stone,
Mrs. Thomas J. Groce.

Henry Downs Chapter, Waco.

Regent, Mrs. Mary W. Carter.

Mrs. James W. Lee.

Jane Douglas Chapter, Dallas.	
Regent, Mrs. Alvin H. Lane,	Mrs. G. H. de Jarnette,
Mrs. R. L. Goodman.	Mrs. John T. Smither.
Lady Washington Chapter, Houston.	
Regent, Mrs. David F. Stewart,	Mrs. H. F. Ring,
Miss Anne Yocom.	Mrs. Corra B. Foster.
Mary Isham Keith Chapter, Fort Worth.	
Regent, Mrs. John F. Swayne.	Mrs. Edgar Capps.
Rebecca Crockett Chapter, Gainesville.	
Regent, Mrs. Thomas M. Bosson.	Mrs. Otto B. Smith,
	Mrs. John L. Simpson,
	Mrs. C. Newcomb Stevens,
	Mrs. Wm. L. Blanton.
San Antonio de Bexar Chapter, San Antonio.	
Regent, Miss M. Eleanor Brackenridge.	Mrs. James H. French.
Thankful Hubbard Chapter, Austin.	
Regent, Mrs. William H. Bell.	Mrs. Ira H. Evans.
Weatherford Chapter, Weatherford.	
Regent, Mrs. Robert W. Foat.	Mrs. R. S. Lowe,
	Mrs. Wright D. Taylor,
	Mrs. John O. Tucker.

UTAH.

State Regent—Mrs. Mary M. F. Allen.	
Spirit of Liberty Chapter, Salt Lake City.	
Regent, Mrs. Minnie W. Miller.	

VERMONT.

State Regent—Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Clayton N. North.	
Ann Story Chapter, Rutland.	
Regent, Mrs. Horace H. Dyer,	Mrs. Lowry A. Harman,
Mrs. Albert W. Edson.	Mrs. David N. Haynes,
	Mrs. Emily S. Moore,
	Mrs. Fanny A. Welcher,
	Mrs. Philip R. Leavenworth.
Ascutney Chapter, Windsor.	
Regent, Mrs. Helen E. J. Davis.	Mrs. Lulu F. Woolson,
	Mrs. Mary C. Hubbard,
	Mrs. Jessie White Cabot.
Bronson Chapter, Arlington.	
Regent, Mrs. James E. Dalghish.	
	(Not entitled to representation.)

Bellevue Chapter, St. Albans.

Regent, Mrs. Hannah B. Morton, Mrs. Emma J. Church,
 Mrs. Clarissa J. Robertson.
 Mrs. Helen W. Merrill,
 Mrs. Sybil I. Goodspeed,
 Mrs. Mabel Foss,
 Miss Sara F. Barnes.

Bennington Chapter, Bennington.

Regent, Mrs. Mary Gale Root, Mrs. G. F. Graves.
 Mrs. Charles H. Darling.

Brattleboro Chapter, Brattleboro.

Regent, Mrs. F. L. Smith, Mrs. Annie G. Cobb,
 Mrs. E. A. Starkey. Miss Zelia Johnson,
 Mrs. Laura Wiggin,
 Miss Susan Clark,
 Mrs. J. G. Ullery,
 Mrs. M. I. Reed.

Ethan Allen Chapter, Middlebury.

Regent, Mrs. Frances F. W. Wales. Miss Emma Wilcox.

Green Mountain Chapter, Burlington.

Regent, Miss Mary Roberts, Mrs. D. W. Robinson,
 Mrs. J. H. Wires. Mrs. B. B. Smalley,
 Mrs. Rodney Roby,
 Mrs. N. W. Fisk,
 Mrs. W. L. Stone.

Hand's Cove Chapter, Shoreham.

Regent, Mrs. Mary M. Platt, Mrs. Eva W. Cutts,
 Mrs. Anne B. North. Mrs. Emeline B. Clark,
 Miss Marcia A. Douglas,
 Mrs. Mary R. Abell,
 Mrs. Abbie K. Buell.

Heber Allen Chapter, Poultney.

Regent, Mrs. Mary H. Farnham. Mrs. Clara B. Platt.

Lake Dunmore Chapter, Brandon.

Regent, Miss Julia A. C. Jackson. Mrs. Nellie E. Bowman.

Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, Montpelier.

Regent, Mrs. Mary F. Cummins, Mrs. Calista R. Jones,
 Miss Martha S. Watson. Mrs. Ella M. Warren.

Ormsby Chapter, Manchester.

Regent, Mrs. Mary E. U. Robbins. Mrs. Olin R. Beach.

Ottaqueechee Chapter, Woodstock.

Regent, Mrs. Mary M. Vaughan, Miss Evie A. Hapgood,
 Miss Ellen A. Fairbanks,
 Mrs. Julia W. Slack.

Oxbow Chapter, Newbury.

Regent, Mrs. Ella H. Atkinson,	Mrs. Phebe Bailey.
Palestrello Chapter, Wallingford.	
Regent, Mrs. Mary F. Waldo.	Mrs. Anna M. McIntyre, Mrs. Clara K. Noble, Mrs. Grace C. Buffum.

St. John de Crevecoeur Chapter, St. Johnsbury.

Regent, Mrs. George H. Cross.	Mrs. John W. Titcomb.
Seth Warner Chapter, Vergennes.	

Regent, Mrs. Lucy C. C. Hindes.	Mrs. Kate McCuen, Miss Lois E. Lyon, Mrs. Laura C. Jodoin.
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(Will not be represented.)

Thomas Chittenden Chapter, White River Junction.

Regent, Mrs. Julia E. K. Batchelder.	
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William McKinley Chapter, Middletown.

Regent, Mrs. Alice E. W. Gray.	Mrs. J. E. Buxton.
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VIRGINIA.

State Regent—Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard.

Albemarle Chapter, Charlottesville.

Regent, Mrs. William H. Wood.	Mrs. Wm. M. Thornton, Mrs. Thomas B. Lyons, Mrs. George W. Olivier, Mrs. R. W. Huntington.
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Betty Washington Lewis Chapter, Fredericksburg.

Regent, Mrs. John T. Goolrick.	Mrs. Charles L. Ruffin, Mrs. Dorr Clark, Mrs. B. W. C. Chancellor, Mrs. John B. Gray.
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Beverly Manor Chapter, Staunton.

Regent, Mrs. Garrett G. Gooch.	Miss Maria P. Duval, Mrs. Maria B. Taylor, Mrs. Frank M. Hanger, Mrs. Ellen M. McCullough, Mrs. Charles Curry.
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Blue Ridge Chapter, Lynchburg.

Regent, Mrs. Florence Horsley.	Mrs. Alice J. Kyle, Mrs. Alice H. Quick, Mrs. Carrie Steptoe, Miss Elvira Miller.
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Commonwealth Chapter, Richmond.

Regent, Mrs. Benjamin F. Purcell,	Mrs. M. Allen Chambers,
Mrs. David T. Williams.	Mrs. Mary L. Harrison.

Dorothea Henry Chapter, Danville.

Regent, Mrs. James G. Penn, Miss Laura Mitchell,
Mrs. W. W. Williamson. Mrs. W. C. Day,
Mrs. Claud A. Swanson,
Mrs. S. E. Hughes,
Mrs. John F. Rison,
Miss Kate Jamison,
Miss Frances Starr,
Miss Nannie Wiseman,
Mrs. Ella C. Bowen.

Fort Nelson Chapter, Portsmouth.

Regent, Mrs. Charles R. Nash. Mrs. J. F. Maupin,
Mrs. John A. Lejeune,
Mrs. A. B. Butt.

Frances Bland Randolph Chapter, Petersburg.

Regent, Mrs. Alice M. Finch. Mrs. H. B. Hollifield.

Great Bridge Chapter, Norfolk.

Regent, Mrs. Hugh N. Page, Mrs. James Hubard,
Miss Leta Serpell,
Mrs. Robert B. Cooke,
Mrs. John Ritchie,
Mrs. Charles Webster,
Miss Fannie Sams,
Mrs. Francis P. Stros.

Miss Elizabeth Wales.

Hampton Chapter, Hampton.

Regent, Mrs. Charles H. Hewins. Mrs. S. H. Sayre.

Margaret Lynn Lewis Chapter, Roanoke.

Regent, Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison. Mrs. Charles S. Churchill.

Massanutton Chapter, Harrisonburg.

Regent, Mrs. John T. Harris. Miss Mary L. Conrad.

Montpelier Chapter, Orange.

Regent, Mrs. Anne W. Harper. Mrs. John F. Rixey.

Mount Vernon Chapter, Alexandria.

Regent, Mrs. Wm. A. Smoot, Mrs. E. C. Reid,
Mrs. F. J. Robinson. Mrs. E. W. Jamison,
Mrs. Samuel Monroe,
Mrs. Laura Voorhees,
Miss Rebecca C. Powell,
Miss Susan R. Hetzel,
Mrs. H. N. Brockett,
Mrs. Wm. B. Smoot,
Miss Ellie D. Bouldin,
Miss Laura Smoot,
Mrs. H. C. Ansley,
Mrs. Dabney Herndon.

Old Dominion Chapter, Richmond.

Regent, Miss Lucy C. Atkinson. Miss Alice M. Reddy.

Peaks of Otter Chapter, Bedford City.

Regent, Mrs. Robert B. Clayton. Mrs. Nelson Sale,
Miss Virginia B. Thomas.

Stuart Chapter, Wytheville.

Regent, Miss Willie C. Withers.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Sycamore Shoals Chapter, Bristol.

Regent, Mrs. Henry Fitzhugh Lewis.

Mrs. J. H. McCue,
Miss Marion Warren,
Miss Margaret Penick,
Mrs. Linnie K. Owen,
Miss Florence Anderson.

WASHINGTON.

State Regent—Mrs. John A. Parker.

Esther Reed Chapter, Spokane.

Regent Mrs. Virginia L. Fleming. Mrs. Julia T. Brooks,
Mrs. Jennie L. Gordon,
Miss Miriam H. Tannatt.

Lady Stirling Chapter, Seattle.

Regent, Mrs. Mary E. P. R. Phelps,

Mrs. Carrie B. Valentine.

Mrs. Emma Bigelow.

Mary Ball Chapter, Tacoma.

Regent, Mrs. Susan H. Dryer.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Rainier Chapter, Seattle.

Regent, Mrs. John Leary, Miss Mary P. Bullock,
Mrs. Martha W. Fulton. Miss Gertrude V. D. Hardenbergh.

Robert Gray Chapter, Hoquiam.

Regent, Mrs. Ida Soule Kuhn.

Virginia Dare Chapter, Tacoma.

Regent, Mrs. Eva W. Gore.

Mrs. Adelaide Rogers.

WEST VIRGINIA.

State Regent—Mrs. Baldwin D. Spilman.

State Vice-Regent—Miss Martha J. Silver.

Colonel Charles Lewis Chapter, Point Pleasant.

Regent, Mrs. Cordelia A. McCulloch.

Mrs. Jennie M. Newton,
Mrs. Edith C. M. Stephens,
Mrs. Romaine B. Downing.

Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter, Morgantown.
 Regent, Mrs. R. H. Edmondson. Mrs. Russel Morris,
 Mrs. F. L. Emory,
 Mrs. Edward McNeil,
 Miss Clara Hough,
 Miss Ruth Wood.

Elizabeth Zane Chapter, Buckhannon.
 Regent, Mrs. Charles Latham.
 (Not entitled to representation.)

James Wood Chapter, Parkersburg.
 Regent, Mrs. Annie O. Jackson. Mrs. Mary S. Jackson.

William Henshaw Chapter, Hedgesville.
 Regent, Miss Valley Virginia Henshaw.
 Miss Margaret O. Oldham,
 Miss Rosena A. Johnson,
 Mrs. Louise H. Hendrickson.

WISCONSIN.

State Regent—Mrs. Thomas H. Brown.
 State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Ogden H. Fethers.

Beloit Chapter, Beloit.
 Regent, Mrs. William C. Weirick.

Fay Robinson Chapter, Reedsburg.
 Regent, Mrs. Helen N. Perry.

Fort Atkinson Chapter, Fort Atkinson.
 Regent, Mrs. Carrie P. Cornish, Mrs. Alice R. Purdy,
 Mrs. Fannie T. Specht. Mrs. Elvira McP. Wilcox.

Fond du Lac Chapter, Fond du Lac.
 Regent, Mrs. Georgia H. Neal. Mrs. G. A. Henry.

Janesville Chapter, Janesville.
 Regent, Miss Catharine R. Fifield, Mrs. Emma Carpenter,
 Mrs. Frances C. Fethers. Mrs. Clara Jackman.

John Bell Chapter, Madison.
 Regent, Mrs. Mary L. Atwood, Mrs. James S. Smith,
 Mrs. Edward T. Owen. Mrs. Edwin C. Mason,
 Mrs. Harry B. Hobbins.

Kenosha Chapter, Kenosha.
 Regent, Mrs. Z. G. Simmons, Jr. Miss Edna Farr,
 Mrs. W. W. Strong,
 Mrs. Samuel Reynolds.

La Crosse Chapter, La Crosse.
 Regent, Miss Gertrude, M. Hogan,
 Mrs. E. R. Low,
 Miss M. L. C. Tourtelotte.
 Mrs. James McCord.

Milwaukee Chapter, Milwaukee.

Regent, Mrs. Frances S. Kempster,

Mrs. Edwin E. White,
 Mrs. S. S. Merrill,
 Miss Harriet Merrill,
 Mrs. Alfred Dawson,
 Mrs. Adele Barnes,
 Mrs. Charles M. Farnum,
 Mrs. James A. Sheridan.

Munedoo Chapter, Columbus.

Regent, Miss Lillian E. Lee. Mrs. Adelaide Leitsch.

Nequi-Antigo-Siebah Chapter, Antigo.

Regent, Mrs. Mattie C. Van Ostrand.

Mrs. Henry S. DeForest,
 Miss Maude Latta.

Oshkosh Chapter, Oshkosh.

Regent, Mrs. Elma L. Gilkey, Mrs. Jane G. W. Smith,
 Mrs. Maud D. Harper. Mrs. Bessie L. D. Josslyn,
 Mrs. Josephine W. Hays.

Racine Chapter, Racine.

Regent, Mrs. Stella B. Hart.

Steven's Point Chapter, Steven's Point.

Regent, Mrs. Clara Z. B. Mitchell. Mrs. N. A. Week.

Tyranena Chapter, Lake Mills.

Regent, Mrs. Louise M. Fargo.

Wau Bun Chapter, Portage.

Regent, Mrs. Philena L. C. Jones. Mrs. Melissa L. Alverson.

Waukesha-Continental Chapter, Waukesha.

Regent, Mrs. Sara Griswold.

Waupun Chapter, Waupun.

Regent, Mrs. Jessie Scott. Mrs. Elizabeth A. Hinkley,
 Mrs. Maud Tichenor.

WYOMING.

State Regent—Mrs. Frank W. Mondell.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Henry B. Patten.

Cheyenne Chapter, Cheyenne.

Regent, Mrs. Mary E. Bartlett. Mrs. Lizzie VanD. Lacey,
 Mrs. Henrietta W. Bond,
 Miss Louisa M. Burrage.

Jacques Laramie Chapter, Laramie.

Regent, Mrs. Lida Eaton Fitch.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Aloha Chapter, Honolulu.

Regent, Mrs. Agnes H. B. Judd.

During the call of the roll the following occurred:

After calling *Indiana*:

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair asks, will you kindly keep order to help us? Please keep quiet. Complaints have come from the rear of the house that the roll call can not be heard. The Chair thinks there is too much noise, but she does not know where it comes from now.

After calling *Kentucky*:

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I am afraid you are forgetting again. [Laughter.] Please let's have order.

After calling *Massachusetts*:

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair requests that at least one hundred members remain, in order to adopt the program. Even the end of the congress must come by and by. Be happy that you have so many delegates. Our reader is very much afraid her voice will give out against so many odds. The Chair requests that quiet will be in the foyer. It disturbs the reader. The Chair requests the officers standing at the doors to announce to those without that they must keep a little quiet there.

Mrs. SWIFT. Why should not we have that door closed, and neither allow anyone to go in or out?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We can not. It opens with a touch.

Mrs. DEERE. There is a meeting of various states called for 5 o'clock. How many, Madam, are left?

READER. We are in "M." They know how much of the alphabet is left. About half through.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will permit all those delegates who have answered to the roll call to go out if they will promise to be here to-night. She wants you to know, however, that one hundred must remain.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. Why not fine each one who speaks in the lobby ten cents for Continental Hall?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair thinks we would get a good many dollars that way, but, as much as we love Continental Hall, we can not do that.

Mrs. BALLINGER. A question of privilege. When do we adopt the program?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. As soon as we are through with the roll call we will have the report of the program committee. We must have one hundred to see us through. Go out (to those leaving) as quietly as possible, and return at 8 o'clock promptly for contributions to Continental Hall. Now, then, proceed Madam Reader. Be very quiet. Please do not converse. The Chair requests that you will not indulge in conversation but go out very quietly, those who have the right to do so, having had their names called. The Chair requests order in the auditorium.

The reader continues with the call of the roll.

During the calling of *New Jersey*:

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say, in response to a note she has received, that to-night is a regular meeting of the society, and the delegates must arrive in time to secure their seats in their proper places, so that they may attend to their work and not be deprived of their seats.

Miss BAIRD-HUEY. We have not yet been given our seats.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You will be given your seats to-night. The Chair wishes all the delegates to be seated in their places to-night. Go to the chairman of the house committee for any information you may wish. We desire all the delegates of this congress to occupy the places reserved for them, and they are not for anyone else.

Mrs. MURPHY. Are there particular seats for the national officers?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The vice-presidents general are to occupy the stage. The state regents sit with their delegations.

Mrs. GETCHEL. Are there any special seats for Continental Hall committee?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair states that there are no special seats for Continental Hall committee. The Chair desires those members of the Continental Hall committee who are not delegates to come to the stage. The Chair will see that they have places. Did you hear me?

The reader continues the call of the roll.

After calling *South Carolina*:

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair hopes the members will remain for consideration of the program. She fears you are forgetting her request about remaining. We must take action on our program.

Mrs. BALLINGER. A question of privilege, Madam President General. Can not we adopt this program at the evening session?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Possibly we can do so. The chairman of the program committee tells me she will take only one moment. The Chair requests that all will remain. It takes only sixty seconds.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Some of us have objection to the program. Therefore we want time to raise them.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You will have the opportunity to raise them. The reader continues the roll call.

Roll call completed.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard the report of the credential committee. What may be your pleasure regarding it?

Miss WILLIAMS. I move that it be accepted.

Mrs. JEWETT. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that the report of the credential committee be accepted. All in favor of accepting this report say "aye;" those contrary, "no." The ayes seem to have it, the ayes have it, and the report is accepted. Next is the report of the program committee, Mrs. Rosa. Now all be quiet.

Mrs. ROSA. [Applause.] The printed program, copies of which are

already in your hands, constitutes the report of the program committee. In arranging this program we have followed, in the main, the order of exercises of former congresses. We have endeavored to present, in addition to the order of exercises, a complete and accurate list of all national officers and the committees of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, and we hope that our work will meet with your satisfaction.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard the report of the program committee. What will you do with it?

Miss MILLER. I move that it be accepted.

Seconded by Mrs. Guss and others.

Mrs. BALLINGER. In accepting this report in its entirety we are called upon to accept that for Friday, in regard to Friday, are we not, Madam President General?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is for you to do with just as you please.

Mrs. BALLINGER. The program states that the motion regarding Good Friday, offered at the Thirteenth Congress, was passed. As I took part in this discussion as to whether any one church or two churches should control the actions of our congress, I remember that that motion as offered by Mrs. Weed was lost. I do not know whether the minutes of the last congress are here, but I labor under the impression that this motion was lost. My only object, Madam President General, with all deference to every church tenet, to its festivals and its sorrows, is directed against establishing a precedent. These questions are better not raised in a body like our own, and that was my sole objection, against establishing a precedent. Good Friday, as it is called, should not be set aside by us any more than Holy Saturday. Therefore, I would like to know if, in accepting this program, those of us who would like to transact any business next Friday would be compelled to adjourn?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Good Friday means from morning until evening. If you adopt the program you observe Good Friday, but, of course, you could reserve a portion of the day for your duties.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I would ask for the minutes of the Thirteenth Congress.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The minutes of the last congress can have no bearing upon this.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Again I say, that it is very unwise to bring into this body these questions as to religious observances of certain days where all the churches do not keep them. I was raised an Episcopalian and speak unbiased. Therefore, I move—is a motion in order?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion is not now in order, in the opinion of the Chair. The Chair will listen to other discussion. You may amend it, but you can not make any other motion.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I do not propose to make a motion, but call for the minutes of the Thirteenth Congress. They certainly ought to be here.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Why is it necessary to produce the minutes of the Thirteenth Congress when we are a law unto ourselves? The Chair sees no objection to having a vote to accept or reject the program.

A MEMBER. I move we take a recess. Seconded.

Mrs. DRAPER. As there is a very small number here present, I would move that the consideration of the program be deferred until the first thing to-morrow morning. That is in order, is it not, Madam President?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to know if you will eliminate that part which refers to this evening?

Mrs. DRAPER. Certainly.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this motion of Mrs. Draper to postpone the consideration of the program until to-morrow morning with the exception of that relating to this evening's business. Are you ready for the question?

Mrs. AMMON. There was a motion made first and seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair does not know. In accepting this motion she is accepting on faith. The Chair heard of a motion coming in right on top of another, a motion to adjourn or to amend.

Mrs. DRAPER. The Chair did not declare the motion to adjourn.

Cries of "Question! Question!"

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Those in favor of postponing consideration of this program until the first thing to-morrow morning, excepting the business relating to this evening's session, will please say "aye;" those contrary minded, "no." The "ayes" have it, and it is so ordered.

Mrs. DRAPER. I move we take a recess until 8 o'clock to-night.

Mrs. MCNEIL. I second the motion.

Recess accordingly taken (at 5.45 p. m.).

EVENING SESSION, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1905.

The congress was called to order at 8 o'clock p. m., the president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, in the chair.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that the delegates must speak in their places to-night. This is not an open meeting. The congress of the Daughters occupy this floor. Visitors and alternates and visiting Daughters must take the seats at the sides. No one but the regular delegated members of congress sit upon this floor.

(Several musical selections were rendered by the orchestra.)

READER. Ladies, the president general instructs me to say that she wishes you to be seated as soon as possible, the various delegations seating themselves as far as possible around their state regents, if there is room, but we must begin the ceremonies at the close of this musical number, and it makes no difference if you do or do not sit in your own assigned seats to-night, provided only members of the congress are seated on the floor.

(The orchestra here rendered another selection.)

The reader here read a number of notices, among others one to the effect that "Washington Life," a publication of Washington city, wished to announce that 20 per cent. of its sales during the congress would be given to the Continental Hall fund. I am further instructed to announce that the president general has appointed on the committee on recommendations of national officers the following ladies: Mrs. Jewett, Mrs. Thom, and Mrs. Murphy.

(The president general temporarily left the Chair, the Chair being assumed by Miss Williams.)

Mrs. FAIRBANKS. [Great applause.]

REPORT OF CHAIRMAN OF CONTINENTAL HALL COMMITTEE.

Madam Chairman, and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: As chairman of the Continental Hall committee, it is my pleasure and my duty to report to you, first of all, the reasons why Continental Hall fund was established.

I would be glad if you will tell me if you can hear me in the rear ranks. Well then, will you all sit down? [Laughter.]

A MEMBER. We could hear if they would all sit down.

PRESIDING OFFICER. Will the members please be seated?

Mrs. FAIRBANKS (continuing). The origin of the building fund is this: At the meeting of the National Board October 10, 1891, Mrs. MacDonald, the treasurer general, gave notice that a motion would be made at the next meeting, worded as follows:

"Resolved, That all fees received in payment of life membership be set apart as the nucleus of the building fund."

This was the beginning of the permanent fund, or the Continental Hall fund, established at so early a time as this. I have here, written, the amounts of money which were in the treasury at the end of each year since 1891. I will read them to you if you desire to hear them. [Cries of "Do."]

From 1891 to 1892, there was in the treasury,	\$650 00
From 1892 to 1893, we had,	1,409 37
From 1893 to 1894,	2,123 84
From 1894 to 1895,	3,472 56
From 1895 to 1896,	5,772 82
From 1896 to 1897,	11,231 98
From 1897 to 1898,	29,810 86
From 1898 to 1899,	43,508 86
From 1899 to 1900,	50,366 07
From 1900 to 1901,	65,828 24
From 1901 to 1902,	82,190 57
From 1902 to 1903,	62,529 99
From 1903 to 1904,	93,108 70
And from 1904 to 1905,	25,743 38

We have taken expenses out of Continental Hall fund, the site costing,	\$50,266 17
Amount paid three architects,	1,500 00
Ceremonies, laying of the cornerstone,	1,550 94
Foundation,	28,779 05
On account of auditorium,	74,437 65
Architect on account of drawings, etc.,	3,000 00
Clerk of works,	800 00
Inspecting material used in construction of foundation, etc.,	149 46
Surveying lot and notary fee,	3 75
Life membership fee returned and protest fees,	15 33
Filing committee,	64 30

I will now give you Continental Hall contributions by years:

In 1892, they were	\$75 00
In 1895,	28 50
In 1896,	2,413 37
In 1897,	3,558 95
In 1898,	4,444 00
In 1899,	6,880 36
In 1900,	10,723 47
In 1901,	6,283 81
In 1902,	10,795 10
In 1903,	17,301 69
In 1904,	18,609 59
In 1905, so far,	18,676 76

We hope to report better, by and by, for 1905.

It is needless to amplify upon these figures. They speak for themselves in no mistakable terms. That we began with \$75 in contributions twelve years ago, or fourteen years ago, and that we now have \$18,000 this year, and 1905 is not half-way past, speaks very plainly for itself, of the improvement in numbers which we have had, and the increase in enthusiasm and the increase of the fund. We have to exhibit, for the money, the construction of this building, its foundation, and its ability to hold the members of our congress. I hardly think that it is necessary for me to enlarge, Madam Chairman, upon facts that are so obvious. I, therefore, will present these figures as my report, and I hope that it is such that it will meet the consideration and the enjoyment of the Daughters of the American Revolution who are here assembled, and those who are afar and read the account of the great work to which we have all contributed. [Applause.]

PRESIDING OFFICER. You have heard the report of the Memorial Continental Hall committee. What will you do with it?

Mrs. JEWETT. I move that the report of the chairman of the Memorial Continental Hall committee be accepted.

Mrs. BEDELL. I second the motion.

The question was taken, and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDING OFFICER. The motion is carried, and the report is accepted. (At this point Mrs. Fairbanks, the president general, resumed the chair.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will now listen to the report of the ways and means committee, Mrs. George M. Sternberg, chairman. [Great applause.]

Mrs. STERNBERG. [Loud and continuous applause.]

Madam President, Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: It is with especial pleasure and no little pride that I appear before you for the purpose of making my final report as chairman of the ways and means committee. When we secured the site upon which to build our Memorial Continental Hall, I had little expectation that we would be able to meet in our own permanent home at so early a date. I have always had faith in the ultimate success of our great undertaking but our progress has been more rapid than I had even hoped for. This has been due to the united efforts of our members in all parts of the country [applause] and to the energy, executive ability, and enthusiasm of our much loved president general who seems to have a happy faculty for accomplishing whatever she undertakes. [Applause.] My own humble part in bringing about the results, now in evidence upon this spot, has consisted principally in appealing to the members of the organization for material assistance and in giving you information as to the progress of the work. I feel that we have made no mistake. The site selected is an ideal one for our purpose. The plans for the building are in every way satisfactory and every detail has had the most careful consideration by the building committee, the advisory board of gentlemen, and the Memorial Continental Hall committee. The incomplete structure in which we are assembled has been paid for and a small balance remains in our treasury, which is available for future operations. [Applause.] This, we hope, will be greatly increased to-night. [Laughter and applause.] And I confidently anticipate that the task of completing this noble memorial monument will be undertaken by the new committees with renewed enthusiasm, supported by the unanimous and earnest co-operation of the members of the organization in all parts of this happy and prosperous Republic. My work as chairman of the ways and means committee has been very agreeable, and most satisfactory in its results. In June and July of last year I sent out about 900 circular letters, containing the information that the contractor was at work upon the foundation, and suggesting that a contribution of \$5 from each member would secure a sum of money sufficiently large to practically complete the building.

In October, a second letter was sent to state and chapter regents, reporting progress and containing an interesting extract from a letter to the president general from Mr. Bernard R. Green, chairman of the advisory committee. At this time the foundations were nearly completed and about one half of the cellar walls built. Mr. Green says in

this letter: "The building will be one of the architectural gems of Washington. This will be due to its beautiful design and the expression of it in white marble." [Applause.]

My letter last referred to was enclosed in a tube containing ten copies of a picture of the Memorial Continental Hall, reproduced from a water color drawing furnished by the architect. Chapter regents were asked to try to dispose of these prints for the benefit of the Memorial Continental Hall fund. The money from the sale of these pictures was to be returned to Mrs. Richard C. DuBois, a member of the Army and Navy Chapter, who kindly consented to take charge of this work.

The total amount realized has been \$352.30. While this is not a large sum it is believed the distribution of these pictures among the members has been useful in arousing interest in the completion of the building.

Having learned from the president general that there were some features of the building which she had asked the architect to select and make known as "Memorial features," I asked permission to correspond with Mr. Casey, the architect, with reference to these memorial features.

The information I obtained was communicated to state and chapter regents in a letter dated January 28th. A list of specific parts of the building which might be taken by states, chapters, or individuals, as memorial features was given in this circular letter. A report was made of the satisfactory progress of the building, which made it probable that our cherished plan of holding the Fourteenth Continental Congress in our own Memorial Continental Hall would in all probability be realized. With reference to the memorial features, I may say that the ten pairs of mahogany doors, at \$100 each, have all been paid for and assigned. [Applause.]

The demand for these doors was far in excess of the number called for by the plans. I regret that the entire building could not have been made of mahogany doors [laughter and applause], for in that case no chapter would have been disappointed in securing a pair as a memorial of their patriotism and interest in our great work. However, I trust that some of the disappointed chapters may find some other features, which in the end will prove to be quite as satisfactory. Other monumental features have been asked for and will be assigned when the amount required has been deposited with the treasurer general. The states of Indiana, Ohio, Missouri, [applause] New York and District of Columbia contemplate the finishing and furnishing of rooms in the memorial building.

The work of getting the money to pay for the thirteen columns on the memorial portico has been assigned to the thirteen original states, and much progress has already been made. Connecticut has taken the lead, [applause] having some time since raised the entire amount.

The legislature of New Hampshire [applause] has been the first to

appropriate the amount required for the memorial column of that state. Through the efforts of Mrs. Bedle, an appropriation has also been secured from the legislature of New Jersey [applause] for one of these columns; I am also informed that the money for the Delaware column has been secured; [applause] a similar effort is being made in Pennsylvania [applause] with every prospect of success. While I heartily approve of these efforts, I beg leave to call attention to the fact that our most pressing *need* at the present time is for money to complete our main building [applause] and the rooms required to accommodate our officers and clerical force. The money which we now are obliged to pay for rent would help very materially in the completion of our building. [Applause.] The memorial portico, which will be a beautiful feature of the completed building, may well be left until the last, for its absence will not interfere with the use of the building [applause] for the purposes for which it is designed. Numerous letters received during the past year have given evidence of the activity which has prevailed throughout the country in behalf of the building fund. The result will be announced later by state and chapter regents. As chairman of the ways and means committee, I have endeavored to arouse in every Daughter of the American Revolution the feeling that she has a personal interest in this building, and that when she comes to Washington and visits the Daughters' memorial she will not only admire the beauty of the building and take pride in the accomplished results of our united efforts, but will also have a feeling of personal ownership. [Applause.] This will be justified, no matter whether her donation has been large or small, if it bears some reasonable relation to her ability to contribute.

Finally, I desire to say that, in my opinion, the happy thought of building a memorial to our Revolutionary ancestors in the capital city of the nation has had a most favorable influence in promoting the growth and standing of our organization. It will always be a bond of union, a source of strength, and a rallying place for the patriotic women of this country who are so fortunate as to trace *their* lineage to Revolutionary ancestors. And as future generations come and go this enduring memorial will stand as an evidence of the patriotic zeal, energy, and business capacity of the Daughters of the American Revolution of the present day. [Prolonged applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard the report of the ways and means committee, what may be your pleasure? Is not a rising vote of thanks in order?

MISS MILLER. I move that the report be accepted with a rising vote of thanks.

The motion of Miss Miller was seconded.

The question on the motion for a rising vote of thanks was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The vote of thanks seems to be carried.

Mrs. LIPPITT, of Rhode Island. Madam President General. PRESIDENT GENERAL. The state regent of Rhode Island is recognized. [Great applause.]

Mrs. LIPPITT.

Madam President General and Members of the Congress: Rhode Island as a state is conservative and slow to act, but convinced of the worth and righteousness of a cause, her unwavering loyalty, her devotion and her self-sacrifice never have been and never can be questioned. This Memorial Hall is very dear to Rhode Island Daughters, and our one wish has been that it should be built in the right place and at the right time. These two questions, under your able and enthusiastic leadership, Madam President General, have been decided for us. Therefore, now, as an earnest of the loyalty of the state, the honor has been conferred upon me of presenting to this Congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and of the Memorial Continental Hall this lectern and Bible, in the name of one of the Rhode Island chapters, of fifty-two members, Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter, as, in their own words, a pledge of loyalty to the organization, and in the interest of purity, patriotism and peace. [Applause.]

Mrs. JEWETT. I move that we give a rising vote of thanks to Rhode Island for this most beautiful gift of hers to Continental Memorial Hall. (Seconded by Mrs. G. W. Simpson.)

The motion was then unanimously seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This beautiful gift has been presented to us by the Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter—good old Revolutionary names—and it has been moved and seconded that for this gift a rising vote of thanks be given.

The question on the motion for a rising vote of thanks was taken, and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is accepted, with a rising vote of thanks.

Ladies, having finished this part of the exercises, we will now proceed to the jubilee exercises. They will be begun by prayer from the chaplain general of the society, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

PRAYER.

Mrs. HAMLIN. Bless the Lord, oh my soul, and all that is within me praise His Holy name; break forth into praise and singing for all His wondrous works.

We thank Thee, our Heavenly Father; we rejoice that Thou hast been with us. We rejoice that Thou art with us. We rejoice for all that Thou hast done for us, and we come to Thee in this, our jubilee, asking for Thy blessing, and asking that Thou wilt open our hearts to divine instruction. We thank Thee for all Thy benefits to us. We thank Thee again and again that we are Christian women in a Christian

land. We thank Thee that our minds and our bodies have not been held in restraint, and that we have been allowed to go forth and do what Thou wouldest for us to do with our womanhood. We thank Thee for the unspeakable gift of Thy only Son, which makes it possible for us to do what Thou wouldest have us to do, and we thank Thee that we can glorify Thee here, even here in this great assembly.

We do come forth in jubilee. We do feel joyous and grateful. We thank Thee for the element of joy that Thou hast put into our hearts. We thank Thee that it is not wrong and wicked to be joyful, and that all nature is joyful at this happy time, and we must be joyful because Thou hast been with us. We thank Thee for the freedom that Thou hast given us. We pray for those women in the world, some of whom are in such abject slavery of body and soul and mind that they cannot come out and be what Thou wouldest for us to be. We thank Thee, our Father, that this nation is a haven of peace and rest and liberty for all such, but not only that, but that from us to them goes out the mission of peace and knowledge and feeling of the body as well as of the soul. Dear Father, we thank Thee for our blessed heritage as women of the American Revolution; and O God, we pray that Thou wouldest help us to realize what it means to us; and in realizing this may we realize that those women who are coming to our shores by the thousands need our help, need our instructions, need us, sisters, need us to go forth and meet them, not only with liberty, but with the gospel of peace and of knowledge. We thank Thee for our officers. We thank Thee for the way in which we were led. We thank Thee for this building, as far as it has gone. We thank Thee for the harmony within our ranks. O Lord, grant that it may never be any less, and we pray that with this night's jubilation let us not forget that it is to Thee, and it is to Thy Son, that we owe all this joy, all this peace, all this liberty, for Jesus' sake. Amen.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Horton wishes to be recognized. Step to the front if you have anything to say to the congress.

Mrs. HORTON. [Applause.]

Madam President General, Officers, Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, and Friends: When this beautiful flag, the gift of the Sons of the American Revolution, with the beautiful blue of the heavens, the stars, the shimmering golden light, the bright red of the stripes, and the pure white, was unfurled by our beloved president general two years ago to mark the site of this building, we little thought that it would be used to cover the beautiful features of our president general, our beloved president general, whom we delight to honor. But to-night we shall ask to have that flag withdrawn that we may gaze upon the beauty of the beautiful picture that will be presented to you. Madam President General, on behalf of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, we beg that you will accept for the society this portrait, a small return for the invaluable services ren-

dered the cause in which our hearts are so interested, by our president general, Mrs. Fairbanks. We have called upon the little children to aid us to-night, and the children from the society, the Children of the American Revolution, will have the honor of drawing the flag. [Prolonged applause.]

(The flag covering the portrait of Mrs. Fairbanks, the president general, was here withdrawn by the following Children of the American Revolution: Master Jack Bushnell, Elva Yeatman, Beatrice Steel Bryant, Master Charles Hammond, Agnes Bartlett Bryan, and Master Irving Richards.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL.

Madam Regent of the Buffalo Chapter, and Daughters of the American Revolution: I feel that I can scarcely express the feelings of gratitude, the feelings of love and surprise, and I feel the inadequacy of all that I may have done, of which you think so highly, to deserve so much of your love, so many expressions of your appreciation. Words are scarcely sufficient for me to express myself as to the thankfulness I have to you for all the kindness you have shown me. And this is but another one of many. I scarcely know how to thank you, but I do thank you from a heart full of love and appreciation, and though I may not stand here upon this platform again after this week as your president general, I go out to a high private in the ranks and to work with you for the grand purposes of our society. [Great applause.] I hope that I may do a great deal to show how gratefully I appreciate the loving kindness of my sister Daughters of the American Revolution. Many thanks, Madam. [Great applause.]

NOTE.—Testimonial committee presentation of oil portrait to Mrs. Fairbanks: Chairman, Mrs. John Miller Horton, of New York; vice-chairman, Mrs. deB. Randolph Keim, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Helena Hill Weed, Montana; Mrs. Althea R. Bedle, New Jersey; Mrs. Ellen H. Crosman, New York; Mrs. Harriet P. Simpson, Massachusetts; Mrs. Sara A. Richardson, South Carolina; Mrs. Mary W. Swift, California; Mrs. Mary L. Deere, Illinois; Mrs. Sara A. Brooker, Colorado; Mrs. F. T. Getchell, Philadelphia; Mrs. J. A. Carey, Indiana; Mrs. Fowler, Indiana; Mrs. Purdy, Iowa; Mrs. M. E. Davis, District of Columbia; Mrs. Clara Fuller, District of Columbia; Mrs. E. J. Estey, Vermont; Mrs. Liggett, Minnesota; Mrs. John A. Hazen, New York; Mrs. Churchman, Delaware, and other state regents. This committee met first in March and second, March 31, 1905.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will begin our jubilee exercises by listening to some remarks from some of our Daughters. I had called upon Mrs. Daniel Lothrop, the founder of the Children's Society of the American Revolution, but she finds that her throat keeps her from having the pleasure of addressing us. I therefore have excused her from this.

I expected also to hear from the vice-president general from New Jersey, but she, for good reasons, has declined for this evening.

Mrs. BEDLE. Here, Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Oh, Madam Vice-President General, I am glad to have been mistaken.

Mrs. BEDLE.

Madam President General, Officers, Daughters of the American Revolution of the Fourteenth Continental Congress assembled: I am sure no one could decline when invited by our beloved president general, although I thought when coming to the hall that perhaps I would give my place to others. But I am delighted to felicitate you upon this jubilee occasion.

I need not remind you that for ages it has been customary to commemorate historic sites, and to dedicate temples in honor of some occasion,—momentous, memorable occasion—and the daughters of old used to bring their offerings in gold and silver, the love offering, the peace offering, and lay them at the foot of the temple; and we to-night come with loving hearts, with one purpose, in the bond of patriotism, in the love for our beloved president general, for all the members of our organization, for our dear Memorial Continental Hall, to lay our love offering, our peace offering, our gold and our silver, our tribute, before the feet of our beloved retiring president general. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If she is in the house, we will be delighted to have a greeting from Mrs. Lindsay, well known in our society.

Mrs. LINDSAY. [Great applause.]

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution: I wish to congratulate not only you, Madam President, and all the national officers of our society, but also the great body of the Daughters of the American Revolution in every state and to the remotest confines of our common country whose work has resulted in this dedication of Memorial Continental Hall.

At last, after years of delay and discouragement, to-day we begin to see the accomplishment of our hearts' desire. The winter has gone and across the Potomac a little further south the orchards are in bloom. There are whole fields of violets with flights of white butterflies hovering over their sweetness. There are circles of birds over the crab-apple trees, the honeysuckles and the hawthornes and "the flowers with a thousand faces" tell us the earth is alive. Nature's work, budding into promise of exquisite beauty, is typical of the fact that the winter of our discontent is about to be made glorious summer by the culmination of our labors and our hopes. [Applause.]

What we have accomplished and what we are yet to achieve, is to be credited to all our members. Each one who has contributed as her ability permitted, is entitled equally to the credit for the erection of this, our monument, to the memory of the heroes of the Revolution. Credit in those dark days was due to the private soldiers, with their

lasting endurance, as well as to those who commanded our armies, to the obscure and the humble as well as to the great.

But we are not yet ready for exultation, for we have work to accomplish and difficulties to overcome. A book of old proverbs came into my hands not long since. Among them I remember these: "Know what you have to do and do it;" "Do what you are doing; finish what you are about;" [laughter and applause] "Help yourself and heaven will help you." [Applause.]

Our hall is to be brought to completion. We desire it to be an edifice noble in aspect, which will not only give gratification to our members, but will be such a structure as to express to all nations the meaning of a building typically illustrative of patriotism.

May this monument to the soldiers of the American Revolution be of such simplicity, such graceful proportions and indicate so clearly our meaning, that a definition from a sage on architecture will give its description: "Ideal beauty is the generalization of consummate knowledge, the concentration of perfect truth."

While the war of the Revolution resulted in the triumph of the Americans and the defeat of the British armies, it did not result in the defeat of the English people. The free institutions established by the Americans have bestowed their blessings alike on the victors and the vanquished. In the language of John Fiske, the great American historian: "It was not until after the downfall of the personal government of George III that England began to resume her natural place in the foremost rank of liberal and progressive powers. Toward that happy result, the renewal and purification of English political life, the sturdy fight sustained by the Americans in the defence of their liberties, did much to contribute. The winning of independence by the Americans was the winning of a higher political standpoint for England and for the world."

"Such was the priceless boon which the younger nation, by its sturdy insistence upon the principles of political justice, conferred upon the elder. The decisive battle of freedom in England, as well as in America, and in that vast colonial world for which Chatham prophesied the dominion of the future, had now been fought and won. And foremost in accomplishing this glorious work had been the lofty genius of Washington, the steadfast valor of the men who suffered with him at Valley Forge, and whom he led to victory at Yorktown."

Let us hope that the Daughters of the American Revolution will not place "a stone upon a trampled grave," but will realize that with the completion of Memorial Continental Hall, the duty to the future is not fulfilled, and that they will in this building teach reverent understanding of the intents and purposes of these Americans of '76.

"To be buried under the weight of marble or with splendor of ceremonial is still no more than burial, but to be remembered daily with

profitable tenderness by the activest intelligence of the nation we have served is not burial, but immortality." [Great applause.]

Music by the orchestra.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of the Constitution Chapter, of the District of Columbia, was expected to make a greeting here this evening, and I hope we will have the pleasure, the great pleasure, of listening to her.

(There was no response.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It will give us great pleasure to have a greeting from Mrs. S. V. White, of Brooklyn, she who has done such great work in erecting a monument to the prison ship martyrs. Will Mrs. S. V. White give us a few words of greeting?

(There was no response.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. William Gerry Slade, president general of the United States Daughters of 1812, will you give us a word of greeting, Madam?

Mrs. SLADE.

Madam President, Members and Sisters, one and all: I have often thought if we could make a crown of the different letters of the alphabet, the brightest and most beautiful crown would be made of the letters that spelled the word "success;" and so I build that crown to you to-night, and present it to our beloved president—[applause] the crown of success.

Here in this country we expect to see buildings grow almost in a night. But we do not expect to see buildings grow as this has grown, with foundations so firm that they can withstand the attacks of Father Time, the great destroyer. Why, as with the rubbing of Aladdin's lamp, this beautiful thing has appeared to us here to-day under this crown of success. And I quite agree with the words that are accredited to our martyred president, Lincoln, when he said, "It does not pay to swap horses in crossing a stream;" and I repeat what I said last year, with more emphasis than I gave it then, that it is a pity that the lady who has brought things to this success could not stay right where she is until it was finished. [Applause.]

A short time ago I was reading a little legend. The angels had come together, and they were talking about the highest attributes of humanity, and for humanity, and they agreed that the first and highest was the love of God. They also agreed that the second was the love of humanity; but they said, "There must be division in that, and we must arrange it in divisions." And they debated long and earnestly whether it was the love of home, the love of family, or the love of country that was the highest; and after long debate they decided that the love of home would be nothing, the love of family would be nothing, if first and foremost they did not have that love of country which gave them the place to put the family and the place to put the home. [Laughter and great applause.]

Ladies, a short time ago there were found in England the records of those who were in the English prisons at the time of the war of 1812, and against many and many of those names there was written, "Aged ten," "Aged twelve," and "Died in the prison." And we know that there were even more in the war of the Revolution than there were in the war of 1812. Mothers, sisters, just think of your boys, ten, twelve, fourteen years old, giving their lives for their country in a foreign land! This is what you are doing, you are raising this memorial to those—to those and your ancestors you can put on record, those, of course, you are memorializing—but you are memorializing those boys, and the patriotism and the love that they gave when they died for their country.

And now, what you want to do is to hurry and finish it. Did you ever hear the little story about the foreigner in this country, to whom they showed all the wonders of the country, and nothing seemed to surprise him. Finally, they took him to Niagara, and they thought here was certainly something to surprise him; but he looked at it and he did not appear to be very much surprised; and finally they said: "Did you ever see anything like that wonderful fall of water?" And he looked at it a moment, and he said, "Why, I don't see much in that; what on earth is there to hinder it?" [Laughter.] So I say about that, if your hearts are on the verge of falling, then there is nothing, I think, to hinder you. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will have the pleasure of listening next to a few words from Mrs. S. V. White, so prominent in raising the monument to the prison ship martyrs.

Mrs. WHITE. [Applause.] It only takes a few words to say how very glad I am that I have lived to see this day. I have worked hard for Continental Hall for ten years. It is just ten years since I got the enthusiasm fully upon me, and it has never died out, and it is not going to die out until we have it entirely completed. When I got here to-day and looked over this house, I could not have spoken then. I am a little used to it now. I could not have said one word then; but to-night I can say that I am glad to be alive and to be here. [Prolonged applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will hear a few words from Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, of New York state.

Mrs. CROSMAN. [Applause.]

Madam President General, Daughters of the American Revolution: There is an old proverb, an old saying often repeated, that walls have ears; but we think to-night that walls have voices; voices full of eloquence, voices full of memories. Oh, what a story these walls could tell; of fourteen years of ceaseless endeavor, of aspirations that seemed at times unattainable; a story of disappointments at times, of discouragements frequently. We have needed courage to go on with the work. We have needed steadfast purpose to keep at it. We have needed faith

to inspire us. And we have had them all. And now, now, our hopes are rounded out to perfection. Now sing we our song of rejoicing. Now the voices of the walls peal forth a jubilate. Sing, rejoice, and be glad, O Daughters, for to-night we come into our own. And we feel the exhilaration of achievement, of success. We have climbed the mountain top, and we stand there to-night in the magnetic atmosphere of hope.

It was not always that we were on the mountain top. Sometimes we walked in the valley, and the eternal hills were hidden from us in the chill mists of discouragement. But here under our own roof-tree we can pledge ourselves and you to foster and maintain patriotism, and to feel that we are in that way improving the nation, and the citizens thereof, as the best tribute that we can render to our Father; and here under our own roof-tree, and under our own flag to-night, we do that; and as we stand on this mountain top, we not only look forward but we look backward, and through the long line of patriotic ancestry to the heroes of the Revolution who lived and died for liberty. Yes, even beyond them; we look reverently and thankfully to the source and fount of liberty itself. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I have called upon Miss Desha, so well known and so honored in our society to give us a greeting. But Miss Desha feels that she cannot respond to-night, though I know I can say for her that her heart is full of joy, and she would be glad to talk to you all night if she could, upon the subject of Continental Hall. I will call upon a Daughter of Massachusetts for a word of greeting, Mrs. Harriet Simpson, vice-president general.

Mrs. SIMPSON. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: We read that the first message ever sent by a recording telegraph, were the sublime words, "What hath God wrought?" transmitted in May, 1844, between Washington and Baltimore. To-day when the news is flashed over the wires, that Memorial Continental Hall is being dedicated, there will be great rejoicing in every city, town and hamlet, where dwells a Daughter of the American Revolution, and many will say out of a full heart, "What hath God wrought?" It was a stupendous undertaking for women to build this magnificent structure—but fired with zeal and patriotism no task is too difficult for the Daughters of the American Revolution. Nothing too great for our honored leader, and beloved president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, for much of our success is due to the inspiration of this noble woman, the highest type of American womanhood, the true patriot, whom we love and honor.

This is a day of great importance to the members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress—for we meet for the first time in the history of our organization, under our own roof, our new national home. Long have we looked forward to this day, long have we planned for it, long

have we worked for it, but a greater and a grander day will dawn when we gather in this beautiful building in the full glory of its perfect completion, and with the financial indebtedness canceled to the last penny. A very pleasant feature connected with this work, of interest to us all, is the fact that the Children of the American Revolution are to have a home in this building. This army of patriotic boys and girls have read in history how, at the battle of Lexington, when seven Americans, the first martyrs of the Revolution, were killed, every boy old enough to use a rifle hurried to avenge the death of his countrymen. In 1776, when the British were encamped on Boston Common, the boys were disturbed in their winter sports, and complained to the officers, who only ridiculed their petition. At last a number of the larger boys waited on General Gage. "What!" said General Gage, "have your fathers sent you here to exhibit the rebellion they have been teaching you?" "Nobody sent us," was the reply. "We complained and they called us young rebels, and we will stand it no longer." General Gage could not restrain his admiration. "The very children," said he, "draw in the love of liberty with the air they breathe. Go, my brave boys, and be assured if my troops trouble you again they shall be punished." If General Gage were permitted to look upon the boys of to-day, he would again exclaim, "The very children draw in a love of liberty with the air they breathe."

As one of the original states, we Daughters of Massachusetts wish to be in the foremost ranks of workers in this cause, as our brave ancestors were ever to be found in the front ranks of battle. For this end we have brought with us nearly four thousand dollars, the proceeds of our bazar, to be used toward the completion of this beautiful building. We also pledge ourselves to send two thousand dollars more for one of the thirteen memorial columns, which will form a part of the harmonious whole. We hope later to bring our choicest works of art and sacred relics to adorn the interior of the building. We women of Massachusetts do not forget that on Lexington day was struck one of the decisive blows for American independence, and it seems very fitting that on a like April day we should dedicate in enduring marble this great offering to liberty and patriotism, our best tribute of respect to the valor, courage and wisdom of the men and women of the Revolution. When this temple is completed, may every Daughter feel that she has given her best, that she has done what she could.

"For life is the mirror of king and slave,
'Tis just what we are and do—
Then give to the world the best you have
And the best will come back to you."

READER. I am instructed by the president general to read a telegram of greeting from Mrs. Walworth:

"I am not well enough to come. Congratulations on the happy consummation of your successful administration."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is a great regret that we do not have Mrs. Walworth with us. We have with us, however, that lady who sounded the bugle note which induced the Daughters of the American Revolution to organize, Mrs. Mary F. Lockwood. [Great applause.]

Mrs. Lockwood. (Joining in the applause.) I am clapping my hands because we are in our own hall. But, my friends, Madam President General and Daughters and friends, my word to-night is going to be for the absent ones, those whom we miss.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do not read it, talk it. Step to the front.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. If you knew how busy we have been for the last four weeks, you would know that we have had no time to think of anything; but the last thing that occurred to me was that there were those that we are going to miss to-night, and they should be spoken of; and for fear that one name will be left, I am going to read the names of those I want you to remember.

Madam President and Friends: [Great applause.] I want to say my word for the absent ones—those whose faces we miss from among us to-night—those who took up the burden of this work in the early morning of our organization, with a song upon their lips, that always carried them along with hearts full of cheer and encouragement. Here and there over the audience I see faces familiar, a few who have journeyed with us all the way for these fifteen years; but we miss to-night our first president, Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison. [Applause.] And some of us are here who were at the last board meeting ever graced with her presence—that was in March, 1891—and her parting words were: "Be diligent, Daughters, and do not falter in your work for the completion of Memorial Continental Hall." [Applause.] I am sure her spirit is hovering over this place to-night in loving benediction.

We miss also the sweet pleasant face of Mrs. John Ritchie, of Maryland, one who was always helpful in council; and our minds go back to that congress in the little Church of our Father, to the night when our national hymn was up for discussion, and I can see her now as she rose in her dignity and in glowing words impressed her listeners with the fact that we have but one national hymn—The Star Spangled Banner. [Applause.] We miss her to-night. And Mrs. Margaret P. Hetzell, among one of the first charter members; and Mrs. Maria Devereaux, the first regent of the District of Columbia. Miss Eugenia Washington, one among the few who first promulgated a Continental Hall. Mrs. Mary S. Gist—our friend—who never ceased her labor for this cause from the first year of our organization. Mrs. Marguerite Dickens, who freely gave for this cause her mind and strength. Miss Margaret Herbert Mather, the earnest, helpful regent of New Jersey. Our well beloved Miss Susan Carrington Clark, who passed out of our lives forever, so suddenly, and left the work she loved to other names.

And Miss Frances E. Willard, whose last earnest written word to me was in praise of the records we were making in history that had been forgotten; and urging the effort to a consummation of Memorial Continental Hall, where the heroines of our forebears were to be honored for the first time in history. Dear Mrs. Hatcher, whose cheerful heart and ready hand we cannot forget, and Mrs. Colton, who always brought ready help and cheer from the land of the sunset sea. There are others not here, but time will not allow further mention.

We miss them all to-night, but their work will live. If we are deprived of the helpfulness and the council of these comrades who have left us and started upon their journey through the summer land of peace, we do with grateful hearts remember that "life and love and service are the eternal verities;" and so, with their loving benediction resting upon us, let us resolve to-night with new courage and love for their work and ours to go forward with renewed strength and hope to the final finishing of Memorial Continental Hall.

MISS DESHA. Madam President, may I exercise a woman's one prerogative—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you want to change your mind?

MISS DESHA. Yes; I want to change my mind. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Yes, Madam, you may change your mind. [Great applause.]

MISS DESHA.

Madam President: I would be recreant to the faith in which I was brought up, never to forget a friend who is not present to speak for herself, if I failed to put among those to-night whom we miss the name of Eugenia Washington [great applause], one of the three founders of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. [Applause.] Never, from the 9th of August, the night that we founded this great society, until the night she died, did she ever fail to give you faithful, loyal service. It was her speech, when it was proposed we should found the society and admit only people who were descended from officers, that settled that question. Miss Washington said, "I am the granddaughter of a colonel in the Revolutionary army, but I want to found the society for the women who are descended from the private soldiers, and the women of the time." Another speech she made was, that one reason that we founded this society was that we, as American women, might forget that our fathers and brothers fought against each other on the fields of the Civil war, but remember that they fought side by side to make the country and to make the flag. [Applause.] I trust that you will never forget the name of that Christian and good woman. You have heard from Mrs. Walworth that she hoped to be here, and was sorry not to be with us. I am here in the body, and I believe that Miss Washington is here in the spirit. [Applause.]

MRS. LOCKWOOD. Madam President, as finder of the founders, I want to say to you that Miss Washington's name, together with those of

two or three others, are here in my notes, but unfortunately the light is bad, and as I was turning over the pages, I missed that. This is what I had to say about her. We miss also Miss Eugenia Washington, who was one of the very few who first promulgated a Continental Hall. And we miss her to-night. Evidently, in turning over this was missed by me, and it may be there are some others [applause] that I missed. I am glad somebody spoke about it. I thank Miss Desha for bringing it forward.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. (To the orchestra). We will have just a few bars of something lively.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are going to have just a few words from Doctor McGee, and then I am afraid I will have to leave out a whole lot of lovely speeches. I am so sorry that we will have to do it. We will have to take a whole day off, and have them.

DOCTOR McGEE. [Applause.]

Madam President and Daughters of the American Revolution: Jubilee is in the hearts of hundreds of Daughters this very day that at last we have assembled in this Memorial Hall. This is a hall erected to the heroes and the heroines of the American Revolution, and it is of that I wish to speak for one moment to-night. This feature of the work appeals to me even more strongly to-night than it did before, since my recent experience in those wonderful islands on the other side of the world. In the land of great Japan, as they call it there, reverence for the ruler, honor for superiors, and above all things, honor and reverence to parents, are among the greatest of virtues. Shall we Americans be behind them? Never. We heard this afternoon from one of our great orators of the United States senate that he, for one, had misunderstood the spirit of the Daughters. I hope that misunderstandings are almost over. Surely they who misunderstand us have forgotten the injunction, "Honor thy father and thy mother that thy days may be long in the land," and so on; you all know the words very well. It is the honor which I wish to impress upon you, the honor of your parents; and I want to say that parents, father and mother, mean not only in the first degree but it means the parents of your parents. It means also your grandparents, and your great-grandparents, who were in the American Revolution. He who says that it is un-American to honor our ancestors as we are doing in this hall, must also say that it is un-American to remember and obey the fifth commandment.

But there is another side to this. This memorial is not really the bits of stone and of mortar piled one upon another. Those things are but the outward symbols and signs of the real memorial, which is in the hearts and souls of the builders thereof.

To honor our parents, to honor our ancestors, means to an American this, that we must do our best to be worthy of those ancestors. It

means that in our lives and characters we must do what we can to honor them. And I say when we build this memorial, we do it as the outward symbol of our desire to honor them in our own lives, and as our wish to do this is great, so should the expression of it in this building be great and beautiful. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, I wish to say that I have a great number of very lovely speakers; but I have been receiving notice upon notice from the house that they wish to bring their money here. It is for the great cause of Continental Hall that I have to forego the great pleasure of hearing any more speeches. I have here Mrs. Storey, of New York; Mrs. Walworth, Miss Hetzel, Miss E. B. Johnston, Mrs. Gatchel, Mrs. Hogg, Mrs. Masury, Mrs. John R. Walker, Mrs. Keim, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin, Mrs. Warfield, Mrs. Stanley, Mrs. Hugh Nelson Page, Mrs. Weed, Mrs. Murphy, Mrs. Carey, Mrs. Fowler, Mrs. W. O. McDowell, and a number of other lovely speakers, and I feel very, very sorry that I cannot have them all. But please begin to bring up your money.

Among the addresses to which there was not time to listen was the following, which was ordered printed in the proceedings, and is here inserted:

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: As state regent of the District of Columbia, it is fitting that I should express the great gratification we feel in being able to-day to welcome you to Memorial Continental Hall. We have watched this structure with the most absorbing interest as one block of marble after another has been placed in position, and we feel grateful to every member of every chapter who has contributed to its upbuilding. How, like a dream, it seems to be really in this hall! It has always seemed like a "castle in Spain," and I never expected to live to see it materialize. While we do not, like the Chinese, worship our ancestors, we do value the free country of the glorious flag which was won for us by their courageous self-sacrifice, and we know well how to appreciate the inheritance of those sterling virtues which is the birthright of every descendant of our Revolutionary patriots. We honor equally our forefathers and our foremothers in this beautiful memorial, and I often feel that the mothers suffered and endured more than the fathers in those trying times—for their lot was wholly uncheered by the enthusiasm of the soldier's life and the companionship of the campfire, but was a lonely, separate suffering, doubly hard to bear, and we as loyal Daughters should feel it no less a duty than a pleasure to make much sacrifice, if need be, to perpetuate the memory of their sainted lives, that those who come after us may never forget the debt of gratitude they owe to those who laid strong and deep the foundations of this great nation. And who could doubt if the veil could be removed from our eyes and we could behold the "great cloud of witnesses" by which we are surrounded to-day that we should see the faces of many men and

women of Colonial times, well pleased with this act of devotion to their memory? And as we pass along in the great procession of the generations, will it not be an ever increasing satisfaction to us, that we have made this permanent expression of our appreciation of the willing sacrifices and heroic sufferings of our Revolutionary ancestors.

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
State Regent of the District of Columbia.

I recognize the vice-regent of Connecticut.

Mrs. WARREN. Madam President General and Daughters, it is with great pleasure that I announce that we, the Connecticut Daughters, have raised, since the last congress, \$2,000 for the column which is to be one of the thirteen in the portico of Continental Memorial Hall. [Applause.] This money was subscribed as a surprise to our state regent, and we wish the following to be placed on record: That "the money for the Connecticut column is given by the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution as an expression of their heartfelt love for their state regent, Mrs. Sara Thomson Kinney; and as a token of their appreciation of her ten years of untiring devotion to the patriotic principles of this organization." Every one of the 46 chapters of the state has contributed to this fund. [Great applause.] And besides this, Madam, I have these sums of money, and a pair of bronze doors from one of the smallest chapters of the State, Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, of Litchfield, which presents the money for a pair of bronze doors. Also the following contributions from other chapters: Winsted, \$30; Stonington, \$10; Willimantic, \$16.75; Elizabeth Porter Putnam Chapter, \$25; Wadsworth Chapter, of Middletown, \$25, and there has been pledged besides that, the money for the column, and also there has been handed up, I think, from Chaplain Davis Chapter, \$50.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A very fine record.

Mrs. MAIN. As state regent of the District of Columbia, I wish to state that we bring you a contribution of nearly, if not quite, \$2,000.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very good.

Miss WILLIAMS. It gives me much pleasure to announce that Maryland Chapter, 66 members, of Baltimore, has raised \$500 for the Maryland column of the portico.

Mrs. SIMPSON. In December, 1904, a meeting was held in Massachusetts in which every chapter joined, 62 of them, and the sum realized was \$3,954. The amount contributed during the year by Massachusetts chapters and individuals has been \$4,323.54.

(At this point the reader announced a request from the treasurer general that money and pledges contributed to the Continental Hall fund should be placed in the long brown envelopes provided for that purpose, which should be sealed and sent to the treasurer general.)

(The reader continued to announce contributions as they were sent to the stage, and which appear in the following list with additions made from time to time during the congress.)

CONTINENTAL HALL CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED AT
FOURTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Alabama—

Andrew Jackson Chapter,	\$5 00
Francis Marion Chapter,	10 00
Frederick William Gray Chapter,	10 00
General Sumter Chapter,	35 00
John Wade Keyes Chapter,	25 00
Lewis Chapter,	20 00
Light Horse Harry Lee Chapter,	15 00
Martha Wales Jefferson Chapter,	5 00
Mobile Chapter,	50 00
Peter Forney Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. John M. Wyly, of Peter Forney Chapter, commission on subscriptions on AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE,	6 00
Stephen Chapter,	5 00
Tuscaloosa Chapter,	10 00
	—————
	\$221 00

Arkansas—

Little Rock Chapter,	\$25 00	25 00
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Colorado—

Denver Chapter,	\$50 00	50 00
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Connecticut—

Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter,	\$16 50
Mrs. Mary Hepburn Smith, of Freelove Baldwin Stowe Chapter,	100 00
Green Woods Chapter,	30 00
Hannah Woodruff Chapter,	10 00
Torrington Chapter,	25 00
Wadsworth Chapter,	25 00
	—————
	206 50

Delaware—

Five chapters of Delaware toward Delaware col- umn,	\$1,000 00
Five chapters of Delaware toward general build- ing fund,	747 00
	—————
	1,747 00

District of Columbia—

American Chapter,	\$10 00
Constitution Chapter,	75 00

Continental Chapter,	85 00
Dolly Madison Chapter,	100 00
Elizabeth Jackson Chapter,	100 00
Mary Washington Chapter,	75 00
Mrs. T. H. Alexander, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Gertrude L. Babcock, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 50
Mrs. W. D. Baldwin, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 00
Miss Mary Randolph Ball, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Clara G. Barker, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 00
Mrs. M. J. Baxter, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. M. M. Benjamin, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Mary Perry Brown, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Roberdeau Buchanan, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Virginia Chalmers, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Mary Child, of Mary Washington Chapter,	3 00
Miss Emma Cilley, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. B. J. Cromwell, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Lizzie W. G. Davis, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 00
Miss Ella L. Dorsey, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. L. B. R. Fisher, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Mary Park Foster, of Mary Washington Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. Jennie D. Garrison, of Martha Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Virginia C. Huidekoper, of Mary Washington Chapter,	20 00
Mrs. M. J. Hunt, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Mary T. N. Jackson, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00

Mrs. Violet Blair Janin, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Frances A. Johnston, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 50
Miss Frances B. Johnston, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 50
Miss Virginia B. Jones, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Harriet Keen, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 00
Miss Alice M. Kennedy, of Mary Washington Chapter,	10 00
Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee, of Mary Washington Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. Sarah Leonard, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Lilian Lockwood, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Julia Ten Eyck McBlair, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Julia T. McGowan, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 00
Miss Lizzie McLain, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Emma J. McLean, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Sarah V. McGruder, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Virginia Miller, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 50
Mrs. John L. Mitchell, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Jacqueline A. Moncure, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Lucinda Moses, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 00
Mrs. M. C. H. Newcomb, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Mary Norton, of Mary Washington Chapter,	10 00
Mrs. Columbia Payne, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00

Miss Virginia Tatnall Peacock, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Mary W. Pearre, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Katherine L. Power, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 00
Mrs. Lena A. Rathbun, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Janet H. Richards, of Mary Washington Chapter,	2 00
Mrs. Charles Richardson, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. S. O. Richey, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. A. I. Robertson, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Dorinda Rogers, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. McBlair Smith, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 25
Mrs. Nellie Y. Smith, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Aline E. Solomons, of Mary Washington Chapter,	56 00
Miss Charlotte B. Stevens, of Mary Washington Chapter,	10 00
Mrs. O. H. Tittman, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 00
Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Robert J. Walker, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. J. Hunt Weber, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Sophie R. Webster, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Lawrence Weldon, of Mary Washington Chapter,	10 00
Miss Annie W. Wilson, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 00
Mrs. J. Ormond Wilson, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 00
Mrs. T. H. Vail, of Mary Washington Chapter,	1 00
Mrs. F. P. Vale, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Mrs. Mary O. Yeatman, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00

Alex., of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Cash, of Mary Washington Chapter,	3 75
Mrs. Jane J. Nicholson, of Mary Washington Chapter,	5 00
Miss Eliza Titus Ward, of Mary Washington Chapter,	20 00
Miriam Danforth Chapter,	90 00
Potomac Chapter,	51 00
Sub-Committee of Ways and Means Committee, proceeds from sale of Continental Hall pictures,	375 00
The Misses Poe, of the District of Columbia,...	5 00
The Misses Polkinhorn, of the District of Columbia,	25 00
	1,441 00

Georgia—

Atlanta Chapter, toward Georgia column,	\$65 00
Mrs. Robert E. Park, of Atlanta Chapter,	10 00
Augusta Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00
Elijah Clarke Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00
Fielding Lewis Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00
George Walton Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00
Jonathan Bryan Chapter, toward Georgia column,	15 00
Nathaniel Macon Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00
Piedmont-Continental Chapter, toward Georgia column,	5 00
Piedmont-Continental Chapter,	10 00
Savannah Chapter, toward Georgia column,....	25 00
Thomas Jefferson Chapter, toward Georgia column,	25 00
Xavier Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00
Mrs. Rosa Hannan, of Xavier Chapter, toward Georgia column,	2 00
	217 00

Illinois—

Ann Crooker St. Clair Chapter,	\$7 00
Chicago Chapter,	200 00
Mrs. Henry C. Lytton, of Chicago Chapter,....	100 00
Dorothy Quincy Chapter,	15 00
Elgin Chapter,	25 00
George Rogers Clark Chapter,	75 00
Illini Chapter,	50 00
Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter,	60 00

Moline Chapter,	100 00
Mrs. Charles H. Deere, of Moline Chapter,	100 00
Mrs. William Butterworth, of Moline Chapter,	20 00
Morrison Chapter,	5 00
North Shore Chapter, memorial to Nathan Hale,	25 00
Puritan and Cavalier Chapter,	10 00
Rebecca Parke Chapter,	10 00
Rev. James Caldwell Chapter,	25 00
Rockford Chapter,	15 15
Springfield Chapter, toward Illinois state room,	25 00
Miss Amaryllis Gillett, of Springfield Chapter, toward Illinois state room,	100 00
A member, of Illinois,	2 00
	969 15

Indiana—

Ann Rogers Clark Chapter,	\$5 00
General Arthur St. Clair Chapter, toward presi- dent general's room,	25 00
General de Lafayette Chapter,	37 00
Huntington Chapter,	15 00
John Paul Chapter,	10 00
Oliver Ellsworth Chapter,	30 00
	122 00

Indian Territory—

Mrs. R. C. Adams, state regent of Indian Ter- ritory,	\$10 00	10 00
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Iowa—

Abigail Adams Chapter,	\$82 50
Ashley Chapter,	5 00
Council Bluffs Chapter,	10 00
Denison Chapter,	5 00
Dubuque Chapter,	15 00
Elizabeth Ross Chapter,	5 00
Fort Dodge Chapter,	40 00
Francis Shaw Chapter,	30 00
Hannah Caldwell Chapter,	25 00
Keokuk Chapter,	10 00
Marshalltown Chapter,	22 50
Martha Washington Chapter,	50 00
Nehemiah Letts Chapter,	16 00
Old Thirteen Chapter,	15 00
Penelope Van Prince Chapter,	10 00
Priscilla Alden Chapter,	5 00

Spinning Wheel Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. Annie B. Howe, of Spinning Wheel Chapter,	2 50
	373 50

Kansas—

Eunice Sterling Chapter,	\$10 00
General Edward Hand Chapter,	10 00
Hannah Jameson Chapter,	5 00
Newton Chapter,	2 75
Topeka Chapter,	12 25
	40 00

Kentucky—

Elizabeth Kenton Chapter,	\$25 00
General Evan Shelby Chapter,	50 00
Fincastle Chapter,	220 00
	295 00

Maine—

Mrs. Marian L. O'Donoghue, of Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter,	\$5 00
Frances Dighton Williams Chapter,	25 00
	30 00

Massachusetts—

Bazar, fund of,	\$3,925 54
Colonel Thomas Lothrop Chapter,	15 00
Mrs. Frank H. Brown, of Faneuil Hall Chapter,	5 00
Hannah Winthrop Chapter,	70 00
	4,015 54

Michigan—

Alexander Macomb Chapter,	\$15 00
Algonquin Chapter,	10 00
Ann Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter,	10 00
Big Rapids Chapter,	5 00
General Richardson Chapter,	19 00
Genesee Chapter,	5 00
Lansing Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. James P. Brayton, of Lansing Chapter,	50 00
Louisa St. Clair Chapter,	30 00
Mrs. William L. Chittenden, of Louisa St. Clair Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. Leartus Connor, of Louisa St. Clair Chapter,	5 00

Lucinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter,	20 00
Marquette Chapter,	5 00
Mary Marshall Chapter,	5 00
Menominee Chapter,	5 00
Muskegon Chapter,	8 00
Ot-si-ke-ta Chapter,	5 00
Saginaw Chapter,	20 00
Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, to be held in trust in memory of Mrs. Harvey J. Hollis- ter,	175 00
Ypsilanti Chapter,	10 00
	452 00

Minnesota—

Colonial Chapter,	\$150 00
Daughters of Liberty Chapter,	50 00
Distaff Chapter,	15 00
Fergus Falls Chapter,	10 00
Greysolon du Lhut Chapter,	50 00
Josiah Edson Chapter,	40 00
Minneapolis Chapter,	100 00
Monument Chapter,	45 00
Nathan Hale Chapter, toward a memorial to Nathan Hale,	10 00
Rochester Chapter,	5 00
St. Paul Chapter,	81 00
St. Paul Chapter, in honor of their "Real Daughter," Mrs. Jerusha Brown,	15 00
Mrs. Florence M. Gheen, of St. Paul Chapter, in memory of Mrs. D. A. Monfort,	25 00
Captain J. J. McCarty, through St. Paul Chap- ter, in memory of Mrs. J. J. McCarty,	20 00
Wenonah Chapter, to be held in trust for a memorial,	100 00
	716 00

Missouri—

Jefferson Chapter,	\$35 10
St. Louis Chapter,	150 00
Mrs. Wallace Delafield, of St. Louis Chapter,...	5 00
	190 10

Nebraska—

Coronado Chapter,	\$10 00
Lewis-Clark Chapter,	25 00
Omaha Chapter,	100 00
Mrs. S. C. Langworthy, of Seward Chapter, ...	10 00
	145 00

New Hampshire—

Ashuelot Chapter, for portrait bust,	\$100 00
Elsa Cilley Chapter, for portrait bust,	5 00
Margery Sullivan Chapter,	25 00
Milford Chapter, for portrait bust,	75 00
Mrs. Benjamin Chase, of Molly Reid Chapter,	5 00
Molly Stark Chapter, for portrait bust,	200 00
	410 00

New Jersey—

Boudinot Chapter,	\$50 00
Mrs. E. Gaylord Putnam, of Boudinot Chapter,	100 00
Camp Middlebrook Chapter,	23 00
Colonel Lowrey Chapter,	10 00
Essex Chapter,	20 00
General Lafayette Chapter,	25 00
Miss Sarah N. Doughty, of General Lafayette Chapter,	12 50
Mrs. Joseph Thompson, of General Lafayette Chapter,	12 50
Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter,	15 00
Jersey Blue Chapter,	45 00
Kate Aylesford Chapter,	6 00
Nassau Chapter,	15 00
Oak Tree Chapter,	6 00
Paulus Hook Chapter,	50 00
Trent Chapter,	10 00
	400 00

New Mexico—

Jacob Bennett Chapter,	\$5 00	5 00
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New York—

Astenrogen Chapter, toward New York state room,	\$25 00
Benjamin Prescott Chapter, toward New York state room,	101 00
Mrs. John Miller Horton, of Buffalo Chapter, ..	100 00
Camden Chapter, toward New York state room,	25 00
Catherine Schuyler Chapter,	14 00
Chemung Chapter,	15 00
Cherry Valley Chapter, toward New York state room,	10 00
Deborah Champion Chapter, toward New York state room,	25 00
Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	400 00

Mrs. S. M. Bowne, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	1 00
Mrs. F. W. Hopkins, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	10 00
Mrs. Charles A. Hoyt, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	50 00
Mrs. Calvin Edwards Hull, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,.....	100 00
Mrs. Ambrose Kitchell, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	2 00
Mrs. Frank M. Lupton, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	10 00
Mrs. James F. Russell, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	5 00
Mrs. Lucella C. Smith, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	5 00
Mrs. Alden S. Swan, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	5 00
Mrs. William C. Todd, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	100 00
Miss Susan M. Van Anden, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,.....	5 00
Mrs. S. V. White, of Fort Greene Chapter, toward New York state room,	10 00
Fort Oswego Chapter,	25 00
Gansevoort Chapter,	400 00
Mrs. P. K. Dederick, of Gansevoort Chapter,...	100 00
General William Floyd Chapter, toward New York state room,	25 00
Hendrick Hudson Chapter, toward New York state room,	25 00
Hendrick Hudson Chapter,	25 00
Irondequoit Chapter, toward New York state room,	50 00
Irondequoit Chapter,	100 00
Jamestown Chapter,	200 00
Jane McCrea Chapter, toward New York state room,	100 00
Kanistee Valley Chapter,	64 00
Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter, toward New York state room,	30 00
Mahwenawasigh Chapter, toward New York state room,	10 00
Mahwenawasigh Chapter, general fund,	50 00
Manhattan Chapter, toward New York state room,	100 00

Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, toward New York state room,	360 00
Mary Weed Marvin Chapter,	25 00
Melzingah Chapter, toward New York state room,	20 00
Mohawk Chapter, toward New York state room, Mohawk Chapter,	100 00
Mohegan Chapter, toward New York state room, New York City Chapter, toward New York state room,	100 00
Mrs. Sara C. Meredith, of New York City Chap- ter,	25 00
Mrs. James W. Randall, of New York City Chapter,	100 00
Mrs. A. J. Robinson, of New York City Chapter, Olean Chapter, toward New York state room, Ondawa Cambridge Chapter,	100 00
Miss Kate M. McKie, of Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter, in honor of Mrs. A. D. Geer,	75 00
Oneida Chapter, toward New York state room, Oneida Chapter,	100 00
Onondaga Chapter, toward New York state room,	100 00
Onondaga Chapter,	50 00
Onwentsia Chapter,	25 00
Patterson Chapter,	60 00
Sagoyewatha Chapter, toward New York State room,	35 00
Saranac Chapter,	25 00
Mrs. James Mingay, of Saratoga Chapter,.....	25 00
Sleepy Hollow Chapter,	30 00
Swe-kat-si Chapter, toward New York state room,	66 00
Wiltwyck Chapter, toward New York state room, Ensign Robert Wilson Society, Children of the American Revolution,	100 00
Nathan Beman Society, Children of the Ameri- can Revolution,	10 00
	27 36
	4,160 36

North Dakota—

Mrs. Sarah M. Lounsberry, state regent of North Dakota,	\$5 00	5 00
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Ohio—

Cincinnati Chapter,	\$100 00
Elizabeth Sherman Reese Chapter,	10 00

Fort Findlay Chapter,	10 00
George Clinton Chapter,	10 00
Miami Chapter,	5 00
New Connecticut Chapter,	15 00
Old North West Chapter,	5 00
Ursula Wolcott Chapter, toward Ohio state room,	100 00
Western Reserve Chapter,	100 00
	355 00

Oklahoma Territory—

Oklahoma City Chapter,	\$10 00	10 00
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Pennsylvania—

Chester County Chapter,	\$20 00
Delaware County Chapter,	25 50
Harrisburg Chapter,	70 00
Independence Hall Chapter,	200 00
Philadelphia Chapter,	660 00
James R. Mellon, through Mrs. James R. Mellon, of Pittsburgh Chapter,	250 00
A. W. Mellon, through Mrs. James R. Mellon, of Pittsburgh Chapter,	250 00
R. B. Mellon, through Mrs. James R. Mellon, of Pittsburgh Chapter,	250 00
W. L. Mellon, through Mrs. James R. Mellon, of Pittsburgh Chapter,	250 00
Mrs. Catherine A. Bruce, of Quaker City Chap- ter,	100 00
Valley Forge Chapter,	60 00
Mrs. Sheldon Reynolds, of Wyoming Valley Chapter,	100 00
Proceeds from sale of Pennsylvania state pin,..	47 00
	2,282 50

Rhode Island—

Mrs. Joshua Wilbour, honorary vice-president general, and member of Bristol Chapter, toward Rhode Island state column,.....	\$200 00
Gaspee Chapter, toward Rhode Island state column,	450 00
Narragansett Chapter, toward Rhode Island state column,	66 00
Phebe Green Ward Chapter, toward Rhode Island state column,	100 00
William Ellery Chapter, toward Rhode Island state column,	170 00
	986 00

South Carolina—

Andrew Pickens Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	\$5 00
Cateechee Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	5 00
Columbia Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	35 00
Cowpens Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	25 00
Kate Barry Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	5 00
King's Mountain Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	5 00
Nathaniel Greene Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	15 00
Rebecca Motte Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	25 00
	120 00

Tennessee—

Bonny Kate Chapter,	\$50 00
Campbell Chapter,	40 00
Chickamauga Chapter,	30 00
Commodore Perry Chapter,	50 00
Cumberland Chapter,	50 00
Hermitage Chapter,	50 00
Jackson-Madison Chapter,	10 00
Watauga Chapter,	25 00
	305 00

Texas—

George Washington Chapter,	\$15 00
Lady Washington Chapter,	36 00
Mary Isham Keith Chapter,	25 00
San Antonio de Bexar Chapter,	10 00
	86 00

Vermont—

Ann Story Chapter, toward expense of placing inscription above the entrance to Memorial Continental Hall,	\$75 00
Bellevue Chapter,	20 25
Bennington Chapter,	100 00
Brattleboro Chapter,	75 00
	270 25

Virginia—

Mrs. F. Berger Moran, of Albemarle Chapter, proceeds from sale of "Miss Washington, of Virginia,"	\$138 00	138 00
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Washington—

Rainier Chapter,	\$25 00	25 00
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West Virginia—

Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter,	\$35 00
James Wood Chapter,	350 00
James Wood Chapter, proceeds from sale of books,	2 50
Mrs. B. D. Spilman, of James Wood Chapter, in memory of her great-great-grandfather, Cap- tain Cornelius Steenrod,	50 00

437 50

Wisconsin—

Fond-du-Lac Chapter,	\$10 00
Janesville Chapter,	25 00
Milwaukee Chapter, to be held in trust for memorial,	100 00
Oshkosh Chapter,	50 00
Cash,	2 00

187 00

Total,	\$21,448 40
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SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT.

Connecticut—

Mrs. Charles H. Pinney, of Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chap- ter,	\$50 00
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Delaware—

Mrs. Rebecca Chapman, of Caesar Rodney Chapter, in memory of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Chapman,	50 00
District of Columbia—	

Mrs. Louise H. Patterson,	25 00
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Proceeds from lunch given by District of Columbia Chap- ters,	50 00
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Florida—

Jacksonville Chapter,	10 00
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Kentucky—

Mrs. Sallie M. Hardy, of John Marshall Chapter, "A Thank Offering,"	5 00
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Maine—

Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter,	50 00
General Knox Chapter,	20 00
Mary Dillingham Chapter,	35 00
South Carolina—	
Mrs. A. I. Robertson, of South Carolina, commission on paper weights,	5 00
Mrs. A. I. Robertson, of South Carolina, commission on "Coat-of-Arms,"	5 00
	\$305 00

PLEDGES MADE AT FOURTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Colorado—

Denver Chapter,	\$50 00
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Connecticut—

Dorothy Ripley Chapter,	25 00
Elizabeth Porter Putnam Chapter,	25 00
Katherine Gaylord Chapter,	50 00
Putnam Hill Chapter,	25 00
Sibbil Dwight Kent Chapter,	25 00
Forty-six chapters of Connecticut, for the column,	2,000 00

Delaware—

Toward Delaware column,	1,000 00
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District of Columbia—

Katherine Montgomery Chapter (as a memorial),	125 00
Thirteen Colonies Chapter,	25 00
Miss Nellie B. Stone, of District of Columbia,	5 00
A Daughter, of District of Columbia,	2 00

Georgia—

Joseph Habersham Chapter, toward Georgia column,	100 00
Oglethorpe Chapter, toward Georgia Column,	25 00
Mrs. Richard H. Brooks, of Piedmont-Continental Chapter, toward Georgia column,	10 00

Indiana—

Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, of Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter,	500 00
Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, toward furnishing presi- dent general's room,	305 00

Maryland—

Baltimore Chapter, toward Maryland column,	1,000 00
Frederick Chapter, toward Maryland column,	2 00
Maryland Line Chapter, toward Maryland column,	500 00
Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter, toward Maryland column,	26 00

Nebraska—		
Deborah Avery Chapter,	50	00
New Hampshire—		
New Hampshire, for the New Hampshire column,	2,000	00
Elizabeth Folsom Hilton Chapter (for portrait bust),.....	5	00
New York—		
Buffalo Chapter, for memorial to be placed in New York state room,	200	00
General Richard Montgomery Chapter, toward New York state room,	25	00
Mrs. Spencer Aldrich, of Mary Washington Colonial Chap- ter,	50	00
Miss Lillian Montgomery, of Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, toward New York column,	25	00
Mrs. James H. Aldrich, of New York City Chapter,	1,000	00
Philip Schuyler Chapter, for New York state room,	50	00
Seneca Chapter, for New York state room,	25	00
Mrs. William Lindsay, of New York,	50	00
Ohio—		
For Ohio room,	1,500	00
Pennsylvania—		
Balance on Pennsylvania state column,	1,786	25
Bellefonte Chapter,	50	00
Lawrence Chapter,	25	00
Lycoming Chapter,	50	00
Mrs. A. E. Patton, of Susquehanna Chapter,	25	00
Mrs. Lavinia C. Stull, of Pennsylvania,	5	00
Rhode Island—		
Bristol Chapter (proportional part, per capita, towards Rhode Island column):		
Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter (towards Rhode Island column),	121	68
Gaspee Chapter (proportional part toward Rhode Island column, in addition to amount already raised).		
General Nathaniel Greene Chapter (proportional part for Rhode Island column).		
Pawtucket Chapter (for Rhode Island column),.....	234	00
Woonsocket Chapter (proportional part for Rhode Island column).		
South Carolina—		
Catawba Chapter, toward South Carolina column,	70	00
Esther Marion Chapter, toward South Carolina column,..	10	00
Rebecca Motte Chapter, toward South Carolina column,..	150	00
Texas—		
Thankful Hubbard Chapter,	25	00

Vermont—

Ann Story Chapter (balance due on inscription above door),	25 00
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Mrs. Horace Hoxie Dyer, of Ann Story Chapter,	25 00
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Virginia—

For Virginia column,	2,000 00
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Washington—

The State of Washington, for a bust of Washington,.....	500 00
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Total,	\$15,906 93
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Adjournment was taken at 11 p. m., and while dispersing, the orchestra played.

MORNING SESSION, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1905.

The congress met, pursuant to adjournment, the president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks in the Chair.

The bugle call, "Guard Mounting," called all to their seats.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Daughters, we will unite with our chaplain general in prayer.

PRAYER.

MRS. HAMLIN. (One Hundred and Third Psalm, 1-11 verses.) Bless the Lord, O my soul; and all that is within me, bless His holy name. Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all His benefits: who forgiveth all thine iniquities; who healeth all thy diseases; who redeemeth thy life from destruction; who crowneth thee with loving kindness and tender mercies; who satisfieth thy mouth with good things; so that thy youth is renewed like the eagle's. The Lord executeth righteousness and judgment for all that are oppressed. He made known His ways unto Moses, His acts unto the children of Israel. The Lord is merciful and gracious, slow to anger and plenteous in mercy. He will not always chide: neither will he keep his anger forever. He hath not dealt with us after our sins; nor rewarded us according to our iniquities. For as the heaven is high above the earth, so great is His mercy toward them that fear Him.

Let us unite in prayer. For thy gracious care, Dear God, we thank Thee. We thank Thee for our life and health and strength. We thank Thee for a place in the world and work to do. We pray, our heavenly Father, that Thou wilt help us to realize what that means, to realize that it is a great thing to have a mission, something that Thou canst bless, and something that is useful to our fellow men, and so to do. We thank Thee for all these mercies, and we pray Thee that Thou wilt be with us through our coming sessions, be with us as Thou wast yesterday, and bless all these exercises to the purifying of our souls and the strengthening of our minds, and we hope that Thou wilt be with us this day, through these opening day exercises. We pray for our sisters, for all the Daughters throughout all the country who are listening and looking to us to-day to do their work for them in the way of legislation, and help us, our Father, to think soberly and wisely, and well, and to love our neighbors as ourselves, and to do those things which Thou canst approve, and which Thou canst bless; and let our officers renew their strength, and grant us that they may be upheld and strengthened to-day, and forever, and bless all the societies and each member throughout the country, and at last save us all, to Thy everlasting kingdom, we ask through Christ's sake. Amen.

Mr. PERCY FOSTER. Three stanzas of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." The minutes of the meeting of yesterday, April 17, 1905, were here read aloud by the reader.

Mrs. ORTON. I have a correction to make.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this report of yesterday's meeting. A motion to accept is in order.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I move that the minutes of yesterday's meeting be accepted. Seconded by Mrs. Gerald.

Mrs. ORTON. I have a correction to make, namely, that the presentation of the picture of our president general was made by Mrs. Horton, of the Buffalo Chapter, and not by Mrs. Orton, of Ohio.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well; that correction will be made. It is moved and seconded, to accept the minutes as read, as corrected.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. I have an announcement to make, which has just been handed to me. It is respectfully suggested that all communications between members on the floor of this house be made in writing, in order that it may be possible to hear what is being said by those who are speaking.

DISCUSSION OF PROGRAM.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion before us is to accept the report of the program committee.

Mrs. ROSA. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The chairman of the program committee is recognized.

Mrs. ROSA. Madam President General and members of the Continental Congress, in answer to a statement made by Mrs. Ballinger yesterday afternoon relative to the motion of Mrs. Weed, to the effect that the motion was not carried by the Thirteenth Continental Congress, I would say that Mrs. Ballinger evidently trusted to her memory. The chairman of the program committee now presents the record from which the program committee took its data, and will ask the official reader to read it.

READER. This is from the minutes of last year's congress:

"Mrs. WEED. I move that the Thirteenth Continental Congress recommend to the program committee for the Fourteenth Continental Congress that no meetings be arranged for Good Friday in 1905.

"Mrs. BROOKS. I second the motion.

"Mrs. RICHARDS. I second the motion.

"Mrs. WILLIAMS, of Massachusetts. I would like to second that motion.

"The motion was put and carried." [Applause.]

Mrs. BALLINGER. Madam Chairman, may I speak?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Ballinger, of the District of Columbia, is recognized.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I remember very well Mrs. Weed and myself had quite a prolonged discussion last year, and the motions were crowded in so fast. Now, it is a matter between Mrs. Weed and myself as to whether that motion carried or not; but, however, we will not raise that point, because I am informed that it has no governing power over this session of the congress. I am so instructed by the president general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is perfectly correct.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I do not propose to-day to raise any question regarding religion. I am going to offer a motion to amend that.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Proceed with your amendment.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I move to amend the motion by adding the words "with the exception of Friday, a program being arranged for that day."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Send up your motion in writing—your amendment. It is an amendment of this motion to accept. Send it up. Is there a second to that motion?

Mrs. GRUNSKY. I second the motion.

Mrs. ALLEN, of Utah. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Remember that every motion must be sent to the stage in writing, and whoever may rise to address the Chair must give her name clearly and distinctly. Now, this is open for discussion.

Mrs. WEED. I wish to speak merely of my recollection of this subject. Last year I was sitting, at the time this discussion went on, in the box provided for the national officers, at the right of the stage. My friend, Mrs. Ballinger, sat in her seat on the opposite side of the auditorium. I sat beside Mrs. Main, who presented the original motion that the congress be held in the week of the 26th of April, and the parliamentarian ruled that that was not constitutional, and therefore that was not entertained. Then she offered the substitute motion that we should meet on the constitutional date, the Monday of the week on which the 19th of April falls, and should meet but not transact any business, and then adjourn. It was the regent of the New York City Chapter who drew a hair-splitting differentiation between those motions, and there was considerable discussion over it, and I offered a substitute motion to lay aside all that question, and simply recommend to the congress that we should not meet on Good Friday, as the entire discussion arose over that date. The motion was seconded, not only by the ladies whose names you have heard this morning, but also by ladies all over the house, and it was put by the Chair, and it was carried without a dissenting voice. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes anybody else who desires to speak upon the side upon which Mrs. Ballinger has spoken to do so, and then we will hear from someone on the other side. The Chair wants things done fairly and squarely, and if there are people who agree with Mrs. Ballinger, they can speak, and then we will hear from somebody else.

The reader again read the motion of Mrs. Ballinger, as follows: "I move to amend the motion by adding the words 'with the exception of Friday, a program being arranged for that day.'"

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair desires that you will all look at this motion of last year, and then you will see the amendment. The Chair wishes to know if the stenographic report gives the number of votes that were cast against it?

RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL. It does not.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Mrs. Roberts seconds that amendment.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been seconded.

The reader again read the motion of Mrs. Ballinger.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any further discussion of this desired? (Cries of "Question! Question!")

Mrs. BALLINGER. I ask, Madam President, for further time.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You shall have it. Mrs. Grunsky is recognized. Go on. Do you wish to speak upon that same side, Mrs. Grunsky?

Mrs. GRUNSKY. Yes. I feel that Mrs. Ballinger's premises are right in this matter, because no question arises whatever as to any religious scruples.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Not at all.

Mrs. GRUNSKY. No question of that sort arises as a requirement for membership in this organization, and it seems to me that this gives rise to that thought, and it seems to me that this puts such a question into our proceedings, and it seems to me that it is inappropriate.

Mrs. PARK. I merely wish to say, Madam President General, briefly, that we are a Christian country, and that laying all denominational ideas aside, as a Christian country we do believe in the fact that the observance of this most sacred day of the whole Christian year commemorates, whether or not, as denominations, we have special services on that date. We cannot afford as a body of Christian women to ignore the day that the commercial, the mercantile world, which is said to be so sordid, observes all over the world. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The state regent of Utah, Mrs. Allen, is recognized.

Mrs. ALLEN. I move to amend the amendment by substituting the words "may be" for the word "being."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Send up your amendment in writing, if you have it.

Mrs. ALLEN. I move to amend it by inserting the words "may be" for the word "being."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think that you had better write it out so that we may know exactly what you mean.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. I would like to ask a question for information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question for information?

Mrs. McCARTNEY. Is it not true that the national government, whose

children, I may say, we are are, recognizes Good Friday, or am I in error?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will have to leave it to somebody else to answer.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. Are our government offices open on Good Friday?

Mrs. BALLINGER. They are.

Mrs. PERLEY. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Perley.

Mrs. PERLEY. It appears to me that we are losing a great deal of valuable time. I would like to say this, that it will be a great many years before Good Friday comes again during our Continental Congress, because we always will know the year before the congress comes in that week.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Will you allow me to close, Madam President General? I believe that was my privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I will permit you to close. Is there any one else who desires to speak upon this question?

Mrs. CAREY. I would like to speak. I think I am in the minority.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Proceed.

Mrs. CAREY. I only wish to remind the ladies of the program we had Monday morning. This is not a sectarian body. We had yesterday a rabbi, a Catholic bishop, a Presbyterian minister, a Methodist bishop, and an Episcopal bishop. I thought that the program began on broad lines. I would like to attend service on Good Friday, but I recognize that there are others who do not agree with me, and that Saturday is a day recognized by the Hebrews, some of whom are in this congress, as a sacred day, and yet we work on Saturdays. [Applause.]

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I move to amend the amendment by inserting—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have one amendment to the amendment already. It has not come up. We are waiting for it. Is there any other person who wishes to speak?

Mrs. McLEAN. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. McLean is recognized.

Mrs. McLEAN. [Prolonged applause.] Madam President, on this subject I wish to say only one word. It is highly improbable that our congress will fall again in what we call "Holy Week" in the Episcopal church, to which I have belonged for many, many years; but I do not think there is a Daughter here present who would consider holding the congress on Christmas day, in case the week of the congress happened to be the week in which Christmas day fell, and if we observe the day on which the light came into the world, we might, I think, observe the day in which it was darkened for a little while. [Great applause.]

(Mrs. Richardson was recognized.)

Mrs. RICHARDSON. I have only a few words to say, if you will allow me to say them here. I merely wish to put it on record that I do not

approve of our congress opening and working on Good Friday. We are a body of women supposed to set an example of Christianity. It is but a little sacrifice to make, and it seems to me, as the Christian world observes that day, we might, even though it may not fall for many years in the time of our congress again, observe the day this year. I wish to go on record as saying that I, for one, do not wish the congress held on Good Friday. [Applause.]

Mrs. SWIFT. Is there any good reason why any one, who does not believe in working on Good Friday, is obliged to come to this congress on that day? [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair states that doubtless every member of this congress desires to come early and stay late at every meeting of the congress. The Chair goes always on that theory. [Applause.]

Mrs. RICHARDSON. Thank you, Madam President. We all want to do our duties in every way, both to the congress and the church.

(Mrs. Goode, of Alabama, was recognized.)

Mrs. Goode. I am a Presbyterian, but speaking for others, I would say that it strikes me that these women come, many of them, from different states and their religious scruples would keep many of them from coming here on Good Friday, and therefore I would like to say that I do not believe that we should have a session on Good Friday.

(Mrs. Draper, of the District of Columbia, was recognized.)

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President, every Daughter of the American Revolution who takes the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE could read the minutes of last congress, in which the congress recommended that Good Friday be observed. And on account of that recommendation, various Catholics and Episcopalians were chosen as delegates to this congress, with the understanding that there would be a recess on Good Friday. Madam President, as any one living here knows, I am a Presbyterian; but, Madam President, I believe in the Bible, and it says, "Wherefore, if meat causeth my brother to offend, I will eat no flesh while the world standeth, lest I make my brother to offend." It is apparent from this discussion that a great many of the Daughters of the American Revolution do think it right to observe Good Friday. I, myself, was one who believed that it should not be observed. Madam President, I yield because I believe in the Bible, and wish to observe its precepts, which I consider the highest thing that every Daughter of the American Revolution should obey. [Applause.]

(Cries of "Question!")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We must allow the maker of this motion to close the discussion.

Mrs. SWIFT. Is this a parliament of religion?

Mrs. BALLINGER. With all deference to the ladies who have given us their different religious views on this, from their religious standpoint, I would state that that is not the question under consideration. The establishment of a precedent was the only point to which we could talk.

Now, I just state this, that I think we ought not to establish such a precedent, because we all know that precedent when once established is simply ironclad. No law ever reaches that. Now, there is no objection to any member keeping Good Friday. We might all want to do it, and yet those who wished to come here and go on with the business of this organization might be privileged to do so. I only ask that no precedent be established whereby anybody else holding some other religious views might come here and ask on some other occasion for something else, and I think that I am completely within my rights in doing so. It is against the establishment of a precedent of this kind that I ask your consideration. I do not say one word against your staying away. In fact, I was raised an Episcopalian, and I cannot say anything against your observing Good Friday; but I do protest against the establishment of a precedent.

(Cries of "Question!")

Mrs. WEED. I wish to offer a motion to lay on the table, if no one else has done so.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That will lay the program on the table. We will now vote on the last amendment. The reader will read it.

READER. The main motion is to accept your program as given to you by the program committee. The first amendment, of Mrs. Ballinger, is "with the exception of Friday, a program being arranged for that day." The amendment to the amendment is to substitute for "being arranged" the words "may be arranged."

The question was taken, and the amendment was not agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The amendment to the amendment is lost. Read the other one.

READER. The other amendment is "with the exception of Friday, a program being arranged for that day."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you ready to vote on this amendment or do you desire to discuss it further?

(Cries of "Question! Question!")

Mrs. BALLINGER. Does that mean that there will be no session of this body on Friday?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This question is now before us, and we are in the midst of a vote upon it.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I desire to address the Chair on a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is it strictly a question of privilege?

Mrs. BALLINGER. Yes. Does this mean that there will be no session of this body on Friday?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The question is not settled. It depends on the vote of this assemblage. We will now vote on the amendment, which is to arrange a meeting for Friday.

The question was taken and the motion was not agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The amendment is lost. The question is now upon adopting the program.

The question on the motion to adopt the program was taken, and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The program is adopted. [Great applause.]

Mrs. DRAPER. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege?

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President, as I understand it, a question of privilege refers to the rights and privileges of every member of this body. Am I correct?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Yes.

Mrs. DRAPER. Therefore, Madam President, because in the public press this morning the motives of a large number of the Daughters of the American Revolution have been attacked, I take the privilege, as one of those who are attacked, to speak.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If it is a question that relates to the rights of a member of this body, this congress, it is a question of privilege.

Mrs. DRAPER. I am a member of this congress, and my action—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Has it occurred since the convening of this congress?

Mrs. DRAPER. It has. It occurred this morning, in the press, over the signature of a member of the National Board. I ask the privilege of defending myself.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair thinks you are entitled to this privilege. [Great applause.] Go on.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President, in the *Washington Post* of this morning, it says "Mrs. Walter H. Weed, the vice-president general, who is the manager of Mrs. Sternberg's campaign, says"—this is referring to Mrs. McLean—"she has always led the movement for reduction of national dues, the only result of which would have been the cutting off of large annual appropriations from the current fund."

Madam President, as one of those who voted for the reduction of dues, so called, but really the transferring, I refer to the minutes of the congress in which I said that I voted that way because I believed in Continental Hall, and I believed—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is the name of Mrs. Amos G. Draper mentioned in this communication?

Mrs. DRAPER. It is.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then, you read that. You read that part of it in which your name is mentioned.

Mrs. DRAPER. In the matter of this charge, I demand, in the name of justice, that Mrs. McLean, who was not called upon last night to speak for Continental Hall, be called—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair did not hear your motion.

Mrs. DRAPER. I ask that Mrs. McLean be allowed to state her position in regard to Continental Hall.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege?

Mrs. DRAPER. My question of privilege has not been answered yet. I demand that my question be answered, and by the Chair. I ask as a question of privilege that Mrs. McLean, a member of this body, be allowed to state her position in regard to Continental Hall.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is willing to entertain at any time and all the time, a question of privilege, but she does not consider a campaign speech a question of privilege. [Applause.] The Chair is not here to listen to campaign speeches for anybody, and she will not do it. [Great applause.] You are entirely and utterly out of order, Madam. Take your seat.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I move that this matter be laid on the table. Seconded.

Mrs. WEED. I rise to a question of personal privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that this matter be laid upon the table, and upon that motion we will vote.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The "ayes" have it. It is laid upon the table.

Mrs. WEED. Will you permit me to make this statement, that I never have made a statement—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege?

Mrs. WEED. I never have signed my name to a communication—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair declines to listen to any campaign speeches.

Mrs. WEED. I am making no campaign—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Keep quiet until the Chair gets through. The Chair is entirely willing to admit a question of privilege, but will not have any campaign speech. Is your question regarding yourself?

Mrs. WEED. It is regarding myself.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then step right forward and make your speech.

Mrs. WEED. I have no desire to enter into the merits of this case one way or the other. I simply refer you to the record of the Continental Congress of 1902.

Mrs. PARK. May I say a word?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes the vice-president general from Georgia. What have you to say?

Mrs. PARK. I merely wish to say that just as much as our president general does, I disapprove of any campaign speeches.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think you are out of order, although your words are like sweet music. Go to your seat.

Mrs. PARK. I wish to make a statement as to Mrs. McLean.

Mrs. McLEAN. I rise to a point of order.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your point of order?

Mrs. McLEAN. I have heard no campaign speeches, and I desire no campaign speeches, and I move that we proceed to the business of the day. [Great applause.]

(Great disorder and confusion prevailed.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Let us have order. If the sisters will just keep still, we will go on with the program. That is what we are trying to do. The next order of business is the reports of the national officers. The next is the report of the vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, Mrs. Miranda Barney Tulloch. Owing to the fact that our beloved vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters has not a very strong voice, we will have the official reader read her report.

The official reader read the report, as follows:

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS.

Madam President and Ladies of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: In presenting this, my fourth and last report to congress, I desire to express to state and chapter regents, to the members of the National Board of Management, and to our honored president general, my appreciation of the courtesy so generously extended to me. In the many and perplexing duties of my office, they have been helpful and forbearing, looking always to the prosperity of the society, regardless of personal sacrifice. The clerks in my office have been faithful and untiring in their devotion to me and to their duties, and I heartily commend them to my successor. As we approach the parting of the ways, I realize how closely we have been united, and how loyal each and every one has been to the high aim of our organization.

It becomes my painful duty to announce the death of Mrs. John Lane Henry, former state regent of Texas. Last year she was with us—active and enthusiastic, winning love and respect from all with whom she came in contact. Mrs. Henry was elected state regent 1901, and was re-elected February 1902, 1903 and 1904, and served with untiring zeal and enthusiasm.

The following is an itemized account of the work done during the year:

Chapter regents appointed,	53
Chapter regents reappointed,	10
Regencies expired by limitation,	31
Chapter regent's commissions issued,	63
Chapters authorized to organize,	1
Chapters declared null and void,	3
Chapters organized,	740
Chapters unorganized,	71
Increase during the year,	52
Charters issued,	43
Charters reissued,	7
Letters received,	1,258

Letters written,	1,385
State regent's commissions issued,	46

The report of the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters includes also that of the card catalogues. I now report each month not only the increase in membership, with the lists of deaths, resignations, reinstatements and dropped for nonpayment of dues, but also note all catalogue changes and so fix the actual status of the organization.

Following is an itemized account of the work of the card catalogues:

Members' cards,	4,718
Ancestors' cards,	7,099
Corrections,	2,144
Marriages,	561
Resignations,	751
Deaths,	529
Dropped for non-payment of dues,	345
Re-instatements,	84
Admitted membership April 4th, 1905,	51,662
Actual membership April 4th, 1905,	42,804
Letters written,	397

Respectfully submitted,

MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The congress has heard the report of the organizer. What may be your pleasure?

Mrs. ORTON. I move that it be accepted.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Hodge.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The report is accepted. The next is the report of the chaplain general, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

REPORT OF CHAPLAIN GENERAL.

Mrs. HAMLIN.

Madam President and Ladies of the congress: The duties of the chaplain general are such that they cannot be tabulated in figures, and yet sometimes the greatest entities are those that are unseen. If we are a Christian nation, if we are a Christian body of women, we must believe in the Almighty care, and that prayer has been offered for each one of you each month is true, and it has been the duty of your chaplain to thus pray for you. She is one of the few that still remain, who were on the first Board of Management, having been the first chaplain general of this organization. Those were stormy times that we passed through; indeed, there were squalls, and there were great questions to settle, and periods of transition are always periods of storm. She often felt in those days like the little girl who, in praying her evening prayer, said "God bless brother, and

make him a good boy, and God bless sister and make her a good girl, and God bless me and make me a good girl;" but she had an aunt who was very pious but not very agreeable, and of course she did not dare to say "Bless Aunt Lucy and make her good," but she did say "Bless Aunt Lucy and make her comfortable." [Laughter.] So I felt that during those days I had to pray that prayer.

It was said in Revelations that at the opening of the great seal there was silence in Heaven for the space of half an hour. I often have thought that perhaps there were no Daughters of the American Revolution there at that time. [Great laughter.]

The Goddess of Victory, when discovered, was found to be impersonated in the body of a woman, with magnificent draperies, and possessing wings so that she need not touch the earth unless it was necessary; but unfortunately she had lost her head. [Laughter.] Now we have the Goddess of Victory, and I am quite sure we do not want to lose our head, but if we could put a head on this goddess we would like very much to put upon that goddess the head of our president, [applause] but that cannot be, and therefore we must put upon our Goddess of Liberty the composite head of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

As I have come into the board at this time, according to your pleasure—for which I thank you—I have the way and the means of comparison. In those early days we met at 8 o'clock and if we stayed until 12 or 1 o'clock, we thought that it was perfectly dreadful. Now, your board meets every month, and spends at least two days over your business, sometimes three days, and the members of that board are every day at the office. The amount of work done is something that I do not believe the annals of the world have ever equalled, and it is done gratuitously; and when you think of all these different officers, do you realize what it means to verify 50,000 papers? That has to-day to be done. It means a knowledge of genealogy. It means a knowledge of history. It means search and research; for all of them are not easy to verify. This work has been done gratuitously for you. I think the country at large should thank the present officers to the present time for what they have done. This is one entity that can be tabulated entirely, it is that loving service that has been given to you. And any one who has been in the office and seen how regularly the work is done must realize what a body of business women you have to-day.

But, ladies, you are bending your energies towards the completion of this magnificent thing—this building. It is to me a marvel. I was in the congress when it was first mentioned by our first beloved president general. We talked of it before the motion came, Mrs. Harrison and I, she was present, and there was a faint whisper of \$10,000 for the building, and we thought it would be almost impossible to get it. But then there came \$100,000, and now you see the result. What it will

be when it is completed and what it will cost, this is to be seen; but each one of you and your chapters have been doing a magnificent work. Had you not saved the genealogy of the country in this generation, it would have been lost forever. [Applause.] There are those who never could have found it if you had lost it now, because so much depended upon the older people whom you had to consult. I know how it is from experience, because in my own case it is true. You have marked tablets; you have started an education in patriotism in the schools, helped to put the flag over the school houses; you have done so much in that work that never has been tabulated, that your chaplain general, in her official capacity must recognize. And yet, ladies, there is a greater work for you to do than that you have ever done, and there is one thing that I must mention which to me has been a joy and a ground of pride, and that is the union of all the women in all the country, from east to west, from north to south, in this one patriotic movement. There has never been anything like it in the world; there has never been anything like it in the United States until you took hold of it. [Applause.]

But there are great issues at stake. President McKinley said there never was a time in the history of this country when there was a need of truer patriotism than at the present time. [Applause.] You met it in what I call "the great war" with Spain. It did not last long, but while it lasted the president made us take a place we did not want. He is keeping us there; and in our great war with Spain, you led to help our soldiers, and it brought you together.

Yet there are other issues. We have more foes within us, Christian Daughters, than those without. I belong to an organization that raises \$600,000 every year for what I consider patriotic service, and that is putting Christian schools among the exceptional people of our United States. These schools go from Point Barrow, Alaska, to the country of the mountaineers of the south, from east to west, among the Mexicans of the southern border, and the Indians, to the far north, among those who have no public schools. Over those schools is a flag, and in those schools patriotism and love of country are taught. Not very long ago one of those flags was torn from a school house and dragged in the dust. Ah, if that meant all! We would not say all, because the flag is only cloth, after all, but it means the majesty of the United States.

That occurred in Utah. But that did not mean all. There is a question there which you can help to meet. In congress last year the president of that hierarchy—I cannot say religion—said that he had not obeyed the laws of the United States, that he was not obeying his pledges and promises to obey the laws of the United States, that he did not intend to obey those laws, and that the United States had nothing to say about it. For the purity of the home you must teach

patriotism, and that question in Utah is one that you must meet. That is a question that you can take home to your chapters. It may not cost you a dollar, but your influence with your senators will mean more to the United States than even this great building.

Now, ladies, I beg of you to keep a calm mind, and remember the great calling to which you are called. Remember that you represent people who loved the home, who fought for it, and who believed in the monogamous home; and I beg of you to do your duty; and in the same way, whatever you do, keep the quiet, firm, calm mind which you know that the Lord can bless. And may God bless every one of you and guide you. [Applause.]

Mrs. ALLEN. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is awaiting a motion to accept the report.

Mrs. MURPHY. I move to accept the report.

Miss BAIRD-HUEY. I second that motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss the report?

Mrs. ALLEN. I do wish to discuss the report.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well, proceed.

Mrs. ALLEN. I have but a few words to say to you. The third paragraph in the second section of our constitution holds these words, "to foster true patriotism and love of country." We laud and magnify the patriotism of our forefathers, and we are very right. We are face to face with that which measures present day patriotism. Our motto embraces all that is greatest in earthly endeavors—home and country. Theirs it was to establish; ours it is to maintain. The struggle for humanity making for liberty for hundreds of years culminated in the American Revolution and the formation of the United States government. The foundation stones of this government are the complete separation of church and state, and the absolute integrity of the American home. On these two rest the future of our nation. Whatever assails the nation from within or without, tending to alter these fundamental principles, becomes a menace to American integrity. A power has arisen within us, spoken of in the report to which you have just listened, and the ultimate aim of this power is the overthrow of this government. Both things defy and give disobedience to the laws of God and man, boasting in one part of the country that he said one thing, and boasting in another part of the country that he told not the truth. This power has a leader who can control, and who does control, more than you think, or some of you know. The time has come when our eyes can be no longer blinded by the plea of religious liberty. It is simply a question of patriotism. We are honest in our laudation of the past. We must not neglect the present. We cannot shirk the responsibility of the future. This menace is becoming stronger and stronger, and unless patriotic women all over this broad land sustain the efforts that for twenty or thirty years have been made by those

nearest this baneful influence, the future will have less of glory and more of dishonor. It is in our power to stay this evil. Shall we do our duty, or shall our granddaughters rue the day when we were derelict as to the blight which may enter our homes, the homes of our grandchildren and bring our country low?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any further discussion upon this report? The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

The reader made the announcements, etc.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The report of the chaplain general is accepted. The next is the report of the recording secretary general, Mrs. William E. Fuller.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL.

Mrs. FULLER. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: It has been a very great privilege to me, as well as pleasure, to serve this great organization as recording secretary general, during the past year. During this time I have received only kindness and trust from one and all. As my predecessors are aware, the duties of the recording secretary general are to follow closely, promptly and accurately the orders of the National Board of Management, leaving *self* out of the question. I have given my best efforts in the performance of my official duties, and it has been a gratification to me to be able to be present at each meeting of the board.

In making my report for the official year, I will simply state statistics and facts.

I have cast the ballot for membership of candidates presented by the registrar general 4,196 times and have signed 4,196 certificates of membership; original application papers, 4,196; supplemental papers, 1,200; notification cards of election, 4,196; commissions to national officers, 16; state regents, 46; to chapter regents, 63; and charters, 50. Number of letters and postals written, 1,745.

Letters of condolence have been sent to the members of the board who have sustained afflictions in their families by death; also expressions of sympathy to the members who have been prevented from attending the meetings by reason of illness.

At the close of each board meeting I have, in accordance with a ruling of the board on this subject, notified the various departments of the Daughters of the American Revolution office of any action of the board affecting their respective duties, as well as carried out other instructions of the board in replying to communications, etc.

The routine work of the office has gone steadily on, without interruption, and in this connection I wish to express my recognition of the very efficient services of Mrs. Annie Fisher Cahoon, who, for the past ten years, has been the official stenographer of the Board of Management.

In closing this report I desire to express my gratitude for the unsolicited honor conferred upon me one year ago, in unanimously elevating me as your recording secretary general, and in retiring from the office I wish to tender my thanks for the uniform kindness received and the satisfaction derived from being associated with the patriotic women belonging to this organization.

Respectfully submitted,

CLARA M. FULLER,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. CAMPBELL, of Colorado. I move that the report of the recording secretary general be accepted. Seconded by Mrs. McCartney.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next is the report of the corresponding secretary general, Mrs. Henry L. Mann.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL.

Mrs. MANN. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: For the past year I have the honor to report the following supplies sent out from the office of the corresponding secretary general:

Application blanks,	22,374
Constitutions,	3,879
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	2,553
Lists of national officers,	2,033
Miniature blanks,	2,442
Circular for same,	2,442
Transfer cards,	1,183
Letters received,	1,301
Letters written,	1,196

Amendments to the constitution and by-laws were mailed to all national officers, state and chapter regents according to article IX, section 2 of the constitution, and again in February amendments to the by-laws were sent out, according to article XVI, section 1 of the by-laws.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. HENRY L. MANN) FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was moved and seconded that the report of the corresponding secretary general be accepted.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next report is that of the registrar general, Mrs. Augusta D. Geer, which will be read by the official reader.

The report referred to was read by the official reader as follows:

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL TO THE FOURTEENTH CONTINENTAL
CONGRESS, N. S. D. A. R.

Madam President General and Ladies of the Continental Congress:
Since April, 1904, 4,198 members have been admitted to the National
Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Of the above number Connecticut has contributed 225, Massachusetts
380, and New York 663.

Twenty of the above number are daughters of Revolutionary soldiers.
1,200 supplemental papers have been verified.

3,153 letters have been written.

2,258 permits have been issued for the insignia.

346 permits have been issued for ancestral bars.

817 permits have been issued for the recognition pin.

3,665 certificates of membership have been issued.

Respectfully submitted,

AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. JOHN CAMPBELL. I move that the report be accepted.

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will say to you that the next on the
program is the report of the treasurer general, but this lady has come
to me and stated that this report has not been given out to all the mem-
bers of the congress, as is the usual custom, and she wants to know
if she may postpone reading her report and give it to you later.

Mrs. MURPHY. I move that the rendering of the report of the treas-
urer general be postponed until the afternoon of this day, for the first
hour of this afternoon.

Seconded by Mrs. Orton.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next report is the report of the historian
general, Mrs. Dolliver.

REPORT OF HISTORIAN GENERAL.

Mrs. DOLLIVER. [Applause.]

*Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Conti-
nental Congress:* The work of your historian general for the past year
has indeed been most congenial to her. It has been an honor and a
great pleasure to assist in the slightest degree in the actual work of
our society.

Volumes XIX and XX of the Lineage Books have been completed.
In these, the records of 2,500 ancestors have been published, among
them being many patriots whose names up to the year 1897 had been
unrecorded in our card catalogue. The work of the compiler and clerk

has been most painstaking and systematic and will, I feel confident, show the results of their diligence and care.

In my report last year I stated that it was my desire to publish at least a third volume this year. However as yet the difficulties have not lessened but have rather increased on account of the numerous new publications of genealogies and town histories that must be consulted for more complete records. It is far better, I believe to have our standard high and to maintain it than to hurriedly publish these records. The genealogical work has been greatly aided by the many valuable contributions to our library, and our office finds itself deeply indebted to our present librarian general, whose unwearying efforts in securing valuable books have so increased our resources.

The present Lineage Books, Volumes XIX and XX are for distribution to chapters as in previous years; also Volumes XVII and XVIII published last year, reserving a certain number for exchange through our librarian general.

As our organization has now grown to be so large, there being over seven hundred and forty chapters, preference in distribution should, I feel, be given to those chapters not having access to these volumes through public libraries. Let us each endeavor to unselfishly place them where they may be of the greatest value to the greatest number.

In greeting you to-day, I wish to say that I shall count these two years in which I have been associated with the Daughters of the American Revolution in an official way, as very inspiring ones to me, for they have shown me the earnestness and disinterested patriotism of our membership. It has greatly helped me to know more intimately the meaning and purposes of our organization. I have seen wherein it is now and shall more and more become a compelling influence to make for nobler citizenship and to increase among the people of our land and those coming to our shores, a still greater love and devotion to our country.

And when in distant states I find our Lineage Books so highly prized and being read as volumes more interesting than fiction and more inspiring even than earlier legends of heroism, for they belong to us personally, it gives me satisfaction that our society is doing this work of placing the deeds of our ancestors where all men may read and rejoice in them.

In closing my report I thank the ladies of the board and the Continental Congress for their assistance and courtesy.

Respectfully submitted,

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. I would like to ask a question of the historian general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. My question is as to your recommendation to give the Lineage Book to the far distant chapters.

Mrs. DOLLIVER. I made no recommendation, just a suggestion.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. Does not that, in a report, come under the head of a recommendation? We would still, now, be cut entirely short. I am just asking for information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will state in answer to that question that the Chair has appointed a committee to consider the recommendations of the national officers, and this suggestion, with any others that are made, will go to that committee, and be resolved on by them and be reported on by them to the congress. If their report is accepted, that suggestion will be.

Mrs. DOLLIVER. It limits no one in their applying for this book. I did not intend it should.

Mrs. LIGGETT. Where can we obtain those?

Mrs. DOLLIVER. They have not yet been sent to this building.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. They are usually to be had at the congress, but the historian general has not yet been able to find from the house committee where she can put them. As soon as she knows, she will have them here. Is that satisfactory?

Mrs. LIGGETT. That is satisfactory.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next report is that of the assistant historian general, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood. Madam, are you here?

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. Yes, Madam President General. The assistant historian general has the pleasure of presenting the printed copy of an official report. She is also very glad to report.

REPORT OF THE EDITOR TO THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Madam President and Delegates to the Fourteenth Congress: The editor of the Reports to the Smithsonian Institution has the pleasure of presenting the printed copy of the Sixth Report to the Smithsonian Institution. She is also very glad to report that the seventh volume was remitted to the secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, Mr. Langley, February 15th and by him submitted to the United States congress in ample time for your editor to receive the following:

February 21, 1905.

DEAR MADAM: Referring to your letter of February 15th, I am authorized by the secretary to say that the Seventh Annual Report of the Daughters of the American Revolution was duly transmitted to congress, and to call your attention to the following extract from the *Congressional Record* for yesterday:

Daughters of the American Revolution.

The president pro tempore laid before the senate a communication from the secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, transmitting, pursu-

ant to law, the Seventh Annual Report of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which was ordered to be printed, and, with the accompanying report, referred to the committee on printing.

In the Institution's letter to the secretary of the senate, it was requested that proof be sent to you.

Very respectfully yours,

(Signed)

W. W. KARD,

Acting Assistant in Charge of Office.

The dispatch with which this volume was compiled and made ready for a short session of the United States congress is owing to the promptness with which the state regents complied to the request of the editor—and by the way, you are getting a very good name with the government printing committee for the dispatch with which these reports are made ready as well as for the beautiful work the chapters have presented in these volumes.

Whatever else you do to further the work of this society, this report must be made annually, under the rules of your charter given to the society by the United States congress. And when you consider that by the law of that charter the regents of the Smithsonian Institution are authorized to permit this society to deposit its collections, manuscripts, books, pamphlets and other material for history, you will understand that by that regulation the society has in part been taken under the wing of the United States government; and by this act you were able to make your exhibit at the St. Louis exposition in the Government building under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institution.

So be encouraged state regents and chapter regents if the call comes annually for your report, for you are doing a service to yourselves and the society. It is an easy matter, if any one asks what the society is doing, to refer them to the Smithsonian Reports which tells the whole story of the work of the smallest and the largest chapters throughout the states, a work of which every Daughter may well be proud; it also tells of the work of the National Society at headquarters, and, if these reports are read, every Daughter will be in touch with every detail of work throughout the society.

In the sixth volume before me, you will find a detailed report of the work of the different departments—any Daughter who desires to know the modus operandi at headquarters can get something of an idea by carefully reading this part of the report.

Then glance at the illustrations, which will take you first to the chapter house at Sitka, Alaska—this antique cabin was once the property of the Russian government, built in 1831, now the home of the chapter;—then turn to the oldest house in Kewanee, Illinois, given to the Daughters for a chapter house. From thence go to the tablet marking the site of the first school house in Worcester, Massachusetts, where John Adams, second president, taught school from 1755 to 1758.

Then find the house where Deborah Sampson was born, the heroine of the Revolution, and very much cared for by the Deborah Sampson Chapter.

Look at the Ellsworth homestead in Windsor, Connecticut, which one hundred and sixteen descendants of Oliver and Abigail (Wolcott) Ellsworth presented to the Connecticut Daughters. This home is where Oliver Ellsworth, a judge of the supreme court of the state of Connecticut, a member of the council of safety, one of the framers of the federal constitution, a minister plenipotentiary to France, senator, and chief justice of the United States under its first president, George Washington, lived and died. Look it up and see what the Daughters under the direction of their state regent are doing with this home.

Take a glance at the beautiful memorial fountain, erected in memory of the valor and victory of the Colonial forefathers at Pequot Swamp, erected by the Dorothy Ripley Chapter and unveiled June 17, 1903,—the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill. Then turn the pages to the ceremonies at the marking of General Liggin's grave, a soldier of the war of the American Revolution, who was killed by a mob in Baltimore. The Dolly Madison Chapter placed a bronze marker upon this grave.

A few pages farther over you come to the Children's report and find a tablet on the out wall of the old prison near Quebec, Canada. The inscription is, "Beneath this tablet repose the remains of thirteen soldiers of General Montgomery's army, who were killed in the assault on Quebec December 31st, 1775." In 1896 Miss Frances Mabel Fairchild, then aged 15 years, and Miss Constance Neilson Fairchild, then aged 13 years, both of Quebec, Canada, were elected to honorary membership in the Children's society. In spite of official prejudice and red tape, these two girls secured permission to place a tablet within the walls of the old prison over the common graves of thirteen soldiers of General Montgomery's army, killed in the assault on Pres de la ville December 31, 1775.

The increasing number of visitors to the prison caused the military authorities so much trouble that they asked the girls' consent to the removal of the tablet to a similar position on the outer wall of the building. The inscription on the plate was then altered and now reads as follows:

"Within this building and directly beneath this tablet repose the remains of thirteen soldiers," etc.

Turn back a few pages and you will come to a brilliant picture of the Colonial ball given by the Buffalo Chapter, Mrs. Horton, regent, where \$700 was raised for Continental Hall. This is a hint for other chapters to go and do likewise. Turning over a few pages we come to an account of a doll's bazar given under the auspices of the Mary Washington Chapter, of the District of Columbia, under the personal

supervision of Miss Julia McBlair, where \$802.41 was turned over to Continental Hall as a result of the bazar.

What I have drawn to your attention touches of what is going on here and there, picked at random out of this report to show the advance in the cause of patriotism by the members of this society, of which record is made in this record.

To those who want to know what the work of this society is, I recommend the reading of these reports.

Mrs. LEGGETT. I move that the report of Mrs. Lockwood be accepted. The motion was seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss it?

Mrs. BALLINGER. Where will the District of Columbia get this report? They have no representative in the United States congress.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You are asked where the chapters of the District of Columbia will get any copies of the report, as they have neither senators nor representatives.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I will say to the lady that if she will come and talk to me I will tell her exactly how to get them.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any discussion of this report?
(Cries of "Question! Question!")

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Dr. McGEE. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Dr. McGee will state her question of privilege.
Dr. McGEE. I wish to offer the following resolution:

"WHEREAS, There is constant confusion which seriously handicaps the orderly transaction of business; therefore, be it

Resolved, That at suitable intervals of business, approximately half an hour apart, a recess of one or two minutes shall be announced by the president general, during which free movement and conversation shall be permitted.

Resolved further, That in the intervals between these recesses the doors be kept closed, and pages be not allowed to move about.

Mrs. WINSTON. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you desire to discuss the motion?
(Cries of "No! No!")

The question was taken.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The "ayes" seem to have it. Do you want a rising vote?

(Cries of "No!" and "Yes!")

Mrs. PARK. Madam President General, I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege?

Mrs. PARK. Madam President General, as chairman of the pages, I have to ask the privilege of being given to understand that vote. I was talking to my pages when it was taken, and I want to hear it read.

Mrs. WALKER, of Illinois. It seems to me there is quite as much con-

fusion at the doors, and letting people in and out, as there is on the floor.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. It seems to me the Chair would have great difficulty in calling the house to order after each recess.

Mrs. DAY. I want to ask if the motion may be read again? We did not hear it back here.

The motion of Dr. McGee was here read by the official reader.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Madam President General, may I speak to the motion?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Ballinger desires to speak to the motion.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I want to suggest what a spectacle we would present, being every half hour broken up in that way.

Dr. McGEE. We have wasted a great deal of time already in this congress in calls for order, and in requests from the Chair that order be maintained, and I am sure that the one or two minutes necessary from the confusion of coming and going, and so on, will be well spent, and that this will occupy much less time than these constant calls throughout the house for order.

Now, Madam President General, in regard to pages, it is not the fault of the pages in any way that they move about. There are calls from the members for them to move about to carry notes; but if there were times when the pages could carry notes and people could move about and talk, I feel that between these periods we should be glad to keep quiet, and transact business much more quickly. Now, we are constantly hearing requests for motions to be read, and read again and again, and that is largely due to the fact that we sit here for many hours without any time during which persons can come and go, and during which messages can be carried by the pages. It seems to me this would facilitate the transaction of business. That rests with you to decide.

Mrs. MURPHY. I want to put in a plea for poor memories. If a lady does not write her note and get it sent at the moment she thinks about it her idea is gone, and she never thinks about it again. [Laughter.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The chairman of the pages has a right to speak, and is recognized.

Mrs. PARK. I merely wish to say in behalf of the pages that I believe they are doing their best. There are very important messages often sent in. We find delegates who are anxious to get in, some of them just arriving, who wish messages sent in to their state regents. Others we have to delay and ask them to wait. I have requested that the pages always come to the state delegations and present the note either to the state regent or to others of the delegation and ask them to pass it, but to have no conversation at all, and to step quickly away and wait until the message in reply is handed to them. I believe the pages are trying to observe that. But I have also asked them, of possible, not to pass those messages while a report is being read; but if a

report is being read to pass quickly down and hand the message, and step away. Now, we are doing all that we can. But I would mention the fact that there is a door in the rear, and the side door is open, and perhaps you do not know the difficulty in regard to the noise outside, and the difficulty in regard to conversation in the hall. But that is what the pages are for, to pass notes, and to take messages for the convenience of the members.

MISS JOHNSTON. I know that it is a cruel thing to ask an assembly of women to be quiet for half an hour, but I believe that, inspired by patriotism, they could do it even for that time. [Laughter.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. They could, I am sure.

MISS JOHNSTON. I have not been able to hear one word of the reports, not because they were not read well, but because of the noise. If we had the silence of the tomb under that gallery, you could not hear a word. I sat there to see if I could hear it. I could only see the moving of your lips, and the moving of the lips of the official reader or of some lady, but I could not hear a thing, and they are as quiet as they are anywhere in the house.

MRS. LIGGETT. I wish to rise to resent the unkind criticism of the pages. I find that the greatest noise has been made by the whispering of the members. If the members would be quiet, there would be no difficulty in hearing.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is no criticism of the pages, whatever, Mrs. Liggett. You are mistaken in that.

MRS. ORTON. Madam President, I wish to say, with all due respect to the mover of the motion, and I feel that there is a great deal of reason for it, that I think it will simply give greater opportunity for conversation, and conversation will still go on. If people have a desire to say anything, they will do it, because if they will not stop at the request of the president general, whom we all love so greatly, they will not stop for anything.

A MEMBER. I move the previous question.

MRS. ROOME. I make a motion to lay it on the table.

The motion was seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded, that this motion be laid on the table.

The question was taken and the motion to table was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion for a recess is laid on the table. The next order is the report of the librarian, Mrs. Mary Evans Rosa.

MISS LATHROP. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

MISS LATHROP. A rumor comes to me that there is a report being circulated that the pledge of the New York City Chapter, sent up yesterday evening, was an empty pledge; that the envelope was empty. I prepared that envelope myself, and I wrote upon it myself, pledging the payment of \$100.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If you wrote that, that was pledged, on that envelope, it is a pledge.

Miss LATHROP. And I also wrote and enclosed in the envelope a pledge that the New York City Chapter pledged itself for \$100 and sent it up. I am only asking you to contradict this rumor, that the New York City Chapter has an empty pledge before the congress. The New York City Chapter will redeem its pledge within twenty-four hours. [Applause.]

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. Madam President General, may I ask a question?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is a question of privilege?

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I wish to make an explanation.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is a question of privilege?

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I will say, then, that it is a question of personal privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If it is a question of personal privilege, I will hear you.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. My seat is under the gallery, and we cannot hear a word, and I have noticed, in going out, that out there you can hear absolutely perfectly, every word that is uttered, on this side.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You mean on the elevated seats?

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. Yes.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If the house committee can so arrange it, the Chair will be perfectly delighted if the seats under that stage there may be transferred to that side.

We will now listen to the report of the librarian general.

Mrs. ROSA. [Applause.]

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL, N. S. D. A. R.

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, Daughters of the American Revolution: Since the last Continental Congress 479 books and 169 pamphlets have been added to the library, a total of 648 accessions, 72 more than I reported to the last Continental Congress and the largest accession for any year since the library was established. Of these 386 were presented, 217 were received by exchange, 18 were obtained through the courtesy of authors and from publishers for review in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and 27 were purchased. In addition to these, the library has received 45 duplicates to be used in securing new books by exchange.

To the 25 magazines of history, biography, and genealogy received in the library 3 have been added during the year, making the number now received 28.

Starting with a nucleus of 125 volumes at the time the first librarian general was elected in 1896, the number increased to 725 volumes during the first year. During the next six years the number

steadily increased until in March, 1903, the library contained 1,977 volumes. During the last two years this number has grown to 3,200 volumes; that is to say, the growth during the past two years has been substantially equal to that of the preceding six years.

Notable among the accessions to the library this year are the following:

Forty volumes of Revolutionary history presented by Mrs. Henry C. Bannard in memory of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stockwell Hatcher; 50 volumes of early history long out of print from Mrs. Charles H. Terry, state regent of New York; a complete set of New Jersey Archives; 25 volumes secured for the library from the New Jersey legislature and the historical society of the state of New Jersey by Mrs. Althea Randolph Bedle, vice-president general from New Jersey; the writings of Theodore Roosevelt in 14 volumes presented by Mrs. Mary Hepburn Smith, of Connecticut; 6 volumes of Iowa history from the historical society of Iowa, through Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver; 4 volumes of New Hampshire history and genealogy from Miss Harriette Eliza Noyes, of New Hampshire, also 10 sets of 2 volumes each of her Memorial History of Hampstead, New Hampshire, to be used as exchanges. These 20 handsome volumes, which sell for \$5 each, are greatly appreciated by the library, as they can readily be exchanged with other libraries for an equal number of valuable books not now in our possession.

The library has just received a beautiful set of 10 volumes, costing \$300 on Louisiana and the Fair, the gift of the president general, Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks. This is the most magnificent set of books which the library possesses. It is valued not only for its intrinsic worth but as evidence of the lively interest which the president general has taken in the library.

Valuable contributions have also been received from the following chapters:

- Sa-go-ye-wat-ha Chapter, Seneca Falls, New York.
- Philip Schuyler Chapter, Troy, New York.
- Baron Steuben Chapter, Bath, New York.
- General Lafayette Chapter, Atlantic City, New Jersey.
- General Knox Chapter, Thomaston, Maine.
- Silver Bow Chapter, Butte, Montana.
- Frances Bland Randolph Chapter, Petersburg, Virginia.
- Mount Vernon Chapter, Alexandria, Virginia.
- Great Bridge Chapter, Norfolk, Virginia.
- Peaks of Otter Chapter, Bedford City, Virginia.
- Sycamore Shoals Chapter, Bristol, Virginia-Tennessee.
- Lexington Chapter, Lexington, Massachusetts.
- Old Newbury Chapter, Newburyport, Massachusetts.
- Ralph Humphreys Chapter, Jackson, Mississippi.
- Gaspee Chapter, Providence, Rhode Island.

Lucretia Shaw Chapter, New London, Connecticut.
Deborah Avery Chapter, Lincoln, Nebraska.
Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indianapolis, Indiana.
Elizabeth Jackson Chapter, Washington, D. C.
Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter, Morgantown, West Virginia.

The state conference of Rhode Island, following its annual custom of appropriating money for the purchase of books for the library, has this year presented the "Civil and Military Lists of the State of Rhode Island, 1647-1800," in 2 volumes.

The state conference of Virginia following the example of Rhode Island has presented to the library copies of the "Parish Register of Saint Peter, New Kent County, Va.," the "History of Saint George's Parish in the County of Spottsylvania," and "Pocahontas and Her Descendants."

In addition to this gift from the state conference, several of the Virginia chapters at the suggestion of their state regent, Mrs. Howard, have presented valuable books of Virginia history.

From the state of Connecticut we have received through the state regent the second volume of its interesting work, "Patriots' Daughters."

All of the books mentioned above with many others received from authors, publishers and members of the society have been acknowledged in the monthly reports of the librarian general, which are in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, and by personal letters in every case.

These letters, together with hundreds of others soliciting gifts and exchanges make up a very considerable correspondence, the labor of which has fallen upon the librarian general in person.

Because the library does not have the services of a stenographer the librarian has been obliged to write these letters longhand. In addition to this correspondence, and indeed antecedent to it, the librarian general has regularly examined the current historical magazines and book reviews for new and forthcoming books and also the catalogues of dealers in old books for rare books and pamphlets which are desirable for the library.

This has enabled the indexer to devote herself to the work of cataloguing and indexing the accessions to the library. And it gives me great pleasure to acknowledge the able and enthusiastic service which Miss Griggs has rendered the library and the courtesy and patience which she has shown to the large number of visitors who come in search of genealogical information.

It will be seen by the character of the books received that our library is highly specialized; that it is indeed a library of American history, genealogy and biography. It would be easy to fill up our shelves to overflowing with books, even good books, if we included

general history, literature and fiction. But that is impracticable for want of assistants to care for the books and space to shelve them.

If the library is to become what I hope it may and what the importance of our society's work demands that it should become, all the space available for books in Continental Hall will be required in the near future, even if it is restricted to this special field of genealogy, biography and American history.

The appropriation made by the National Society for the purchase of books this year is \$50 as usual. This sum was spent as heretofore for Revolutionary records, of which 27 volumes were purchased.

After the completion of Continental Hall may we not hope to see larger appropriations, perhaps an endowment fund, for the library, the income of which will provide a much larger sum for the purchase of books and manuscripts and also make it possible to employ more than one trained assistant in the cataloguing and caring for the library.

Surely no enterprise that the society can engage in is more worthy generous support than the building up of our library, already well begun but really only begun. It can, of course, never hope to compete in total number of books with the libraries of the larger cities and universities. But in its restricted field we certainly may hope to see it rank with the best, and nothing that we could do would bring greater credit to our society than to build up a splendid library, rich in manuscripts and rare volumes, thoroughly indexed and available to the Daughters and to the public as a working library of American history, genealogy and biography.

I wish to thank Mrs. Avery, editor of the *AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE* for reviewing a considerable number of books and for the interest which she has taken in the building up of the library.

I wish also to express my great appreciation of the cordial co-operation of so many of the Daughters and chapters of the society and hope that such assistance and encouragement may be given in as great measure to my successor.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY EVANS ROSA,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have here a motion sent up by Mrs. Kinney. The reader will read it.

The official reader read as follows:

The admirable report to which we have just listened, is a revelation of what may be accomplished when careful and systematic work is carried on in any department. The fact that during the past two years the library has been increased by more than eleven hundred volumes, speaks volumes for Mrs. Rosa's untiring and conscientious efforts.

Therefore, I *move*, not only the acceptance of the report, but a most cordial vote of thanks to our retiring librarian general for her splendid services in behalf of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

SARA T. KINNEY,
State Regent of Connecticut.

EMILY HENDREE PARK,
Vice-President General for Georgia.

MARGARET B. F. LIPPITT,
State Regent of Rhode Island.

MRS. M. P. PECK,
State Regent of Iowa.

Mrs. ORTON. Madam President General, I wish to add a tribute, in seconding the motion of Mrs. Kinney, to the exquisite courtesy of Mrs. Rosa, in acknowledging contributions from chapters.

It was moved and seconded, that a rising vote of thanks should be offered Mrs. Rosa.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this motion. Are you ready for the question? All those in favor of this motion will please rise.

Those in favor of the motion did so.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, if there is anyone opposed, she also may rise. (After a pause.) I think the vote is unanimous.

MISS BAIRD-HUEY. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

MISS BAIRD-HUEY. I do not know whether the information I am asking has been given. If it has been, I did not hear it. Has the chairman of the committee on transportation told us where we receive our tickets?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair does not know. There has been no such notice sent to the platform.

Mrs. SWIFT. There are no programs for my delegation. I have inquired and they say that they have all been distributed.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair understands that you can get those programs at the right of the hall.

Mrs. SWIFT. There are no programs there. Therefore I would like to make a motion that more be printed, and that those printed under this motion may be sold at cost to members who desire them.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You wish to make a motion that there be more programs printed?

Mrs. SWIFT. Yes, Madam President General.

Mrs. PRINCE. I second that motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The "ayes" have it, and it is so ordered.

Mrs. SWIFT. If the type has been broken up, Madam President General, we cannot have more printed, of course.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This motion is made with the understanding that the die has not yet been destroyed.

The next is the report of the editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

REPORT OF EDITOR OF AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Mrs. Avery. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution: Again I have the honor to come before you to say a word and only a word about our organ, the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

First. It is the means by which the organization keeps in touch with the doings of the National Board—the minutes each month containing a statement of the work done by the representatives elected by congress for that purpose.

Second. Through the department devoted to Revolutionary records, many prospective Daughters are enabled to prove their lineage.

Third. Through Genealogical Notes and Queries department many links have been found and many family trees perfected.

Fourth. Brief records of our "star" Daughters, or daughters of the heroes of the Revolution, give fitting tribute to a fast vanishing generation.

Nor are the Children forgotten, for an account of their work is both a duty and a pleasure.

Lastly the chapters, the cornerstone of the edifice, yea, the whole structure, for a member-at-large has no more influence in the organization than a shooting star has in the solar system, [applause] what a glorious record for the year just past they have given us! He who travels may read the history of our nation in monuments, tablets and memorials erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution. From ancient Pemaquid on Maine's rock-bound coast to Georgia's fertile fields with her stately memorial to Oglethorpe, from the prison ship martyrs' monument in the metropolis of the nation to the Sloat remembrance in the sunset state, the chapters have manifested their patriotism in no uncertain manner. Would you know where old Fort Massac is, go ask the Daughters of Illinois. Would you follow the gallant Fremont over mountain and plain, would you tread with Lewis and Clark the snow-clad summits of almost inaccessible mountains or glide with them down rapids and shallows to where the Portland of the Pacific rears her stately towers—go ask the Daughters the way. For the chapters are strung like golden beads along these trails and are marking the winding and intricate road with guiding stones pointing the way as clearly as did the Bird Woman in days of old. Go read all about it in your magazine. [Applause.]

Perhaps you prefer to read your history in a nation's eyes. Why then there are lectures to foreigners in their own language, clubs for children, encouragement of patriotism in the schools, libraries, scholarships, and wherever a chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution is to be found there is a center of right thinking and right living. Read about it in the magazine.

When it comes to Continental Hall look around you and see what the chapters have already done. What I wish to call attention to particularly is the joy with which this has been done. No drawing of dollars from unwilling pockets. It has been done in pride, and happiness and joyousness; in bazars (with \$4,000 resulting), as in Massachusetts; in balls (with \$1,000), as in Indianapolis; in old folk's quilting, in receptions, in whist, in euchre, in pink teas, everywhere in a grand good time have the dollars been raised for Continental Hall. You will read all about it in the magazine.

The question has been asked what causes the delay in the printing of the minutes, they are two months old before we read them. The editor has nothing to do with the minutes nor should she have. She is not a member of the National Board, nor should she be. If she were it would not give her authority over the minutes, nor should it. The minutes are not approved till the next meeting after the action. Suppose the board meets the first week in February. The minutes of that meeting are read at a meeting in March and after approval sent to printer at Harrisburg directly by the board, as they should be. They must be set up and galley proof and page proof read and then printed and bound, etc., etc. If the editor camped in the printing office, she could not hurry matters.

Now, I feel rather guilty in what I am going to say next. I ought to leave the matter to the business manager and to the chairman of the magazine committee. But one likes to tell good news. The May issue now being prepared will be a souvenir one. Last year a suggestion came from the floor along this line. As matters now stand enough has been accomplished to show that the May number will besides bring a goodly sum into the treasury from the advertisements. The advertising agents have told me that they will be ready to make us a proposition later which will be to our mutual advantage. At least things are looking up in that line.

The primary object of the magazine is to be a means of communication between the board, the chapters, and the members, in as economical a manner as possible. And it clearly fulfills that purpose.

Of the printing bill this year of about \$4,200, one half or \$2,100 was paid for the congressional proceedings; about one-third of the remained or \$700 for the minutes, and as those are the things that you wish most to know, it is eminently proper that they should

cost the most. The rest went to printing all the other things, reports, etc., etc.

The editor has been peculiarly fortunate in having a splendid committee and a splendid board to whom to go for council.

Now in closing will I simply say may you all live long and prosper. [Applause.]

MRS. ELROY M. AVERY,
Editor American Monthly Magazine.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard the report of the editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. I move that the report be accepted.

The motion was seconded.

Miss BAIRD-HUEY. I would like to ask one question. I would like to ask the editor of the magazine one question. The editor of the magazine has said that she has nothing whatever to do with the preparation of the minutes which are published. I would like to ask the editor to whom one should write when serious printed errors appear in the minutes?

Mrs. AVERY. That question should go to the National Board, to the secretary of the National Board. It would be manifestly improper for the editor to have anything to do with that. The editor cannot know whether there are mistakes or not in the minutes.

Miss BAIRD-HUEY. Then how when you write to the recording secretary general, and she pays no attention whatever to your letter, when it is sent by registered mail and you hold the register's receipt—when two letters are sent and you hold the register's receipts for both of them, and you receive no reply whatever?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to answer that question?

Mrs. AVERY. Manifestly, it would be impossible for me to say anything in answer to it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there any further questions to be asked on this report, pertinent to the report? If not, the vote on its acceptance will be taken.

The question on the acceptance of the report was taken, and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will now listen to the report of the business manager of the magazine.

READER. I have several notices here. The house committee earnestly desires that any state regent holding seats not needed for her delegation shall return the tickets of such seats to the house committee before the close of this session, in order that the delegations holding poor seats may, if possible, be given better places.

Miss WILLIAMS. I move that we take a recess until 2.15 o'clock p. m. (Seconded by Mrs. Wagar.)

Mrs. Lockwood. I move that we get this report done, and when we are through with this report, then make the motion if you will.

Miss Williams. I withdraw my motion to adjourn.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well, according to your desire we will listen to the report of the business manager of the magazine.

REPORT OF BUSINESS MANAGER OF AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Miss Lockwood. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Ladies of the Continental Congress: It is a pleasure to be able to report a saving of \$200 in the net cost of the magazine for the past twelve months over that of last year.

And that does not include the results of our proudest achievement of the year, the souvenir Memorial Continental Hall number which is to be issued in May and will contain in addition to the usual matter, copious notes of this congress, many illustrations and other features which it is hoped will make it a valuable souvenir.

Above all, the object of this number was to make an issue which would especially appeal to advertisers.

Many of you are familiar with the repeated efforts of the business manager and frequently the magazine committee to interest advertising agents in pushing our magazine among advertisers, with scant success.

On the ground that because of its small circulation compared to the so-called popular magazines it would necessitate personal solicitation and almost their undivided attention, with small returns for them on the percentage basis, they have made such propositions as a stipulated salary and traveling expenses—and others equally impossible for us to consider.

This year, however, we had a more reasonable proposition from a reliable local firm of advertising agents, which the magazine committee and the National Board thought best to accept.

They were willing to undertake the experiment of working up advertising on this special issue, on a basis which we could consider,—they to bear all expense of stationery, correspondence, printer's charges for each page used by them and for any increase in the edition, we to receive our regular price per page for single issue, our old advertisers to appear as usual.

In order to comprehend the difficulties which confront one in this work of soliciting advertising, it is necessary to understand the method used to-day by all great advertisers.

In most cases their business is placed through the large agencies, upon whom they rely to select those mediums which will bring the surest and quickest returns.

The agencies are anxious to look out for the best interests of their clients, otherwise they would soon lose their patronage.

Naturally their first consideration is circulation.

When it is understood that Munsey, for instance, has a monthly circulation of seven hundred thousand, and the Ladies Home Journal, I am told, substantiates a claim of one million one hundred and eighty-five thousand (1,185,000), it is hardly to be supposed that we should receive much consideration at their hands.

Even if we undertook to send the magazine free to every member, as has sometimes been proposed, would our circulation warrant their attention?

On the other hand our magazine has exceptional special advantages as an advertising medium aside from the basis of circulation.

It is the official organ of one of the largest organizations of women, published for the purpose of collecting and distributing certain information which could be sent out in no other way so cheaply and satisfactorily.

Being their own project they are naturally interested in its success—and as the advertisers contribute to that success, they are, therefore, interested to see who those advertisers are.

Neither does the subscription list represent the number of readers, as many chapters take the magazine for the use of their members, in the chapter rooms or for circulation among themselves.

This does not help the subscription list, but it does increase the number of readers.

The successful advertising agent must understand all these points before he can state his case intelligently and convincingly—and it must in almost every case be done by personal interview. Correspondence has seldom proved profitable, for as a return for over 400 letters sent out in connection with this souvenir number not more than two pages of advertising were received, whereas the balance, nearly twenty pages, were secured by the personal interview.

So we feel that the amount of advertising to appear in this souvenir number speaks well for the enterprise of our agents.

We wish it were to be continued monthly, but we hope it is only the beginning.

Referring to the proposition that we issue a monthly edition sufficient to send it to every member of the society, about 42,000 active members, with a view to securing more advertising, it has so many times come up for discussion here that it possibly will again, so let us consider it, even at the expense of wearying some who have heard it so often.

Besides the largely increased cost of printing such an edition monthly, twelve times your present edition, the question of postage is one of importance.

By keeping the required periodical form we might be granted the second class matter privilege, under a new application, by which we could, as now, mail our magazine at the rate of one cent each pound.

The proceedings of this congress, when published in one number, as was done in 1901, weighed 32 ounces, costing two cents each to mail—42,000 would amount to \$840.

The number containing state regents annual reports, weighing about 16 ounces would mean \$420.

The editions for the other ten months would of course weigh much less. Allowing for 8 ounces each, or one half a cent, they would average \$210 monthly.

That amounts to \$3,360 annually for postage.

This added to the increased cost of printing which at the very lowest estimate would average \$2,000 monthly, we have an annual expense of \$27,000, including postage—with no income but from advertising.

Do you think our increased circulation, when compared to that of the so-called popular magazines would warrant our expecting a corresponding increase in advertising to meet this expense?

What does not seem to be understood by many, in discussing the expense of publishing a magazine, is the fact that it was established as an economic measure.

It was found necessary, in the early days, to have some medium by which the proceedings of this congress and the minutes of the National Board of Management might be printed and distributed at the smallest possible cost.

It was found that it could best be done by means of a magazine, thus gaining the privilege of second class matter rates, if we could publish a periodical to meet all the requirements laid down by the postoffice.

So we have a magazine of regulation periodical form, otherwise it would be subject to book post, and we have a subscription list and some advertising to help pay the expenses of publishing.

So we not only accomplish the first object of distributing the proceedings of the congress and the minutes of the National Board of Management, but we are also able to keep the chapters in touch with each other by publishing a department of chapter work, by which one chapter may gain information from another.

There are also departments devoted to history, genealogy, the Children of the American Revolution, in fact all things of interest to the members—and to be an intelligent Daughter one should not fail to read the magazine.

During the year, magazine circulars and subscription blanks have been sent to each new member admitted to the society, 4,196.

Every chapter regent has also been asked to speak a good word for the magazine in her chapter and to appoint an agent from among her members to solicit subscriptions on a commission.

Many have done this with excellent results.

It is the custom to solicit bids each year on printing the magazine for the twelve months beginning with July.

This year four bids were submitted, one from Washington, two

from Cleveland and the one from the Harrisburg Publishing Company, our publishers at that time.

The Harrisburg firm again made the lowest bid and the National Board of Management awarded them the contract.

The business manager always requests the members of the board to give her any names of large printing establishments whom they would like to have given the privilege of bidding—and specifications will be sent. Any member may do the same.

In considering the financial statement which follows, your attention is called to the fact that about one-half of the total expense of printing and mailing for the year was for the three numbers containing the state regents' reports and the full proceedings of the last congress—an expense which the editor and business manager cannot control, they being published by congressional order.

The following is the financial statement:

RECEIPTS.

April 1, 1904, to March 31, 1905.

Subscriptions, as per vouchers and cash register,	\$4,247 90
Sale of extra copies,	44 50
Advertisements,	353 50
Half-tone cuts, paid for by individuals,	100 36
Amount delivered to treasurer general,	\$2,746 26

BILLS PRESENTED TO THE TREASURER GENERAL FOR PAYMENT.

Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, April, 1904,	\$270 37
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, May, 1904,	238 03
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, June, 1904,	646 28
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, July, 1904,	750 74
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, August, 1904,	695 69
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, September, 1904,	210 90
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, October, 1904,	210 75
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, November, 1904,	250 54
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, December, 1904,	206 26

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Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, January, 1905,	236 47
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, February, 1905,	236 01
Printer's bill, including mailing and postage, March, 1905,	256 96
	—
Salary, editor,	\$4,299 00
Salary, business manager,	1,000 00
Editor of Genealogical department, quarterly payment under former rate, March, April, May, 1904,	900 00
Salary, editor of Genealogical department, authorized by congress, 1904, and fixed by National Board, 11 months at \$20 per month,	25 00
Half-tone cuts (partly paid for by individuals) and photo- graphs,	220 00
Postage, editor,	207 76
Stationery, editorial, business and genealogical departments, Copyright fees, 1905,	30 00
Printing 500 bill heads,	24 89
Printing 2,000 receipt postals furnished and printed,	6 00
Printing 4,000 subscription blanks,	\$2 25
Printing 1,000 circulars to chapter regents,	23 50
Printing 1,000 folders,	9 50
	4 50
	3 50
	—
Auditing business manager's accounts,	43 25
	40 00
Miscellaneous supplies—	
1 journal book,	\$ 80
1 memorandum (cuts),	25
7 falcon files,	2 25
1 gross pens,	75
1 letter book,	1 25
1 account book (memorandum of bills),	55
	—
1 account book (memorandum of bills),	25
	5 55
One rubber deposit stamp and pad,	1 60
Binding Volumes XXIV and XXV,	2 50
Office expenses, as per itemized account rendered and at- tached,	64 67
	—
Total expenses,	\$6,870 22

OFFICE EXPENSES.

(As per foregoing statement.)
April 1st to March 31, 1905.

Mailing extra copies, second class matter as per vouchers, ..	\$8 77
Postage (office) 12 months,	26 00

Postal cards,	2 15
Express charges,	6 61
Freight and cartage, extra magazines from Harrisburg, 12 months,	13 07
Telegrams,	2 15
Two falcon files,	80
Extra services of janitor,	30
Cartage, extra magazines to postoffice,	20
Car fare, messenger to deliver magazines,	10
Red pencil,	10
Money order fee,	3
Returned on subscription No. 20867,	50
Money order and fee returned on subscription No. 20929,	1 03
Money order and fee returned on subscription No. 41445,	1 03
Money order and fee commission returned on nine subscriptions, Nos. 20812 to 20819 inclusive,	1 83
	—
	\$64 67

Total expenses,	\$6,870 22
Receipts,	2,746 26

Net cost,

\$4,123 96

The business manager's books have been audited for the year.

Respectfully submitted,

LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

Mrs. GERALD. I move the acceptance of the report.

The motion was seconded.

Mrs. BALLINGER. How many take the magazine? How many subscribers are there?

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I can tell you how many do not.

Miss LILIAN LOCKWOOD. There are about 3,100 on the list now.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There are 3,100. Did you hear the number?

Mrs. BALLINGER. I heard the number, thank you.

The question on the acceptance of the report was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is a gentleman from Connecticut here this morning who wishes to make a brief statement. The Chair does not know what it is, but if we will give this gentleman the privilege, he will be glad to make his statement. Do you desire to hear the statement of the gentleman from Connecticut?

(Cries of "Yes" and "No.")

Mrs. DAY. I move that the gentleman be allowed to make his statement.

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The ayes have it, and we will invite the gentleman from Connecticut to make his statement. This is Mr. Norcross, of Connecticut, who desires to present to the National Society—oh, to me? This gentleman desires to present to the president general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution a pair of buttons, facsimile of those worn by the Marquis de Lafayette. [Applause.] I apprehend, Mr. Norcross, that the ladies accept it with pleasure. Do you wish to say anything to them, or do you wish to show the buttons? [Laughter.]

(Mr. Norcross here handed the buttons to the president general.)

Mrs. DAY. I move a vote of thanks of the congress to Mr. Norcross for his courtesy to the president general.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Orton.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is moved and seconded that a vote of thanks be given to Mr. Norcross for his present to the president general of the society.

Mrs. LIGGETT moved a rising vote of thanks and the motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to, by a rising vote.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have here an important notice to be read to the congress. The official reader will read it.

The reader read as follows:

It has been stated that the alternates and visitors seated in the galleries take part in every "aye" and "no" vote that is called for, so that no votes from delegates can be proven except by a rising vote on the floor.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there anything further.

A motion was made to adjourn.

READER. Please instruct me, Madam President General, as to reading all these notices of lost articles and so forth?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The official reader wishes to know if she shall read a list of lost articles which she has. It has been suggested that a bulletin be placed in the hall, upon which all these lost articles may be posted. Does the congress wish this to be done.

(Cries of "Yes, yes.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It will be so ordered, unless the Chair hears an objection. I hear none, and it is so ordered.

The addresses of a large number of letters were read by the official reader.

READER. The president general desires to take this opportunity to complete the list of the Jamestown Exposition committee by appointing all members of the board and all state regents on this committee. The president general will entertain the members of this congress at her house to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon, five o'clock, corner of Massachusetts avenue and 18th street.

Mrs. DAY. I move that the congress take a recess until 2 o'clock p. m. (Seconded by several.)

The question was put and the motion agreed to.

Thereupon, at 12.45 p. m., the congress took a recess until 2 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1905.

The congress was called to order at 2.30 o'clock p. m., by the president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The first business of this afternoon is the report of the treasurer general. I wish to present Mrs. Davis, the treasurer general.

Mrs. DAVIS. [Applause.]

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

April 1, 1904, to March 31, 1905.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1904,.....	\$34,383 99
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RECEIPTS.

Annual dues (\$43,248 less \$1,014 refunded),.....	\$42,234 00
Initiation fees (\$4,291, less \$127 refunded),	4,164 00
Certificates, members,	23 00
Certificates, life members,	10 00
Current interest,	269 52
Directory,	50
Exchange,	81
Telephone (extra messages),	3 10
Fees for additional ancestors,	2 25
Lineage books,	82 00
Magazine,	2,746 26
Postage (refunded by Mrs. F. E. B. Taylor, ex-state regent of Florida),	3 00
Ribbon,	11 90
Statute books,	80
Daughters of the American Revolution report to the Smithsonian Institution,	23 04

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Refunded by credential committee of Thirteenth Continental Congress,	63
Rosettes,	20 65
	49,595 46
	<hr/>
	\$83,979 45

EXPENDITURES.

Certificates,	\$1,019 80
Directory,	3,873 22
Engrossing one life member's certificate,	15
Postage for offices,	1,210 18
Postage for state regents,	185 95
Stationery for offices,	174 36
Stationery for state regents,	63 41
Ribbon,	63 00
Spoons for 23 "Real Daughters,"	55 20
Thirteenth Continental Congress,	5,102 84
Fourteenth Continental Congress (preliminary expenses),	373 60
Magazine,	6,870 22
Office of historian general (Lineage books),	2,596 74
Office of assistant historian general (Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smith- sonian Institution),	275 49
President general,	615 40
Vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters,	1,460 40
Recording secretary general,	1,349 92
Corresponding secretary general,	854 28
Registrar general,	3,233 94
Treasurer general,	3,181 51
Librarian general,	841 14
General office,	1,468 64
Rent of telephone,	100 40
Rent of offices,	2,755 80
Ways and means committee,	193 78
Committee on Louisiana Purchase Exposition,	105 46
	<hr/>
Total expenses,	\$38,024 83
Amount transferred to permanent fund by order of Thirteenth Continental Congress,	\$15,000 00
Rosette account transferred to permanent fund,	20 65
	<hr/>
	15,020 65

Balance March 31, 1905:

In National Metropolitan Citizens' Bank,....	2,709 43
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	28,224 54

	30,933 97

\$83,979 45

FORT CRAILO FUND.

Balance in bank at last report,	\$51 00
Interest,	1 03

For convenience of reference the principal items of expenditure of current fund are given as follows:

Clerical service (16 clerks),	\$11,962 99
Extra clerical service,	269 27
Messenger service,	182 00
Publishing and mailing twelve numbers of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE,	4,299 00
Magazine salaries,	2,145 00
Compiling directory, as per contract,	2,500 00
Printing 1,000 copies of Directory,	1,339 00
Printing Vol. XIX and Vol. XX of Lineage Books,	1,110 00
Printing 200 copies 6th D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution,	99 55
Printing application, transmittal and report blanks, receipts, circulars, vouchers, etc.,	1,322 30
Rent of Chase's Theatre (Thirteenth Continental Congress),	2,800 00
4,000 certificates,	260 00
Postage on certificates,	258 00
Engrossing 4,973 certificates,	501 80
Rent of offices,	2,755 80
Freight, expressage, telegrams, office supplies, etc.,	415 59
Postage,	1,396 13
Stationery,	237 77
Telephone,	100 40
Transcript of proceedings of Thirteenth Conti- nental Congress,	400 00
4,335 badges, official reader and parliamenta- rian Thirteenth Continental Congress,	537 10

PERMANENT OR BUILDING FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1904,	\$38,108 79
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RECEIPTS.

Charter fees,	\$214 00
Life membership fees,	1,850 00
Interest on deposits and bonds,	2,621 23
Commissions:	
On jewelled insignia,	182 05
On recognition pins,	77 70
On record shields,	6 50
On spoons,	27 82
Proceeds from sale of benches (used at cere- money of cornerstone laying),	85 00
Rosettes, amount transferred from current fund,	20 65
Amount transferred from current fund by order of Thirteenth Continental Congress,	15,000 00
Proceeds from sale of United States bonds, held as permanent investment,	57,670 53
	—
	77,755 48

Continental Hall Contributions.

Alabama,	127 00
Arizona,	12 00
California,	150 36
Colorado,	123 00
Connecticut,	856 08
District of Columbia,	1,145 00
Delaware,	64 00
Florida,	60 00
Georgia,	339 36
Illinois,	1,994 96
Indiana,	2,164 40
Iowa,	335 00
Kansas,	53 00
Kentucky,	443 25
Maine,	100 00
Maryland,	300 00
Massachusetts,	423 00
Michigan,	350 50
Minnesota,	542 75
Missouri,	204 25
Nebraska,	77 50
New Hampshire,	10 00
New Jersey,	735 15
New York,	2,725 82
North Carolina,	10 00
North Dakota,	4 00

Ohio,	511 00
Pennsylvania,	2,675 75
Rhode Island,	30 00
South Carolina,	95 00
Tennessee,	151 25
Texas,	118 65
New Mexico,	15 00
Louisiana,	5 00
Montana,	25 00
Vermont,	275 25
Virginia,	761 06
Washington,	100 00
West Virginia,	16 00
Wisconsin,	258 50
Continental Hall committee,	290 00
Commission on articles sold in lobby of theatre,	1 75
	18,679 59
Total,	\$134,543 86

EXPENDITURES.

Surveying lot and notary's fee,	\$3 75
Architect for drawings, revisions, etc., of plans for Continental Hall,	3,000 00
Ceremonies of the laying of the cornerstone,	1,550 94
Inspecting material used in construction of foundation and auditorium,	149 46
Foundation as per contract,	28,779 05
On account of auditorium,	74,437 65
Clerk of works on foundation and auditorium,	800 00
Life membership fee returned to Joseph Habersham Chapter, Georgia,	12 50
Protest fees,	2 83
Filing committee,	64 30
Total expenses,	\$108,800 48
Balance in bank (American Security and Trust Co.) March 31, 1905,	\$25,743 38
	\$134,543 86

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General.

It will be observed that the arrangement of the foregoing report has been slightly changed from that of the reports of former years, particu-

larly in so far as relates to the expenses of the several national officers. This change was made by authority of the National Board and was suggested by the auditor for two reasons: First, because the form heretofore adopted was not thought to be as much in harmony with the form of similar reports made by large corporations; and, secondly, it being so well known to the members what the precise character of the expenses of the several offices are, as my reports are published in detail every month in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Of the amount to the credit of the current fund on March 31, 1905, as shown by this report, *i. e.* \$30,933.97, there can safely be transferred to the permanent fund the sum of \$15,000. On the basis of *no* increase of receipts for the next year over the last, which is hardly probable, and allowing for an increase of expenditures of 30 per cent., if necessary, there will still be sufficient funds to meet all demands and leave a comfortable balance at the end of the current year.

That part of the foregoing report which relates to the expenditure of the permanent or building fund, will doubtless be read with interest, as it shows the progress which is being made toward providing a future home for the society. The payments under the contract for the auditorium, of course, necessitated, in the month of February last, the sale of all the bonds held as an investment by the society, the amount realized being placed to the credit of the society with the American Security and Trust Company, subject to check. All vouchers presented for payment by the contractors are similar in form to those used in the case of all large contracts, and in government work, and contain the complete measurement of the work from its inception to the date of the voucher, with all previous payments noted thereon. From the amount actually due at the time of each measurement the customary 10 per cent. is withheld for protection against faulty work, mechanics' liens, etc., and the correctness of each voucher is certified to by the architect, and by Mr. Bernard R. Green of the advisory committee before it is approved and authorized by the president general and chairman of the finance committee.

If it were not for the happy expectation that the building fund will very soon be materially added to, there might at this time be reason for alarm, as the nearness to bed rock which the fund has already reached may be seen from the following figures:

Balance on hand March 31, 1905,.....	\$25,743 38
Balance due on contract,.....	\$21,074 35
Amount of above fund contributed for special features of the building and therefore available for no other purpose, are as follows:	
Berks County Chapter, Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania column,	\$213 75

Philadelphia Chapter, Pennsylvania,	
three keystones,	500 00
Eight mahogany doors,	770 00
Independence Hall Chapter, Pennsylvania, memorial window,	400 40
Toward memorial window to Nathan Hale,	15 00
	1,899 15
	22,973 50
Amount actually available,	\$2,769 88

As an interesting comparison, by years, of the contributions for the Continental Hall, the following table is printed:

1892,	\$75 00
1895,	28 50
1896,	2,413 37
1897,	3,558 95
1898,	4,444 00
1899,	6,880 36
1900,	10,723 47
1901,	6,283 81
1902,	10,795 10
1903,	17,301 69
1904,	18,699 59
1905,	18,676 76

I desire to renew at this time the sentiment expressed by my predecessor last year in regard to the clerical force of the office of the treasurer general. The work of this office is, of necessity, increasing each year, and its character is such that it needs to be done carefully and accurately and to be kept up to date. This requires the best efforts of those having it to do. The present condition of the work demonstrates the energy and painstaking of the clerks employed, and I take pleasure in commending them to the congress for their efficiency.

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard the report of the treasurer general. What is your pleasure?

Mrs. THOM. I move the report of the treasurer general be accepted, with the recommendation.

Mrs. ROOME. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss this motion?

Mrs. YARDLEY, of New Jersey. Madam President General, should not the auditor of the treasurer give his report before you accept the report of the treasurer?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This is the report here (indicating the paper).

It is certified. The corresponding secretary general will read the auditor's report to you.

Mrs. MANN. [Applause.]

I hereby respectfully certify that I have examined in detail the foregoing statement of the treasurer general of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, of the receipts and expenditures of the society for the year ended March 31, 1905, and find that the items as set forth therein are correct and agree with the records of her office.

E. T. BUSHNELL,
Auditor.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is now in order for you to make a motion to accept the auditor's report.

Mrs. YARDLEY. I move that it be accepted.

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The auditor's report is accepted. Now, we have the treasurer's report. It has been moved and seconded already that that should be accepted. Do you wish to discuss the treasurer's report? If not, are you ready for the question?

(Cries of "Question!")

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. WINSTON. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that Mrs. Lindsay, one of our former vice-presidents general, desires to hear a certain motion presented. The Chair knows that it is new business, but she will listen to it, if the house will listen to this motion. You will have to suspend the order of business in order to do so.

Mrs. MURPHY. Is there any special reason for it?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Yes; Mrs. Lindsay is going away.

Mrs. MURPHY. I move that we suspend the order of business for the benefit of Mrs. Lindsay, who has done so much for the society.

The motion was seconded by several members.

Miss MILLER. What is the name of the lady who asked for the suspension?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. William Lindsay.

Miss MILLER. I move a rising vote.

The motion was seconded, and members of the congress rose to their feet, unanimously.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It seems to be carried unanimously. It is carried unanimously, and we will listen to the reading of the motion.

Mrs. WINSTON. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I recognize Mrs. Winston.

Mrs. WINSTON.

Madam President General and Ladies of the Congress: At this auspicious moment when our hall is nearing completion, in France another matter of great importance has come about. This occurrence seems to

embody a pathetic appeal to us to pay honor to one to whom honor is due, for in Paris, France, in an old deserted burying ground, the body of the great Revolutionary hero, John Paul Jones, has been recovered. It seems not only a time for us to perform our duty to this great hero, but really an opportunity for the Daughters of the American Revolution to pay a graceful tribute to this full brother of the flag! whose rank as captain in our navy was conferred by the same congressional resolution that adopted the stars and stripes as our national emblem, and,

WHEREAS, The country has done nothing to honor his memory; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this congress authorize and direct that a bust of John Paul Jones be placed in Memorial Continental Hall upon its completion.
[Applause.]

Seconds: Eleanor Holmes Lindsay; Mrs. Wallace Delafield, state regent of Missouri; Mrs. Perry Wright, of Illinois; Elizabeth Clarke Churchman; Rosa Burwell Todd, state regent of Kentucky; Mrs. Benton Johnson, Elizabeth Kenton Chapter, Covington, Kentucky; Mrs. Ernest Lee Hughes, regent Fincastle Chapter; Mary Desha.

Carried.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this motion. The Chair will say to you that she has already received two other matters that refer to the same subject. Both are a little different from this. The Chair will permit Miss Williams to read them. The Chair recognizes the vice-president general from Maryland, Miss Williams.

Miss Williams. (Reading.)

WHEREAS, Efforts have for many years been made to find the remains of John Paul Jones, the first admiral of the American navy, and

WHEREAS, Through the untiring efforts and patriotic interest of General Horace Porter, ex-president general of the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, the remains of this naval hero have at last been found, and,

WHEREAS, It is the purpose of the government of the United States to bring the remains to this country for final interment,

Resolved, That the congratulations as well as the thanks of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution be extended to General Horace Porter for the successful consummation of his patriotic work, and

Resolved further, That it is the sense of this National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution that a fitting place for the interment of the said remains would be Annapolis, the seat of the naval school of the United States, where they could be deposited in the crypt of the new memorial chapel, now erecting by the United States government upon the grounds of the said naval academy.

Mrs. Knorr, of Maryland. I second the motion. (Also seconded by Miss Ritchie.)

Mrs. GOOLRICK. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Goolrick, of Virginia, is recognized.

Mrs. GOOLRICK.

Madam President General and Members of the Congress: I have here a resolution to offer, which will speak for itself. It is sustained by the state of Virginia, and I hope will be by the congress. It is as follows:

WHEREAS, John Paul Jones had his first and only home in America at Fredericksburg, Virginia, where his brother, William, is buried, and from which place he was made a lieutenant in the Continental navy, I request the National Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution now assembled in Washington, District of Columbia, to declare that it is eminently proper and appropriate that his remains should find sepulchre in the national cemetery in Fredericksburg, and they pray that the proper authorities shall so order and direct, and that this congress takes this occasion to return their thanks to the Honorable Horace Porter for his patriotic service in finding the remains of this wonderful and illustrious man; and it is hereby

Resolved, That our president do appoint a committee of ten to present these resolutions to the president of the United States, and the secretaries of state and the navy. And that a copy of the same be forwarded to the Honorable Horace Porter.

Mrs. JOHN T. GOOLRICK,
Fredericksburg, Virginia.

WHERE SHALL THE GREAT ADMIRAL BE BURIED?

Fredericksburg will not make any unseemly contest or controversy as to where the remains of John Paul Jones shall be interred. It has been suggested that he should be buried at Arlington. Arlington has been especially set aside and dedicated for the burial place of soldiers and sailors of the war of 1861-5, and of the Spanish war. That cemetery has no historic association or connection with the Revolutionary war. We do not know of one Revolutionary hero buried there. The *Washington Post* says that John Paul Jones, while he may have lived in Fredericksburg, belonged to the United States. So did Washington, Jefferson, Madison, the two Adamses, Andrew Jackson, indeed, all the presidents from Washington to McKinley. Yet all of them were buried at their old homes. So it should be with the remains of John Paul Jones. His first and only home in America was Fredericksburg; he never had any other home in America but Fredericksburg. Here his brother, William, lived and died and here he is buried—the only brother or member of his family who ever lived in America. The will of that brother is on record in this county. From here John Paul Jones went forth as a lieutenant in the Continental navy. The claims of Fredericksburg for the last resting place of this immortal hero cannot be denied.

It is the only proper and appropriate place for his burial. We trust the authorities will so direct. It is right and just that it should be so.

Mrs. MCLEAN. Madam President General.

Miss HARVEY. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Harvey, of Pennsylvania.

Miss HARVEY. Madam President General, I would like very much to have the privilege of seconding this resolution.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You may have that pleasure in a few moments. We are going first to consider the first motion offered. Was Mrs. Lindsay's motion seconded? Did you second that, Mrs. McLean?

Mrs. MCLEAN. [Applause.] No; I am waiting for recognition.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is recognizing you right now.

Mrs. MCLEAN. [Applause.] I desire, at the request of the governor of Maryland, who is also a past president general of the Sons of the American Revolution, to record my second to the resolution offered here this morning by Miss Williams in relation to this matter. I merely desire to be on record for that reason.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will permit you to do that when it is time. Now, then, who seconds this motion, the first motion, which was offered by Mrs. Winston? Who seconded it?

Mrs. WRIGHT, of Chicago. I seconded it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, it is open for discussion. I will request the reader to read it to you so that you may know just what it is.

READER. The motion is that a bust of John Paul Jones be placed in Continental Hall, upon its completion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss it?

Mrs. MURPHY. I would just like to know first how we are going to get the bust. [Laughter.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion has been made. I understand that is discussion. Is there any further discussion?

Mrs. McCARTNEY. If we pass this resolution of Mrs. Winston's, what are we going to do with the other two motions? Is there one which is an amendment of the other?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. They do not seem to conflict at all. The Chair will say to you that you can vote upon this one, very well.

Mrs. ROUNSAVILLE, of Georgia. I desire to second Mrs. Winston in her desire to honor John Paul Jones; but as we may desire to erect a more beautiful or handsome monument, I would recommend that we postpone action on Mrs. Lindsay's motion. (Seconded by Mrs. Roome.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Until what time?

Mrs. ROUNSAVILLE. I make the time indefinite, because I think we can take it up another year, when we are better prepared to act upon it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This motion to postpone can only apply to this congress.

Mrs. ROUNSAVILLE. I move that we postpone this memorial until we complete this building.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Have you considered, Madam, that it does not at all conflict with a statue? We have niches in this building which are to include busts, but not statues.

Miss JOHNSTON. Is it the time now to offer a resolution?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Winston has the floor. I recognize Mrs. Winston.

Mrs. WINSTON. The point was that we should do it now, at this congress, before any of the other ceremonies or anything else was done in regard to it; that it should be done now, by the Daughters; that they should be the first to do honor to our hero. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any further discussion?

(Cries of "Question!")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The question is called for.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The "ayes" have it. Now comes Miss Williams' motion.

The official reader read the motion of Miss Williams, as follows:

Resolved, That the congratulations as well as the thanks of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, be extended to General Horace Porter for the consummation of his patriotic work;

And further resolved, That it is the sense of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, that a fitting place of interment of the said remains would be Annapolis, Maryland, the seat of the naval school of the United States, where they could be deposited in the crypt of the memorial chapel, now erecting by the United States government, upon the grounds of said naval academy.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this resolution. Is there a motion to accept it?

Miss RITCHIE, of Maryland. I seconded it before.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is moved and seconded, that this resolution in regard to the remains of John Paul Jones be adopted.

Miss HARVEY, of Pennsylvania. May I suggest that you substitute Fredericksburg? Would not Fredericksburg be better? [Laughter.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The only way that we can substitute Fredericksburg for Annapolis is for you to make an amendment, and we will discuss it and vote upon it, of course. Do you make an amendment to that effect?

Miss HARVEY. Yes, I will.

Miss MASSEY. Did not congress decide to place the body of John Paul Jones in Arlington cemetery?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair does not know.

Miss MASSEY. I ask for information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair does not know. There may be someone here who does know.

Mrs. ROOME, of the District of Columbia. As this matter cannot very well be settled in a brief portion of time, would it not be better to postpone the consideration of this question until new business is proper?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you make a motion to postpone. The Chair would say to the representatives that by a two-thirds vote we decided to take up this subject, and it hardly seems to be proper to postpone it.

Mrs. ROOME. We took the vote to have the resolution read.

Mrs. WALKER, of Chicago. I can not—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to allow Mrs. Roome to proceed. She has the floor.

Mrs. ROOME. We have so little time for business, this afternoon, and we have not yet reached the by-laws, which may delay us, so that we may not be able to nominate our officers this afternoon at all, and that would mean deferring everything for half a day, so that I suggest that it would be better—I do not say to the congress what to do—but I ask if it would not be better to postpone the consideration of the subject which would give rise to discussion?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If you wish to postpone it, make your motion.

Mrs. ROOME. I move to postpone it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. To what time?

The motion of Mrs. Roome was seconded by Mrs. Hudler, of New York; and by many others.

Mrs. ROOME. I simply make the suggestion—

Mrs. BRYANT. Madam President General, a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Roome.

Mrs. ROOME (continuing). That you will postpone until the time for new business.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there a second to that motion?

SEVERAL MEMBERS. Yes, yes.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is moved and seconded that this motion in regard to John Paul Jones be postponed until we take up new business.

Send up your motion in writing, Mrs. Roome.

Mrs. MAUPIN, of Virginia. May I speak to this motion?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think you cannot speak about John Paul Jones, but you may speak about the motion to postpone.

Mrs. MAUPIN. I want to speak about the motion to postpone.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then go right on.

Mrs. MAUPIN. Is it quite fair to vote later on the matter about Paul Jones, and lay aside Virginia?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If this congress wants to do it, that will make it right. [Laughter and applause.]

The question was taken on the motion to postpone, and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next is the magazine committee, Mrs. Sara Kinney, chairman. Is Mrs. Kinney present?

Mrs. KINNEY. [Great applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: The interests of our official magazine are so ably cared for, and so fully reported by the editor and business manager thereof, that but little remains for the magazine committee to say or suggest. Meetings have been held whenever possible to get together the widely separated members of the committee, and helpful suggestions have been invited and welcomed from interested readers in many sections of the country.

Several letters have been received containing highly commendatory words for our retiring librarian general, whose book notices, prepared each month for the magazine, have proved an interesting feature, and have greatly augmented our collection of valuable historical books. It is hoped that these book reviews may continue to enrich the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Another suggestion that comes to your committee from a prominent member of the National Board of Management is that the minutes of the proceedings of the board be published the same month in which they are enacted. The writer argues that in many similar bodies, the minutes of proceedings are approved after each session,—the morning session at the afternoon session, and so on until the close of the meeting as a whole. She believes that in two days after the close of board meetings the records could be ready for the publishers, and the entire report be printed in the issue of the magazine of the month in which the meetings occur. She further states that many members of the society have expressed to her their desire to have the minutes published earlier than they are at present, and she feels that if the experiment should be tried, and found practicable, it would increase interest in the magazine, and add largely to its subscription list.

The Society of the Children of the American Revolution is the kindergarten for future Daughters and Sons of the American Revolution, and the space given to its proceedings meets with very general approval from those who have communicated with your committee, in regard to this particular branch of our general organization.

The greater number of our correspondents have referred more particularly to the reports of chapter work and to the genealogical department. Great satisfaction has been expressed in the variety of patriotic enterprises as indicated by the chapter reports, and also in the painstaking character and historical value of the genealogical notes.

The genealogical department has certainly not lost, but rather gained in interest to the readers of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE during the past year. Inquiries have been received by this department from every state in the union, and from the territories, except Indian and Oklahoma. Over six hundred ancestors have been inquired for; more than three hundred letters have been written in the interest of these inquiries, and over two hundred postals sent to correspondents. Many

valuable family records have been brought to light and descendants from the same ancestors, heretofore unknown to one another, and residing widely apart, have been placed in communication. The advantages resulting from the interchange are not known to the department, as after communication has been established, the subject is no longer part of the work of the magazine.

The amount of space used by the genealogical department does not equal the demand upon it, consequently, inquiries often do not appear for some months after they have been received, but in the meantime, research and private inquiry for information is being carried on, sometimes with satisfactory results. An incident connected with one of the answers that appeared in the magazine early in the present year, may be of interest. A somewhat vague historical query was received many months ago. The subject was entirely an unfamiliar one to the editor of the genealogical department, and was turned over to two or three historical scholars of note, connected with Yale University, but no information was obtainable. Authorities were consulted, with no result. Finally a chance expression in a novel by a well known author suggested a bare possibility of a clue. A letter was written by the editor and forwarded to the author through her publisher asking if her passing suggestion could point to any information on the subject of the inquiry. Two months passed and the effort was considered as unavailing as the other had been, when a pleasant letter was received from *Simla, India*, giving the very clue needed. An examination of certain documents in the Yale library supplied the information asked for, and it appeared in the magazine, after nearly a year of searching.

Your committee desires to congratulate the National Society upon its great good fortune in being represented by so able an official organ as the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

It also desires to express its deep regret that the magazine is not properly appreciated by our membership. [Laughter.] It is the only medium at our command which enables us to keep in touch with each other and with our Daughters of the American Revolution work in different sections of the country. The magazine should be, but is not, self-supporting. It should be a source of revenue to the society, but it is very far from being so. This condition is wholly due to our indifference, and it may be remedied at our own will.

This report contains several suggestions which may, or may not appeal to the members of this congress, but the only actual *recommendation* your committee has to make is that each member present to-day shall pledge herself to forward to our business manager, Miss Lockwood, on or before the 4th of July at least three new subscriptions for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

SARAH T. KINNEY, *Chairman*,
CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
MRS. ELROY M. AVERY,
MRS. JULIAN RICHARDS,
MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard the report of the magazine committee. What is your pleasure?

Mrs. ORTON. I move that it be accepted.

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, the next is the consideration of the amendments to the by-laws. The reader will read these amendments. First, however, we will have the report of the committee on by-laws.

SEVERAL MEMBERS. We have no copies of the amendments.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON REVISION OF BY-LAWS.

The reader read the report of the committee on revision of the by-laws as follows:

In accordance with the following motion—"I move that a committee be appointed to-day to prepare at once a revision of the by-laws of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in so far as they relate to the duties of national officers, so that the printed by-laws will agree with the established customs of this office, said report to be sent out at once by the printing committee to the national officers, state and chapter regents, in order to secure action on the revision at the coming congress"—passed by the National Board of Management, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, on February 8, 1905, the committee appointed begs leave to submit the appended report, into which has been incorporated, by order of the Board of Management, one other amendment to the by-laws (curator of the museum), proposed and seconded in due form and submitted to the proper authorities for distribution, in accordance with article XVI, section 1 of the by-laws.

It will be observed that no changes in the present administration of the offices are contemplated by these amendments, but that the by-laws are simply re-worded, so that changes brought about in past years, by changed conditions and by statutes made when the board was a legislative body, shall be incorporated into our printed by-laws.

In submitting this report, the committee desires to state that it presents these amendments after earnest consultation with all the national officers, and each and every revised by-law bears the unqualified approval and endorsement of the officer affected by it.

Respectfully submitted,

HELENA HILL WEED, *Chairman*,
ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
SARA COOLIDGE BROOKS,
FRANCES A. M. TERRY.

READER. The first proposed amendment is to article II, on page 15 of the constitution and by-laws, as follows:

Article II, strike out the footnote on page 15 and insert the following, to be known as section 3:

Sec. 3. *In order to preserve uniformity and prevent conflict of authority, all information regarding rules and regulations governing the National Society and the formation and organization of chapters shall be sent out by the officers under whose jurisdiction such questions may belong. All such information shall be submitted to the Board of Management for approval before distribution.*

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion to accept this amendment is in order. Is there a motion made and is there a second? Write your motion and the second to it and send it up.

Mrs. WEED. These amendments were printed at a cost of about \$22, I think, and a copy of this report was sent to every chapter regent in the National Society, and there were no more. There were only sufficient to distribute in the society.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I have three copies here which can be sent down to three of the members. Do you understand the proposed amendment, ladies?

(Cries of "No! No!")

The official reader again read the amendment, as follows:

In order to preserve uniformity and prevent conflict of authority, all information regarding rules and regulations governing the National Society and the formation and organization of chapters shall be sent out by the officers under whose jurisdiction such questions may belong. All such information shall be submitted to the Board of Management for approval before distribution.

May I say that that is all incorporated in a footnote, and what they want to do is merely to incorporate it in section 3, where it belongs?

Mrs. BALLINGER. May the footnote be read?

READER. The footnote is as follows—

Mrs. DRAPER. Would it be in order to make a suggestion that inasmuch as these by-laws which were also sent out—copies of these—can be given us for distribution, we proceed to the consideration of these first (holding up pamphlet)?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. These copies of the amendments have just been brought into the room. You cannot have enough to go around anyway. There are a very few in the room, and we have just received these, and so I think you had better do your best with them, and go on. Unless you do, you will not get through very soon. All over again, ladies, the Chair mentions once more to you that quiet is indispensable.

READER. The amendment to article II is as follows:

"Strike out the footnote on page 15 and insert the following, to be known as section 3."

The footnote which is moved to be struck out is on page 15 of the by-laws and constitution, and I will read it as follows:

"No officer of the National Society, nor state regent, nor chapter re-

gent, is authorized to issue circulars in regard to the National Society, or organization of chapters, *without approval of the board*. This is necessary in order to preserve uniformity and to prevent conflict of authority."

After striking that out, it is proposed by this amendment to put in the following:

"Section 3. In order to preserve uniformity and prevent conflict of authority, all information regarding rules and regulations governing the National Society and the formation and organization of chapters shall be sent out by the officers under whose jurisdiction such questions may belong. All such information shall be submitted to the Board of Management for approval before distribution."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, do you understand it?

MISS BENNING. I do not.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Miss Benning, of Georgia, does not understand that. Go right out there and read it so that she can understand it. I know she will understand it if she hears it.

The reader here again read the proposed amendment.

MRS. MAIN. If these by-laws that the official reader is reading could be sent out into the audience, we could do better and understand what it means. These that are distributed are merely those offered last year. Of course we cannot hear what is said on account of the noise, and we do not know what you are doing.

The official reader here went down the center aisle in the middle of the audience and again read the proposed amendment.

MRS. DRAPER. Madam President, I move to postpone the consideration of that amendment until these amendments, copies of which have been distributed, have been disposed of, until all these amendments copies of which have been distributed, have been disposed of.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair has no objection to that if you put it in a motion.

MRS. GERALD. I second that motion.

MRS. STRONG. Is a motion to adopt this amendment in order?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is already a motion before the house.

The official reader here read the motion of Mrs. Draper, as follows:

I move to postpone the consideration of the amendment until these amendments to the by-laws, copies of which have been distributed, have been disposed of.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Have they those copies with them in the house?

MRS. DRAPER. Yes, Madam President General.

MRS. GERALD. I second that motion.

MRS. BALLINGER. I second the motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, the Chair is going to request the official reader to go away down this center aisle and read this article to you all.

down there, and then she can come back here on the stage and read it, so that everybody can hear it.

READER. The first is an amendment to article X, sections 2 and 5, the first being an amendment to section 2, "Strike out 'February,' and insert 'March.' And the second being in section 5, "Strike out 'February' and insert 'April.'"

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Read it now as it will be when amended.

READER.

On page 21 of the by-laws, article x, in section 2, strike out "February" and insert "March," in two places, which will make it read "Pay to the treasurer general, on or before the twenty-second day of March, the sum of \$1 for each active member thereof, accompanied by a type-written alphabetical list of its members."

Mrs. SWIFT. Do we have those dues in 1906, if we pass that now?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair cannot answer that, Mrs. Swift. The treasurer general may answer it in a few minutes, when you are discussing that subject.

The official reader here went down the main aisle into the center of the hall and again explained this amendment as above.

Miss WILLIAMS. I make a motion that this be accepted.

Mrs. CAMPBELL. I second that motion.

Mrs. DRAPER. That is not the one, copies of which have been distributed.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Only the by-laws are to be amended now.

Mrs. SWIFT. May I ask the treasurer general to make a statement in regard to that?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is going to allow you to discuss that matter.

Mrs. SWIFT. Those of us who are back here in the rear of the hall would like to hear from people who understand it, so that we may understand it.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. Madam President General, have we not been acting on this, paying the dues in March, for the last year? We have not been paying them promptly on the 22nd of February. Now, there has been action on the part of the board in regard to this. Would you please set us right about that?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, listen to the treasurer general.

TREASURER GENERAL. Will the lady tell me what she wishes explained?

Mrs. SWIFT. I want to know about this amendment to the by-laws.

TREASURER GENERAL. Some four years ago Mrs. Darwin complained of the same thing that you are doing to-day, that the principal amount of our money, our dues, is coming in from February 1st to March 31st, and that if you take away from us the books to go to the credential committee the 1st of March, we have not any means by which we can credit the current expenses. Almost all of our contributions come in

between the 22nd of February and the 31st of March, that is a great many of them do, and if we have not the books, if those books have gone to the credential committee, we have no means of crediting those dues that come in. The books are with the credential committee. The contributions are very, very heavy all through the month of March, and from the 1st of February until the 31st of March they are very heavy. That is a very important reason why we cannot do the work. Two people cannot have one book and work on it at the same time. That is the whole amount of it.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. That is what I said, that we have been paying our dues up to the 31st of March for the last year. We used to pay them on or before the 22nd day of February, but this year we did not pay them until some time late in March, by order of the treasurer general. Some of the dues were very late in coming in.

TREASURER GENERAL. You will remember that when we were acting under the other rule, up until this last year, until this change was made to March 22nd, our congress was meeting on the 22nd of February.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. But why should we change to March, when we have been acting on March all the time?

TREASURER GENERAL. The books go to the credential committee on the 1st of February, instead of the 1st day of March.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. You wanted it made the 22nd of February?

TREASURER GENERAL. Yes. It is a very little change. They want us now to put this within nine days of the time of closing the books, and it would be an impossibility for us to get the credential committee report out on the first of the month.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. I move, then, to lay it on the table. (Seconded by Mrs. Richardson.)

Mrs. DRAPER. I ask that this be divided into two sections. The ladies do not understand—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There has been a motion to lay this on the table. It was not seconded, was it?

Mrs. DRAPER. The only reason that I suggest this—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This amendment is not to the constitution at all, it is to the by-laws.

Mrs. DRAPER. A year ago this amendment was passed in the constitution. The annual dues were made payable in advance on or before the 22nd day of March, in each year. But the by-laws were not changed, and in article X of the by-laws it still says, "Pay to the treasurer general on or before the twenty-second day of February." Now, this amendment is simply to make the by-laws conform to the constitution. It has nothing whatever to do with any credential list. It is simply to make the by-laws conform to the constitution, as they must. It is purely a clerical error. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you ready for a vote upon this matter?

The question was taken; the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next amendment proposed is to article X, section 5, page 22 of the by-laws, strike out "February" and insert "April." That part of section 5 would then read:

"But the delegates must be elected on or before the first of April preceding the Continental Congress."

It now reads, "the first of February."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Did you all hear that? Did anybody say "No?" There is no answer and I presume that you all heard it. A motion to accept that is in order.

Mrs. GRANT, of Colorado. I move to accept this amendment. (Also seconded by Mrs. McNeil.)

Mrs. WEED. You will find in these amendments presented by the committee on by-laws, amendments proposed to article X, section 2 and section 5, to strike out in each of these places the word "February," and insert the word "March," on pages 21 and 22. Those are both amendments to the amendments that have just been read.

READER. I am instructed by the chairman of the committee, or at least it is suggested, that this proposed amendment to the amendment be read. Instead of following the proposed amendment just read, which provides that "April" be substituted for "February," this amendment to the amendment is to the effect that the word "March" shall be substituted for "February."

Mrs. WEED. This is a substitute amendment, not an amendment to the amendment.

READER. That comes first, then.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That comes first, and now the motion to accept this. The Chair wants first to know whether the ladies in the rear of the hall heard this.

(Cries of "No! No!")

The reader went to the floor.

READER. Instead of having it as it is here, strike out "February" and insert "April," this suggested amendment is to say "March" instead of "April." The first is to change from February to April, and the substitute amendment is to change to March instead of April. It defers it one month instead of two.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you understand this, and are you ready to vote upon it?

Mrs. MURPHY. Is the national congress going to go through the four seasons, Madam President General?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is.

Mrs. ROOME. Is this open for discussion?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This minute.

Mrs. ROOME. I desire to speak in favor of Mrs. Tulloch's suggestion as to the amendments. Madam President General, and Daughters of the American Revolution, I think the misunderstanding in the minds of some of the members arises from the fact that Mrs. Tulloch does

not state here in plain words that it is the question of the election of the delegates and alternates which is troublesome. [Applause.] It is not so much in regard to the time of the payment of the dues that trouble arises, but it is that the election of the delegates and alternates hinges upon the payment of the current dues, and if you make the time of the election of the delegates and alternates April 1st, it will fall after the time of the payment of the dues of the ensuing year, which would then be the current year for the election of delegates and alternates, and it would be giving you but little time to pay those dues between the time of March 22nd and April 1st. That would be all the time that you would have to pay up all the dues for the ensuing year, which would then, of course, be the current year. But if the time of election be made March 1st, then you base your representation and elect your delegates and alternates on the dues of the past year, which would be the current year. The past year, you understand, the fiscal year, ends on the 22nd day of March. If you elected your delegates and alternates on the 1st of March, you would base the representation on the dues paid during that past year, so that you would have to the 22nd day of March to finish up, giving you a whole year. Do you not see the advantage to the chapters? Do you not see how much advantage you would have by that? You would have a whole year to get in your dues from members, and members who might be in arrears, and you would not be able to do so between March 22nd and April 1st; you know you could not do it. Scarcely any chapter could do it. That is one aspect of the matter. That is the aspect as it regards the chapter. Now, as regards the treasurer general, she would have as much time under either rule as she had when we used to elect the delegates and alternates on the 1st of February and then have the congress on the 22nd day of February; and besides that—I do not wish to say, and do not say, anything unkind of the treasurer general, for whom I voted—we cannot consider the treasurer general at the expense of all the society in all the chapters. The great thing is the benefit to the general society. We must think how inconvenient it would be to every solitary one of us, Every regent of every chapter would be inconvenienced, as well as every member of every chapter, but the regents especially would be inconvenienced, because they would have to dragoon their officers into getting those dues inside of two weeks. How could you do it? You never could do it.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. May I ask a question?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You may.

Mrs. McCARTNEY. You do not wish us to understand that the credential committee cannot make up the list until the dues are paid? She will not have time to make up her credential list through the country; is not that the point at issue in regard to the time of paying the dues?

Mrs. ROOME. That argues in favor of this amendment, because if you have a whole year, you can make it up better than if you only had two

weeks. [Laughter.] You understand, I am arguing for March 1st. I think the alternates and delegates should be elected on the 1st day of March. The amendment as it is here says "April." They did not think of that question of dues, you know. They were only thinking of the convenience of election. But Mrs. Tulloch, who has been treasurer general, I believe, in past years, saw the question as it would be affected by the payment of dues, and I do not know that I can make it any more clear than I have; but I think it will come home to you all. I think if you vote for April, you will feel the evil effects of it, that is all.

Mrs. FOWLER. Will Mrs. Tulloch, or the treasurer general, please tell us how they would like to have us vote on this, and clear the atmosphere. [Applause.]

TREASURER GENERAL. Now, if the date of the annual election of delegates and alternates was changed from February 1st to March 1st, or thereabouts, it would be the occasion of a great deal of confusion in the office of the treasurer general. The annual dues which are payable on or about the first of March each year are nearly all received by the treasurer general between February 22nd and April 1st. In the very month, therefore, that the dues are called for according to the constitution, namely the month of March, the treasurer general's record books, from which the credential lists are made, would be in the hands of the credential committee, and accordingly any money received for dues after March first could not be credited to the individual members on the record books until after the credential committee had completed their work, that is, until after the congress had convened.

Moreover, the books of the treasurer general are closed on March 31st. The books are closed on that date not only for the month of March but also for the entire year. With the closing of the books both the monthly report and the annual report are made, and new books are opened—all this within fifteen days of March 31st, a herculean task which you will have to provide for if you pass this amendment. The congress of 1902, with the intent of relieving the pressure of work in the treasurer general's office changed the date of the payment of the annual dues from February 22nd to March 22nd, so that the annual dues would not fall due until after the congress had adjourned. About a year later the date of the annual meeting was changed from February 22nd to April 19th, thus creating the same condition of affairs that existed prior to the change in the time of the payment of the annual dues. It is proper to add that as the membership of the society has greatly increased, more time than ever before is required to prepare the treasurer general's books and reports for the congress. Therefore I would ask that article X, paragraph five, of the by-laws, be not changed. Ladies, I hope you will leave it just exactly as it is. We have not too much time to accurately arrange both for the congress and the annual dues if it remains just where it is. You do not gain anything; really,

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save perhaps a chance that you may get in at one board meeting a few names, and two in May. That is really all you can get, and it would not pay for the confusion it would make. [Applause.]

Mrs. ORTON. Ladies of the congress, I would like to say just one word in behalf of the date of March 1st. Having so long a time between the election of delegates and the meeting of the congress tends very greatly to reduce the representation.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You can reach this point by substituting "March" for "April," if somebody will move to substitute "March" for "April."

Mrs. ORTON. I move to amend by substitution, that "March 1st" be the date rather than "April 1st."

Mrs. MURPHY. I second that motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you ready to vote?

Mrs. MURPHY. I call for the question.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is moved and seconded to amend by the substitution of "March" for "April." Do you wish to discuss it.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next is the question of substituting "March" for "February."

Mrs. WEED. I move the adoption of the amendment as amended. (Seconded by Mrs. Lockwood.)

The motion was seconded and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Next we will hear from the librarian general.

LIBRARIAN GENERAL. A vote was passed this morning to print more programs. Word has just been received from the printer that 500 programs can be printed for the sum of \$50, to be delivered not before Thursday morning.

Mrs. SWIFT. I would like to propose that those programs shall be paid for by those who want them, that every one who gets a program shall pay for it, whatever it costs.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there a second to that motion?

Mrs. BRYAN. I second the motion.

LIBRARIAN GENERAL. 3,500 programs have already been distributed, 500 more than ever before. 1,094 were given to voters, 1,094 to their alternates, 1,000 to extra alternates and visiting Daughters, which left 308 programs. These 308 were distributed yesterday afternoon, and the program committee has great pride in announcing that these programs, 500 more than usual, cost the same amount of money as the programs heretofore have cost, 3,000 having been printed in former years.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. There are quite a number of my delegation who have not appeared as I expected. I have the programs for them, and I will be glad to bring them here this evening.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. How many have you to bring?

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I cannot tell you positively, but I am sure there

will be a dozen or more, and I am sure that there are other state regents who are in the same position.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion is before you, made by Mrs. Swift, that these be printed and that members pay for them.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. If we carried this motion to pay for them, suppose that we do not sell them?

Mrs. SWIFT. If there have been a number distributed and not used, which can be recovered and turned in, there is no need for any more, that is if those who have more than they should have will return them. But if they distributed so many hundred programs yesterday afternoon, who got them? This has never been done in the past.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to withdraw your motion, or have it voted upon?

Mrs. SWIFT. I would like to withdraw it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well. Do you withdraw your second, Mrs. Bryan?

Mrs. BRYAN. I would like to move that we have no reprint. Yes, I withdraw my second.

Mrs. KENDALL. I rise for a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. KENDALL. For whom are these programs to be printed; from whom did the demand come for the 500 extra programs?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I do not know.

Mrs. KENDALL. Then, I move to rescind the motion of this morning. The motion to rescind was seconded by Mrs. Swift.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is moved and seconded to rescind the motion which was passed this morning, to have more programs printed.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. MCNEIL. I move that we now take a recess until 8 o'clock this evening.

Mrs. GRANT. I second the motion.

Mrs. MCNEIL. May I speak to my motion?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This motion is not debatable.

Mrs. MCNEIL. I merely wanted to say that we are informed that some work must be done about the electric lighting apparatus of this auditorium, and the men cannot work while the congress is assembled here. For that reason I have made this motion so that the lights may be put in perfect order for this evening. They were not very good last night.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General, there can be no debate on a motion to take a recess.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is right.

Mrs. DRAPER. Can I ask for information?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You can certainly ask for all the information you wish.

Mrs. DRAPER. May I ask the Chair to make a ruling? Are we to

proceed with the consideration of these amendments this evening, or are we to proceed to the nomination of national officers this evening?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is a continuous session, and you go right along with your business, or you can make a special order.

Mrs. DRAPER. But we cannot know until this evening? Would it be possible to ask the lady to postpone—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion to take a recess is in order now.

Mrs. DRAPER. Would it be in order to suspend it for a moment, until the sense of the congress is taken on this?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If Mrs. McNeil withdraws the motion to take a recess, for which she has made a very strong plea, because we want more lights to-night, as we did not have enough last night. The Chair thinks the workmen cannot work. But she can do as she pleases.

Mrs. MCNEIL. I would ask to suspend this motion that has been made, and leave the question with this body to decide.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion to take a recess until 8 o'clock is before you, and we will vote upon it.

The question was taken.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The "ayes" seem to have it—

(Cries of "No, no, no.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is the way it seemed to the Chair.

(Cries of "Division.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A division is called for.

The official stenographer, the recording secretary, Mrs. Lockwood and Miss Williams were appointed tellers by the Chair to count the voters, a rising vote was taken, and the tellers announced the result, the "ayes," 400; "noes," 169; therefore the motion was agreed to.

Thereupon, the congress at 5.40 p. m., took a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.

EVENING SESSION, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1905.

The congress was called to order, pursuant to adjournment, at 8 o'clock p. m., the president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, in the chair.

(Admiral Schley came upon the platform and was received with great applause.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are going now to recommence our work where we left off.

READER. The next amendment to be considered is to article XV, and is as follows:

"No complaint or charge against any member or chapter shall be considered by the National Board or its executive committee until such complaint has been made in writing, signed by at least three members of the society, and the person or chapter complained against shall have been notified, and given at least three weeks opportunity for answer or

defense, which defense shall be made by the person complained of, or by her representative."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion to accept this amendment is in order. The Chair wishes to recommend just as much order as you can possibly have. It is a little hard upon the throat to read against a thousand shuffling feet.

(The amendment was read a second time by the reader.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this amendment read. It is now in order for a motion to accept it to be made.

Mrs. JEWETT. I move to accept it.

Miss MILLER. I second the motion that this amendment be adopted.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any discussion desired upon it?

The "question" was called for by several members.

The question was taken up and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next in order is the proposed amendment to article II, which was read to-day and which was, upon Mrs. Draper's motion, postponed. It is as follows:

"Strike out the footnote on page 15 and insert the following, to be known as section 3:

"*SECTION 3. In order to preserve uniformity and prevent conflict of authority, all information regarding rules and regulations governing the National Society and the formation and organization of chapters shall be sent out by the officers under whose jurisdiction such questions may belong. All such information shall be submitted to the Board of Management for approval before distribution."*

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this amendment. Did you all hear it? Has every one heard this amendment? I hear no answer, and I assume you all heard it. Do you wish to discuss it? This was accepted this afternoon. You do not need to accept it. Do you wish to discuss it?

The question was called for by several members.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. We will now proceed to the proposed amendment to article IV of the by-laws, which is as follows:

Amend section 3 by inserting, after the first sentence, the following:
"When chapters organize through the state regent the application shall be presented by the state regent to the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters, who shall apply to the National Board of Management for formal authorization to form such a chapter. When a chapter organizes under article VII, section 1, of the constitution, the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters shall confer with the state regent in whose jurisdiction the proposed chapter will be before bringing such application to the National Board of Management for formal authorization to organize."

There is another clause in this also, but I suppose we should take them one at a time.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have the amendment itself before you. Mrs. BROWN, of Wisconsin. I move the acceptance of the amendment.

Mrs. GRAY, of Ohio. I second the motion.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I would like to know why this amendment is offered.

Mrs. WEED. The constitution provides for two ways of forming a chapter. In one way, any twelve members of the society living in one locality can come together and by applying directly to the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters can procure permission to organize. The vice-president general in charge of organization brings the application before the board, and it is confirmed by the board. In the second way the chapter is formed by the state regent appointing a chapter regent in a locality and the chapter regent then collects the members, and in that way they organize through the state regent. Some years ago, at the time Mrs. Verplanck was state regent, a chapter was organized by the first method. They applied to the vice-president general in charge of organization, and she made the usual application to the board, the chapter was organized and came into the congress, and it so happened that the state regent of New York did not know of the organization of the chapter. At that time the board was a legislative body, and a statute was passed by the board that in future no chapter should be organized, that no authority to organize should be granted to any chapter, until the state regent had been notified; not that her consent must be asked, but that until she had been notified no such authority should be granted, and that statute has been in force. And yet that statute has never been a part of the by-laws. This rewording of the by-laws simply takes all three of those methods and combines with them the statute which is now in force, and puts them in proper form with the by-laws, and so that the by-laws simply carry out and realize that which is now in force in the office.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is that explanation satisfactory?

Mrs. BALLINGER. Of course, that is an explanation. But it seems to me the old order is enough. We cannot always get those twelve women right together at once. They go out and hunt up those twelve women and bring them together where they did not exist beforehand, so that it is rather curtailing the possibilities of our order to make these things so ironclad.

Mrs. WEED. I think that I must not have made this statute clear. This contemplates no change whatever in the working of the office. It is simply a rewording of an amendment, but it contemplates no change. This is just as it has been in force for some years past.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Then, that removes the objection.

(Cries of "Question.")

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. There is a further amendment to the same section, section 3, as follows:

"Insert after the word 'regent' in the last sentence of section 3 the following words:

"*'She shall supervise the work on the card catalogue of members and ancestors.'*"

It will then read:

"She shall supervise the work on the card catalogue of members and ancestors, and shall perform such other duties as may be entrusted to her by the National Board of Management."

Mrs. PECK. I move the acceptance of this amendment.

The motion was seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss this?

Mrs. DRAPER. At the District conference last week it was decided by a large majority of the members there present to move an amendment to that amendment, substituting—may I ask the reader to read it once more?

READER (reading). "She shall supervise the work on the card catalogue of members and ancestors."

Mrs. DRAPER. As it is at present, the registrar general has supervision, has she not, under the present by-laws? May I ask how the by-laws are at present on that point?

IV

READER. The present by-laws, section 3, article ~~IX~~, read as follows:

"SECTION 3. The vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters shall have authority to nominate one state regent for the first year, to be elected by the board. She shall have general supervision of the organization of chapters, in connection with the respective state regents, and shall perform such other duties as may be entrusted to her by the National Board of Management."

Mrs. DRAPER. Now please read the by-laws in respect to the registrar general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If you have that, read, Madam Reader, what the by-laws say in regard to the registrar general.

Mrs. DRAPER. A large majority of the District Daughters wish that placed in the hands of the registrar general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. For what reason?

Mrs. DRAPER. Because the registrar general has charge of all the ancestry—that is the genealogy, the lineage, of each member—and there have been a great many, or at least several, mistakes, and the registrar's clerks say that it is the fault of those in the office of the treasurer general and the clerks in the office of the treasurer general say that it is the fault of those in the office of the registrar general; and it was decided at the District meeting to leave it as it is, and to vote against that amendment placing it under the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters.

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PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any further discussion of this amendment?

Mrs. BALLINGER. I move to lay it on the table.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there a second to your motion? Send your motion up in writing.

Mrs. J. MORGAN SMITH. I second it. (Also seconded by Mrs. Guss.) The question was taken, very few members voting.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Oh, what a vote! That vote is no expression to come from 50,000 people.

Mrs. BALLINGER. It was a vote, and they are not entitled to vote again.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is very much in doubt.

The question was again taken, and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The "ayes" have it, and the amendment is laid on the table. The Chair insists, though, that she made known what was the real feeling of the congress.

READER. The next amendment is:

"Strike out section 6 (which was in 1899 transferred to the constitution) and re-number section 7 as section 6." Read the second time.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this. A motion to accept it is in order.

Mrs. ROOME. I move that it be accepted.

Miss MILLER. I second the motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER (reading):

"In order to further elucidate the rules regarding the formation of a chapter, the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters asks that the congress will authorize the insertion of the words:

"After formal authorization by the National Board of Management after the word 'locality' in the first line of the second paragraph of the footnote on page 11 of the constitution, in order that the footnote may correctly and completely quote the constitution above, and thus avoid confusion."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion to accept is in order.

Mrs. GUSS. I move that it be accepted.

The motion was seconded.

Mrs. MURPHY. I do not understand it. It is not that I did not hear it, but it seems to me I have not got wit enough to understand it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, we will read it to you again.

READER. Perhaps it will be better to read the footnote referred to from page 11 of the constitution. I will read that portion of it referred to:

"One method authorizes twelve members of the society living in one locality to come together to form a chapter and elect a regent," and so forth.

This amendment would make that read:

"One method authorizes twelve members of the society living in one locality, after formal authorization by the National Board of Management, to come together to form a chapter," and so forth.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any further discussion required of this amendment?

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next is the proposed amendment to article VII of the by-laws:

"Strike out the words 'resignation or death' in line two, as this information is kept up to date in the treasurer general's office."

Mrs. ROOME. I move to accept the amendment.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I second the motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next proposed change is to insert after the word "defects," in the next to the last line, the following sentence:

"She shall make all corrections to ancestors' records and carry on all correspondence connected with this, as well as with all other genealogical matters pertaining to the duties of the registrar general's office."

Mrs. HUNT. I move to accept the amendment.

Mrs. GRAY. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that this amendment be accepted.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next proposed change is to insert the footnote on page 20 of the by-laws in its proper place in this article.

Mrs. MURPHY. I would like to know where it would go, after it is inserted, where it would be put?

READER. I cannot tell.

Miss DESHA. Members of the several chapters and of the society at large, there is a star right up there in the second line of article VII, indicating the exact place where this would be inserted.

Mrs. DAY. May I ask the official reader to read a little slower, so that we can all catch the words?

READER. It would read then:

"The registrar general shall keep a register of the names and dates of the election of all members of the several chapters, and of the National Society at large," and so forth.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion to accept is in order.

Mrs. MURPHY. I move that it be accepted.

Mrs. GRAY. I second the motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next is a proposed amendment to article VIII, to strike out the first sentence entirely, as this work is done by the librarian general, and insert in its place the following:

"The historian general shall be charged with the work of preparing the annual report, required by section 3 of the articles of incorporation"

of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is that to the historian general?

READER. Yes, Madam.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The assistant historian general has performed those duties?

READER. Yes.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Go on.

READER. The committee say in their report that this, the truly historical work of the society, is now the work of the assistant historian general.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General, is there a motion before the house?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. No; we are discussing an amendment. I am waiting for a motion to accept this amendment.

Mrs. PECK. I move that it be accepted.

The motion was seconded by several members.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General, as I understand it, in the first part of these amendments that were presented to us it was stated that there was no change, but simply that the work would be carried on as it is now; but here at present the historian has the Lineage Book, and I feel that we are not in a condition this evening to thoroughly discuss the advisability of changing the work of the historian general and the assistant historian general. I move that the proposed amendment be laid on the table.

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. SWIFT. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Swift, of California, is recognized.

Mrs. SWIFT. Did we not have an amendment some two years ago or longer, that there should be no amendment to the by-laws?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have amended the by-laws every year.

READER. The next proposed amendment is to insert at the end of the last sentence of article VIII, the following:

"and shall also prepare, from time to time, for publication in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and the daily press, articles relating to the current history of the society."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think everything relating to that amendment will go on the table, that was not read before it. Pass on, therefore, to the next amendment.

READER. The next is:

"Re-number article IX as article X."

Mrs. MURPHY. I move to accept it.

Mrs. PECK. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. All those in favor of this motion will say "aye." The "ayes" voted.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. All those opposed—

Mrs. DRAPER. Is no discussion to be allowed?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will take the vote over, if you want to discuss it. You spoke right after we started to vote. We have not yet taken the full vote.

Mrs. DRAPER. We have just moved to lay the other one on the table, and by adopting this, we would simply be undoing what we have done. I move to lay this on the table. (Seconded.)

Mrs. WEED. That is not so.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Give your reasons.

Mrs. WEED. That other amendment contemplated no change in the work of the office; the work was the same that it was, simply changing the name of the office, or rather changing the duties about and putting them in the hands of the proper officers. We had our historian general, a person who was doing genealogical work, and our assistant historian general, a person who was not assisting any one in the world, but was doing her own work, and it was simply a re-naming of the two offices, or rather a changing about of the two officers, and not changing the work of the offices in any way whatsoever.

Mrs. DRAPER. May I rise for a question of information?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. DRAPER. Is debate allowed on a motion to lay on the table? There is no debate allowed on a motion to lay on the table.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair has not put the motion.

Mrs. DRAPER. My motion was seconded, and the Chair has allowed one person to debate it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will not allow anything bad to be done to you, Mrs. Draper. [Great applause.] Nor to any one else.

Mrs. DRAPER. May I give you my reasons again?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This was a question of information, and not of debate. You are so good a parliamentarian, of course you recognize that distinction.

Mrs. DRAPER. Thank you; but there is a wrong impression, and I think it would make people vote just the opposite from what they would vote if they understood it. My object is not to defeat the amendment. We would have time later in the week to discuss the question, and take the real opinion of the house. I think we all know that this house would not be as full as it is now to discuss simply the naming of a historian or a genealogist. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will vote on the motion to lay the amendment on the table.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion is laid on the table. [Applause.]

READER. The next is an amendment to article IX of the by-laws, as follows:

"Instead of electing an 'assistant' historian general, re-name this

official 'genealogist,' and place under her the truly genealogical work now done by the historian general."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, do you wish to move to accept this amendment?

Mrs. ROOME. Has it not been laid on the table?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, not everything has been upon the table, yet. It was moved and seconded to accept the amendment.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss this?

Dr. McGEE. There are two other amendments proposed to-night which are very important and important changes—novelties, I may say—in the management of the society, and I agree thoroughly with what Mrs. Draper has said in regard to having plenty of time to consider them. Therefore, I move to lay this amendment on the table, and I think the one in regard to article XII should share the same fate. All amendments which are before us which simply carry out what we have done before are easily passed, but this is not of that kind, and therefore I move to lay this on the table.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there a kindred one you would wish to lay on the table?

Dr. McGEE. Yes, to article XII.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there anything else you wish to lay on the table?

Dr. McGEE. The other one is an amendment to article XII, creating the office of curator of the museum. I think we want to discuss that question.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is told that she has been too generous; that she can only allow you to discuss them one at a time. There is a motion to lay on the table before us. Is it seconded?

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Miss MILLER. I move that we proceed to discuss the order of the day—proceed to the nomination of officers. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If it suits you to have a special order of the day, you will have to move for one. We have none.

Miss MILLER. Then, I am mistaken.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. But you can suspend the order of business if you choose, and have enough of the members to vote with you.

Miss MILLER. I move to make it the special order of the day.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, to suspend business, I should say.

Miss MILLER. Very well; I so move.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there a second to the motion of Miss Miller, of the District?

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Roome.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded, that we suspend the regular business, but the Chair does not know your full motion. Will you kindly write it? For what purpose do you want to

suspend the regular order of business? You must make that known, so that people can know what you wish by your statement. Send your motion to the platform. The Chair is waiting for that motion. Mrs. Roome, of the District, is recognized.

Mrs. ROOME. As there is only one more amendment, and only the first part of it is contained in the existing law, and it is very well to make the text of the by-laws conform to the text of the constitution, we would better move to lay on the table the part about the curator of the museum, and proceed to pass the balance of that article XII. It would be a very good thing to do, and it would not take very long, and so I would ask if Miss Miller would withdraw her motion and allow us to do that.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The reader will read Miss Miller's motion.

The reader read as follows:

"I move to suspend the order of the day and proceed with the nomination of officers."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is seconded by Mrs. Henry. This motion is not debatable, and we will proceed at once to vote, and it requires a two-thirds vote, and you may stand and be counted.

Tellers were appointed to count the vote, being Mrs. Weed, Mrs. Simpson, Miss Williams and Mrs. Jewett.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Those in favor of the motion will rise and stand until counted.

(The "ayes" rose.)

It seems to the Chair that this motion is carried. It is carried; the "ayes" have it. Those opposed to this motion will rise and stand until counted.

(The "noes" here rose.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair was correct in her first assumption, the motion is unmistakably carried.

The Chair will announce to you that the time has arrived for the nomination of general officers of the society. The Chair wishes to say that it is the especial desire of the stenographers, and we must please them, because they keep an account of our proceedings—it is their special desire—that everyone shall come to the stand to speak, so that they can hear what you have to say, and get your names and places.

We will now begin the nominations, first for president general.

Mrs. CROSMAN. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Crozman.

Mrs. CROSMAN. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the house of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: There is no page of history more fascinating than the story of the Huguenots, none more worthy of careful study. Whether judged by its motive, or by its influence, it is equally grand. Sublime as an epic, thrilling as a romance. Why? Because

it represents a struggle, a sacrifice, a heroism, a devotion, for conscience's sake, and therefore it appeals to all worthy natures.

Living in the unfettered liberty of this year of grace, 1905, we can appreciate how grandly those heroic pioneers performed their work. No more lasting individuality has stamped its name and character on history than that of the Huguenots.

Liberty of faith, liberty of worship, liberty of thought,—that was their aspiration. They truly led “the simple life;”—with primitive habits, with purity of morals, they lived as one united family, each rejoicing in the prosperity of the brethren.

In the infancy of our country, when “Wilderness was King,” those sturdy pioneers unflinchingly gained a foothold, inch by inch. Later, they rendered eminent and patriotic services in the Revolutionary army.

Those early Huguenots have passed away, but their influence remains, their good works do follow them.

The descendants of those French Colonists have good reason to hold in honor the noble memory of their forefathers.

This assumes special interest to us, because to-day we present to this Fourteenth Continental Congress, as a candidate for president general, a woman lineally descended from one of these Huguenots; and by right of heredity, she possesses the same characteristics of sterling worth, of loyalty to purpose, of quiet persistence, of clear perception, of executive ability, of unselfish devotion.

In 1685 this Huguenot moved to Virginia, near Culpeper, and intermarried with a Maryland family from the eastern shore. No need to tell the Daughters of the American Revolution of the glorious, enthusiastic patriots of Virginia in our Revolution. Were any grander? No need to sing the praises of the “Maryland Line,” [applause]—were any braver?

In 1781 this descendant, an ardent young patriot, hardly more than a boy, with all the fervor of enthusiastic youth, took up powder horn and flint lock, and won honors in the Virginia militia; [applause] and on the glorious day of Yorktown, he stood close to Washington when Cornwallis surrendered—our candidate's great-grandfather.

Not only does this candidate possess inherited traits; her personal characteristics fit her preëminently to fill this high office; she is familiar to many of you; as one of the rank and file from the early days of our organization, as chapter regent, as vice-president general, as the indefatigable chairman of the committee on ways and means for the Continental Hall; ceasing not to labor year in and year out,—not seeking praise, unostentatious, working solely for the good of the society, and always conducting with success whatsoever her hands undertook.

Foremost was she in zeal and activity during the Spanish-American war; working for thirty-six years at various army posts for the betterment of the enlisted men,—those defenders of our nation,—she is be-

loved for her good work at many a place where "Old Glory" floats from the flagstaff.

With ripe experience, with executive ability of a rare order, tested, tried and found true (and we can only predict the future from the past), gentle, tactful, gracious, energetic, I present her to you in nomination for the office of president general, Mrs. George M. Sternberg, of Washington. [Great applause.]

Mrs. PAGE. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that if she hears no objections from the congress, she will allow one nomination for each candidate for president general and as many seconds for each as we can listen to. But there must be only one regular nomination for president general for each candidate. The Chair understands that there are three candidates. There will, therefore, be a nominating speech allowed for each candidate, and as many seconds as you will listen to.

Mrs. SHAW, of Connecticut. I wish to second Mrs. Sternberg's nomination.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that she will listen to nominations first, and when we have all the nominations then we will listen to the seconds.

Mrs. Barker, of Rhode Island, is recognized. Madam, will you take the top step of the platform?

Mrs. BARKER. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: Rhode Island, one of the thirteen original colonies, places in nomination to-day for president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, a lineal descendant of Roger Williams, the founder of our state. [Applause.] She is a woman who has the proud distinction of being not only the wife of a governor, but the daughter-in-law of a governor. While Rhode Island thus claims this candidate, we acknowledge that by the rights of ancestry she belongs to other states. Our sister state, the grand old commonwealth of Massachusetts, can claim our candidate through Richard Warren, the Mayflower passenger, and Ralph Wheeler, and I could refer also to ancestors of other colonies, but I would rather bring to the keener appreciation of this honorable congress her personal qualifications for this high and honorable office. She is a fine example of a true officer, combining the experience gained as a member of the voting body, with the executive ability acquired in long practice as a presiding officer. She has intellectual power, and a pleasing personality. She is now completing an able record of four years as state regent of Rhode Island, and during these four years she has served conscientiously upon the National Board. If you elect her to this high office, in the words of the chief justice of our state, you will find her well versed in parliamentary rules and usages, and equal to the management of the highest social functions. She is an exponent of the highest patriotic principles.

Her influence has been felt not only by the Daughters of the American Revolution, but also in the society of the Mayflower descendants, and in the Colonial Dames, she having served three years as president of the Rhode Island Society of Colonial Dames of America. Elect her, and she will carry the burden easily, and perform the duties faithfully, working towards that grand end, the completion of this magnificent memorial building, Continental Hall. [Great applause.]

In brief, I have the honor to place in nomination for president general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island. [Long continued applause.]

Mrs. MUNN, of Massachusetts. May I rise to a question of personal privilege?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege?

Mrs. MUNN. Much to the regret of the delegation from Massachusetts, the state regent is very seriously ill. It is impossible for her to be present and make the nomination, which is the desire of the majority of the Massachusetts delegation, the nomination of Mrs. McLean, of New York.

Mrs. KENDALL. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Kendall, of Maine.

Mrs. KENDALL. [Applause.]

Madam President General and Members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution: Maine, as the Daughter of Massachusetts, is happy to present the name of its candidate, and to give you some of the reasons why we have chosen her. First, because we want a womanly woman [great applause], she who is queen in the kingdom of the home, for the home is the cornerstone of the community; [applause] and she who ruleth well her subjects there is sure to be a useful member of society. You have only to look back over the career of this candidate to see that it is filled with loving services to this society, which have made her loving loyal friends, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the north to the south. [Prolonged applause.] You who have watched her in this congress know how many times her keen judicial mind, which is the inheritance from a long line of distinguished lineage, has unravelled some tangle in which we have found ourselves. It reveals the real parliamentarian who stands for justice and right, always that right of the minority on all occasions. We desire to have, to follow in the footsteps of her distinguished predecessor, a woman to whom we may point in pride and say, "Here is our representative, who can fittingly represent us on all occasions," and I am happy to present the name, for all my friends, of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Great and long continued applause.]

Mrs. PAGE. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Hugh Nelson Page, of Virginia.

Mrs. PAGE. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, it gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg as our president general. [Applause.] Without any disparagement to the merits of the other candidates, I believe that the executive and business ability of this lady, her devotion to the society, her familiarity with the duties of the office, and her residence in Washington, fit her peculiarly for the position; and in addition to these qualifications, her election will be symbolical of the universality of our organization, [applause] representing as she does no north, no south, no east, no west, but our union of them all in one harmonious whole. [Applause.] By their works ye shall know them, and her record unquestionably proves her ability and her character, and I present her name with perfect confidence that you will appreciate the opportunity to elect to such high office such a representative woman. [Great applause.]

Mrs. ORTON. Madam President General, a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. ORTON. I am not quite sure that the names are being entered correctly on the bulletin board, and I should like to know if they should not be entered in order.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The names upon the bulletin board must be entered as they are offered. The Chair recognizes the state regent of Connecticut, Mrs. Sara Thomson Kinney.

Mrs. KINNEY. [Prolonged applause.]

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution: In behalf of the very large majority of the Connecticut delegation, I have the honor to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island, for the office of president general. [Applause.]

Mrs. WALKER, of Illinois. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Walker, of Illinois.

Mrs. WALKER. I have no speech to make, so I will not go to the platform, but I have the honor to second the nomination of a woman who is thoroughly known north, south, east and west, and identified with the Daughters of the American Revolution in every way that is best, always a loyal, true, noble woman, a sound mind and a sound body, the best exponent of this society, Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair desires to say to the friends of the different candidates that she is hearing one at a time; that is the way it goes. And now I recognize Mrs. Winston, of the Army and Navy Chapter, of the District of Columbia.

Mrs. WINSTON. In the name of the Army and Navy Chapter, of the District of Columbia, I have the honor of seconding the nomination of

Mrs. Sternberg, as president general. Daughters of the American Revolution, let me ask you, who won the battles of the Revolution? Mrs. Sternberg comes to you with well known executive ability, proven by ripe knowledge of national affairs. Daughters of the American Revolution, you honor yourselves in honoring her. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Park, of Georgia.

MRS. PARK. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, because of her preëminent qualities of leadership, her sterling patriotism, her brilliant intellect, her personal magnetism, her stirring eloquence, her long and loyal service to the society, and absolute fidelity to every trust, I have the honor and pleasure, as vice-president for Georgia of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean for president general. [Prolonged applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Have I had one or two seconds for the third candidate? I will recognize Mrs. Verplanck.

MRS. VERPLANCK. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, on behalf of many chapters of the state of New York, and as ex-state regent of New York, I have the great pleasure of seconding the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I will now recognize Mrs. Richardson, of South Carolina.

MRS. RICHARDSON. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, I have only a few words to say. The fine business talent of the candidate who has already been nominated has been explained and emphasized by her work, but it is an honor and a privilege to me to endorse this candidate and to say for South Carolina, as her state regent, that having worked under Mrs. Sternberg in the Spanish-American war, in the ways and means committee, having watched her career, and feeling assured that no one can better carry on the work, that although we can never fill the place that is soon to be vacated, I hope we will try to do our best. To-night we are under an embarrassment of riches. All the candidates named to-night have their friends, and we all admire our candidates and have nothing but kind feelings, I hope, for the candidates that have been named. [Applause.] But it seems to me that Mrs. Sternberg, having carried on the work so well as she has for so many years, having lived in Washington—I am not opposed to centralization when it comes to putting a woman in the place most convenient to do the work—it seems to me when we have a woman already located in the place where all our work goes on, in touch with that work, who has carried it on for years, and that without the slightest reflections on the other candidates,—far be it from me to make any such reflection—we should elect her; and I must say that South Carolina endorses Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

Mrs. MURPHY. Madam President General, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. MURPHY. Is it not generally customary that ladies seconding nominations should be taken in order? They came in that way when they were nominating the candidates, and I ask if it should not be done now with the seconds?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair understands that the method pursued is a very good and proper one. She really does not know what other people have pursued. It is the one she is pursuing now, [applause] and she will have Mrs. Murphy go on.

Mrs. MURPHY. Madam President General, ladies and Daughters of the American Revolution, as vice-president general of the state of Ohio, and as representing a large number of voters in my state, I am most happy this evening to second the nomination of a woman who is like every woman here a descendant of Revolutionary ancestors, who is known for her ability, for her parliamentary knowledge, for her sense of justice, for her courage in all her convictions, for her determination to do right even under defeat, [great applause], who has accepted with the most wonderful equanimity that defeat, and pursued her work with unflinching courage thereafter, who, although she has not perhaps the fortunate circumstance of living in the city of Washington, is nevertheless very near by, and can attend to her duties as well as though she had that fortunate privilege. I have the greatest pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. McLean, of New York. [Great and prolonged applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Eleanor S. W. Howard, state regent of Virginia.

Mrs. HOWARD. Madam President General, it needs no words of mine to emphasize what has been already said in honor of Mrs. Lippitt, but I do want to second for some of the chapters behind me, the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Maria Purdy Peck, state regent of Iowa.

Mrs. PECK. The state regent of Iowa is not going to make a speech. The speeches have all been splendid, and she has enjoyed them all. She wishes, however, to endorse the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg, with a large majority of her chapters behind her. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Lathrop, of New York.

Miss LATHROP. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, the New York City Chapter has the honor to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Prolonged applause.]

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PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Forsyth, of New York.

Miss FORSYTH. Madam President General and ladies, it gives me exceptional pleasure to be allowed the privilege to-night, representing as an ex-state regent and ex-vice-president general, the state of New York, to second the nomination of one whom I honor with all my heart, Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Hughes, of Kentucky.

Mrs. HUGHES. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, I am proud, as a Kentuckian, to-night to endorse the nomination of such a representative and patriotic woman as Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

Mrs. HARDY, of Louisville, Kentucky. Madam President General, I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege?

Mrs. HARDY. I am seconding, in the name of the John Marshall Chapter of that state, Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Applause.]

Mrs. PARK. I wish to ask if it were not better for us to conduct things in a more orderly way, and to allow the state regents to second, and chapter regents to follow? I remember that that was a ruling on a former occasion, to have the state regents second, and the chapter regents to follow.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will say upon this occasion that she will recognize the first to come, whether she be a state regent or a chapter regent. [Great applause.] Every Daughter is alike on the floor. [Cries of "Good!" Applause.] The Chair recognizes Miss Alice Quitman Lovell, of Mississippi.

Miss LOVELL. Miss Lovell, of Mississippi, has the great honor and pleasure of seconding Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Munger.

Mrs. MUNGER. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, I am happy to-night, as the representative of General Nicholas Herkimer Chapter, of New York state, to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean of New York city. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. John Walter Johnston, state regent of New Hampshire.

Mrs. JOHNSTON. It gives me great pleasure to second the nomination for nearly all the chapters in New Hampshire of Mrs. Sternberg as president general. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. E. Gaylord, Putnam, of New Jersey.

Mrs. PUTNAM. I feel in honor bound to second the nomination

of Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.] Two years ago, when, in order to insure the re-election of our present beloved president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, I went to Mrs. McLean and explained to her that Mrs. Fairbanks was eligible for another term, and requested her to withdraw, I told her that her time would come now. And the Honorable John Kean, senator from New Jersey, says that if we do not do this honorable thing it will be to the lasting injury of this society. [Laughter and applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Luckie, of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. LUCKIE. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. Lippitt for four chapters of Pennsylvania. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Greenlief W. Simpson, vice-president general from Massachusetts.

Mrs. SIMPSON. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, it gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. Martha L. Sternberg for president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Ira Yale Sage, state regent of Georgia.

Mrs. SAGE. In behalf of the Georgia delegation, which stands solid, I have the pleasure of endorsing the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Great applause.]

Mrs. FISHER, of Maryland. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.]

Mrs. ORTON. Did you not tell us that we could have as many nominations and seconds as we could stand? If we have too many, we will have no time for the other officers.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Mellon, of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. MELLON. I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg for president general. If you will elect Mrs. Sternberg president general, [applause] I will promise you that Continental Hall will soon be completed. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes the state regent of Kentucky, Mrs. Charles H. Todd.

Mrs. TODD. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York, supported by every chapter in my state, save one. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes the state regent of Utah, Mrs. Mary M. F. Allen.

Mrs. ALLEN. Madam President General, in behalf of the patriotic and loyal American women of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Spirit of Liberty Chapter, Salt Lake City, I earnestly and heartily second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg for the great and splendid office of president general of the National

Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Charles B. Bryan, state regent of Tennessee.

Mrs. BRYAN. Madam President General and ladies, as regent of the state of Tennessee, the old volunteer state, which has never been behind any of her sister states, for as President McKinley has said, she furnished more soldiers for the Civil war than any other state in the Union, I stand here now to second the nomination of a woman who does not come before you on account of pride of birth, though she might be descended from a thousand earls. If her father had been but a teamster in the Revolution, and had shown bravery and courage, she would be entitled to acknowledgment. But she is a noble woman, and stands on her own merits. [Great applause.] She is a woman who has in this congress proven herself capable of doing all and everything, as we have seen when things with us have gotten into a tangle, and I say now, for Tennessee, we go as a unit for the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean. [Cries of "Good!" Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. James M. Fowler, state regent of Indiana.

Mrs. FOWLER. Madam President General and ladies, as state regent of Indiana, it gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg for president general. I second Mrs. Sternberg because she has done such valuable work upon this Continental Memorial Hall committee, and I know we will have our Continental Hall finished in the near future. Our presidents general belong to every Daughter of the American Revolution, to every state and every territory. They claim that Indiana wants everything, but if you bring up the place that a person was born, you ought to say that Mrs. Fairbanks, the president general, is from Ohio, and Mrs. Harrison was from Ohio, and Mrs. Stevenson, although she was elected from Illinois, was born in Kentucky. Therefore Mrs. Sternberg from the District of Columbia is my choice for president general. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. John H. C. Wulbern, state regent of North Carolina.

Mrs. WULBERN. Madam President and ladies, for my state, the conservative state of North Carolina, I desire to second the nomination of a woman whom we delight to honor, Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Collier, of New York.

Mrs. COLLIER. As a chapter regent of New York state I have the honor to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. William Liggett, state regent of Minnesota.

Mrs. LIGGETT. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, in enumerating the many qualities of our candidates, I think there has been one rare quality of Mrs. Sternberg that has been omitted, and that is her modesty. Mrs. Sternberg is a woman that the office has sought, and not a woman who has sought the office. Minnesota, with her fifteen chapters, seconds as a unit the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Fletcher.

Mrs. FLETCHER, of Florida. Madam President General and ladies of this congress, Florida feels honored in being allowed to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. John Barrow, of Arkansas.

Mrs. BARROW. I have the honor to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Adams, of Indian territory.

Mrs. ADAMS. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, in behalf of the Indian territory I endorse Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause and laughter.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Lucian W. Coy, state regent of Arkansas.

Mrs. COY. I think, ladies, and Madam President General, that one of the proudest moments of my life as state regent of Arkansas is this, when I second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, state regent of Alabama.

Mrs. SMITH. Madam President General and Daughters of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, Alabama is proud to second to-day the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Ballou, of Rhode Island.

Mrs. BALLOU. As ex-state regent of Rhode Island, I wish to endorse the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, and I wish to state that Rhode Island is here with all the delegates to which it is entitled, and devoted, solid, for Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Miller, of the District of Columbia.

Miss MILLER. Madam President General and ladies, it gives me great pleasure as a member of this Continental Congress and also

as the vice-regent and representative of the largest chapter of the District, and the oldest one in the District, to second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Robertson, of Texas.

Mrs. ROBERTSON, of Texas. Madam President General and members of the Continental Congress, I come from the largest state in the union, that is able to swallow up all the New England states, [great laughter], and we wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean with a solid vote. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Fiske, of Rhode Island.

Mrs. FISKE. I have the honor to endorse the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Walter Harvey Weed, vice-president general from the state of Montana.

Mrs. WEED. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, it gives me great pleasure, by permission of my own state regent, and at the request of the state regent of Wyoming, to second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.] I think the members of this Continental Congress who are familiar with the management of affairs in the District of Columbia will envy them their government. They have three commissioners who run the affairs here in the District. The duties of these commissioners are somewhat divided, and I think our candidates have each of them peculiar qualifications which would peculiarly fit them for the work of the three officers of the District. But the candidate whom I second to-night would fill particularly well the place of engineer commissioner, who has charge of all the buildings and grounds in the District. She has by her work in the past shown her qualifications for this office; and, in the words which we all saw in the papers yesterday morning, one who has borne the burden and heat of the day, should bear the palm of victory.

And so we second the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg, who our president said some months before her nomination had done more than any other one woman to arouse enthusiasm and to raise funds for the erection of Continental Hall. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Neale, of Massachusetts.

Mrs. E. J. NEALE. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, it gives me very great pleasure to-night to nominate one whom I consider the logical candidate, one who represents the rank and file of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Therefore, as a member of the grand old bay state of Massa-

chusetts, I am pleased to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Thompson, of Massachusetts.

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, I have been sent to the platform by several Massachusetts chapters to second the nomination of a woman whom we honor first because, like one distinguished American, she can neither speak, act, nor think a lie. We admire her because of her untiring energy and strenuous life which makes her one to be relied on when strength and vigor are needed. We love her because her broad mind and generous heart bring her in touch with the north and south, east and west, alike, while her devotion to her family and friends make all who come within that charmed circle claim her as their own familiar friend. I bring you the name of America's noblest, dearest Daughter, Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Great applause.]

READER. I am directed by the Chair to read a communication containing a second for Mrs. Sternberg sent up in writing by Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan, of Vermont, as follows:

"I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Ritchie, regent of the Frederick Chapter, Maryland.

Miss RITCHIE. Madam President General, Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution, I am not going to make a speech. I am simply here at the instruction of my chapter to endorse, heartily endorse, and to second the nomination of our candidate, who is from the same state as our illustrious admiral, who is with us this evening, [great applause] and our Honorable Governor Warfield, who was with us last evening. I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Bowman, of Connecticut.

Miss BOWMAN. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, it gives me great pleasure, as an enthusiastic Daughter of dear old New England, to second the nomination of the Daughter of whom we are most proud, Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, as president general of this grand society. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. William P. Jewett, vice-president general from Minnesota.

Mrs. JEWETT. Madam President General and Daughters, it gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg, with whom I have worked upon the board. We have

never had a more diligent worker, a more faithful, energetic woman, one who has never shirked a single duty in office. I second the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Vernon Davis, of New York.

Mrs. VERNON M. DAVIS, of New York. I am very willing to wait my time, but I just want to second the nomination of my regent, Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Manchester, of Rhode Island.

Miss MANCHESTER. As a member of Bristol Chapter, the oldest chapter in all New England, and the third chapter to be organized in this country, I am proud to second the nomination of my state regent, Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. William J. Chittenden, of Michigan.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. [applause.] Madam President General and members of the congress, it gives me great pleasure to stand here to announce that Michigan has ever been loyal to Mrs. Donald McLean, and she has found no cause to change her opinion. [Applause.] I therefore am here gladly to second Mrs. Donald McLean's nomination, in behalf of myself and a large majority of my delegation. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Carey, of Indiana.

Mrs. CAREY. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. I wish to see Continental Hall finished. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Pennypacker.

Mrs. PENNYPACKER. As acting state regent of Pennsylvania, I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. McLean for myself and many chapters in my state. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Burlingame, of Rhode Island.

Mrs. BURLINGAME. As regent of the William Ellery Chapter, of Newport, Rhode Island, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

Mrs. OGDEN. Madam President General, I wish to say that Philadelphia Chapter seconds the nomination of Mrs. McLean.

Mrs. ESTEVY. I second the nomination of Mrs. George Sternberg.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Bowron, of New York.

Mrs. BOWRON. It gives me great pleasure as the honorary regent of Mohegan Chapter, to second the nomination of one of our charter members of this society, and the regent of one of the oldest chapters in New York state, a woman who has been known throughout the country for her work, and who has a large following in the

state of New York, some of whom I represent. It gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Ammon.

MRS. AMMON. Madam President General, and Daughters of the American Revolution, as regent of the Pittsburgh Chapter, the third largest in the country, I have the pleasure of speaking for myself and for the large majority of the chapter, numbering 472 members, to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. John Campbell, the state regent of Colorado.

MRS. CAMPBELL. I speak for the vice-president general for Colorado, Mrs. Brooks, who is absent on account of other employment, and illness, and would second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes the vice-regent of the state of Texas, Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor.

MRS. SYDNOR. Texas is a very long way off. The Lone Star State, however, has heard of the excellence of Mrs. Donald McLean, and Texas endorses her nomination unanimously.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Laughton, of Massachusetts.

MISs LAUGHTON. In behalf of some of the chapters of Massachusetts, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg for president general. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Draper, of the District of Columbia.

MRS. DRAPER. [Applause.] Madam President General, in behalf of six chapter regents, the regents and delegates of six chapters, of the District of Columbia, we wish to second the nomination of the woman who three years ago said: "The way to do a thing is to do it. The way to build Continental Hall is to build it. I therefore move that a committee be appointed to at once investigate and report to this congress in five days in regard to a site." [Prolonged applause.] Madam President General, it needs no name; of course, Mrs. Donald McLean. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Heneberger, of Virginia.

MRS. HENEBERGER. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Chick.

MRS. CHICK. As regent of one of the largest chapters of Massachusetts, the Old South, I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Connor, of Detroit.

Mrs. CONNOR. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, as regent of the Louisa St. Clair Chapter, the largest chapter in Michigan, I deem it both a pleasure and an honor to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Keim, of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. KEIM. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Talbot, of Rhode Island.

Miss TALBOT. In behalf of the Gaspee Chapter, No. 54, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Fay, of Massachusetts.

Mrs. LUCY FAY. As a regent of one of our most loyal though not one of our largest chapters in Massachusetts, I second the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Ward, of New York.

Mrs. WARD. Madam President General, and ladies, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York, as the regent of one of the largest and the oldest and one of the best chapters of western New York, the Catharine Schuyler. We are not large enough to swallow up the state of Texas [laughter] but we are large enough to do the work required. I second the nomination of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Lyons, of Virginia.

Mrs. LYONS. Ladies of the congress, as the representative of the Albermarle Chapter of Virginia, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, of Rhode Island. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Baird, of Minnesota.

Mrs. BAIRD. As regent of the largest and oldest chapter in Minnesota, the St. Paul Chapter, I second the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg. [Applause.]

Mrs. DOUW. As regent of the Annapolis Chapter, I second the nomination of Mrs. McLean.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, state regent of New Mexico.

Mrs. PRINCE. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, as state regent of New Mexico for eleven years I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. McLean. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Swinburne.

MISS SWINBURNE. As a member of the William Ellery Chapter, of Newport, Rhode Island, I second the nomination of Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Baird-Huey, of Pennsylvania.

MISS BAIRD-HUEY. I think that we have other nominations tonight, Madam President General, and I therefore move that these nominating speeches be closed.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair has recognized Mrs. W. C. Johnson, of the Colonial Chapter, of Minneapolis.

MRS. JOHNSON. As regent of the largest chapter in Minneapolis, the Colonial Chapter, I take pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. Sternberg for our president general. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The lady from Pennsylvania has made a motion. Was it seconded?

(Many members, "Yes, yes, yes.")

MISS JOHNSTON. Speaking for nobody but myself, I take pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. George M. Sternberg.

MRS. ALRICKS. The Harrisburg Chapter, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, has unanimously endorsed Mrs. Donald McLean.

MISS Vining. I also second Mrs. McLean's nomination.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that a motion has been made and seconded, to close the seconds for president general. Do you wish to discuss the motion?

(Cries of "No! No!")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you ready for the question?

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The ayes have it. The nominations for vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters are now in order. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Stranahan, of Vermont.

MRS. STRANAHAN. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, I have the honor to present the name of Mrs. Julius J. Estey, of Vermont, for the office of vice-president general. I do this not only because she has proved herself an efficient officer, and because of her great business ability, but because she is faithfully and conscientiously always at her post. She has done her work hitherto, as you all know, faithfully, and, added to that, her sterling qualities and character make her an ideal candidate; and therefore, for Vermont, I offer Mrs. Julius J. Estey as vice-president general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that this nomination is a little premature, as she called for the nominations of the vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters.

MRS. STRANAHAN. I beg your pardon. Where I was sitting we could not hear just what you said, and I misunderstood you. Will

it be necessary for me to make this nomination over again later on?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think not.

Mrs. STRANAHAN. I will do it if it is necessary.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Miranda Barney Tulloch.

Mrs. TULLOCH. I have the honor to present the name of Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main as my successor in office. Mrs. Main is not a stranger to the work, she having been an official, a national officer, and being now state regent of the District of Columbia. If she is elected to this position, I have to ask of you the same kindness and forbearance for her that you have given me, and I am sure that she will faithfully perform the duties of her office. She is a woman of ability, and ready to do the work that you require. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that before any other nominations are made she is compelled to ask those who are going out very soon to do so immediately, in order that they may not interrupt the deliberations of this body. There is too much noise. Whoever wishes to retire from the gallery, the Chair bids them farewell; [laughter] but she wants them not to make so much noise.

Mrs. MURPHY. Is this an intermission?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will allow five minutes for the people who feel that they must go, to leave the hall.

(A recess of five minutes here ensued.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The congress will please come to order again. I hope that everyone who wishes to go out has done so, because as much as we like to have our friends with us, we do not wish to be interrupted by the noise of walking in the gallery or the noise of walking in this hall.

The Chair wishes to say to you that it has been called to her attention that you might nominate your vice-president general in charge of organization and then take a recess until to-morrow morning, if the rest of you so desire.

Mrs. MURPHY. I move that we take a recess.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There are ten vice-presidents general to be nominated. I am asking this congress if it desires to take a recess after the nomination of the vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters?

(Cries of "Yes, yes," and "No, no.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Miss Miller, of the District of Columbia, is recognized.

Miss MILLER. I would like to second the nomination of Mrs. Charlotte E. Main for vice-president in charge of organization of chapters.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you want to make more than one second to these nominations?

Mrs. ROOME. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. DAVIS. It gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. Main. She has made us a fine state regent for the past two years, and it gives me great pleasure to do this, and I hope that you will vote for her and make her our vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters. She is a good worker.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are now seconding the nomination of the organizer of chapters.

Mrs. WULBERN. Madam President General and ladies, it gives me great pleasure to second the nomination of Mrs. Main for vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters.

Mrs. GUSS. I would like to second the nomination of Mrs. Main.

Mrs. GERALD, of the District of Columbia. On behalf of Martha Washington Chapter I take pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. Charlotte E. Main for vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters.

Mrs. HENRY, of the District of Columbia. I move that the nominations for vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters be closed.

The motion was numerously seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that we take a recess now until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The question was taken and the motion was not agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion is lost. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Delafield, the state regent of Missouri.

Mrs. DELAFIELD. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, at a state conference held in St. Joseph, November 19, 1904, the delegates were instructed to present to this congress the name of Mrs. John L. Walker, of Kansas City, as vice-president general from Missouri.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You are nominating vice-presidents general, are you?

Mrs. DELAFIELD. Yes, of course; they are on the board.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well. The Chair recognizes the state regent of Texas.

Mrs. SYDNER. Madam President General and ladies of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, Texas again comes before you, not to endorse anyone this time, but to present a candidate on her own behalf. We have worked faithfully in the organization for more than ten years, and have done noble work in our state, and we have never asked anything, and we think that it is high time now that we should be re-

warded, and we wish to place before you a candidate who has done as much as or more than anyone to advance the cause in Texas. Her home is the rendezvous of the Daughters and Sons of the American Revolution. I desire to present to you the name of Mrs. Ira Hobart Evans, as vice-president general for the state of Texas.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I second the nomination of Mrs. Evans.

Also seconded by Mrs. White, New York; Mrs. Park, of Georgia, and Mrs. Todd, of Kentucky.

Mrs. Jewett at this point assumed the chair.

At this point it was moved and seconded that a recess be taken until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Thereupon the congress adjourned until to-morrow, Wednesday, April 19, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

MORNING SESSION, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1905.

The bugler sounded the bugle call—"Reveille."

The congress was called to order at ten o'clock a. m., the president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, in the Chair.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The congress will unite with the chaplain general in rendering divine service.

PRAYER BY THE CHAPLAIN GENERAL.

One Hundred and Third Psalm, 8-22. "The Lord is merciful and gracious, slow to anger and plenteous in mercy. He will not always chide: neither will he keep his anger forever. He hath not dealt with us after our sins; nor rewarded us according to our iniquities. For as the heaven is high above the earth, so great is his mercy toward them that fear Him. As far as the east is from the west, so far hath he removed our transgressions from us. Like as a father pitith his children, so the Lord pitith them that fear him. For He knoweth our frame; he remembereth that we are dust. As for man, his days are as grass; as a flower of the field, so he flourisheth. For the wind passeth over it, and it is gone; and the place thereof shall know it no more. But the mercy of the Lord is from everlasting to everlasting upon them that fear him, and his righteousness unto children's children; to such as keep his covenant, and to those that remember his commandments to do them. The Lord hath prepared his throne in the heavens; and his kingdom ruleth over all. Bless the Lord, ye his angels, that excel in strength, that do his commandments, hearkening unto the voice of his word. Bless ye the Lord, all ye his hosts; ye ministers of his, that do his pleasure. Bless the Lord, all his works in all places of his dominion: Bless the Lord, O my soul."

The Lord is in His holy temple, let all the earth keep silence before Him. The earth is Thy temple, O Lord, and we are the temples of the Holy Ghost. We thank Thee, our Father, for this high privilege, and help us to realize what it means. Help us to lift our hearts above all sordid and worldly things, and help us to be less selfish than we are. Help us to realize that Thou hast for each one of us a vocation, a work which is above all that is mean and low and sordid, but which is great and grand. Help us, our heavenly Father, to rise above everything that we know that Thou canst not bless, and help us all to become truly Thy servants.

We pray for the president of the United States and all the officers of our government, and we pray that Thou wouldest protect him and bring him safely home. We pray for the president of this organiza-

tion and all our officers, for the Board of Management and for every officer in every chapter of this organization, and we pray for every member of it. We know that this organization is of Thy Divine origin, as was this country, whose ancestry we represent, and we wish Thee, our heavenly Father, to imbue in our own hearts the feeling that we must perpetuate that which Thou has given to us. We pray for every little child among the Children of the American Revolution, and every child in our country which is inheriting such wonderful privileges, and before which there are such wonderful world's problems. Help us, O our Father, to dedicate those children in prayer, those that belong to us and those that are coming to us from all over this country, that they may take up this work and carry it on to the completion for which we feel that Thou hast designed it.

Bless Thou these proceedings. Grant, O heavenly Father, to make us sweet and sober and lovely, and help us to do Thy will in whatever way Thou hast ordained it.

Now, dear Father, be with us in our business of this day, and may we at last meet around Thy throne, for Jesus Christ's sake. Amen.

Mr. FOSTER. We will all sing together two verses of "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

The congress here joined in singing Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will now listen to the minutes of yesterday. The recording secretary general has requested the official reader to read her minutes. She will do so now.

READER. I am requested to read first a note from the stenographer.

"The members of the congress will please bear in mind that these minutes are merely an outline report of the congress. A full verbatim report will appear later in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. Therefore, all discussion is omitted, only the motions, and the action thereon, appearing in these daily reports."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair has just been informed by the chairman of the house committee that there are people on the floor who are not even alternates. We do not even permit our alternates to be upon the floor. How much less shall we permit others? The Chair requests everyone who knows that she has no right upon the floor to withdraw immediately, and take those very comfortable seats in the gallery. We have no more comfortable seats in the house than those in the gallery, and we desire those people who know they have no right in the house to go to them immediately. The Chair desires those persons who are in charge of those doors to admit no person unless she comes in with the card of the president general to a box or to the stage. We permit no person to be on the floor but our delegates. The floor includes both of these sidings and this parquet. The Chair wishes to state that possibly there are alternates here who are representing their regents. Of course they are the same as the chapter regents or the chapter delegates. Of course that is perfectly understood. But I say

it again, so you will know, that the chapter delegates and the alternates of the regents or the delegates have an equal right upon the floor when those whom they represent are absent. Those who are representing others who are absent must, however, wear the badge of those whom they represent, or they cannot get in. Do you hear that? If you hear it, I wish you would heed it. The Chair desires order in the congress. She requests our visiting Daughters and others to heed the fact that we are now reading the minutes of yesterday. She realizes your interest, and thanks you for it, but she wishes you to be tranquil and to be serene, and to be very, very quiet.

The reader here read the minutes of yesterday, Tuesday, April 18.
Mrs. BALLINGER. I move to accept the minutes.

Mrs. GERALD. I second the motion.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President, I rise to make a parliamentary inquiry.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question? Does it relate to the minutes?

Mrs. DRAPER. It does.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Let us have it.

Mrs. DRAPER. Is it in order to insert in the minutes a statement by a member of this congress, when the Chair ruled her out of order, and said that she could not speak?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. When was it done?

Mrs. DRAPER. Yesterday morning, when I rose to a question of privilege, and was speaking, the Chair ruled that it was not a question of privilege and would not allow anyone to speak—would not allow any campaign speeches.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is true.

Mrs. DRAPER. And Mrs. Weed rose, and the president general said that she was out of order.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The part relating to privilege should remain in the minutes.

Mrs. DRAPER. Thank you, Madam President.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any further inquiry in regard to the minutes?

Mrs. BALLINGER. May I inquire what became of the amendments as presented by the committee last evening, that had not been disposed of?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Those amendments have not yet been read. These are the minutes of yesterday.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Then there is only a part of them accepted in these minutes?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You accept the whole of them, up to 5 o'clock last evening.

It is said that the motion of Mrs. Swift made yesterday morning has been left out of these minutes. If Mrs. Swift, of California desires her motion made in the morning to appear in the min-

utes, it is her privilege to write it out and send it up. You must do it, I am informed, Madam. It is not your privilege to send up your motion, but it is your duty. The Chair desires to hear from you whatever your motion was in regard to the program.

Mrs. SWIFT. Are you talking to me?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Yes; I have the honor. [Laughter.]

Mrs. SWIFT. I cannot hear you.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair thinks it is too bad to make this lady have this inconvenience, all because her colleagues will not keep quiet. I say that you did not write out your motion yesterday in regard to the programs, and send it up. Please do so at once.

Miss DESHA. Madam President General, in regard to the amendments—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have not come to them yet.

Miss DESHA. I would say that if the official stenographer and the congressional stenographer do not agree in reporting these amendments,—the wording exactly,—the committee that prepares the new constitution for the printer has to take these official minutes which you have approved. As I have had a great deal of trouble about that, having prepared them for the printer for the last ten years, I wanted to ask you, to be quite certain, that the amendments in these minutes this morning are exactly as you passed them because when you are gone it is the only authority which we will have, to make the constitution exactly as it was voted in this congress.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there any further corrections of the minutes?

Mrs. BALLINGER. I am very glad our attention was called to this fact by Miss Desha's statement. I notice in the minutes, in speaking of my amendment in regard to Good Friday, the words "as a precedent" were omitted. May I ask that they be inserted?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If there is no objection the words that Mrs. Ballinger says were omitted will not be omitted. The Chair hears no objection, and it is so ordered. Are there any further inquiries or statements, or corrections of the minutes? If not, there is a motion to accept the minutes so far as they have gone.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The minutes are accepted. We will now listen to the evening minutes.

The official reader here began to read the minutes of Tuesday night, and proceeded for some time, when her reading was interrupted as follows:

Mrs. SYDNR, of Texas: Madam President General, the reader has made a mistake, in regard to the nomination of Mrs. Ira Hobart Evans. Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor, of Texas, made the nomination.

The reader continued and finished the reading of the minutes.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion to accept the minutes is in order.

It was moved by Mrs. Murphy, and seconded, to accept the minutes. Mrs. THOMPSON. I would like to call attention to the fact that the remarks of Mrs. Neale, of the Massachusetts delegation, have been omitted from the minutes.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there any further corrections?

Mrs. WHITNEY, of New York. I wish to state that I think that the names of all the seconders should have been reported in the minutes this morning. That is all.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is your statement about it?

Mrs. WHITNEY. Yes, Madam.

Mrs. YARDLEY. I do not see Mrs. Estey's name.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. The names of all the seconders will appear in the record of the stenographic report when it is printed, every one of them.

Mrs. WHITNEY, of New York. I move as a correction of the minutes that the names of all the seconders should be put in the minutes.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you understand the statement made a while ago by Mrs. Lockwood?

Mrs. WHITNEY. I did not hear it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The statement was that the names of all the seconders will appear in the stenographic report. They are omitted this morning to save that precious thing, time.

The question on the motion to accept the minutes was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I rise to a question of privilege.

Mrs. WALKER, of Chicago. I rise for a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. WALKER. I would like to ask if in nominating the vice-presidents general the nominations are to go on, and then the seconds to be made, or if they are just to go on helter-skelter, anyway?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will announce the proper time for the vice-presidents general to be nominated, and I assure the congress that nothing shall go any way but right.

Mrs. BALLINGER. When will we take up this remaining amendment to the by-laws?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have to go on with the work that was laid out for us last evening. We will go on until we finish all that is before us, until 12 o'clock Saturday night, if necessary. [Laughter and applause.]

Miss BAIRD-HUEY. Did I not hear Mrs. Estey's nomination last night?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You did. She was put in nomination.

Mrs. WHITNEY, of New York. I have been assured by a great many members that the majority wish the names of the seconders read this morning.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair cannot order that done unless she

takes the sense of the congress. She will have to have a motion first and have it seconded and have it passed. Are you ready to do it? Is it so necessary for your happiness that it must be done right away? If that is so, make your motion and have it seconded.

Mrs. WHITNEY. I move that the names of the seconders given last night shall be read from the minutes this morning.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Madam, you may write your motion and send it up, but we are going on with what is before us in the meantime.

Mrs. PARK. I second Mrs. Whitney's motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, ladies, what may be your pleasure, you whom I see standing before me in the aisle? The Chair desires to know if you have some business with her? If you have not, will you kindly oblige the Chair by taking seats? [Laughter.] The Chair is happy to see your radiant and charming faces; she loves her Daughters of the American Revolution, but she really wishes you to take your seats.

The official reader here read Mrs. Whitney's motion as follows:

"I move that the names of those who seconded the nominations be read from the minutes of last night. Seconded by Mrs. Park."

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there any discussion on this?

(Cries of "No! No!")

Mrs. MURPHY. While I would be most happy to save that precious thing that the president general spoke of, "time," and while to me it is a matter of no consequence, I do think it is a matter of great consequence to some of those who were not here last night, and who would like to be informed, and inasmuch as we come from all quarters of this great country to hear these things, they might be allowed an opportunity of hearing them.

Mrs. DRAPER. I would simply call the attention of the house to the ruling that was made a few minutes ago, that if there is any difference between the report of the congressional stenographer and the report of the secretary of these minutes, that the report of the secretary of these minutes carries. Therefore, Madam President, although it does take time, I should vote for that motion, that the names might be read here, so that if any woman wishes to say that there was a mistake, she would have the privilege before it is printed.

Mrs. STORY, of New York. The time of the congress assembled is so very precious, and as long as we have come here on very important business, I hope these ladies will consider before they insist upon taking up the time with something that is perfectly useless.

Mrs. WULBERN. While we are discussing the matter, these names could have been read, and we would have saved all this time. I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The previous question is called for.

The question was taken and the motion was not agreed to.

The previous question closes debate; you understand what it means? Do you want to debate still more? The Chair wishes to ask you if you want to have that vote taken over. You voted, you know, to go on talking, *ad infinitum*.

The question was again taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The ayes have it and debate is closed.

READER. The main motion is:

"I move that the names of those who seconded the nominations be read from the minutes of last night." The motion was seconded by Mrs. Park.

The question was taken and the motion was not agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is lost.

Mrs. CAMPBELL. I rise to nominate for vice-president general one whose earnestness, enthusiasm and faithful work are her best eulogists, one whose husband's occupation at least will keep her in Washington, so that she can attend all the meetings in the ensuing year, Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks, of Colorado. [Applause.]

Mrs. WEED. I second this nomination.

Mrs. LEWIS, of Massachusetts. As a representative of Massachusetts, which has the honor of claiming Mrs. Brooks, I wish to second her nomination. New England born and bred, and a temporary resident of the District of Columbia, I know no abler Daughter of the American Revolution than Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks, of Colorado.

Mrs. S. V. WHITE, of New York. I cannot talk very loud, but I have something to say that I want you to hear, and I want you to vote for my candidate for the reason that New York has been without a vice-president general for a year, and New York has more than 7,000 members. I would like to name a woman with whom I have worked for many years in patriotic work, who has proven herself capable; and the seconds who will follow me, who can speak louder than I, are going to tell her worth. I have the support of all my state delegation. They voted her in by acclamation, and I am going to present her to you, Mrs. John Cunningham Hazen. [Applause.]

Miss TEMPLE. Mrs. Hazen will bring to this work of the National Society executive ability, and also the great experience that she has had with her educational work will be of great assistance to us.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Roberts, vice-regent of the state of New York.

Mrs. ROBERTS. Madam President General, the vice-regent of the state of New York thoroughly appreciates the privilege that has been accorded her of being allowed to second the nomination of Mrs. John Cunningham Hazen for vice-president general for the state of New York, and we heartily ask your earnest support for our candidate. New York state has eighty chapters and a family of over six thousand Daughters. Do you not think it is eminently fitting that such a large body should have a just and adequate representation in the adminis-

tration of the National Daughters of the American Revolution affairs? New York state has unanimously declared that Mrs. John Cunningham Hazen is the one woman who can meet the exigencies of the case. Her long term of service in New York state has proven that she has the qualifications for an ideal vice-president general, so that New York state unhesitatingly and with well grounded assurance places her before you as their candidate, and we thank you in advance [laughter] for her election, for we confidently believe that you will recognize that she has all the qualifications necessary for this eminent office, and furthermore, you will feel assured that you have put just the right person in the right place. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There have come from the house several requests that we pursue the same method as we did last night, and that we allow only nominating speakers at first, until all the candidates are nominated, and afterwards have the seconds. Is it the desire of the congress that we shall proceed upon this plan?

(Cries of "Yes, yes.")

Mrs. MURPHY. I do object to this, because I am here to second, and I want to get through. I do not want to be a professional seconder.

Mrs. PEPPER, of Missouri. Will you please limit these speeches?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That remains for the congress to do. I will hear a nomination next. Mrs. Graham, of Ohio, is recognized.

Mrs. GRAHAM. I want to know if it is necessary to renominate Mrs. Estey, who was nominated last night? Her name does not appear on the board.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Her name must appear, because she was nominated. I rule the name of Mrs. Estey, who was nominated last night for vice-president general of Vermont, should appear on the bulletin.

Mrs. GRAHAM. Yes, Ohio has a candidate, Mrs. O. J. Hodge. She has been endorsed by her state. She has served in every position in her chapter, has been two years state regent, and now her state asks that she be made vice-president general, and they are confident that she will faithfully perform every duty in that capacity. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Simpson, of South Carolina.

Mrs. SIMPSON. South Carolina for the first time in four years asks your support for her candidate for the position of vice-president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution. She has received the unanimous endorsement of her state, and has promised her constituents that if elected she will attend the board meetings. You will honor the society and confer wisdom and dignity on the National Board by the election of Mrs. George Nicholls, of South Carolina.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, with your permission, I will recognize this lady, who is not very well, Mrs. Bryan, of Tennessee.

Mrs. BRYAN. Ladies, actions speak louder than words. I wish to put in nomination this morning a lady whose works speak for them-

selves. She has been our state regent for years, has done noble work in the state, and I consider her most eminently worthy of the high position of vice-president general, and she has the universal endorsement of Tennessee, Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Lytton, of Chicago.

Mrs. LYTTON. Madam President General and Ladies of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: As the regent of the Chicago Chapter and in the name of the state of Illinois, I bring to you a woman for nomination as vice-president general who has served the state of her adoption for the last three years. Coming from Washington at a moment when we were in a state of disturbance and turmoil, she, with wonderful tact, through her beautiful nature and gentleness has brought content and love. Born in Vermont of ancestry from Massachusetts, four of these ancestors fought on the battlefield of Lexington, the anniversary of which contest we celebrate to-day. She has served her state well, and if elected will be true to her appointment and faithful in attendance, and will give to you her best efforts. I therefore have great honor in nominating Mrs. Charles H. Deere, of Illinois, for vice-president general. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Brockett, who is attending to writing the names on the bulletin board, says that she cannot do it unless they are sent up to her in writing. This is a very reasonable request. Please attend to it.

Mrs. Murphy, of Ohio, is recognized.

Mrs. MURPHY. Madam President General and Ladies of the congress: I want to say one word for myself before I mention what I am here for. Please, ladies do not consider me a professional seconder. I came up here this morning for the purpose of seconding the nomination of Mrs. Deere, of Illinois, and I bring with me the solid vote of Ohio for that lady, and we are told by those who know, that Illinois has never had a more hard-working, a more conscientious, a more peace-bringing state regent than Mrs. Deere. This will tell you that she will have the same effect in the national councils, and therefore I have great pleasure in seconding her nomination. [Applause.]

Mrs. GILLET-T-HILL. I heartily second the nomination of Mrs. Deere.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Fletcher, state regent of Florida, is recognized.

Mrs. FLETCHER. I nominate Mrs. Katharine Livingston Eagan, of Florida, for the office of vice-president general from Florida. Mrs. Eagan has held the highest offices of her chapter and state, and her interest in the affairs of the National Society has always been enthusiastic and sincere. Much of her time is spent in Washington, and she will be able to attend the board meetings.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Schindel, of Nebraska, is recognized.

Mrs. SCHINDEL. I desire to place in nomination for vice-president general the name of Mrs. Milton H. Everett, of Nebraska, who has been unanimously endorsed by the Nebraska state conference as a can-

dicate for this office. Seconded by Mrs. Morrison, Mrs. Key and Mrs. Longworthy.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Wulbern, of North Carolina, is recognized.

Mrs. WULBERN. I have the honor to present the name of Mrs. Lindsay Patterson as vice-president general. We ask this recognition as one of the thirteen original states. We have never had a vice-president general, and we need one to work for Continental Hall. Mrs. Patterson is a woman of great executive ability. She will be able to attend the meetings of the National Board of Management, and that is an important consideration. If elected she will reflect credit upon her duties and our beloved National Society. I nominate Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, of North Carolina. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Grunsky, of California, is recognized.

Mrs. GRUNSKY. Madam President General and ladies of the Fourteenth Continental Congress: I desire to place in nomination the state regent of California for vice-president general. California feels that in order to ensure the active co-operation and sympathy of every section of a country so great as ours, it is desirable that every section be represented so far as possible on the National Board, and our state regent has been the unanimous choice of the chapters of California for state regent for eight consecutive years, and during those years has each year come here and done her duty faithfully in this congress. By her amiable personality she has won the love of her Daughters, and by her splendid executive ability the admiration and respect of all, and we feel great confidence in beseeching your votes for our state regent, Mrs. Mary Wood Swift, of California. [Applause.]

Mrs. EASTWOOD. I second Mrs. Swift's nomination.

Mrs. HARPER. I second Mrs. Swift's nomination.

Mrs. WALKER, of Illinois. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. WALKER. Can a nomination have two seconds?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. She can have as many as she wants, after a while. The Chair rules that she is going to hear seconds after the nominations. But when you have nominated ten persons for vice-president general—no, I beg your pardon, you can nominate a hundred, if you want to.

Mrs. OGDEN, of Pennsylvania. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Ogden is recognized.

Mrs. OGDEN. The Philadelphia Chapter desires to propose the name of Mrs. Katharine Searle McCartney for vice-president general. She is the unanimous choice of Pennsylvania. She has been the regent of Wyoming Valley Chapter since its organization and her chapter has contributed largely to Memorial Continental Hall. She is a most enthusiastic worker and I ask for her the support of all the delegates of the Fourteenth Continental Congress.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. M. W. Fulton, of Washington state.

Mrs. FULTON. Daughters of the American Revolution, I take great pleasure in nominating a western woman. I want to nominate a true typical western woman, Mrs. John Leary, of Seattle, Washington.

Mrs. Leary is in position to attend many of the board meetings. She has strength, will and the means to do the work, and I hope that she will receive your support.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Miss McCrackin, of Montana, is recognized.

Miss McCRAKIN. Madam President General and Daughters, by request of my state regent, who is detained at home by illness, Montana places in nomination the name of the woman who has so ably and successfully represented our state as vice-president general and done such great work for our society, Mrs. Walter Harvey Weed. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Have we any more nominations?

Mrs. DRAPER. At the annual conference of the District, we placed in nomination the name of a lady as vice-president general from the District.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You want to nominate her?

Mrs. DRAPER. Has she withdrawn?

Mrs. MAIN. The woman the District conference nominated for vice-president general has declined to serve.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes the vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters, Mrs. Tulloch.

Mrs. TULLOCH. I think there has not enough been said about Mrs. Estey, of Vermont. She was nominated a little out of order last evening. Mrs. Estey has come on from Vermont to nearly every board meeting. She has not regarded it just in the light of an empty honor, but she has come here to work. Many of our vice-presidents general take the honor and stay at home. I feel that such women ought to be most thoroughly endorsed by this congress. Mrs. Estey has worked on committees and worked in time and out of time and spent her money and strength always for this society. I want everybody to vote for Mrs. Estey, of Vermont.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Geer.

Mrs. GEER. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Estey, of Vermont.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Harvey, of Pennsylvania.

Miss HARVEY. Madam President General and ladies of the congress, I desire the great pleasure of seconding the nomination of Mrs. Katharine Searle McCartney, of Pennsylvania. There is a particular reason why the name of Mrs. McCartney should appeal to this congress. Mrs. McCartney was the first regent of Wyoming Valley Chapter, the regent of one of the earliest chapters formed in the society, and she became regent at a time when there were very few Daughters in Pennsylvania,

or anywhere else. Early in the history of this society there was a dreadful schism, the sad and regrettable effects of which are scarcely yet outgrown. There was a lady named—

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Miss Harvey, do not name any names.

MISS HARVEY. Well, I will not mention the lady's name. The fact is that in a time of trial, Mrs. McCartney saved Pennsylvania. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. E. W. Gray, of William McKinley Chapter, of Vermont.

MRS. GRAY. Ladies of the Daughters of the American Revolution, I would second the nomination of Mrs. Estey, in behalf of Vermont.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Walker, of Illinois.

MRS. WALKER, of Chicago. Away out west there is a state called Illinois. It has thirty-three chapters in it, and there is a city in Illinois—perhaps some of you have heard of it—called Chicago [laughter], and it has the largest number of members of any chapter in the United States. That is pretty well for Illinois. Governing that state as state regent, faithfully, loyally, cleverly, with her head, her heart, her pocket, for the last three years, our state regent has served us, going up and down and doing her duty most faithfully. We have honored her with the nomination for the highest office in the state, that of the vice-president general, and she is the unanimous choice of the thirty-three chapters, and it is our desire that Mrs. Charles H. Deere shall receive your endorsement this morning. We ask it of you, ladies.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. King, of New York,

MRS. KING. I beg the honor on behalf of the Jane McCrea Chapter, of New York, of seconding the nomination for vice-president general of Mrs. Julius J. Estey, of Vermont.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Phelps, of Seattle, Washington. Mrs. Phelps has the floor.

MRS. PHELPS. Gentlemen and ladies, still further west there is a state of which you have also heard, the state of Washington, and there is also a city there of which you have heard and will hear more, and that is Seattle; and as the regent of Lady Stirling Chapter, one of the largest, as it is one of the youngest chapters of that young and beautiful and growing state, I have the pleasure and the honor to second the nomination of Mrs. John Leary, of Seattle, as vice-president general. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Miss Vanderpoel, of New York, is recognized.

Mrs. VANDERPOEL. Madam President General and ladies, I desire the honor of seconding the nomination of Mrs. John Cunningham Hazen, of New York, a woman of rare executive ability, and one who will honor the office of vice-president general, and I ask your support for her.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. John N. Carey, vice-president general of Indiana.

Mrs. CAREY. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. Estey, of

Vermont, who has served you for two years on the railroad committee. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Mellon, of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. MELLON. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. McCartney for vice-president general, and I hope that the ladies of the congress will support and elect her. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Goulder, of Ohio, is recognized.

Mrs. GOULDER. Madam President General and Daughters of the congress, on behalf of the Western Reserve Chapter, of Cleveland, Ohio, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. O. J. Hodge, a worthy Daughter of the Western Reserve Chapter, and a worthy Daughter of Ohio, for vice-president general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Qua, of New York.

Miss QUA. On behalf of Cambridge Chapter, of Cambridge, New York, I have the honor to second the nomination of Mrs. Estey, who also has the unanimous endorsement of her state, for vice-president general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Butterworth, of Illinois.

Mrs. BUTTERWORTH. Ladies of the congress, I wish to second, in the name of Illinois, the nomination of Mrs. Eagan, of Florida.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Iredell, of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. IREDELL. I wish, ladies, to second the nomination of Mrs. McCartney, of Pennsylvania. She is well known in this congress. She has done her work for twelve years faithfully. She is regent of the oldest chapter in Pennsylvania, and she will do her work as she has always done it, faithfully. She has the support of the entire state delegation from Pennsylvania, and she will work faithfully for Continental Hall. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. William P. Jewett, vice-president general from Minnesota.

Mrs. JEWETT. As the retiring vice-president general from Minnesota, I take great pleasure in seconding the nominations of Mrs. Estey, of Vermont, and Mrs. Hazen, of New York. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I recognize Mrs. Peel, of Georgia.

Mrs. PEEL. I move that we proceed to business.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is there a second to that motion?

The motion was seconded by a number of members.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What do you mean when you say "proceed to business?" We are attending to business now.

Mrs. PEEL. I mean to stop these seconds. If there are more nominations, let us hear them, and if not, stop this seconding and proceed to other business.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. How many nominations have we on the board?

Mrs. BROCKETT. Sixteen, I think.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish any more nominations?

(Cries of "No, no, and "Yes, yes.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Dr. McGee; but the Chair would like to know if you do not want to let these beloved sisters tell what they know about their nominees.

(Cries of "No, no.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Oh, you are ungenerous. The Chair would listen to you all day, because she loves her Daughters. Why should you not listen to these ladies?

Dr. McGEE. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. John Leary, of Washington state, and I rise to do that because I want to give you personal testimony that I know Mrs. Leary, and I have the highest regard for her character and for her unusual abilities. She also possesses an exceptional qualification, in the fact that she represents the far western state of Washington, and yet she is fully able and willing to come to our board meetings.

Mrs. WEED. Madam President General. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Weed, of Montana.

Mrs. WEED. Madam President General, as the retiring vice-president general from the far northwest, and in the name of the state regents, or the group of state regents, who placed me in nomination as the representative of that section two years ago, I desire to place in nomination the name of Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, of Oregon. Two years ago the Continental Congress, in recognition of the fact that a vice-president general of this society should be resident at St. Louis on account of the St. Louis exposition, almost unanimously elected Mrs. John R. Walker, of Missouri. To-day Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, who since the founding of the society was the state regent of Oregon, is the president of the board of lady managers of the Lewis and Clark exposition. In electing her as vice-president general, that we might have a representative at the Lewis and Clark exposition, we will secure a representative who, as I feel, is an exceptional woman, we would not only be honoring her, but honoring ourselves. I hope she will be unanimously elected.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair desires to know if Mrs. Peel, of Georgia, made a motion which was seconded.

Mrs. PEEL. All the nominations which have been made have been seconded once or twice, and I would be delighted if we should go on to business.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think we are going to try to do that. Can you not make a little more definite motion than that?

Mrs. PEEL. I move that we proceed to business.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I told you before that we are attending to business right now.

Mrs. OGILVIE, of Iowa. Madam President General, in behalf of the

Iowa delegation, I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Nicholls, of South Carolina.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Draper, of the District.

Mrs. DRAPER. As the lady who was nominated at the District conference as vice-president general has withdrawn, I, in the name of eleven voters of the District of Columbia, which is the majority of the delegates here in attendance, according to the constitution, place in nomination the name of Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, of the District of Columbia, as vice-president general.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Miss Vanderpoel, of New York city.

Miss VANDERPOEL. Ladies of the Continental Congress, I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. George W. Nicholls, of South Carolina, a woman eminently fitted to fill the position.

Mrs. GEER. Twelve years ago, when I was vice-president of the organization, Madam President General, I made twenty-one state regents. Of those state regents three only are left, Mrs. Churchman, of Delaware; Mrs. Prince, of New Mexico, and Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, of Oregon. I wish, therefore, to second the nomination of Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, as one of my Daughters. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Strong, of New York.

Mrs. STRONG. I move that the nominations be closed.

The motion was seconded.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that the nominations now be closed.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What do you wish to do with the seconds? The Chair will go on recognizing them.

Mrs. ORTON. Cut them off.

Mrs. ROUNSAVILLE. I desire as representative of the Daughters of Georgia to second the nomination of the very able woman, whose name has been placed before you, from North Carolina. When we remember that from the Old North State came the first protest against English oppression, and that from the old North State came that ringing Declaration of Independence from Mecklenburg, even before our own was promulgated, and when we remember the long and faithful service of the Daughters of the American Revolution in North Carolina, and that, as their regent has stated, they have never had a vice-president general, surely justice will prompt every representative of a state which has had a vice-president general to vote for Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, of North Carolina. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Fowler.

Mrs. FOWLER. I woud like to go on record as seconding for vice-

president general, Mrs. Weed, Mrs. Hazen and Mrs. Estey, and of course a little later several others.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Burnham, of Massachusetts.

Mrs. BURNHAM. Looking over this audience I recognize perfectly that there is no more north and south; and, as representing the oldest and largest chapter of Massachusetts, I second for my chapter the nomination of Mrs. Chamberlain.

Miss WILLIAMS, of Baltimore, Maryland. I move that the seconding of nominations be closed.

Seconded by Mrs. Barry.

Mrs. ORTON. I second that motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that the seconding now close. Do you wish to discuss the motion?

(Cries of "No, no.")

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you ready for the question?

(Cries of "Question, question.")

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. WEED. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question.

Mrs. WEED. Madam President General, until I went down the aisle a moment ago and happened to look at the stage, I did not know that my name had been put in nomination. I thank the ladies who have placed me in nomination for the honor, but it will be impossible for me to accept. I cannot give my time to the duties of the office, and I hope that everyone who is devoted to me will vote for Mrs. Montgomery and Mrs. Brooks, of Colorado, who represent our great northwest. [Applause.]

Mrs. KINNEY. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of privilege? I am informed by Mrs. Kinney that she thinks there is a great privilege to be granted to us in what she has to say. I am not sure just what it is, but she thinks it is a question of privilege. Go right on, Mrs. Kinney, and let us judge.

Mrs. KINNEY. Madam President General, it is not necessary at this time, to rehearse the services or to sound the praises of one who has been our honored leader for the past four years. Any attempt to paint the lily or to gild refined gold may safely be regarded as a work of supererogation. I believe, however, that I shall crystallize into welcome words the heart's desire of every loyal Daughter when I nominate—as I now do nominate—Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks for the office of honorary president general of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

[Great applause. The members of the congress unanimously

arose to their feet, many members having tumultuously seconded the motion.]

Mrs. ORTON, of Ohio. I seconded the motion first.

Mrs. PECK. No! Iowa seconded it first.

Mrs. HODGE. No! Ohio claims the honor of seconding the motion first.

Mrs. ORTON. Yes! Ohio first.

Mrs. MURPHY. Ohio first.

Mrs. S. V. WHITE. I move that it be made unanimous.

Mrs. WALKER, of Chicago, Illinois. I move that it be made of record that every woman on this floor rose spontaneously in respect to our retiring president general, and that it be put on the minutes that we approved of this motion without its being asked that we approve. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say, of this last of many honors that you have so generously bestowed upon her, that she thanks you from the bottom of a grateful heart. [Great applause.]

Mrs. PEPPER, of St. Louis. I second the motion of Mrs. Walker.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to discuss it?

(Cries of "No, no, no.")

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to, the whole congress standing.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Several of the ladies here desire to nominate honorary vice-presidents general, and the Chair wishes to know whether the congress desires to have them nominated now or to have the nominations of the active officers?

Mrs. MCNIEL. I move that we now nominate the honorary officers.

Miss MILLER. I second the motion.

Mrs. ORTON. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is moved and seconded that we now nominate honorary vice-presidents general.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Miss DESHA. The active officers have to be voted on by ballot, and we have mighty little time in which to do it. The honorary vice-presidents general are voted for *viva voce*, and it has always been the habit to do that after we get through with the other work, and I would suggest that we do it this time in that way. I think that we would make it much more complimentary if we had it after we are through with all this balloting, and after our feelings about the active officers have subsided somewhat, and we can make it practically unanimous.

Mrs. ORTON. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that she is in doubt about the last vote. With your consent, we will try it over. The last vote was to nominate the honorary vice-presidents general.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General, I rise to a parliamentary inquiry.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of parliamentary inquiry?

Mrs. DRAPER. We adopted the program, and it says on the program under the head of this morning's business "Elections of National Officers." According to the constitution the national officers are so and so; but they are not the honorary officers. Therefore it would take a two-thirds vote if we chose to nominate the honorary vice-presidents general at this time.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is aware of that, and she thanks the member from the District of Columbia for bringing it to the attention of the congress. If the vote is sufficiently large we will proceed to the nomination of the national officers. Of course, if this vote is not carried, to elect the honorary officers by a two-thirds majority, we of course would remain just where we were. You all see that, do you not? (After a pause.) Did you hear anything about it back there in the rear? Do you understand the situation?

Mrs. McNIEL. As the maker of the motion, I would be very glad to withdraw it, and we will continue with the order of business.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Does the lady who seconded your motion withdraw her second too?

Miss MILLER. I withdraw my second.

Mrs. ORTON. I withdraw my second.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If the Chair hears no objection, Mrs. McNeil, of Colorado, will withdraw her motion. Her second has also withdrawn. The Chair hears no objection, and it is so ordered.

Mrs. ORTON. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question of information?

Mrs. ORTON. What is that man doing in here?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Where?

Mrs. ORTON. Standing there (indicating location under the north gallery.)

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. He won't hurt you. [Great laughter.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The congress will please come to order. The individual has vanished, madam. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood. Give her a hearing.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. Madam President General and ladies, I wish to put in nomination for chaplain general one who has served us for the last two years, and who is eligible to another term. She has always been faithful. You have seen her here before you and have heard her good words. I wish to nominate for chaplain general Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Miss MILLER. I second the motion.

Mrs. LOUNSBERRY. I second the motion.

The motion was seconded by many others.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The state regent of North Dakota tells me that she desires to second that nomination.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I move that the nominations be closed for the office of chaplain general.

Mrs. ORTON. I second the motion.

Mrs. IREDELL. I second the motion.

The motion was seconded by many others.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next is nominations for recording secretary general.

Mrs. MAIN. Madam President General and members of the congress, I am permitted to have the honor of placing in nomination as recording secretary general of this society a name which, when we honor, we honor ourselves. The name of a woman who was one of the founders of this great society needs no eulogies from me or from any Daughter of the American Revolution. I nominate for the office of recording secretary general Miss Mary Desha. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there seconds to this nomination?

Mrs. GERALD. I second the nomination.

Mrs. IREDELL. I desire to second the nomination.

Mrs. PUTNAM. I second the nomination of Miss Desha.

Mrs. ORTON. I desire to second that nomination, with loving appreciation.

Mrs. SWIFT. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there any further seconds?

Mrs. Wright, of Illinois, and many others also seconded the nomination of Miss Desha.

Miss BAIRD-HUEY. I move to close the nominations?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Swift, of California. Mrs. Swift has the floor. When you see a lady standing on this top step, here, please assume that she has the floor.

Mrs. SWIFT. Madam President General, I desire to place in nomination the name of Mrs. Sarah D. Prentice, of Columbia Chapter of the District of Columbia, for recording secretary general.

Mrs. DRAPER. I move that the nominations for this office be closed.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I second the motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have now to nominate the corresponding secretary general. Listen to Mrs. Main. She is going to nominate someone for corresponding secretary general.

Mrs. MAIN. My last nomination was received with so much acclamation that I am emboldened to come forward and make another. As our present corresponding secretary general, the one who has

served you faithfully for the last two years, cannot, on account of illness in her family, serve you again, I desire to place in nomination a lady who has served you previously, years ago, on the board, who served you both ably and efficiently, and who I can assure you will do her duties as corresponding secretary general conscientiously and well. I give you the name of Miss Virginia Miller. [Great applause.]

Mrs. BALLINGER. I second that nomination.

Mrs. ROOME. I second the nomination of Miss Miller.

Mrs. WINSTON. I second the nomination.

Mrs. GUSS. I second the nomination.

Mrs. HUNT. I want to second the nomination of Miss Miller.

The nomination was seconded by many others.

Mrs. RICHARDSON. Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution, the pain of the emotion or affection, or whatever it may be called, with which we regard the impending loss of our present president general, nothing could altogether alleviate, but it will somewhat lessen that pain to feel that we still have a hold on the woman who has not only made her mark on the hearts of the Daughters of the American Revolution, but will carve her name in marble. I have the honor to nominate Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks to be continued as chairman of the Continental Hall committee. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I think, Mrs. Richardson, the nomination is not in order. The Chair now recognizes Mrs. Draper, of the District of Columbia. Do you wish to nominate or to second?

Mrs. DRAPER. I wish to nominate, Madam President General, but I do not wish to interrupt that speech. Before I make a nomination, may I call attention to the fact that Mrs. Hodgkins, of the District, was nominated and seconded, and her name does not appear on the list on the board.

Mrs. BROCKETT. The name has never been sent up to me in writing.

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General, I wish to place in nomination for the position of corresponding secretary general, the name of Mrs. John Russel Young, one who is a resident of the District and has been for several years, and is now residing here, who, from her work in other societies, as well as from the fact that she is a charter member of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, is thoroughly capable to perform all the duties of that office.

Mrs. PUTNAM, of New Jersey. I second the nomination of Mrs. Young for corresponding secretary general.

Mrs. THOMPSON. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. John Russel Young.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there any other nominations for the office of corresponding secretary general?

Mrs. CAMPBELL. I move that the nominations for corresponding secretary general be closed.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Draper.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved and seconded that the nominations for corresponding secretary general be now closed.

Mrs. DRAPER. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. DRAPER. As the name of Mrs. Hodgkins of the District was not received so as to be placed upon the board before, may I ask that it be placed right there where Mrs. Weed's name was crossed off, among the presidents general?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It seems to be the place for it. It shall be placed where Mrs. Weed's name was crossed off.

The next is nominations for the office of registrar general.

Mrs. BARNARD, of the District of Columbia. Madam President General, I have the pleasure to present the name of Mrs. George G. Martin for the position of registrar general. I am sure she will perform the duties of the office acceptably. She has had a long experience in work of this sort and is always faithful in the discharge of her duties.

Mrs. MAIN. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. George G. Martin for the office of registrar general.

Mrs. BEDLE. Madam President General and ladies of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, New Jersey takes great pleasure in nominating for the office of registrar general Mrs. E. W. Jamison, of the Mt. Vernon Chapter, of Alexandria, Virginia. She has been for ten years a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and has proved herself faithful, efficient and earnest in chapter work. If elected to the office of registrar general, she will devote herself to the duties of her office, and her residence being so near, there will be no difficulty in her attendance upon board meetings and attention to the registrar's work. I ask for the support of all who are interested in the prompt attention to the national work, and New Jersey takes great pleasure in endorsing Mrs. Jamison.

Mrs. PUTNAM. I second the nomination.

Mrs. GEER. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Geer is recognized.

Mrs. GEER. As a resident of the District of Columbia I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Jamison.

Mrs. REID, of Alexandria, Virginia. Madam President General, I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. E. W. Jamison for registrar general, and I have the honor to say that she is laudably conscientious and in every thing that concerns the Daughters of the American Revolution you must take her as faithful and enthusiastic. In a few words, I would

like to say she has no home responsibilities, and her time is at her own disposal. I only wish to say a few more words, that if you elect her I am sure that she will be a most acceptable registrar general, and I hope that you will give her your support.

Miss MILLER. I want to second the nomination of Mrs. Jamison, of Alexandria for registrar general. [Applause.]

Mrs. LYONS, of Virginia. I desire to second the nomination of Mrs. Jamison.

Mrs. BROWN, of Wisconsin. I move that the nominations and seconds for the office of registrar general be closed.

The motion was seconded by several members.

Mrs. WHITNEY. I want to know if my name went down as a seconder of Mrs. Jamison. I seconded her.

Mrs. DRAPER. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. DRAPER. I appreciate fully the difficulty that Mrs. Brockett and the man there have in placing the names on the bulletin as these ladies are nominated, but at the same time I would request the privilege of having the name of Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, of the District of Columbia, who was duly nominated and seconded, placed among the vice-presidents general now, before the man goes on to writing the names of those who were nominated after her, as several requests have already come to me saying, "Where is Mrs. Hodgkins' name?"

Also, I would ask that the name of my candidate for corresponding secretary General, Mrs. John Russel Young, of the District of Columbia, be placed as "Mrs. John Russel Young," as I read it, and not as "Mrs. J. R. Young."

Mrs. PATTERSON. I move that the names of the ladies be placed on the board as they have been nominated.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is what your friend here is trying to have done. The Chair recognizes the state regent of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Main.

Mrs. MAIN. I rise to a question of privilege.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is it?

Mrs. MAIN. I have received a note from Ohio asking me to announce on the stage that Miss Mary Desha, whom I nominated as recording secretary general, is a founder of the society.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I do not think that is at all necessary. If there is anybody who does not know that Miss Desha is a founder, I should be very much surprised.

The Chair says that after a while, when members begin to make their seconding speeches, that will do, but just now you are nominating another person and the Chair does not recognize that as a question of privilege at all, Mrs. Main, and therefore rules it out of order. Everybody knows that Miss Mary Desha was one of the honored organizers of this society.

Mrs. SWIFT. I object to my name standing in the condition that it is in on that thing (pointing to the bulletin board), as Mrs. J. W. Swift. (Great disorder prevailed in the house at this point.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes order in the house. The Chair will not listen to anybody, and she will not stop pounding either, if you do not be quiet. I will get somebody to help me pound in order to make enough noise to attract your attention and make you stop talking, if necessary.

Mrs. BROCKETT. May I speak to the ladies a minute? I put up Colorado, and I put it "Col." Then the ladies said to me, "Please change that. We do not want California to have that." So that I have tried to separate California and Colorado by adding another initial.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair suggests to the lady that she write California "Calif."

Mrs. BROCKETT. I did that.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Brockett has done the best that she could, I am sure. Let us proceed. The next thing in order is the nomination of the treasurer general.

Mrs. ROOME. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. ROOME. I rise at the request of several members to ask if we will proceed to the election immediately after the recess, or will there be any other business?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say to you that last night we suspended the order of business to take up the subject of nominations. If you desire to suspend the order of business in order to have elections, you will have to make a motion to that effect. Do you understand that? Right now is the time for the nomination of candidates for the office of treasurer general, I believe. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Jewett, of Minnesota.

Mrs. JEWETT. After hearing this full report of our treasurer general, Mrs. Davis, and her appearance before you, there is no need of any introduction of Mrs. Davis. You know her work. She is eligible for re-election, her first term of office having expired, and I take great pleasure in placing in nomination the name of Mrs. M. E. S. Davis, of the District of Columbia, for the office of treasurer general of our society. [Applause.]

Miss MILLER. I second the motion.

Mrs. SWORMSTEDT. I would like to second the nomination of Mrs. Davis as treasurer general.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I would like to second the nomination of Mrs. Davis.

Mrs. GEER. I would like to second that nomination.

Miss DESHA. I second Mrs. Davis's nomination.

The nomination was seconded by many others.

Miss DESHA. I rise to a parliamentary, constitutional, inquiry. I would first ask if there are any delegates from Oregon present.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There are none. What is your question?

MISS DESHA. My question is whether a person can be nominated as a vice-president general when there are no delegates from the state present.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Read the part of the constitution which will bear you out, madam.

MISS DESHA. The constitution says:

"And only one vice-president general from one state shall be nominated at the congress, and such candidate shall be the choice of the majority of the delegates of her state in attendance upon the Continental Congress."

The question that I ask is, can a vice-president general be nominated when there are no delegates from her state present, with that clause in the constitution. I am sorry to have to raise the question, because the lady, whom I think is nominated when there are no delegates, is a Montgomery. My own people were Montgomerys. I came into the society on the Montgomery pedigree; and I had the pleasure of nominating Mrs. Montgomery as state regent of her state years and years ago. But I think the only salvation for us is strict construction of the constitution, and absolute obedience to parliamentary ruling, and it would be no compliment to her to elect her and then find that she was not elected properly.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this. According to the constitution it seems that Mrs. Montgomery's nomination is not in order. She is not eligible if she has no representatives from her state. We must seek to honor those who bring representatives here. [Applause.] Are there any more seconds to the nominations for treasurer general?

MISS MASSEY, of Pennsylvania. My chapter endorses Mrs. Davis.

MRS. WAPLES. I second the nomination of Mrs. Davis.

MRS. SWORMSTEDT. I move that the nominations for treasurer general be now closed.

MRS. WAPLES. I second that motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The office of historian general is next in order.

MRS. LOCKWOOD. I suppose there will be about fifty up here to nominate that person, but first I want to put in nomination Mrs. Senator Dolliver, and you know her work as well as I do.

MRS. GEER. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Dolliver.

MRS. STERRETT, of Illinois. I second the nomination.

MISS MASSEY. I second the nomination.

MRS. YARDLEY. I wish to second the nomination of Mrs. Dolliver.

MRS. MAIN. I second Mrs. Dolliver's nomination.

MRS. CAMPBELL. I second the nomination.

MRS. BROWN. I second the nomination.

MRS. OGDEN. I second the nomination of Mrs. Dolliver.

The nomination was also seconded by Mrs. Weed, Mrs. Mann, Mrs. Thom and others.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are there any other seconds?

Mrs. PECK. I move that the nominations be closed.

The motion was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Stevens, of Iowa, is recognized.

Mrs. STEVENS. Iowa wishes to back Mrs. J. P. Dolliver.

Miss WILLIAMS. I second the nomination of Mrs. Dolliver.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The nominations for historian general are now closed.

Mrs. MURPHY. May I ask a question?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. MURPHY. One of my constituents desires to know if we are likely to get to voting before the noon recess.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is hard for me to tell. We have just fifteen minutes before the noon recess. The nominations for assistant historian general are now in order.

Miss JOHNSTON, of the District of Columbia. I would like to nominate Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood for assistant historian general. [Applause.]

Mrs. GEER. I really think this board cannot do without Mrs. Lockwood.

Mrs. FOWLER, of Indiana. I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, and I should like to ask the ladies of the congress if it is necessary to have all these offices in the District, why is not that a good argument for presidents general? Am I out of order, Madam President General?

Mrs. LIGGETT. I take very great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mrs. Lockwood, as Minnesota had the honor of giving her the first of her two titles, "The Finder of the Founders."

Mrs. PUTNAM. I wish to second Mrs. Lockwood's nomination.

Mrs. CAMPBELL, of Colorado. I second the nomination of Mrs. Lockwood.

Miss ATWOOD, of Wisconsin. I move that the nominations for assistant historian general be closed.

Mrs. MAIN. I second the motion.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The librarian general is next in order. Miss Virginia Miller, of the District, is recognized.

Miss MILLER. Madam President General and fellow members of the congress, I desire to place in nomination the name of Miss Aline E. Solomons as librarian general. Knowing the capacity of Miss Solomons, and her charming personality, I am sure you could not elect one who would serve you better or more faithfully than Miss Solomons would.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes the librarian general. Step to the front, Mrs. Rosa.

Mrs. ROSA. Madam President General and members of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Miss Solomons for librarian general. It is very important that one should be chosen for this office who would devote herself enthusiastically to the work, and I feel sure that Miss Solomons has the ability, the interest, and the time, to make a success of this work as librarian general.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Madam President General, we ask that the name of Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins be placed there on the list of nominees, where it should have been some time ago.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. They are getting at that work as fast as they can. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Main.

Mrs. MAIN. Daughters of the American Revolution, the whole District of Columbia seconds the nomination of Miss Aline Solomons for librarian general.

Mrs. HENRY. I wish to do that individually.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I want to second the nomination of Miss Solomons.

Mrs. LIPPITT. I second the nomination of Miss Solomons.

Mrs. DRAPER. I move that the nominations be closed.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs Story, of New York, is recognized.

Mrs. STORY. You see, ladies, I am a New York woman. The attributes of Miss Solomons and the quality of them are not limited to any locality. She is well known to have the qualities to fill this office as it should be filled. I am very happy to be a New York woman and to be privileged to second the nomination of Miss Aline Solomons.

Miss JOHNSTON. I second the nomination of Miss Solomons for this office, because I know her. [Applause.]

At this point the motion of Mrs. Draper, that the nominations for the office of librarian general be closed, was seconded.

Mrs. BROWN, of Wisconsin. I move that after recess the order of the day be suspended, and that the election of national officers be made the special order for the afternoon.

Mrs. MURPHY. I second that motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to state to Mrs. Brown that it is the proper thing to finish the nominations before you move for a special order. There still remain to be nominated the editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, and the business manager of that magazine.

Mrs. BROWN. I was under the impression that the nominations had been finished.

Mrs. ORTON. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. ORTON. Is it now the time for us to nominate the editor of the magazine.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. If you want to, I guess. If there is no objection we will go on to the nomination now of editor of the magazine.

Mrs. ORTON. I move that the nomination of the editor of the magazine be made unanimous. Mrs. Elroy M. Avery.

Mrs. SWIFT. I second that motion.

The motion was seconded also by Mrs. Hodge, Mrs. Putnam, Mrs. Chittenden, and many others.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been moved to make the nomination of the editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE unanimous.

Mrs. MURPHY. *Viva voce.*

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is carried.

Mrs. DRAPER. For business manager of the magazine, I nominate Miss Lilian Lockwood.

Mrs. HODGE. I second the nomination.

Mrs. MURPHY. I second the nomination of Miss Lockwood. I move that the nomination be made unanimous.

The motion to make the nomination unanimous was seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. BROWN. Is my motion now in order?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Yes, I think so.

Mrs. BROWN. I move that the order of business be suspended at the close of the recess, and that the special order of the day be the election of officers.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Please put your motion in writing and send it to the platform.

(After an interval of a few minutes the motion of Mrs. Brown was sent in writing to the platform.)

READER. The motion of Mrs. Brown:

"I move to suspend the order of business and proceed to the elections immediately after this recess."

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Roome, Miss Miller and a number of members.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. ORTON. I move that we take a recess until half past 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Mrs. CHITTENDEN. I second the motion.

The motion was seconded by other members.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I wish to extend the most cordial invitation to every Daughter of the American Revolution in this congress to meet me under my own roof-tree and break bread with me this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Mrs. SWIFT. Have not you had enough of us?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Oh, never enough of the dear Daughters.

The question on the motion for the recess was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Thereupon, at 1 o'clock p. m., the congress took a recess until 2.30 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION, WEDNESDAY APRIL 18, 1905.

The congress was called to order by Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, the president general, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair recognizes Mrs. Story, of New York.

Mrs. STORY. Madam President General, in order to save the time of the tellers in counting the votes given for these twenty or more candidates who have been nominated, they being the only candidates nominated for the offices, and thereby also saving the time of the congress, I move as follows:

There being but one candidate for each of the following offices, namely, vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, chaplain general, treasurer general, historian general, assistant historian general and librarian general, I move that the recording secretary general be instructed to cast a ballot for each of these officers in turn as called off by the official reader.

Mrs. SWIFT. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard this motion. It has been made and seconded. Do you wish to discuss it?

(Cries of "No, no.")

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. A majority is sufficient, and the motion has carried.

READER. The first is the vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters. All those in favor of the motion will say "aye."

The "ayes" answered.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The vote for this must be unanimous. The opposed will say "No."

Mrs. DRAPER. Madam President General, we cannot hear a word that is being said.

The official reader here again read the motion of Mrs. Story, as follows:

"There being but one candidate for each of the following offices, namely, vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, chaplain general, treasurer general, historian general, assistant historian general and librarian general, I move that the recording secretary general be instructed to cast a ballot for each of these officers in turn as called off by the official reader."

I am calling them off in turn. There is but one candidate for the office of vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters. Did you declare the vote unanimous, Madam President General?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will now declare that the vote for the candidate for vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters has been unanimous.

Mrs. DRAPER. While I want to vote for that motion, I just simply want to ask a question of the Chair. Must we not decide first in regard to tellers, and so on, before we begin on the vote?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is not necessary.

Mrs. DRAPER. All right, then.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The second office on which we have to vote is that of chaplain general.

Mrs. STORY. I move that the secretary be empowered and instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the society for Mrs. Hamlin for the office of chaplain general.

The motion was seconded by Miss Miller.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The motion is carried. The secretary is instructed to cast a unanimous vote for the chaplain general. The next is the treasurer general.

Mrs. STORY. I move that the secretary be empowered and instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the congress for Mrs. Davis for the office of treasurer general.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Jewett.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The secretary is instructed to cast a vote for Mrs. Davis. The next is the office of historian general.

Mrs. STORY. I move that the secretary be empowered and instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the congress for Mrs. Dolliver for the office of historian general.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Lockwood.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next is the assistant historian general, Mrs. Lockwood.

Mrs. STORY. I move that the secretary be instructed to cast a unanimous vote of the congress for Mrs. Lockwood for the office of assistant historian general.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Liggett.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

READER. The next is the office of librarian general.

Miss MILLER. I move that the secretary be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the congress for Miss Aline Solomons for librarian general.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Story.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The recording secretary general is empowered and instructed to cast the vote for the librarian general. The next order of business is the appointment of tellers. It has been usually done by the president general, and she has selected generally the alternates for that office, headed by some national officer. Upon this occasion the Chair will permit the following innovation. She desires those who are in favor of Mrs. Sternberg for president general to send up the tel-

lers for her, ten of them, she desires those in favor of Mrs. McLean for president general to send up the names of ten tellers for her and she desires the friends of Mrs. Lippitt to send up the names of ten tellers. There will be thirty tellers, with a chairman appointed by the president general.

Mrs. DRAPER. That is a very important announcement that you made Madame President General, and it was not heard.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It was not?

Mrs. DRAPER. No, it was not heard. May I ask the reader to go out there in the middle of the hall and read it?

Following the instructions of the president general, the official reader went to the rear of the floor, and repeated in substance the foregoing announcement of the president general.

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Thompson.

Mrs. THOMPSON. I wanted to know if each teller would be accepted, or are they merely sent up for confirmation?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. They are to be sent up to the president general, and she will say.

Mrs. DRAPER. In order to relieve the president general, may I make a suggestion?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You may make a suggestion.

The Chair here announced that in order to determine the number of voters present from each state and the total number of voters present in the congress, each state regent should gather about her all her delegates.

Mrs. WALKER, of Illinois. Madam President General, the Illinois delegation has been given three different places on the floor, and they are separated. It is not that they have taken them, but that they have been given to them, and they have no other place but here.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair desires to say that she does not care where you sit so long as you are comfortable, and you are all together.

Mrs. WALKER. We could not be all together.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What I wish to say to you is just this. The state regent may call for her delegates, and if they are not sitting with her they may stand up wherever they are, and there does not need any other person to stand up who is not of that person's delegation. Do you hear? Do you understand? That is the only method that we can pursue.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I have a motion here that I would like to have the reader read.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say that she wishes everybody who is not a delegate to retire from this floor at once and in good order.

Mrs. SWIFT. I would like to make a suggestion, that we have somebody, Mrs. Draper or somebody else with a good voice, to re-

peat the motions out there under the gallery, as they are made. We cannot hear the announcements from the stage.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Did you not hear the reader, when she read?

Mrs. SWIFT. Yes, but she is with you up there on the stage.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. She is perfectly willing to come down there. It is in pursuance of her duty. The Chair will declare a recess of five minutes in order to give the members time to find their state regents and get seated.

(The congress was in recess for five minutes.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The time is up. You will please all be seated.

The official reader here went down the center aisle to the middle of the floor.

READER. I am instructed by the president to come to this part of the hall and read the motion so that the ladies under the gallery may hear it. This is the motion:

"In order to know the whole number of legal voters of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, I move that the reader be instructed to call the roll of the state regents, and each state regent in turn shall state the number of voters in her delegation, a tally of which shall be kept by the recording secretary general and stated from the stage when ascertained in order that we may know the full voting strength of this house."

That is signed by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

The reader here went to the stage and again read the above motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you wish to second it?

Mrs. GEER. I second the motion. (Also seconded by Mrs. Grant.)

Mrs. DRAPER. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. DRAPER. Suppose there is a lady, who is not here, who should come into this house before the voting is over, is she not to be allowed to vote?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Certainly; every delegate is allowed to vote if she arrives here before the election is closed.

Mrs. DRAPER. Then what is the object of that motion? It will simply delay, because the state regent can tell us only those who are present here at that moment. If the state regents stand right by the ballot box, as they have done in times past, there will be no necessity for a motion of that sort.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. Madam Chairman, you have to know before you begin to vote what your voters are—the number of voters you have—or you will never know what your majority is going to be; and moreover, if anybody comes in before the voting is closed who is a legal voter, the state regent has the right to get the consent of the Chair to enter her name.

Mrs. SWORMSTEDT. We went through that long process of the roll call the other day, and before we did we were told that it was necessary so that we would know how many delegates we have. Why do we have to have it again?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This is a roll call of the state regents, not of the delegates.

The question was taken and the motion was agreed to.

Mrs. DRAPER. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. DRAPER. May I ask about the tellers; when are the names to be brought up, before the roll call or afterwards?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Either before or after. I am informed by reliable authority that there is no rule, no ironclad rule, but the Chair thinks it is better to take alternates, because otherwise you would take voters from the floor. You can have a delegate or you can have an alternate, whichever you choose.

The Chair has already said that each candidate shall have ten tellers, and she wishes you to choose them. The candidates can select their tellers if they choose, but if not, their friends can select them. And in addition to the thirty tellers, you will have a chairman whom the Chair has already appointed. The Chair has decided that there may be three inspectors chosen from the ten tellers. Now, the official reader will proceed to call the roll to be answered by the state regents, each regent stating how many voters she has here present, or her representation. She is entitled to mention the number of voters that are vouched for by the credential committee, that she should have here. She must mention the number that she has with her in this congress.

The official reader called the roll of the state regents, the representative of each state answering in turn as requested by the Chair.

Mrs. HODGE. I move that the delegates from New York allow the state regent or some one in that delegation to count them so that we may know how many are present, the delegation being so large that it is impossible for the state regent to count them otherwise. I know that New York and other great states have their delegations divided all around the room, and I do not think it is possible for the state regent of any one of them to find out how many are here.

Mrs. HAMLIN. I second the motion.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters suggests that each one has to be checked off by the credential list as she votes, so that every vote from New York is stamped just as well as from anywhere else. Will you withdraw your motion?

Mrs. HODGE. I will withdraw my motion.

Mrs. HAMLIN. And I withdraw my second.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now the Chair will request the recording secretary general to announce the total of the votes as so far counted up. How much is it?

The recording secretary general here announced the result as follows: 593 plus New York's 103, 696.

Mrs. PUTNAM. The missing delegate from New Jersey has come in. New Jersey has 27 now.

Mrs. TULLOCH. You are all on the credential list, you know.

Mrs. DRAPER. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. DRAPER. Will not the roll have to be called as we vote?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It will.

Mrs. DRAPER. Then, I move that we proceed to the business, which is the election of the national officers.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair desires the rest of the tellers sent up to her.

Mrs. ALLEN, of Utah. May I ask if the reader will call the name of Mary Olive Gray, of Salt Lake City, and if she is in the house ask her to come to her seat and vote?

The reader did as requested by Mrs. Allen, of Utah.

The ballot box was here submitted to the inspection of the congress by Mrs. Tulloch.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to announce to you the way that you are to do. You are to march up these steps, put your ballots in the box one by one, go around the stage and down that aisle, returning to your places.

Mrs. HODGE. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The reader will read the list of tellers.

The official reader read the list of the tellers as follows:

Chairman of tellers, Mrs. Elroy M. Avery.

Tellers for Mrs. Sternberg.—Inspector, Mrs. Simpson, Massachusetts. Mrs. J. Heron Crosman; Mrs. E. W. Cutts, Mrs. Leonidas Gray, Vermont; Mrs. Richard Du Bois, Mrs. Hopkins, Mrs. J. W. Holcombe, District of Columbia; Mrs. A. Hill, Miss Jennie Qua, New York; Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. T. H. Ames, Massachusetts; Mrs. Henry.

Miss Virginia Miller, Army and Navy Chapter, District of Columbia, was first appointed teller for Mrs. Sternberg, but Mrs. Henry's name was substituted as above.

Tellers for Mrs. Lippitt.—Inspector, Miss Mary Law. Mrs. Mary H. Reed, Mrs. Nellie E. Blake, Mrs. John G. Stanton, Mrs. S. S. Adams, Mrs. B. S. Case, Mrs. Charles Prince, Connecticut; Mrs. S. Blair Luckie, Mrs. A. H. Hoffman, Pennsylvania; Mrs. James F. Maupin, Virginia; Miss Lovell; Mrs. Ruffin.

Tellers for Mrs. McLean.—Inspector, Mrs. Park. Miss Lathrop, New York; Mrs. R. H. Clarke, Alabama; Mrs. Joy, Michigan,

Mrs. Ammon, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Jamison, New Jersey; Mrs. Wulbern, North Carolina; Mrs. Creighton (substituted for Mrs. Robinson), Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy, Kentucky; Mrs. Robertson, Texas; Mrs. Lewis K. Torbet, Mrs. Fred. L. Bradley.

At the request of the chairman of the tellers, the tellers proceeded to the tellers' room for a short consultation.

At the request of Mrs. Ballinger a line was drawn through the names of those officers on the board who had already been elected.

Mrs. HOOPS, of Pennsylvania. I rise to a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. HOOPES. If you do not know the initials of the candidates and do not write them on the ballot, will that invalidate the ballot?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair thinks, none of these names being duplicates, that you can just simply say "Mrs. Sternberg," "Mrs. Lippitt," or "Mrs. Donald McLean," and not go to the trouble of writing out the first names. Just simply write the last name of the candidate for whom you wish to vote. If the Chair hears no objection to that, she will order it so. Have you any objection to it, ladies? No objection is heard, and it is so ordered. You do not need to put in any first name.

Mrs. ROOME. A question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is your question?

Mrs. ROOME. I see on the ballot here we have an "attorney general." We have never elected any attorney general; have never wanted one.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is too bad that it is written so. This is a typographical error, it should be historian general.

Mrs. PARK. May I ask that the official reader again read the names that may be scratched out. I know the difficulty of having a house like this understand perfectly, and so I ask again that she call the names that you may run your pencil through them.

Mrs. WULBERN. A question of information. Are we to write only the names of those to be elected?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You must not write any names of those already elected.

Mrs. WULBERN. Leave those places blank?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Leave them blank, of course.

READER. I am instructed by the president general to suggest that you hold your ballots in your hands, and as I read these titles of the offices for which we have elected our officers, scratch those titles off with your pencil.

The official reader here read the list of officers already elected, the members of the congress scratching those titles as she did so.

READER. That leaves ten vice-presidents general and three other officers to vote for. Is that clear?

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to announce that Mrs.

Draper has stated here that one of the tellers, Mrs. Robinson, of the District of Columbia, has received notice of the very severe illness of her mother, and there will have to be another name substituted for hers. The name of Mrs. Creighton, of Maine, will be substituted for the name of Mrs. Robinson, of the District. The Chair will state that if your ballot has more than ten vice-presidents named on it, it will be cast out.

Mrs. BENEDICT, of Massachusetts. Madam President General, a question of information.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is the question of information?

Mrs. BENEDICT. I have been told that Mrs. Deere, who was nominated for vice-president general has withdrawn her name.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Lytton, of Illinois, nominated Mrs. Deere. Is Mrs. Lytton present? I see Mrs. Butterworth is here. Mrs. Butterworth, is it true that your mother has withdrawn her name?

Mrs. BUTTERWORTH. No.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is not true. Mrs. Young, of California, a delegate from California, has an important legal engagement at 4 o'clock. She desires to know if she may have her ballot cast, deposited now, before she leaves the house. Have you any objection to that? The Chair hears no objection, and it shall be allowed.

(Mrs. Young, of California, here deposited her ballot in the box.)

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair desires the official reader to announce, by request of many throughout the house, that Mrs. Deere has not withdrawn her name from the nomination for vice-president general.

READER. The recording secretary has handed up these figures as the sum total of voters on this floor. Please listen. Exclusive of New York, which we will give in a minute, there are 593 delegates present. Assuming that New York has here only 103 present, there are 696.

I have here a most important and interesting announcement. The president general states that owing to this election, which will probably be prolonged through the afternoon, she wishes to change the hour of her reception to the Continental Congress from 5 o'clock this afternoon to 10 o'clock to-night. [Applause.]

Another inquiry has come to the stage, to this effect: Shall we put the name of Mrs. Fairbanks on this ballot as an additional vice-president general? The Chair instructs me to say that Mrs. Fairbanks has been elected honorary president general, so that her name will not appear on the ballot. You are electing vice-presidents general on that ballot. Do not put it on the ballot.

Mrs. AVERY. There is upon the platform only one inspector, Mrs. Park, of Georgia. Will the others please elect one of their number as an inspector and send her to the platform? Will each delegation

also select another inspector, so that we may have two from each of the principal candidates up on the platform for assistants?

READER. Another inquiry has come up, as to how to fold the ballots. The president general instructs me to say, fold your ballots once in the middle, and then it will go in the slot in the ballot box like this (indicating). Fold it just once. It is not necessary to sign your ballots.

Mrs. AVERY. I would like to say one word. Please do not be in too great a hurry to get your ballot in, because if it goes in before it is stamped, it is not counted. Be careful about that, that when you bring your ballot up it is stamped, and then after it is stamped you put it in the box yourself, but wait until it is stamped. Will the two inspectors please come to the platform?

READER. I am instructed by the president general to make two statements with reference to the voting. In case of inadvertence in your votes on that ballot, if through inadvertence any name should be inserted in those blanks opposite the titles of those officers who have been already elected in the casting of the ballots by the secretary, it does not invalidate your ballots.

Another instruction. If through inadvertence you write more than ten names for the vice-presidents general, it invalidates your ballot so far as the vice-president general is concerned, but not as to the rest of the ballot. If you write less than ten names in your ballot, they will be counted as marked, and that does not invalidate the ballot, as it does if you put more than ten names.

Another statement. There is a suggestion from the house committee to request the president general to instruct that any delegate or alternate who arrives an hour after the session has begun, can not claim her seat if she finds some one else in it, but must take another seat.

There is a little further to be said about this order. This begins at once in the gallery, but begins only at the evening session of this house.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to announce that it will be better for you simply to use the last names of the candidates for the president general, and the vice-presidents general as well. Do not use the first names or the initials as you are apt to get them wrong. Just use the last names. The elections will now begin.

The Chair wishes to say that she has decided that the congress shall decide at what time the delegates may come in and take their seats, whether within an hour from the beginning, or whatever time. The Chair wishes the congress to decide that. Their seats will not be reserved for those people who may come in an hour late. The house may decide this, beginning to-night. It does not relate to the voting.

At this point the casting of the ballots commenced, the official reader calling the roll, beginning with the national officers.

(Mrs. Estey of Vermont in the chair.)

During the balloting the reader announced a telephone message from the president general, to the effect she would receive the congress to-night at half past eight o'clock, instead of ten.

During the balloting Miss Baird-Huey made the following motion, which was seconded and prevailed:

I move that when the balloting shall have been completed, we take a recess until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

The ballot box closed at 7.30 p. m., and in accordance with the above motion a recess was taken until to-morrow, Thursday morning, at ten o'clock.

